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NOTE:

If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-141, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".

 \times :Applicable —: Not applicable

16	DT	C* ¹		MII limbting	
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
A/T INTERLOCK	P1730	1730	1	×	<u>AT-160</u>
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	0744	2	×	<u>AT-123</u>
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2122	2122	1	×	EC-608
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2123	2123	1	×	EC-608
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2127	2127	1	×	EC-614
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2128	2128	1	×	EC-614
APP SENSOR	P2138	2138	1	×	EC-627
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	0710	2	×	<u>AT-147</u>
BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	P1805	1805	2	_	EC-603
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1000	1000* ⁵	1	×	EC-141
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1001	1001* ⁵	2	_	EC-141
CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	P0335	0335	2	×	EC-307
CLOSED LOOP-B1	P1148	1148	1	×	EC-501
CLOSED LOOP-B2	P1168	1168	1	×	EC-501
CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	P0340	0340	2	×	EC-315
CTP LEARNING	P1225	1225	2	_	EC-522
CTP LEARNING	P1226	1226	2	_	EC-524
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0301	2	×	EC-297
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302	2	×	EC-297
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0303	2	×	EC-297
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0304	2	×	EC-297
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	2	×	EC-297
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0306	2	×	EC-297
CYL 7 MISFIRE	P0307	0307	2	×	EC-297
CYL 8 MISFIRE	P0308	0308	2	×	EC-297
D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1762	1762	1	×	<u>AT-190</u>
D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1764	1764	1	×	<u>AT-195</u>
ECM	P0605	0605	1 or 2	× or —	EC-407
ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	P1065	1065	2	×	EC-415
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0117	0117	1	×	EC-190
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0118	0118	1	×	EC-190
ECT SENSOR	P0125	0125	1	×	EC-201
ENG OVER TEMP	P1217	1217	1	×	EC-505
ETC ACTR	P1121	1121	1	×	EC-436
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P1122	1122	1	×	EC-438
ETC MOT	P1128	1128	1	×	EC-451
ETC MOT PWR	P1124	1124	1	×	EC-445

	DTC	·*1		MIL lighting up	Reference page
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	Trip		
ETC MOT PWR	P1126	1126	1	×	EC-445
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0455	2	×	EC-368
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P0441	0441	2	×	EC-325
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0442	0442	2	×	EC-330
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P1442	1442	2	×	EC-530
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0452	0452	2	×	EC-352
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	2	×	EC-359
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P0456	0456	2	×	EC-376
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P1456	1456	2	×	EC-560
FAN CONT S/V CIRC	P1480	1480	1	_	EC-572
FPCM/CIRCUIT	P1220	1220	2	×	EC-514
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1757	1757	1	×	<u>AT-180</u>
FR/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1759	1759	1	×	<u>AT-185</u>
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0182	0182	2	×	EC-287
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0183	0183	2	×	EC-287
FTT SENSOR	P0181	0181	2	×	EC-282
FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	P0460	0460	2	×	EC-385
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461	2	×	EC-390
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0462	0462	2	×	EC-392
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0463	0463	2	×	EC-392
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P1464	1464	2	×	EC-569
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	P0171	0171	2	×	EC-265
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	P0174	0174	2	×	EC-265
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	2	×	EC-274
FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	P0175	0175	2	×	EC-274
HLR/C SOL FNCTN	P1769	1769	1	×	<u>AT-204</u>
HLR/C SOL/CIRC	P1767	1767	1	×	<u>AT-199</u>
HO2S1 (B1)	P0132	0132	2	×	EC-212
HO2S1 (B1)	P0133	0133	2	×	EC-221
HO2S1 (B1)	P0134	0134	2	×	EC-233
HO2S1 (B1)	P1143	1143	2	×	EC-464
HO2S1 (B1)	P1144	1144	2	×	EC-470
HO2S1 (B2)	P0152	0152	2	×	EC-212
HO2S1 (B2)	P0153	0153	2	×	EC-221
HO2S1 (B2)	P0154	0154	2	×	EC-233
HO2S1 (B2)	P1163	1163	2	×	EC-464
HO2S1 (B2)	P1164	1164	2	×	EC-470
HO2S1 HTR (B1)	P0031	0031	2	×	EC-155
HO2S1 HTR (B1)	P0032	0032	2	×	EC-155
HO2S1 HTR (B2)	P0051	0051	2	×	EC-155
HO2S1 HTR (B2)	P0052	0052	2	×	EC-155
HO2S2 (B1)	P0138	0138	2	×	EC-242

Items	DT	C* ¹		MII lighting		А
(CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page	A
HO2S2 (B1)	P0139	0139	2	×	EC-253	EC
HO2S2 (B1)	P1146	1146	2	×	EC-477	
HO2S2 (B1)	P1147	1147	2	×	EC-489	
HO2S2 (B2)	P0158	0158	2	×	EC-242	С
HO2S2 (B2)	P0159	0159	2	×	EC-253	
HO2S2 (B2)	P1166	1166	2	×	EC-477	D
HO2S2 (B2)	P1167	1167	2	×	EC-489	
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0037	0037	2	×	EC-163	
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0038	0038	2	×	EC-163	Е
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0057	0057	2	×	EC-163	
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0058	0058	2	×	EC-163	_
I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1752	1752	1	×	<u>AT-171</u>	F
I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1754	1754	1	×	<u>AT-176</u>	
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0112	0112	2	×	EC-186	G
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0113	0113	2	×	EC-186	
IAT SENSOR	P0127	0127	2	×	EC-205	
INT/V TIM CONT-B1	P0011	0011	2	×	EC-144	Н
INT/V TIM CONT-B2	P0021	0021	2	×	EC-144	
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	P1111	1111	2	×	EC-425	
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	P1136	1136	2	×	EC-425	
INTK TIM S/CIR-B1	P1140	1140	2	×	EC-456	
INTK TIM S/CIR-B2	P1145	1145	2	×	EC-456	J
ISC SYSTEM	P0506	0506	2	×	EC-398	
ISC SYSTEM	P0507	0507	2	×	EC-400	K
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0327	0327	2	_	EC-303	
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0328	0328	2	_	EC-303	
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0332	0332	2	_	EC-303	L
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0333	0333	2	_	EC-303	
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	0745	2	×	<u>AT-128</u>	M
LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1774	1774	1	×	<u>AT-214</u>	1 1 1
LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1772	1772	1	×	<u>AT-209</u>	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0101	0101	1	×	EC-171	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0102	0102	1	×	EC-179	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0103	0103	1	×	EC-179	
MAF SENSOR	P1102	1102	1	×	EC-419	
MIL/CIRC	P0650	0650	2	_	EC-410	
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0300	2	×	EC-297	Ξ.
NATS MALFUNCTION	P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	2		BL-171	
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	No DTC	Flashing* ⁴	_	Flashing* ⁴	<u>EC-66</u>	
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	P0000	0000	_	_	_	

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G

Items	DT	C*1		MIL lighting	
(CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	Trip	up	Reference page
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1706	2	×	EC-593
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	0705	2	×	<u>AT-106</u>
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0444	0444	2	×	EC-339
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0445	0445	2	×	EC-339
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	1444	2	×	EC-539
PW ST P SEN/CIRC	P0550	0550	2	_	EC-402
RADI TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1119	1119	1	_	EC-431
SENSOR POWER/CIRC	P1229	1229	1	×	EC-526
SHIFT SIG FNCTN	P1780	1780	2	_	EC-601
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	0740	2	×	<u>AT-118</u>
TCS C/U FUNCTN	P1211	1211	2	_	EC-503
TCS/CIRC	P1212	1212	2	_	EC-504
THERMSTAT FNCTN	P0128	0128	2	×	EC-210
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0222	0222	1	×	EC-291
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	1	×	EC-291
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0122	0122	1	×	EC-195
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0123	0123	1	×	EC-195
TP SENSOR	P2135	2135	1	×	EC-620
TURBINE REV S/CIRC	P1716	1716	2	×	<u>AT-153</u>
TW CATALYST SYS-B1	P0420	0420	2	×	EC-320
TW CATALYST SYS-B2	P0430	0430	2	×	EC-320
V/SP SEN(A/T OUT)	P1720	1720	2	_	EC-599
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	1490	2	×	EC-578
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	1491	2	×	EC-584
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT	P0720	0720	2	×	<u>AT-111</u>
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0500	2	×	EC-396
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0447	0447	2	×	EC-345
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	1446	2	×	EC-547
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	1448	2	×	EC-553

^{*1: 1}st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

^{*2:} This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

^{*3:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this numbers is controlled by NISSAN.

^{*4:} When engine is running.

^{*5:} The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

DTC No. Index ABS002CU

NOTE:

If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-141, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".

×: Applicable —: Not applicable

DT	C* ¹	- Items		MIL lighting		
CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	(CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	up	Reference page	С
No DTC	Flashing* ⁴	NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	_	Flashing* ⁴	<u>EC-66</u>	D
U1000	1000* ⁵	CAN COMM CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-141	
U1001	1001*5	CAN COMM CIRCUIT	2	_	EC-141	Е
P0000	0000	NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	_	_	_	F
P0011	0011	INT/V TIM CONT-B1	2	×	EC-144	
P0021	0021	INT/V TIM CONT-B2	2	×	EC-144	
P0031	0031	HO2S1 HTR (B1)	2	×	EC-155	G
P0032	0032	HO2S1 HTR (B1)	2	×	EC-155	
P0037	0037	HO2S2 HTR (B1)	2	×	EC-163	Н
P0038	0038	HO2S2 HTR (B1)	2	×	EC-163	
P0051	0051	HO2S1 HTR (B2)	2	×	EC-155	
P0052	0052	HO2S1 HTR (B2)	2	×	EC-155	- 1
P0057	0057	HO2S2 HTR (B2)	2	×	EC-163	
P0058	0058	HO2S2 HTR (B2)	2	×	EC-163	J
P0101	0101	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-171	Ü
P0102	0102	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-179	
P0103	0103	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-179	K
P0112	0112	IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-186	
P0113	0113	IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-186	
P0117	0117	ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-190	L
P0118	0118	ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-190	
P0122	0122	TP SEN2/CIRC	1	×	EC-195	\mathbb{N}
P0123	0123	TP SEN2/CIRC	1	×	EC-195	
P0125	0125	ECT SENSOR	1	×	EC-201	
P0127	0127	IAT SENSOR	2	×	EC-205	
P0128	0128	THERMSTAT FNCTN	2	×	EC-210	
P0132	0132	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	EC-212	
P0133	0133	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	EC-221	
P0134	0134	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	EC-233	
P0138	0138	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	EC-242	
P0139	0139	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	EC-253	
P0152	0152	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	EC-212	
P0153	0153	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	EC-221	
P0154	0154	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	EC-233	
P0158	0158	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	EC-242	

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EC

Α

DTC*1					
CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM*3	Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
P0159	0159	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	EC-253
P0171	0171	FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	2	×	EC-265
P0172	0172	FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	2	×	EC-274
P0174	0174	FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	2	×	EC-265
P0175	0175	FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	2	×	EC-274
P0181	0181	FTT SENSOR	2	×	EC-282
P0182	0182	FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-287
P0183	0183	FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-287
P0222	0222	TP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	EC-291
P0223	0223	TP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	EC-291
P0300	0300	MULTI CYL MISFIRE	2	×	EC-297
P0301	0301	CYL 1 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-297
P0302	0302	CYL 2 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-297
P0303	0303	CYL 3 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-297
P0304	0304	CYL 4 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-297
P0305	0305	CYL 5 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-297
P0306	0306	CYL 6 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-297
P0307	0307	CYL 7 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-297
P0308	0308	CYL 8 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-297
P0327	0327	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	2	_	EC-303
P0328	0328	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	2	_	EC-303
P0332	0332	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	2	_	EC-303
P0333	0333	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	2	_	EC-303
P0335	0335	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-307
P0340	0340	CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	2	×	EC-315
P0420	0420	TW CATALYST SYS-B1	2	×	EC-320
P0430	0430	TW CATALYST SYS-B2	2	×	EC-320
P0441	0441	EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	2	×	EC-325
P0442	0442	EVAP SMALL LEAK	2	×	EC-330
P0444	0444	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	2	×	EC-339
P0445	0445	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	2	×	EC-339
P0447	0447	VENT CONTROL VALVE	2	×	EC-345
P0452	0452	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	2	×	EC-352
P0453	0453	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	2	×	EC-359
P0455	0455	EVAP GROSS LEAK	2	×	EC-368
P0456	0456	EVAP VERY SML LEAK	2	×	EC-376
P0460	0460	FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	2	×	EC-385
P0461	0461	FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	2	×	EC-390
P0462	0462	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	2	×	EC-392
P0463	0463	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	2	×	EC-392
P0500	0500	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	2	×	EC-396
P0506	0506	ISC SYSTEM	2	×	EC-398

DTC	·*1	Items		MIL lighting		Α
CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM*3	(CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	up	Reference page	/\
P0507	0507	ISC SYSTEM	2	×	EC-400	EC
P0550	0550	PW ST P SEN/CIRC	2	_	EC-402	
P0605	0605	ECM	1 or 2	× or —	EC-407	
P0650	0650	MIL/CIRC	2	_	EC-410	С
P0705	0705	PNP SW/CIRC	2	×	<u>AT-106</u>	
P0710	0710	ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	2	×	<u>AT-147</u>	D
P0720	0720	VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT	2	×	<u>AT-111</u>	
P0740	0740	TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	2	×	<u>AT-118</u>	
P0744	0744	A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	2	×	<u>AT-123</u>	Е
P0745	0745	L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	2	×	<u>AT-128</u>	
P1065	1065	ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-415	_
P1102	1102	MAF SENSOR	1	×	EC-419	F
P1111	1111	INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	2	×	EC-425	
P1119	1119	RADI TEMP SEN/CIRC	1	_	EC-431	G
P1121	1121	ETC ACTR	1	×	EC-436	
P1122	1122	ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	1	×	EC-438	
P1124	1124	ETC MOT PWR	1	×	EC-445	Н
P1126	1126	ETC MOT PWR	1	×	EC-445	
P1128	1128	ETC MOT	1	×	EC-451	
P1136	1136	INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	2	×	EC-425	
P1140	1140	INTK TIM S/CIRC-B1	2	×	EC-456	
P1143	1143	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	EC-464	J
P1144	1144	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	EC-470	
P1145	1145	INTK TIM S/CIRC-B2	2	×	EC-456	K
P1146	1146	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	EC-477	
P1147	1147	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	EC-489	
P1148	1148	CLOSED LOOP-B1	1	×	EC-501	L
P1163	1163	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	EC-464	
P1164	1164	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	EC-470	M
P1166	1166	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	EC-477	IVI
P1167	1167	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	EC-489	
P1168	1168	CLOSED LOOP-B2	1	×	EC-501	
P1211	1211	TCS C/U FUNCTN	2	_	EC-503	
P1212	1212	TCS/CIRC	2	_	EC-504	
P1217	1217	ENG OVER TEMP	1	×	EC-505	
P1220	1220	FPCM/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-514	
P1225	1225	CTP LEARNING	2	_	EC-522	
P1226	1226	CTP LEARNING	2	_	EC-524	
P1229	1229	SENSOR POWER/CIRC	1	×	EC-526	
P1442	1442	EVAP SMALL LEAK	2	×	EC-530	
P1444	1444	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	2	×	EC-539	
P1446	1446	VENT CONTROL VALVE	2	×	EC-547	

EC-15 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

DT	C* ¹	Items		MII lighting		
CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	(CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page	
P1448	1448	VENT CONTROL VALVE	2	×	EC-553	
P1456	1456	EVAP VERY SML LEAK	2	×	EC-560	
P1464	1464	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	2	×	EC-569	
P1480	1480	FAN CONT S/V CIRC	1	_	EC-572	
P1490	1490	VC/V BYPASS/V	2	×	EC-578	
P1491	1491	VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	2	×	EC-584	
P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	NATS MALFUNCTION	2	_	BL-171	
P1706	1706	P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-593	
P1716	1716	TURBINE REV S/CIRC	2	×	<u>AT-153</u>	
P1720	1720	V/SP SEN(A/T OUT)	2	_	EC-599	
P1730	1730	A/T INTERLOCK	1	×	<u>AT-160</u>	
P1752	1752	I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-171</u>	
P1754	1754	I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	1	×	<u>AT-176</u>	
P1757	1757	FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-180</u>	
P1759	1759	FR/B SOLENOID FNCT	1	×	<u>AT-185</u>	
P1762	1762	D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-190</u>	
P1764	1764	D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	1	×	<u>AT-195</u>	
P1767	1767	HLR/C SOL/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-199</u>	
P1769	1769	HLR/C SOL FNCTN	1	×	<u>AT-204</u>	
P1772	1772	LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-209</u>	
P1774	1774	LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	1	×	<u>AT-214</u>	
P1780	1780	SHIFT SIG FNCTN	2	_	EC-601	
P1805	1805	BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	2	_	EC-603	
P2122	2122	APP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	EC-608	
P2123	2123	APP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	EC-608	
P2127	2127	APP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	EC-614	
P2128	2128	APP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	EC-614	
P2135	2135	TP SENSOR	1	×	EC-620	
P2138	2138	APP SENSOR	1	×	EC-627	

^{*1: 1}st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

^{*2:} These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

^{*3:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

^{*4:} When engine is running.

^{*5:} The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

PRECAUTIONS PFP:00001

Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

BS004SC

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine and A/T

ABS002CW

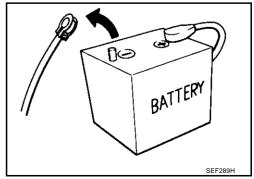
The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

CAUTION:

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the negative battery terminal before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will
 cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease,
 dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slidelocking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to <u>PG-53</u>, "<u>HAR-NESS CONNECTOR</u>".
- Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube
 may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EVAP system or fuel injection system,
 etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.

Precaution

- Always use a 12 volt battery as power source.
- Do not attempt to disconnect battery cables while engine is running.
- Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect battery ground cable. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned off.
- Before removing parts, turn ignition switch OFF and then disconnect battery ground cable.



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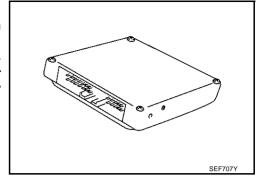
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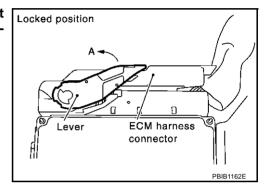
PRECAUTIONS

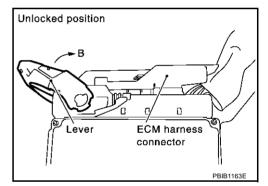
- Do not disassemble ECM.
- If a battery terminal is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value.

The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a malfunction. Do not replace parts because of a slight variation.

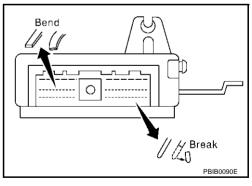


 When connecting ECM harness connector, fasten it securely with a lever as far as it will go as shown in the figure.





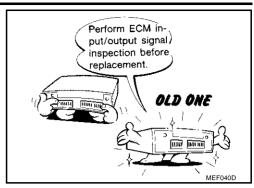
- When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).
 - Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.
- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
 - A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep engine control system harness at least 10 cm (4 in) away from adjacent harness, to prevent engine control system malfunctions due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep engine control system parts and harness dry.



PRECAUTIONS

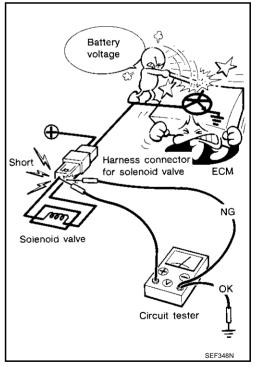
- Before replacing ECM, perform "ECM Terminals and Reference Value" inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to EC-99, "ECM Terminals and Reference Value".
- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble electric throttle control actuator.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious incidents.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), crankshaft position sensor (POS).
- After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform "DTC Confirmation Procedure" or "Overall Function Check".

The DTC should not be displayed in the "DTC Confirmation Procedure" if the repair is completed. The "Overall Function Check" should be a good result if the repair is completed.





- When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact.
 Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.
- Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/ output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.



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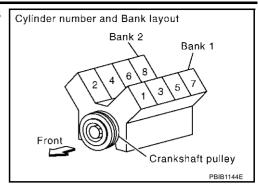
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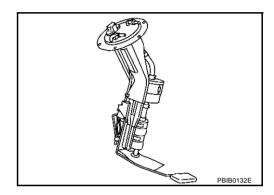
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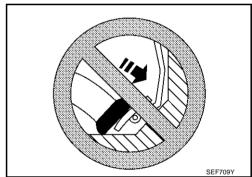
 "B1" indicates the bank 1 and "B2" indicates the bank 2 as shown in the figure.



- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque.



- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.



- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on installation location.
- Keep the antenna as far as possible from the electronic control units.
- Keep the antenna feeder line more than 20 cm (8 in) away from the harness of electronic controls.
 Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
- Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standingwave radio can be kept smaller.
- Be sure to ground the radio to vehicle body.

ABS002CY

Wiring Diagrams and Trouble Diagnosis

When you read Wiring diagrams, refer to the following:

- GI-14, "How to Read Wiring Diagrams"
- <u>PG-2, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING"</u> for power distribution circuit

When you perform trouble diagnosis, refer to the following:

- GI-10, "HOW TO FOLLOW TEST GROUPS IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES"
- GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"

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PREPARATION

PREPARATION PFP:00002

Special Service Tools

ABS002CZ

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
KV10117100 (J-36471-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench		Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensors with 22 mm (0.87 in) hexagon nut
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	S-NT379	Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensors a: 22 mm (0.87 in)
(J-44321)	S-NT636	Checking fuel pressure
Fuel pressure gauge kit	LEC642	
EG17650301 J-33984-A) Radiator cap tester adapter		Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and radiator filler neck a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. Unit: mm (in)
ammaraial Carvi	S-NT564	
ommercial Servi	ice roois	ABS002D0
Kent-Moore No.)		Description
.eak detector e.: (J-41416)	S-N1703	Locating the EVAP leak
EVAP service port adapter .e.: (J-41413-OBD)		Applying positive pressure through EVAP service port

S-NT704

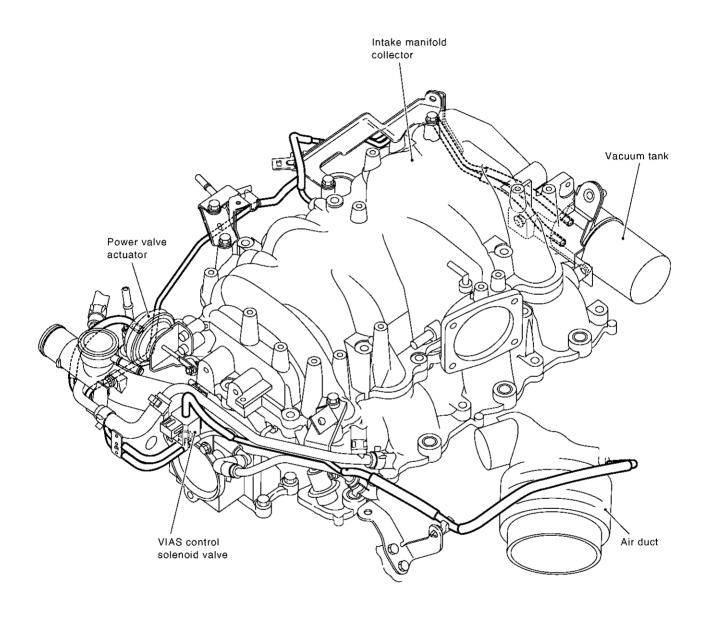
PREPARATION

Tool name (Kent-Moore No.)		Description
Fuel filler cap adapter i.e.: (MLR-8382)		Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve opening pressure
	S-NT815	
Socket wrench	19 mm (0.75 in) More than 32 mm (1.26 in)	Removing and installing engine coolant temperature sensor
Oxygen sensor thread	S-NT705	Reconditioning the exhaust system threads
cleaner i.e.: (J-43897-18) (J-43897-12)	Mating surface shave cylinder	before installing a new oxygen sensor. Use with anti-seize lubricant shown below. a: J-43897-18 18 mm diameter, for Zirconia Oxygen Sensor b: J-43897-12 12 mm diameter, for Titania Oxygen Sensor
Anti-seize lubricant i.e.: (Permatex TM 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specification MIL-A- 907)		Lubricating oxygen sensor thread cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads.

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM PFP:23710 Α **System Diagram** ABS002D1 Throttle control motor are Mass air flow sensor and Ignition switch MIL GAN communication Throttle position sensor, Park/Neutral position intake air temperature Electric throttle control EC pressure sensor pressure sensor Power steering (Accelerator pedal (PNP) switch position sensor, Refrigerant Air cleaner С built into) actuator sensor Data link connector D Cooling fan Cooling fan pump Е Ignition coil (with power ECM Crankshaft position sensor (POS) transistor) Camshaft 00 (PHASE) position sensor solenoid Cooling speed control F valve fan HO2S2 (bank 1) Stop lamp switch (bank 1) H02S1 G *10 EVAP canister vent Fuel injector control valve Н solenoid valve VIAS control Power valve Vacuum tank actuator temperature sensor Power valve Knock sensor *9 Three way catalyst '8 Three way catalyst Engine coolant J Fuel injector (Under floor) position sensor (Manifold) timing control Intake valve K EVAP service port L valve volume control solenoid ည် က PCV. control position sensor *7 EVAP canister purge *5 Intake valve timing M Fuel damper Fuel tank temperature sensor Refueling vapor cut valve '6 PCV valve EVAP canister Fuel pressure regulator pressure valve Fuel pump control system control sensor Refueling control valve module Fuel level sensor Fuel pump *4 HO2S2 (bank 2) Fuel damper (bank 2) cut valve 3 H02S1 Vacuum Muffler solenoid valve timing control '2 Intake valve *1 Ignition coil (with power bypass valve transistor) Fuel tank Vacuum cut

PBIB1916E

valve



NOTE:

Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

PBIB1143E

System Chart ABS002D3

Input (Sensor)	ECM Function	Output (Actuator)
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Fuel injection & mixture ratio control	Fuel injectors
• Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Electronic ignition system	Power transistor
Mass air flow sensor	Nices to the desired sectors	Electric throttle control actuator
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Nissan torque demand control system	Fuel injector
 Heated oxygen sensor 1 		Fuel pump relay
Throttle position sensor	Fuel pump control	Fuel pump control module
 Accelerator pedal position sensor 		(FPCM)
 Park/neutral position (PNP) switch 	On board diagnostic system	MIL (On the instrument panel)
Intake air temperature sensor	Power valve control	VIAS control solenoid valve
Power steering pressure sensor Lacitize activity.	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater
Ignition switchBattery voltage	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
Knock sensor	EVAP canister purge flow control	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Air conditioning cut control	Air conditioner relay
 Stop lamp switch Fuel level sensor*¹ 	Cooling fan speed control	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve
 EVAP control system pressure sensor Fuel tank temperature sensor*¹ Heated oxygen sensor 2*² 		
 TCM (Transmission control module)*3 VDC/TCS/ABS control unit*3 	ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS for EVAP system	EVAP canister vent control valveVacuum cut valve bypass valve
 Air conditioner switch*³ Wheel sensor*³ 		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
 Electrical load signal*3 		

^{*1:} This sensor is not used to control the engine system. This is used only for the on board diagnosis.

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^{*2:} This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.

^{*3:} This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

ABS002D4

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed			
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Piston position			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Heated oxygen sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas			
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position			
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position	Fuel injection	Fuel injectors	
Ignition switch	Start signal	& mixture ratio		
Knock sensor	Engine knocking condition	Control		
Battery	Battery voltage			
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation			
Heated oxygen sensor 2*1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas			
VDC/TCS/ABS control unit*2	VDC/TCS operation command			
Air conditioner switch*2	Air conditioner operation			
Wheel sensor*2	Vehicle speed			

^{*1:} This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from the crankshaft position sensor (POS), camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and the mass air flow sensor.

VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

<Fuel increase>

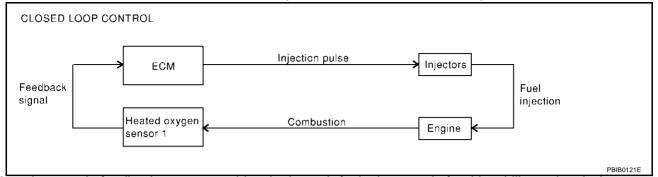
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from "N" to "D"
- High-load, high-speed operation

<Fuel decrease>

- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation

^{*2:} This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)



The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst (manifold) can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses heated oxygen sensor 1 in the exhaust manifold to monitor whether the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about heated oxygen sensor 1, refer to EC-212. This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture).

This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition.

Heated oxygen sensor 2 is located downstream of the three way catalyst (manifold). Even if the switching characteristics of heated oxygen sensor 1 shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from heated oxygen sensor 2.

Open Loop Control

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of heated oxygen sensor 1 or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of heated oxygen sensor 1 at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- After shifting from "N" to "D"
- When starting the engine

MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from heated oxygen sensor 1. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot film) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio.

Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from heated oxygen sensor 1 indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

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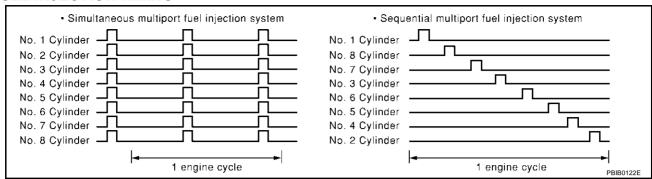
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FUEL INJECTION TIMING



Two types of systems are used.

Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection System

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

Simultaneous Multiport Fuel Injection System

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all eight cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The eight injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

FUEL SHUT-OFF

Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration or operation of the engine at excessively high speeds.

Electronic Ignition (EI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

ABS002D5

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed			
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Piston position			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		Power transistor	
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position			
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	Ignition timing control		
Ignition switch	Start signal	-		
Knock sensor	Engine knocking			
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position			
Battery	Battery voltage			
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed			

^{*1:} This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best airfuel ratio for every running condition of the engine. The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM. This data forms the map shown.

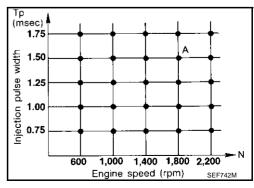
The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal, and camshaft position sensor (PHASE) signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

e.g., N: 1,800 rpm, Tp: 1.50 msec

A °BTDC

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

At starting



- During warm-up
- At idle
- At low battery voltage
- During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions. If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

Nissan Torque Demand (NTD) Control System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

ABS002VW

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine and			
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		Electric throttle con- trol actuator and fuel	
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position			
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation	NTD control		
Battery	Battery voltage		injector	
TCM*1	A/T control signal			
Air conditioner switch*1	Air conditioner operation			
VDC/TCS/ABS control unit*1	VDC/TCS/ABS operation			
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed			
Electrical load*1	Electrical load signal			

^{*1:} This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

NTD control system decides the target traction based on the accelerator operation status and the current driving condition. It then selects the engine torque target by correcting running resistance and atmospheric pressure, and controlling the power-train. Using electric throttle control actuator, it achieves the engine torque development target which corresponds linearly to the driver's accelerator operation.

Running resistance correction control compares the engine torque estimate value, measured vehicle acceleration, and running resistance on a flat road, and estimates vehicle weight gain and running resistance variation caused by slopes to correct the engine torque estimate value.

Atmospheric pressure correction control compares the engine torque estimate value from the airflow rate and the target engine torque for the target traction, and estimates variation of atmospheric pressure to correct the target engine torque. This system achieves powerful driving without reducing engine performance in the practical speed range in mountains and high-altitude areas.

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Air Conditioning Cut Control INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

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Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Air conditioner switch*1	Air conditioner "ON" signal			
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position			
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed	Air conditioner		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	cut control	Air conditioner relay	
Ignition switch	Start signal			
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure			
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation			
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed			

^{*1:} This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used.

Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.
- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.
- When refrigerant pressure is excessively low or high.

Fuel Cut Control (at No Load and High Engine Speed) INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

ABS002D7

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Neutral position			
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	Fuel cut con-	Fuel injectors	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed	trol	T doi injectore	
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed			

^{*1:} This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

If the engine speed is above 1,400 rpm with no load (for example, the shife position is neutral and engine speed is over 1,800 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

Fuel cut will operate until the engine speed reaches 1,000 rpm, then fuel cut is cancelled.

NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under "Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System", EC-26.

CAN communication SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

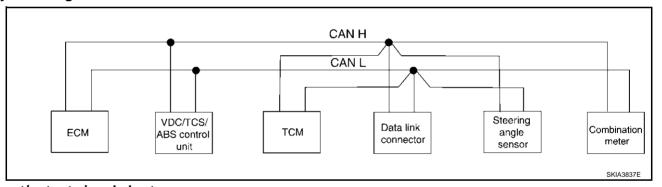
ABS002D8

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.

CAN COMMUNICATION UNIT		
Body type	Sed	an
Axle	2W	/D
Engine	VK45	DE
Transmission	A/	Т
Brake control	VD	С
ICC system	Not applicable	Applicable
	CAN communication unit	
ECM	×	×
VDC/TCS/ABS control unit	×	×
ICC sensor		×
ICC unit		×
TCM	×	×
Data link connector	×	×
Steering angle sensor	×	×
Combination meter	×	×
CAN communication type	EC-31, "Type 1"	EC-32, "Type 2"

^{×:} Applicable

Type 1 System diagram



Input/output signal chart

T: Transmit R: Receive

Signals	ECM	VDC/TCS/ABS control unit	ТСМ	Steering angle sensor	Combination meter
Engine speed signal	Т	R	R		R
Engine coolant temperature signal	Т				R
Accelerator pedal position signal	Т	R	R		
Engine torque signal	Т	R	R		
Battery voltage signal	Т		R		
Closed throttle position signal	Т		R		
Wide open throttle position signal	Т		R		
Foreign and A/T into most of control sing of	Т		R		
Engine and A/T integrated control signal	R		Т		
Fuel consumption monitor signal	Т				R
A/T CHECK indicator signal			Т		R
A/T position indicator signal			Т		R
Current gear position signal	R	R	Т		R

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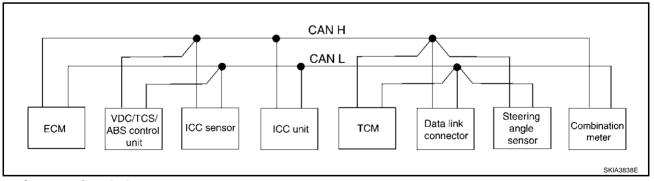
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Signals	ECM	VDC/TCS/ABS control unit	TCM	Steering angle sensor	Combination meter
Next gear position signal	R	R	Т		
Shift change signal	R	R	Т		
Shift pattern signal	R		Т		
VDC operation signal	R	Т			
Stop lamp switch signal			R		Т
Steering angle sensor signal		R		Т	
Air conditioner switch signal	R				Т
Headlamp switch signal	R				Т
Rear window defogger switch signal	R				Т
OD cancel switch signal		R			Т
Valeiala and district		Т			R
Vehicle speed signal	R		R		Т
Output shaft revolution signal	R		Т		
ABS operation signal	R	Т	R		
TCS operation signal	R	Т			
A/T shift schedule change demand signal		Т	R		
ASCD operation signal	R		R		Т
Overdrive cancel signal	R		R		Т
Manual mode signal			R		Т
Not manual mode signal			R		Т
Manual mode shift up signal			R		Т
Manual mode shift down signal			R		Т
Manual mode indicator signal			Т		R

Type 2
System diagram



Input/output signal chart

T: Transmit R: Receive

Signals	ECM	VDC/ TCS/ABS control unit	ICC sen- sor	ICC unit	ТСМ	Steering angle sensor	Combina- tion meter
ICC system display signal				T			R
ICC sensor signal			Т	R			
ICC operation signal				Т	R		
Engine speed signal	Т	R		R	R		R
Engine coolant temperature signal	Т			R			R

Signals	ECM	VDC/ TCS/ABS control unit	ICC sen- sor	ICC unit	TCM	Steering angle sensor	Combina- tion meter	,
Accelerator pedal position signal	Т	R		R	R			Ε
Engine torque signal	Т	R			R			
Battery voltage signal	Т				R			
Closed throttle position signal	Т			R	R			
Wide open throttle position signal	Т				R			
Engine and A/T integrated control signal	Т				R			
	R				Т			
Fuel consumption monitor signal	Т						R	
A/T CHECK indicator signal					Т		R	
A/T position indicator signal					Т		R	
Current gear position signal	R	R		R	Т		R	
Next gear position signal	R	R		R	Т			
Shift change signal	R	R			Т			
Shift pattern signal	R			R	Т			
VDC operation signal	R	Т		R				
Stop lamp switch signal					R		Т	
Steering angle sensor signal		R				Т		
Air conditioner switch signal	R						Т	
Headlamp switch signal	R						Т	
Rear window defogger switch signal	R						Т	
OD cancel switch signal		R					Т	
Vehicle speed signal		Т		R			R	
	R				R		Т	
Output shaft revolution signal	R			R	Т			
ABS operation signal	R	Т		R	R			
TCS operation signal	R	Т		R				
A/T shift schedule change demand signal		Т			R			
Manual mode signal				R	R		Т	
Not manual mode signal					R		Т	
Manual mode shift up signal					R		Т	
Manual mode shift down signal					R		Т	
Manual mode indicator signal					Т		R	

Revision; 2004 April **EC-33** 2003 M45

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BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

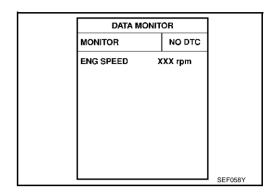
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ABS002D9

Idle Speed and Ignition Timing Check IDLE SPEED

(With CONSULT-II

Check idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.



With GST

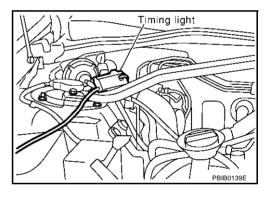
Check idle speed with GST.

IGNITION TIMING

Any of following two methods may be used.

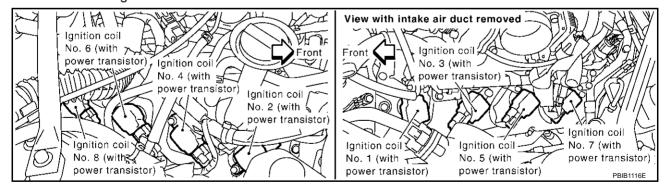
Method A

- Attach timing light to loop wire as shown.
- 2. Check ignition timing.



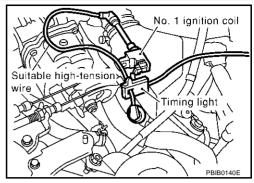
Method B

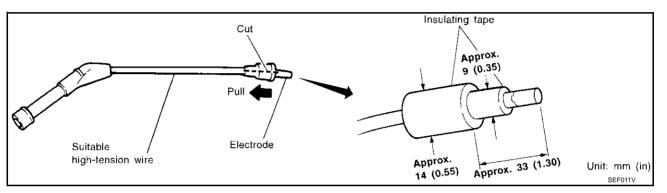
1. Remove No. 1 ignition coil.



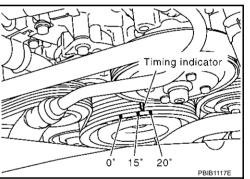
BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

Connect No. 1 ignition coil and No. 1 spark plug with suitable high-tension wire as shown, and attach timing light clamp to this wire.





Check ignition timing.



Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment **PREPARATION**

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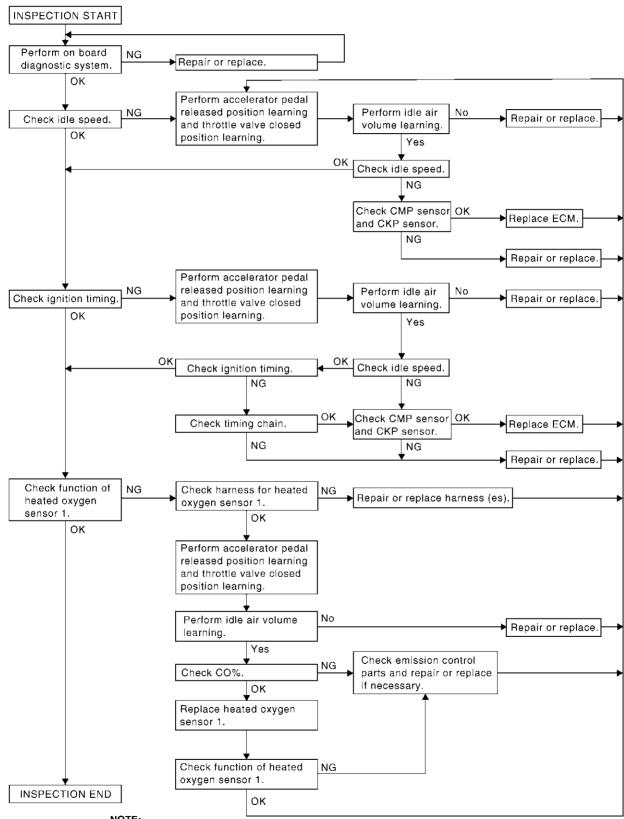
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- Make sure that the following parts are in good order.
- **Battery**
- Ignition system
- Engine oil and coolant levels
- **Fuses**
- ECM harness connector
- Vacuum hoses
- Air intake system (Oil filler cap, oil level gauge, etc.)
- Fuel pressure
- Engine compression
- Throttle valve
- Evaporative emission system
- 2. On air conditioner equipped models, checks should be carried out while the air conditioner is "OFF".
- On automatic transmission equipped models, when checking idle rpm, ignition timing and mixture ratio, checks should be carried out while selector lever is in "N" position.
- When measuring "CO" percentage, insert probe more than 40 cm (15.7 in) into tail pipe.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

- 5. Turn off headlamps, heater blower, rear window defogger.
- Keep front wheels pointed straight ahead.

OVERALL INSPECTION SEQUENCE



NOTE

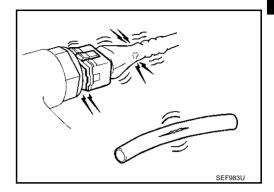
If a vehicle contains a part which is operating outside of design specifications with no MIL illumination, the part shall not be replaced prior to emission testing unless it is determined that the part has been tampered with or abused in such a way that the diagnostic system cannot reasonably be expected to detect the resulting malfunction.

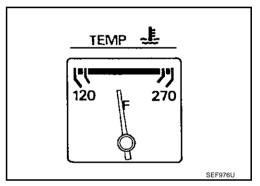
INSPECTION PROCEDURE

1. INSPECTION START

 Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related malfunction, or a current need for scheduled maintenance.

- 2. Open engine hood and check the following:
- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Wiring harness for improper connections, pinches and cut
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks and improper connections
- Hoses and ducts for leaks
- Air cleaner clogging
- Gasket
- 3. Confirm that electrical or mechanical loads are not applied.
- Headlamp switch is OFF.
- Air conditioner switch is OFF.
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF.
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge.
 Ensure engine stays below 1,000 rpm.

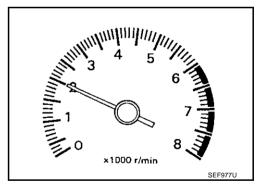




- 5. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 6. Make sure that no DTC is displayed with CONSULT-II or GST.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. REPAIR OR REPLACE

Repair or replace components as necessary according to corresponding "Diagnostic Procedure".

>> GO TO 3.

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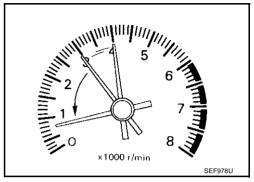
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$\overline{3}$. Check target idle speed

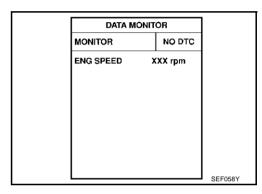
(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.



3. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

650 \pm 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)



Without CONSULT-II

- Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.
- 3. Check idle speed.

650 \pm 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 5.

5. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".

>> GO TO 6.

6. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 7.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of "Idle Air Volume Learning".

2. GO TO 4.

7. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

$$650 \pm 50$$
 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

(R) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check idle speed.

650
$$\pm$$
 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the Following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. refer to EC-315.
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. refer to <u>EC-307</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

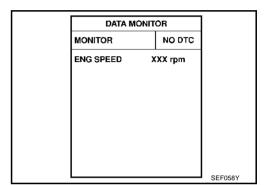
NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

2. GO TO 4.

9. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

- Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function".

>> GO TO 4.



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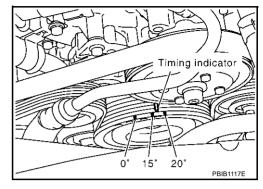
10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.

12
$$\pm$$
 5° BTDC (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 19. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 20. NG >> GO TO 11.



11. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".

>> GO TO 12.

12. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".

>> GO TO 13.

13. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 14.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of "Idle Air Volume Learning".

2. GO TO 4.

14. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

650 ± **50** rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

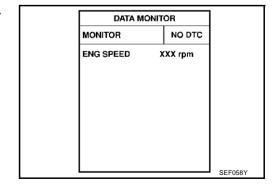
W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check idle speed.

650 \pm 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 17.



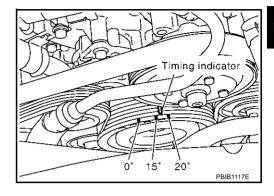
15. CHECK IGNITION TIMING AGAIN

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.

12 \pm 5° BTDC (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 19. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 20. NG >> GO TO 16.



16. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION

Check timing chain installation. Refer to EM-35, "TIMING CHAIN" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> 1. Repair the timing chain installation.

2. GO TO 4.

17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. refer to EC-315.
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. refer to <u>EC-307</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

2. GO TO 4.

18. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

- 1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function".

>> GO TO 4.

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19. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) SIGNAL

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- See "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the monitor fluctuates between LEAN and RICH more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

1 time: $RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH$

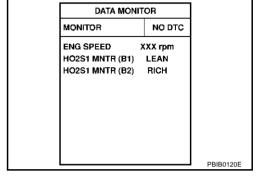
2 times: $RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH$

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 21.

NG (Monitor does not fluctuate.)>>GO TO 23.

NG (Monitor fluctuates less than 5 times.)>>GO TO 31.



20. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) SIGNAL

(R) Without CONSULT-II

- Stop engine and set ECM to Self Diagnostic Test Mode II (Heated oxygen sensor 1 monitor). Refer to EC-66, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE".
- 2. Start engine and run it at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 3. Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the MIL comes on more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG (MIL does not come on)>>GO TO 23.

NG (MIL comes on less than 5 times)>>GO TO 31.

21. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 2) SIGNAL

(II) With CONSULT-II

- See "HO2S1 MNTR (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the monitor fluctuates between LEAN and RICH more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

1 time: RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH

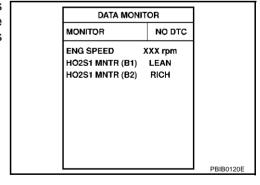
2 times: $RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH$

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG (Monitor does not fluctuate.)>>GO TO 24.

NG (Monitor fluctuates less than 5 times.)>>GO TO 31.



22. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 2) SIGNAL Without CONSULT-II Switch the monitored sensor from bank 1 to bank 2. Refer to EC-67, "How to Switch Monitored Sensor EC From Bank 1 to Bank 2 or Vice Versa". Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the MIL comes on more than 5 times during 10 seconds. OK or NG OK >> INSPECTION END NG (MIL does not come on)>>GO TO 24. NG (MIL comes on less than 5 times)>>GO TO 31. 23. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) HARNESS F Turn ignition switch "OFF" and disconnect battery ground cable. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1) harness connector. 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 114 and heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1) terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram, EC-214, "BANK 1". Continuity should exist. 5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG Н OK >> GO TO 25. NG >> 1. Repair or replace harness between ECM and heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1). 2. GO TO 4. 24. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 2) HARNESS Turn ignition switch "OFF" and disconnect battery ground cable. 1. 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2) harness connector. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 115 and heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2) terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram, EC-216, "BANK 2". Continuity should exist. 5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 25. M NG >> 1. Repair or replace harness between ECM and heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2). 2. GO TO 4. 25. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING Reconnect ECM harness connector and heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector. 2. Perform EC-46. "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning". >> GO TO 26. 26. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Revision; 2004 April **EC-43** 2003 M45

Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".

>> GO TO 27.

27. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

Yes (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 28.

Yes (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 29.

>> 1. Follow the instruction of "Idle Air Volume Learning".

2. GO TO 4.

28. CHECK "CO"%

(P) With CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 10 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Select "ENG COOLANT TEMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Set "ENG COOLANT TEMP" to 5°C (41°F) by touching "DOWN" and "Qd".
- Start engine and rev it (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed.
- Check "CO"%.

0.7 - 9.9% and engine runs smoothly. Idle CO:

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 31. NG >> GO TO 30.

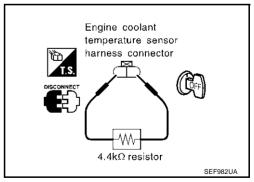
29. CHECK "CO"%

(R) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of gauge.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- Connect a resistor (4.4 k Ω) between terminals of engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- Start engine and rev it (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed.
- Check "CO"%.

Idle CO: 0.7 – 9.9% and engine runs smoothly.

After checking "CO"%, turn ignition switch "OFF", disconnect the resistor from the terminals of engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector, and then connect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector to engine coolant temperature sensor.



ACTIVE TEST

MONITOR

XXX C

XXX rpm

XXX msec

XXX BTDC

SEF172

ENG COOLANTTEMP

ENG SPEED

INJ PULSE-B1

IGN TIMING

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 31. NG >> GO TO 30.

$30.\,$ reconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Reconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.

>> GO TO 34.

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31. REPLACE HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Replace heated oxygen sensor 1 on the malfunctioning bank.

With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 32. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 33.

32. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) / (BANK 2) SIGNAL

(P) With CONSULT-II

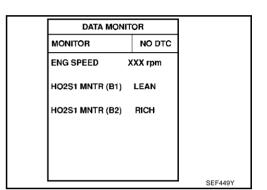
- 1. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge.
- 2. See "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the monitor fluctuates between LEAN and RICH more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

1 time: $RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH$

2 times: RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 34.



33. Check heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1) / (bank 2) signal

(W) Without CONSULT-II

- Set ECM to Self Diagnostic Test Mode II (Heated oxygen sensor 1 monitor). Refer to <u>EC-66, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE"</u>.
- 2. Switch the monitored sensor to the malfunctioning bank. Refer to <u>EC-67</u>, "How to Switch Monitored Sensor From Bank 1 to Bank 2 or Vice Versa".
- Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the MIL comes on more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 34.

34. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check fuel pressure regulator and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to <u>EC-49</u>.
- Check mass air flow sensor and its circuit, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to EC-179.
- Check injector and its circuit, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to <u>EC-654</u>.
- Check engine coolant temperature sensor and its circuit, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to <u>EC-190</u> and <u>EC-201</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 36.

NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

2. GO TO 35.

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35. ERASE UNNECESSARY DTC

After this inspection, unnecessary DTC might be displayed.

Erase the stored memory in ECM and TCM. Refer to <u>EC-63</u>, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION" and <u>AT-39</u>.

>> GO TO 4.

36. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

- 1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function".

>> GO TO 4.

Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning DESCRIPTION

ABS002DB

"Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" is an operation to learn the fully released position of the accelerator pedal by monitoring the accelerator pedal position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of accelerator pedal position sensor or ECM is disconnected.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 5. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.

Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning DESCRIPTION

ABS002DC

"Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" is an operation to learn the fully closed position of the throttle valve by monitoring the throttle position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of electric throttle control actuator or ECM is disconnected.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

- Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.

 Make sure that throttle valve moves during above 10 seconds by confirming the operating sound.

Idle Air Volume Learning DESCRIPTION

ABS002DD

"Idle Air Volume Learning" is an operation to learn the idle air volume that keeps each engine within the specific range. It must be performed under any of the following conditions:

- Each time electric throttle control actuator or ECM is replaced.
- Idle speed or ignition timing is out of specification.

PREPARATION

Before performing "Idle Air Volume Learning", make sure that all of the following conditions are satisfied. Learning will be cancelled if any of the following conditions are missed for even a moment.

- Battery voltage: More than 12.9V (At idle)
- Engine coolant temperature: 70 99°C (158 210°F)
- PNP switch: ON
- Electric load switch: OFF
 (Air conditioner, headlamp, rear window defogger)

On vehicles equipped with daytime light systems, if the parking brake is applied before the engine is started the headlamp will not be illuminated.

- Steering wheel: Neutral (Straight-ahead position)
- Vehicle speed: Stopped
- Transmission: Warmed-up

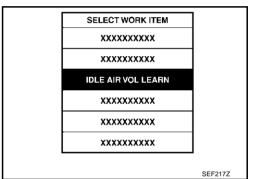
For models with CONSULT-II, drive vehicle until "ATF TEMP SE1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "A/T" system indicates less than 0.9V.

For models without CONSULT-II, drive vehicle for 10 minutes.

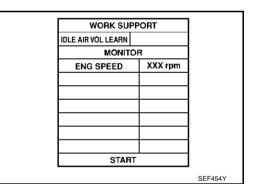
OPERATION PROCEDURE

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check that all items listed under the topic "PREPARATION" (previously mentioned) are in good order.
- Select "IDLE AIR VOL LEARN" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.



Touch "START" and wait 20 seconds.



- Make sure that "CMPLT" is displayed on CONSULT-II screen. If "CMPLT" is not displayed, "Idle Air Volume Learning" will not be carried out successfully. In this case, find the cause of the incident by referring to the "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" below.
- 8. Rev up the engine two or three times and make sure that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Idle speed	650 ± 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)
Ignition timing	12 ± 5° BTDC (in "P" or "N" position)

	WORK SUPPORT				
	CMPLT	IDLE AIR VOL LEARN			
	R	MONITO			
	ENG SPEED XXX rpm				
	START				
MBIB0238E	•	•			

Without CONSULT-II

NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
- Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".

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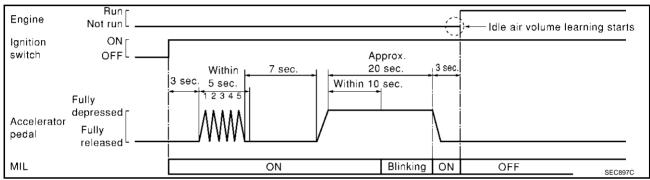
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- 2. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Check that all items listed under the topic "PREPARATION" (previously mentioned) are in good order.
- 5. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch "ON" and wait 3 seconds.
- 7. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
- a. Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- b. Fully release the accelerator pedal.
- 8. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 20 seconds until the MIL stops blinking and turned ON.
- 9. Fully release the accelerator pedal within 3 seconds after the MIL turned ON.
- 10. Start engine and let it idle.
- 11. Wait 20 seconds.



12. Rev up the engine two or three times and make sure that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION				
Idle speed	650 ± 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)				
Ignition timing	12 ± 5° BTDC (in "P" or "N" position)				

13. If idle speed and ignition timing are not within the specification, "Idle Air Volume Learning" will not be carried out successfully. In this case, find the cause of the incident by referring to the "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" below.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If idle air volume learning cannot be performed successfully, proceed as follows:

- Check that throttle valve is fully closed.
- 2. Check PCV valve operation.
- 3. Check that downstream of throttle valve is free from air leakage.
- 4. When the above three items check out OK, engine component parts and their installation condition are questionable. Check and eliminate the cause of the incident.

 It is useful to perform EC-128, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS SPECIFICATION VALUE".
- 5. If any of the following conditions occur after the engine has started, eliminate the cause of the incident and perform "Idle Air Volume Learning" all over again:
- Engine stalls.
- Erroneous idle.

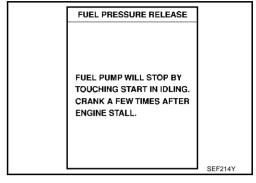
Fuel Pressure Check FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE

ABS002DE

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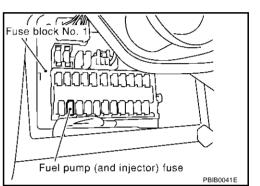
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 5. Turn ignition switch "OFF".



⋈ Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove fuel pump fuse located in fuse box.
- Start engine.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 5. Reinstall fuel pump fuse after servicing fuel system.



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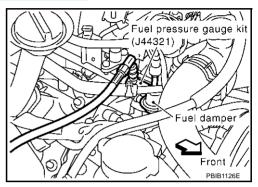
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FUEL PRESSURE CHECK

Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.

NOTE:

- Use Fuel Pressure Gauge Kit (J-44321) to check fuel pressure.
- Prepare pans or saucers under the disconnected fuel line because the fuel may spill out. The fuel pressure cannot be released because Y34 models do not have fuel return system.
- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-49, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- 2. Install the inline fuel quick disconnected fitting between fuel damper and injector tube.



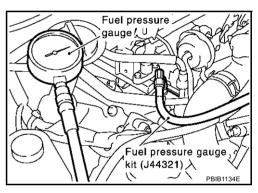
- 3. Connect the fuel pressure test gauge (quick connector adapter hose) to the inline fuel quick disconnected fitting.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check for fuel leakage.
- 5. Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
- 6. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.

At idling: Approximately 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm², 51 psi)

- 7. If result is unsatisfactory, go to next step.
- 8. Check the following.
 - Fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging
 - Fuel filter for clogging
 - Fuel pump
 - Fuel pressure regulator for clogging

If OK, replace fuel pressure regulator.

If NG, repair or replace.



ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

PFP:00028

Introduction ARS002DE

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

Emission-related diagnostic information	SAE Mode
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)	Mode 3 of SAE J1979
Freeze Frame data	Mode 2 of SAE J1979
System Readiness Test (SRT) code	Mode 1 of SAE J1979
1st Trip Diagnostic Trouble Code (1st Trip DTC)	Mode 7 of SAE J1979
1st Trip Freeze Frame data	
Test values and Test limits	Mode 6 of SAE J1979
Calibration ID	Mode 9 of SAE J1979

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

					×: Арріісавіе —	-: Not applicable
	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	Test value
CONSULT-II	×	×	×	×	×	_
GST	×	×*1	×	_	×	×
ECM	×	×*2	_	_	_	_

^{*1: 1}st trip DTCs for self-diagnoses concerning SRT items cannot be shown on the GST display.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode. (Refer to EC-81.)

Two Trip Detection Logic

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

×: Applicable —: Not applicable

	MIL				D.	TC	1st trip DTC		
Items	1st trip		2nd trip		1st trip	2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip	
	Blinking	Lighting up	Blinking	Lighting up	displaying	displaying	displaying	display- ing	
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0308 is being detected	×	_	_	_	_	_	×	_	
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0308 is being detected	_	_	×	_	_	×	_	_	
One trip detection diagnoses (Refer to <u>EC-9</u> .)	_	×	_	_	×	_	_	_	
Except above	_	_	_	×	_	×	×		

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^{*2:} When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS

ABS002DH

×:Applicable —: Not applicable

li .	DTC	;*1		Test value/		D (
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM*3	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page	
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1000	1000* ⁵	_	_	_	EC-141	
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1001	1001* ⁵	_	_	×	EC-141	
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	P0000	0000	_	_	_	_	
INT/V TIM CONT-B1	P0011	0011	_	_	×	EC-144	
INT/V TIM CONT-B2	P0021	0021	_	_	×	EC-144	
HO2S1 HTR (B1)	P0031	0031	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-155	
HO2S1 HTR (B1)	P0032	0032	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-155	
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0037	0037	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-163	
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0038	0038	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-163	
HO2S1 HTR (B2)	P0051	0051	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-155	
HO2S1 HTR (B2)	P0052	0052	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-155	
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0057	0057	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-163	
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0058	0058	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-163	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0101	0101	_	_	_	EC-171	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0102	0102	_	_	_	EC-179	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0103	0103	_	_	_	EC-179	
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0112	0112	_	_	×	EC-186	
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0113	0113	_	_	×	EC-186	
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0117	0117	_	_	_	EC-190	
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0118	0118	_	_	_	EC-190	
TP SEN2/CIRC	P0122	0122	_	_	_	EC-195	
TP SEN2/CIRC	P0123	0123	_	_	_	EC-195	
ECT SENSOR	P0125	0125	_	_	_	EC-201	
IAT SENSOR	P0127	0127	_	_	×	EC-205	
THERMSTAT FNCTN	P0128	0128	_	_	×	EC-210	
HO2S1 (B1)	P0132	0132	_	×	×	EC-212	
HO2S1 (B1)	P0133	0133	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-221	
HO2S1 (B1)	P0134	0134	_	×	×	EC-233	
HO2S2 (B1)	P0138	0138	_	×	×	EC-242	
HO2S2 (B1)	P0139	0139	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-253	
HO2S1 (B2)	P0152	0152	_	×	×	EC-212	
HO2S1 (B2)	P0153	0153	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-221	
HO2S1 (B2)	P0154	0154	_	×	×	EC-233	
HO2S2 (B2)	P0158	0158	_	×	×	EC-242	
HO2S2 (B2)	P0159	0159	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-253	
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	P0171	0171	_	_	×	EC-265	

ltomo	DTC* ¹			Test value/		Doforers
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	_	_	×	EC-274
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	P0174	0174	_	_	×	EC-265
FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	P0175	0175	_	_	×	EC-274
FTT SENSOR	P0181	0181	_	_	×	EC-282
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0182	0182	_	_	×	EC-287
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0183	0183	_	_	×	EC-287
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0222	0222	_	_	_	EC-291
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	_	_	_	EC-291
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0300	_	_	×	EC-297
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0301	_	_	×	EC-297
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302	_	_	×	EC-297
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0303	_	_	×	EC-297
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0304	_	_	×	EC-297
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	_	_	×	EC-297
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0306	_	_	×	EC-297
CYL 7 MISFIRE	P0307	0307	_	_	×	EC-297
CYL 8 MISFIRE	P0308	0308	_	_	×	EC-297
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0327	0327	_	_	×	EC-303
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0328	0328	_	_	×	EC-303
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0332	0332	_	_	×	EC-303
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0333	0333	_	_	×	EC-303
CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	P0335	0335	_	_	×	EC-307
CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	P0340	0340	_	_	×	EC-315
TW CATALYST SYS-B1	P0420	0420	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-320
TW CATALYST SYS-B2	P0430	0430	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-320
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P0441	0441	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-325
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0442	0442	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-330
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0444	0444	_	_	×	EC-339
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0445	0445	_	_	×	EC-339
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0447	0447	_	_	×	EC-345
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0452	0452	_	_	×	EC-352
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	_	_	×	EC-359
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0455	_	_	×	EC-368
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P0456	0456	×* ⁶	×	×* ⁴	EC-376
FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	P0460	0460	_	_	×	EC-385
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461	_	_	×	EC-390
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0462	0462	_	_	×	EC-392
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0463	0463	_	_	×	EC-392
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*5	P0500	0500	_	_	×	EC-396
ISC SYSTEM	P0506	0506	_	_	×	EC-398
ISC SYSTEM	P0507	0507	_	_	×	EC-400

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Itomo	DTC	*1		Test value/		Deference	
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM*3	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page	
PW ST P SEN/CIRC	P0550	0550	_	_	×	EC-402	
ECM	P0605	0605	_	_	×	EC-407	
MIL/CIRC	P0650	0650	_	_	×	EC-410	
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	0705	_	_	×	<u>AT-106</u>	
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	0710	_	_	×	<u>AT-147</u>	
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT	P0720	0720	_	_	×	<u>AT-111</u>	
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	0740	_	_	×	<u>AT-118</u>	
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	0744	_	_	×	<u>AT-123</u>	
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	0745	_	_	×	<u>AT-128</u>	
ECM BACK UP/CIRC	P1065	1065	_	_	×	EC-415	
MAF SENSOR	P1102	1102	_	_	_	EC-419	
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	P1111	1111	_	_	×	EC-425	
RADI TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1119	1119	_	_	_	EC-431	
ETC ACTR	P1121	1121	_	_	_	EC-436	
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P1122	1122	_	_	_	EC-438	
ETC MOT PWR	P1124	1124	_	_	_	EC-445	
ETC MOT PWR	P1126	1126	_	_	_	EC-445	
ETC MOT	P1128	1128	_	_	_	EC-451	
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	P1136	1136	_	_	×	EC-425	
INTK TIM S/CIRC-B1	P1140	1140	_	_	×	EC-456	
HO2S1 (B1)	P1143	1143	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-464	
HO2S1 (B1)	P1144	1144	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-470	
INTK TIM S/CIRC-B2	P1145	1145	_	_	×	EC-456	
HO2S2 (B1)	P1146	1146	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-477	
HO2S2 (B1)	P1147	1147	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-489	
CLOSED LOOP-B1	P1148	1148	_	_	_	EC-501	
HO2S1 (B2)	P1163	1163	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-464	
HO2S1 (B2)	P1164	1164	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-470	
HO2S2 (B2)	P1166	1166	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-477	
HO2S2 (B2)	P1167	1167	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-489	
CLOSED LOOP-B2	P1168	1168	_	_	_	EC-501	
TCS C/U FUNCTN	P1211	1211	_	_	×	EC-503	
TCS/CIRC	P1212	1212	_	_	×	EC-504	
ENG OVER TEMP	P1217	1217	_	_	_	EC-505	
FPCM/CIRCUIT	P1220	1220	_	_	×	EC-514	
CTP LEARNING	P1225	1225	_	_	×	EC-522	
CTP LEARNING	P1226	1226	_	_	×	EC-524	
SENSOR POWER/CIRC	P1229	1229	_	_	_	EC-526	
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P1442	1442	×	×	×* ⁴	EC-530	
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	1444	_	_	×	EC-539	
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	1446	_	_	×	EC-547	

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ltama	DTC*1			Test value/		Deference
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	1448	_	_	×	EC-553
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P1456	1456	×* ⁶	×	×* ⁴	EC-560
FUEL LEVEL SEN/CIRC	P1464	1464	_	_	×	EC-569
FAN CONT S/V CIRC	P1480	1480	_	_	_	EC-572
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	1490	_	_	×	EC-578
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	1491	_	_	×	EC-584
NATS MALFUNCTION	P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	_	_	×	BL-171
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1706		_	×	EC-593
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1710	1710	_	_	×	<u>AT-147</u>
TURBINE REV S/CIRC	P1716	1716	_	_	×	<u>AT-153</u>
VSP SEN(A/T OUT)	P1720	1720	_	_	×	EC-599
A/T INTERLOCK	P1730	1730	_	_	_	<u>AT-160</u>
I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1752	1752	_	_	_	<u>AT-171</u>
I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1754	1754	_	_	_	<u>AT-176</u>
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1757	1757	_	_	_	<u>AT-180</u>
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1759	1759	_	_	_	<u>AT-185</u>
D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1762	1762	_	_	_	<u>AT-190</u>
D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1764	1764	_	_	_	<u>AT-195</u>
HLR/C SOL/CIRC	P1767	1767	_	_	_	<u>AT-199</u>
HLR/C SOL FNCTN	P1769	1769	_	_	_	AT-204
LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1772	1772	_	_	_	AT-209
LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1774	1774	_	_	_	<u>AT-214</u>
SHIFT SIG FNCTN	P1780	1780	_	_	×	EC-601
BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	P1805	1805	_	_	×	EC-603
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2122	2122	_	_	_	EC-608
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2123	2123	_	_	_	EC-608
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2127	2127	_	_	_	EC-614
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2128	2128	_	_	_	EC-614
TP SENSOR	P2135	2135	_	_	_	EC-620
APP SENSOR	P2138	2138	_	_	_	EC-627

^{*1: 1}st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed.

If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd

^{*2:} This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

^{*3:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this numbers is controlled by NISSAN.

^{*4:} This is not displayed with GST.

^{*5:} The trouble shooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

^{*6:} SRT code will not be set if the self-diagnostic results is NG.

trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in <u>EC-63</u>, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to EC-52, "EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS". These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT-II.

1st trip DTC is specified in Mode 7 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a malfunction. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in "Work Flow" procedure Step II, refer to <u>EC-75, "WORK FLOW"</u>. Then perform "DTC Confirmation Procedure" or "Overall Function Check" to try to duplicate the malfunction. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

How to Read DTC and 1st Trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

- (P) With CONSULT-II
- (a) With GST

CONSULT-II or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P1148, P1706, etc.

These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT-II also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

No Tools

The number of blinks of the MIL in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) indicates the DTC. Example: 0340, 1148, 1706, etc.

These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

- 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.
- Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, GST or the Diagnostic Test Mode II do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal. CONSULT-II can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT-II (if available) is recommended.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for DTC and 1st trip DTC is shown below. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS mode of CONSULT-II. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be "0".

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be "[1t]".

	SELF DIAG RESULTS		SELF DI	IAG RESULTS
	DTC RESULTS	TIME	DTC RESU	JLTS TIM
DTC	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT [P0335]	0	CKP SEN/C [P033	
DTC display			ау	

FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed, base fuel schedule and intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT-II or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, not on the GST. For details, see EC-56, "FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA".

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no

longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

	Priority		Items						
_	1	Freeze frame data	Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0308 Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171, P0172, P0174, P0175						
	2		Except the above items (Includes A/T related items)						
_	3	1st trip freeze frame da	ata						

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or 1st trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in EC-52, "EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS".

SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Mode 1 of SAE J1979.

As part of an enhanced emissions test for Inspection & Maintenance (I/M), certain states require the status of SRT be used to indicate whether the ECM has completed self-diagnosis of major emission systems and components. Completion must be verified in order for the emissions inspection to proceed.

If a vehicle is rejected for a State emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", use the information in this Service Manual to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

In most cases the ECM will automatically complete its self-diagnosis cycle during normal usage, and the SRT status will indicate "CMPLT" for each application system. Once set as "CMPLT", the SRT status remains "CMPLT" until the self-diagnosis memory is erased.

Occasionally, certain portions of the self-diagnostic test may not be completed as a result of the customer's normal driving pattern; the SRT will indicate "INCMP" for these items.

The SRT will also indicate "INCMP" if the self-diagnosis memory is erased for any reason or if the ECM memory power supply is interrupted for several hours.

If, during the state emissions inspection, the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items, the inspector will continue with the emissions test. However, if the SRT indicates "INCMP" for one or more of the SRT items the vehicle is returned to the customer untested.

NOTE:

If MIL is "ON" during the state emissions inspection, the vehicle is also returned to the customer untested even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items. Therefore, it is important to check SRT ("CMPLT") and DTC (No DTCs) before the inspection.

SRT Item

The table below shows required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

SRT item (CONSULT-II indica- tion)	Perfor- mance Pri- ority* ¹	Required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT"	Corresponding DTC No.
CATALYST	2	Three way catalyst function	P0420, P0430
EVAPORATIVE SYS-	1	EVAP control system	P0442, P1442
TEM	2	EVAP control system	P0456, P1456
	2	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P0441

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SRT item (CONSULT-II indica- tion)	Perfor- mance Pri- ority* ¹	Required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT"	Corresponding DTC No.
		Heated oxygen sensor 1	P0133, P0153
		Heated oxygen sensor 1	P1143, P1163
		Heated oxygen sensor 1	P1144, P1164
HO2S	2	Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0138, P0158
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0139, P0159
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P1146, P1166
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P1147, P1167
HO2S HTR	2	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater	P0031, P0032, P0051, P0052
		Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater	P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058

^{*1:} If completion of several SRTs is required, perform driving patterns (DTC confirmation procedure), one by one based on the priority for models with CONSULT-II.

SRT Set Timing

SRT is set as "CMPLT" after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. Completion of SRT is done regardless of whether the result is OK or NG. The set timing is different between OK and NG results and is shown in the table below.

		Example				
Self-diagnosis result		Diagnosis Ignition cycle				
		Diagnosis	\leftarrow ON \rightarrow OF	$F \leftarrow ON \rightarrow$	OFF \leftarrow ON \rightarrow C	$OFF \leftarrow ON \rightarrow$
All OK	Case 1	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	OK (2)	— (2)
		P0402	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	OK (2)
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)
		SRT of EGR	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"
	Case 2	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	— (1)
		P0402	— (0)	— (0)	OK (1)	— (1)
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)
		SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"
NG exists	Case 3	P0400	OK	OK	_	_
		P0402	_	_	_	_
		P1402	NG	_	NG	NG (Consecutive NG)
		(1st trip) DTC	1st trip DTC	_	1st trip DTC	DTC (= MIL "ON"
		SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"

OK: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is OK.

NG: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is NG.

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results in a single cycle (Ignition OFF-ON-OFF), the SRT will indicate "CMPLT". \rightarrow Case 1 above

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results through several different cycles, the SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have at least one OK result. \rightarrow Case 2 above

If one or more SRT related self-diagnoses showed NG results in 2 consecutive cycles, the SRT will also indicate "CMPLT". \rightarrow Case 3 above

The table above shows that the minimum number of cycles for setting SRT as "INCMP" is one (1) for each self-diagnosis (Case 1 & 2) or two (2) for one of self-diagnoses (Case 3). However, in preparation for the state

^{-:} Self-diagnosis is not carried out.

emissions inspection, it is unnecessary for each self-diagnosis to be executed twice (Case 3) for the following reasons:

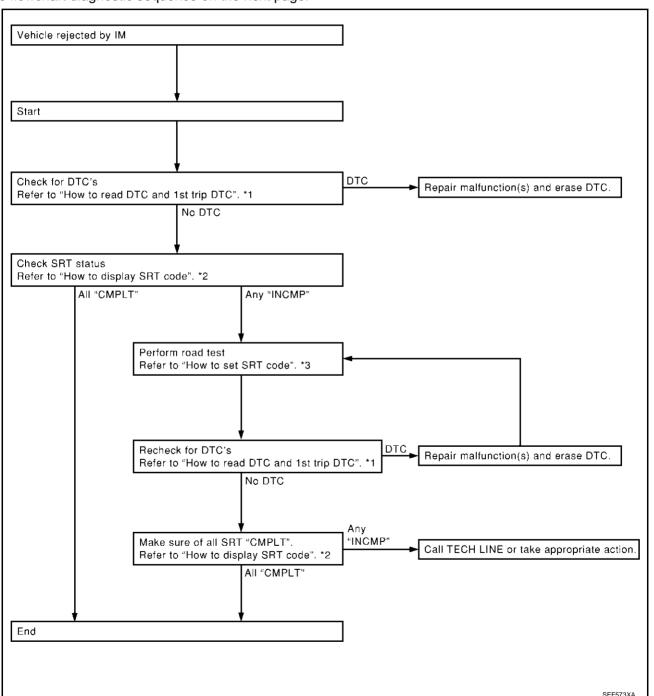
- The SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have one (1) OK result.
- The emissions inspection requires "CMPLT" of the SRT only with OK self-diagnosis results.
- When, during SRT driving pattern, 1st trip DTC (NG) is detected prior to "CMPLT" of SRT, the self-diagnosis memory must be erased from ECM after repair.
- If the 1st trip DTC is erased, all the SRT will indicate "INCMP".

NOTE:

SRT can be set as "CMPLT" together with the DTC(s). Therefore, DTC check must always be carried out prior to the state emission inspection even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT".

SRT Service Procedure

If a vehicle has failed the state emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", review the flowchart diagnostic sequence on the next page.



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How to Display SRT Code

(II) WITH CONSULT-II

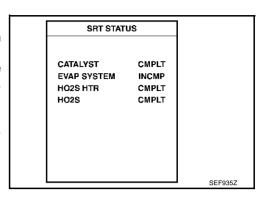
Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT-II.

For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT-II screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for SRT code is shown in figure. "INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

WITH GST

Selecting Mode 1 with GST (Generic Scan Tool)



How to Set SRT Code

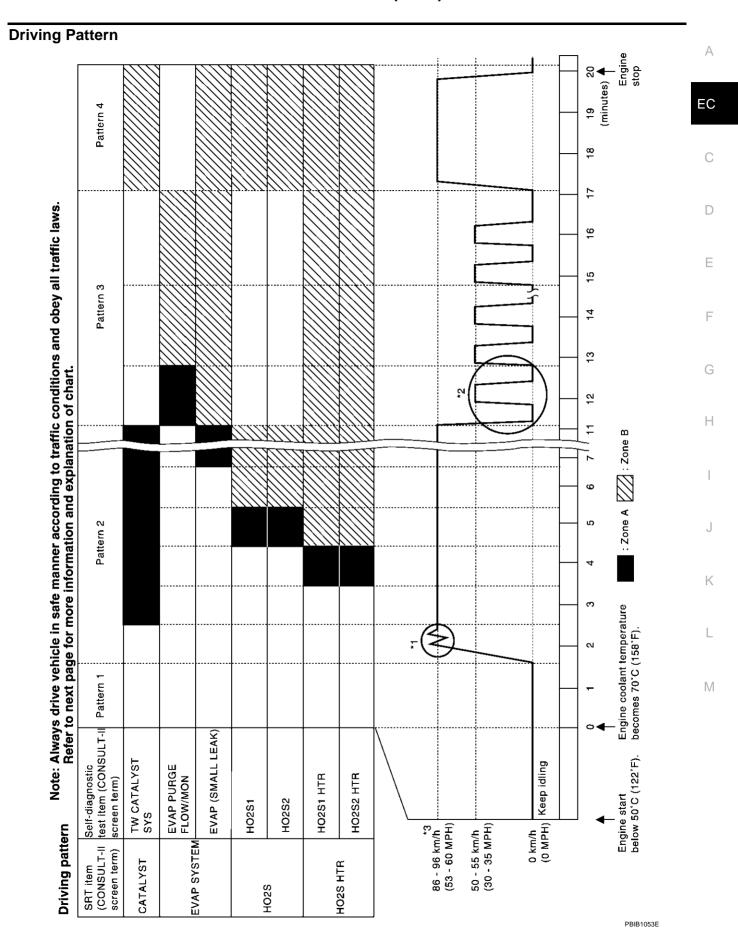
To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

Perform corresponding DTC Confirmation Procedure one by one based on "Performance Priority" in the table on <u>EC-57</u>, "SRT Item".

(R) WITHOUT CONSULT-II

The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.



- The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.
 - Zone A refers to the range where the time, required for the diagnosis under normal conditions*, is the shortest.
 - Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.
- *: Normal conditions refer to the following:
- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions.
 Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 30°C (68 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

Pattern 1:

- The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of −10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 121 and ground is 3.0 - 4.3V).
- The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 121 and ground is lower than 1.4V).
- The engine is started at the fuel tank temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 92 and ground is less than 4.1V).

Pattern 2:

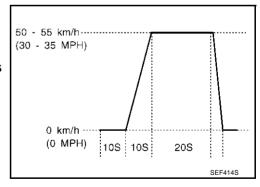
When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.

Pattern 3:

The driving pattern outlined in *2 must be repeated at least 3 times.

Pattern 4:

- Tests are performed after the engine has been operated for at least 17 minutes.
- The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
- If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.
- *1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.
- *2: Operate the vehicle in the following driving pattern.
- 1. Decelerate vehicle to 0 km/h (0 MPH) and let engine idle.
- Repeat driving pattern shown at right at least 10 times.
- During acceleration, hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
- *3: Checking the vehicle speed with GST is advised.



Suggested Transmission Gear Position

Set the selector lever in the "D" position.

TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST ONLY — NOT APPLICABLE TO CONSULT-II)

The following is the information specified in Mode 6 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is "OK" or "NG" while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored.

Items for which these data (test value and test limit) are displayed are the same as SRT code items (30 test items).

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

				×: Applicable -	—: Not applicable	
ODT its	Colf dia no ordinatoraliform	Test value (0	GST display)	Test limit	A li 4i	Α
SRT item	Self-diagnostic test item	TID	TID CID		Application	
	Three way catalyst function (Bank 1)	01H	01H	Max.	×	EC
CATALYST	Three way catalyst function (bank 1)	02H	81H	Min.	×	LO
CATALTST	Three way catalyst function (Bank 2)	03H	02H	Max.	×	
	Three way catalyst function (bank 2)	04H	82H	Min.	×	С
	EVAP control system (Small leak)	05H	03H	Max.	×	
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	06H	83H	Min.	×	D
	EVAP control system (Very small leak)	07H	03H	Max.	×	D
		09H	04H	Max.	×	
		0AH	84H	Min.	×	Е
	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (Bank 1)	0BH	04H	Max.	×	
		0CH	04H	Max.	×	
		0DH	04H	Max.	×	F
	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (Bank 2)	11H	05H	Max.	×	- - G
		12H	85H	Min.	×	
		13H	05H	Max.	×	
		14H	05H	Max.	×	
HO2S		15H	05H	Max.	×	Н
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	19H	86H	Min.	×	
		1AH	86H	Min.	×	1
		1BH	06H	Max.	×	- 1
		1CH	06H	Max.	×	
		21H	87H	Min.	×	J
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	22H	87H	Min.	×	
		23H	07H	Max.	×	1.7
		24H	07H	Max.	×	K
		29H	08H	Max.	×	
	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	2AH	88H	Min.	×	L
HO2S HTR		2BH	09H	Max.	×	
	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	2CH	89H	Min.	×	
		2DH	0AH	Max.	×	M
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	2EH	8AH	Min.	×	
		2FH	0BH	Max.	×	
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	30H	8BH	Min.	×	

HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION **How to Erase DTC**

(P) With CONSULT-II

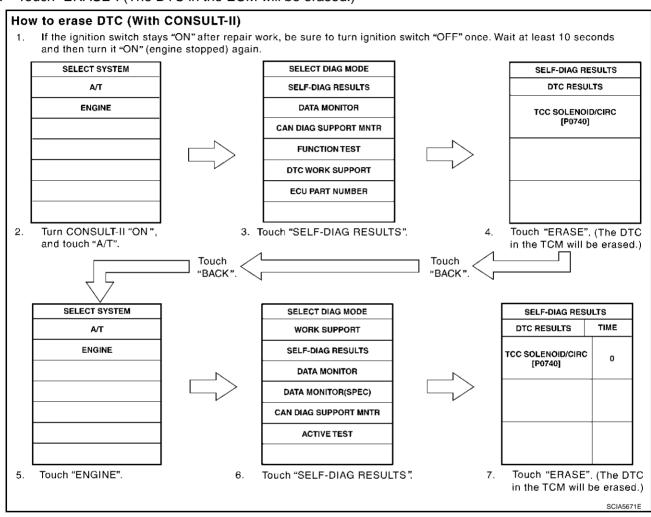
The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.

If DTCs are displayed for both ECM and TCM (Transmission control module), they need to be erased individually from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).

If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-9, "INDEX FOR DTC"), skip steps 2 through 4.

If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.

- Turn CONSULT-II "ON" and touch "A/T".
- 3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- Touch "ERASE". [The DTC in the TCM (Transmission control module) will be erased.] Then touch "BACK" twice.
- 5. Touch "ENGINE".
- 6. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 7. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)



With GST

The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting Mode 4 with GST.

NOTE:

If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-9, "INDEX FOR DTC"), skip step 2.

- If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- Perform AT-40, "HOW TO ERASE DTC (WITH GST)". (The DTC in TCM will be erased.)
- 3. Select Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

No Tools

NOTE:

If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-9, "INDEX FOR DTC"), skip step 2.

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Perform AT-41, "HOW TO ERASE DTC (NO TOOLS)". (The DTC in TCM will be erased.)
- 3. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by depressing the accelerator pedal. Refer to EC-66, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE".

- If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost within 24 hours.
- The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- Others

Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures.

IVIS (Infiniti Vehicle Immobilizer System — NATS)

- If the security indicator lights up with the ignition switch in the "ON" position or "NATS MALFUNCTION" is displayed on "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" screen, perform self-diagnostic results mode with CONSULT-II using NATS program card. Refer to BL-171, "IVIS (INFINITI VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM-NATS)".
- Confirm no self-diagnostic results of IVIS (NATS) is displayed before touching "ERASE" in "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- When replacing ECM, initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs must be carried out with CONSULT-II using NATS program card.

Therefore, be sure to receive all keys from vehicle owner. Regarding the procedures of IVIS (NATS) initialization and all IVIS (NATS) ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT-II Operation Manual, IVIS/NVIS.

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) DESCRIPTION

The MIL is located on the instrument panel.

- The MIL will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.
 If the MIL does not light up, refer to <u>EC-410, "DTC P0650 MIL"</u>, or see <u>DI-30, "WARNING LAMPS"</u>.
- When the engine is started, the MIL should go off.
 If the MIL remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.



SELF DIAG RESULTS
DTC RESULTS

TIME

NATS MALFUNCTION
[P1610]

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following four functions.

Diagnostic Test Mode	KEY and ENG. Status	Function	Explanation of Function
Mode I	Ignition switch in "ON" position Engine stopped	BULB CHECK	This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit, etc.). If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit.
	Engine running	MALFUNCTION WARNING	This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip. • "Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage)"
Mode II	Ignition switch in "ON" position Engine stopped	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	"One trip detection diagnoses" This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.
	Engine running	HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 MONITOR	This function allows the fuel mixture condition (lean or rich), monitored by heated oxygen sensor 1, to be read.

MIL Flashing Without DTC

If the ECM is in Diagnostic Test Mode II, MIL may flash when engine is running. In this case, check ECM diagnostic test mode. EC-66, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE".

How to switch the diagnostic test (function) modes, and details of the above functions are described later. <u>EC-66, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE"</u>.

The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- Others

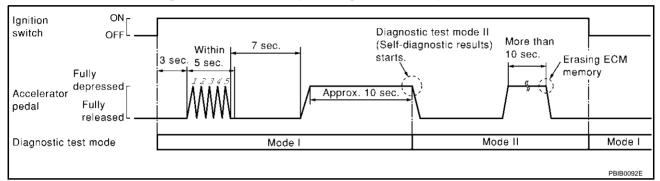
HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE

NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
- Always ECM returns to Diagnostic Test Mode I after ignition switch is turned "OFF".

How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

- Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch "ON" and wait 3 seconds.
- 2. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
- Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- Fully release the accelerator pedal.
- Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 10 seconds until the MIL starts blinking.
- Fully release the accelerator pedal. ECM has entered to Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results).



How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Heated Oxygen Sensor 1 Monitor)

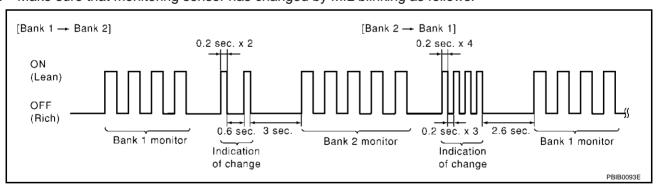
- Set the ECM in Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). Refer to EC-67, "How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)".
- Start Engine.

ECM has entered to Diagnostic Test Mode II (Heated oxygen sensor 1 monitor).

ECM will start heated oxygen sensor 1 monitoring from the bank 1 sensor.

How to Switch Monitored Sensor From Bank 1 to Bank 2 or Vice Versa

- Fully depress the accelerator pedal quickly and then release it immediately.
- Make sure that monitoring sensor has changed by MIL blinking as follows.



How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

- Set ECM in Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). Refer to EC-67, "How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)".
- Fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for more than 10 seconds. The emission-related diagnostic information has been erased from the backup memory in the ECM.
- Fully release the accelerator pedal, and confirm the DTC 0000 is displayed.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MIL on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to EC-410, "DTC P0650 MIL" or see DI-30, "WARNING LAMPS".

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — MALFUNCTION WARNING

MIL	Condition	
ON	When the malfunction is detected.	
OFF	No malfunction.	

EC-67 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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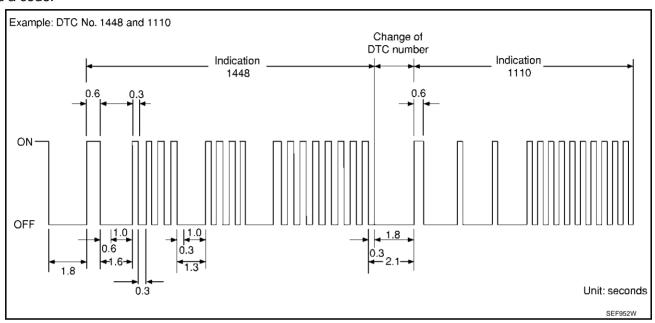
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These DTC numbers are clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS)

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MIL as shown below. The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode I (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTCs. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTCs or 1st trip DTCs. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the CONSULT-II or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.



A particular trouble code can be identified by the number of four-digit numeral flashes. The "zero" is indicated by the number of ten flashes. The length of time the 1,000th-digit numeral flashes on and off is 1.2 seconds consisting of an ON (0.6-second) - OFF (0.6-second) cycle.

The 100th-digit numeral and lower digit numerals consist of a 0.3-second ON and 0.3-second OFF cycle.

A change from one digit numeral to another occurs at an interval of 1.0-second OFF. In other words, the later numeral appears on the display 1.3 seconds after the former numeral has disappeared.

A change from one trouble code to another occurs at an interval of 1.8-second OFF.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their DTC numbers. The DTC "0000" refers to no malfunction. (See <u>EC-9</u>, "INDEX FOR DTC")

How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

The DTC can be erased from the back up memory in the ECM by depressing accelerator pedal. Refer to EC-67, "How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)".

- If the battery is disconnected, the DTC will be lost from the backup memory within 24 hours.
- Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 MONITOR

In this mode, the MIL displays the condition of the fuel mixture (lean or rich) which is monitored by the heated oxygen sensor 1.

MIL	Fuel mixture condition in the exhaust gas	Air fuel ratio feedback control condition	
ON	Lean	Closed loop system	
OFF	Rich	Closed loop system	
*Remains ON or OFF	Any condition	Open loop system	

^{*:} Maintains conditions just before switching to open loop.

To check the heated oxygen sensor 1 function, start engine in the Diagnostic Test Mode II and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of the gauge.

Next run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load conditions. Then make sure that the MIL comes ON more than 5 times within 10 seconds with engine running at 2,000 rpm under no load.

OBD System Operation Chart RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

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 When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.

- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to <u>EC-51</u>, "Two Trip Detection <u>Logic"</u>.
- The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT-II will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in "OK" for the 2nd trip.

SUMMARY CHART

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)

For details about patterns "B" and "C" under "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire", see EC-71.

For details about patterns "A" and "B" under "Other", see $\underline{\text{EC--}73}$.

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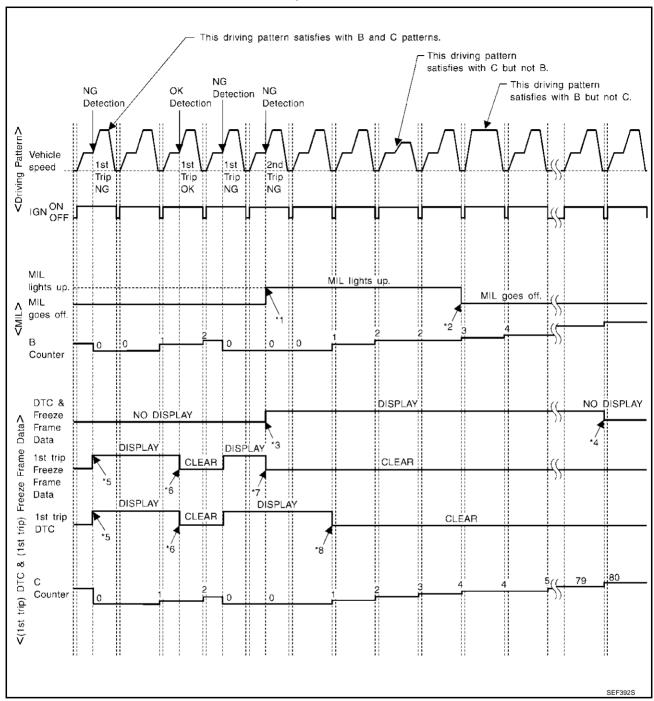
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^{*1:} Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

^{*2:} Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE " <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

- MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving Pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART")

<Driving Pattern C>

Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows:

The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time:

Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) ±375 rpm

Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) x (1±0.1) [%]

Engine coolant temperature (T) condition:

- When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), "T" should be lower than 70°C (158°F).
- When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), "T" should be higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F).

Example:

If the stored freeze frame data is as follows:

Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F)

To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions:

Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more than 70°C (158°F)

- The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of vehicle conditions above.
- The C counter will be counted up when vehicle conditions above is satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80.
- The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

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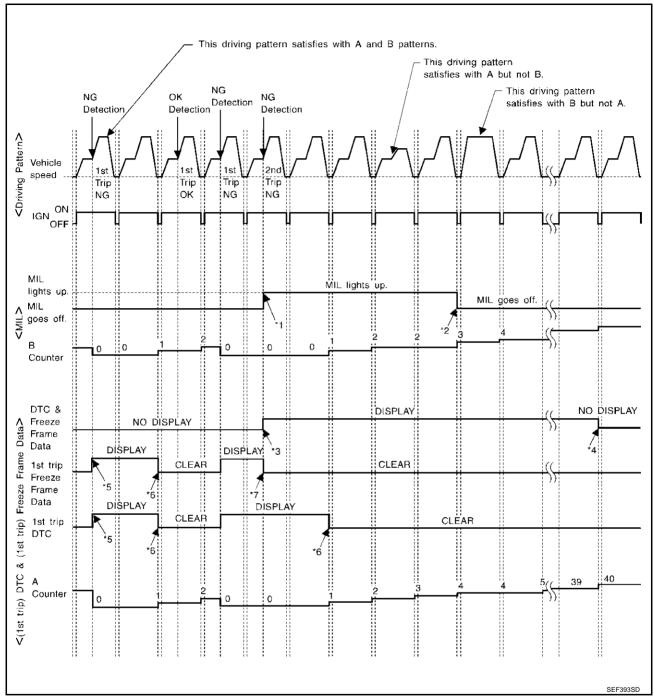
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RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



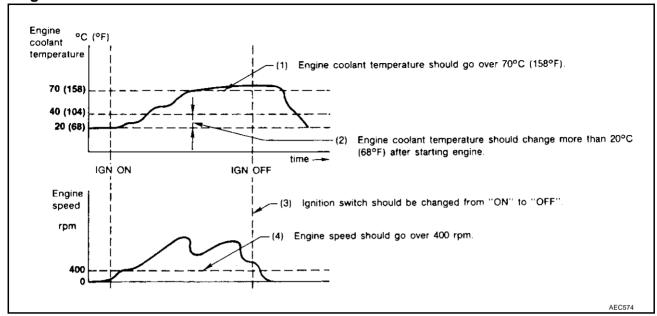
- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving Pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

<Driving Pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART").

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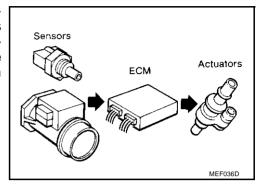
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

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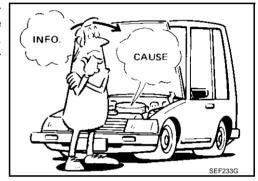
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Trouble Diagnosis Introduction

The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no incidents such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other incidents with the engine.



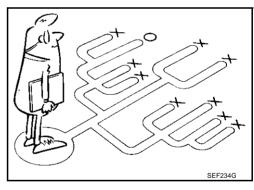
It is much more difficult to diagnose an incident that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent incidents are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.



A visual check only may not find the cause of the incidents. A road test with CONSULT-II (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the "Work Flow" on $\underline{\text{EC-75}}$.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such incidents, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A "Diagnostic Worksheet" like the example on $\underline{\mathsf{EC-77}}$ should be used.

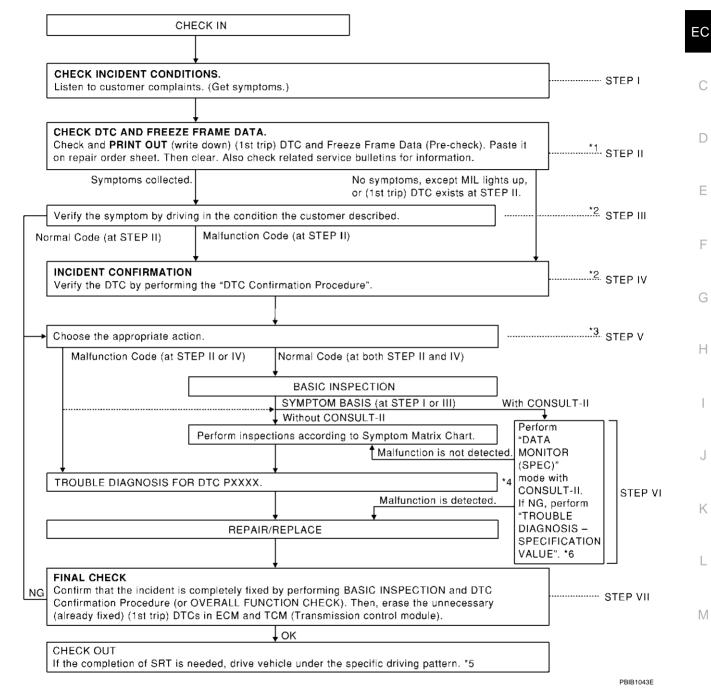
Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" malfunctions first. This will help troubleshoot driveability malfunctions on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.



WORK FLOW Flow Chart

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- *1 If time data of "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" is other than "0" or "[1t]", perform EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAG-**NOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCI-**DENT".
- *4 If malfunctioning part cannot be detected, perform EC-132, "TROU-**BLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMIT-**TENT INCIDENT".
- If the incident cannot be verified, per- *3 form EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNO-SIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".
- *5 EC-61, "Driving Pattern"
- If the on board diagnostic system cannot be performed, check main power supply and ground circuit. Refer to EC-133, "POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR ECM".
- EC-128, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS -*6 SPECIFICATION VALUE"

STEP	DESCRIPTION
STEP I	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident/symptom occurred using the "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET", <u>EC-77</u> .
STEP II	Before confirming the concern, check and write down (print out using CONSULT-II or GST) the (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data, then erase the DTC and the data. (Refer to EC-63 , "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION".) The (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data can be used when duplicating the incident at STEP III & IV. If the incident cannot be verified, perform EC-132 , "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". Study the relationship between the cause, specified by (1st trip) DTC, and the symptom described by the customer. (The "Symptom Matrix Chart" will be useful. See EC-87 , "Symptom Matrix Chart".) Also check related service bulletins for information.
STEP III	Try to confirm the symptom and under what conditions the incident occurs. The "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET" and the freeze frame data are useful to verify the incident. Connect CONSULT-to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform EC-132 , "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". If the malfunction code is detected, skip STEP IV and perform STEP V.
STEP IV	Try to detect the (1st trip) DTC by driving in (or performing) the "DTC Confirmation Procedure". Check and read the (1st trip) DTC and (1st trip) freeze frame data by using CONSULT-II or GST. During the (1st trip) DTC verification, be sure to connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform EC-132 , "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". In case the "DTC Confirmation Procedure" is not available, perform the "Overall Function Check" instead. The (1st trip) DTC cannot be displayed by this check, however, this simplified "check" is an effective alternative. The "NG" result of the "Overall Function Check" is the same as the (1st trip) DTC detection.
STEP V	Take the appropriate action based on the results of STEP I through IV. If the malfunction code is indicated, proceed to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC PXXXX. If the normal code is indicated, proceed to the BASIC INSPECTION. (Refer to EC-82 . "Basic Inspection".) Then perform inspections according to the Symptom Matrix Chart. (Refer to EC-87 , "Symptom Matrix Chart".)
STEP VI	Identify where to begin diagnosis based on the relationship study between symptom and possible causes. Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage using (tracing) "Harness Layouts". Gently shake the related connectors, components or wiring harness with CONSULT-II set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. Check the voltage of the related ECM terminals or monitor the output data from the related sensors with CONSULT-IR Refer to EC-99, "ECM Terminals and Reference Value", EC-123, "CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode". The "Diagnostic Procedure" in EC section contains a description based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the Diagnostic Procedure. For details, refer to "Circuit Inspection" in GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident". Repair or replace the malfunction parts. If malfunctioning part cannot be detected, perform EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".
STEP VII	Once you have repaired the circuit or replaced a component, you need to run the engine in the same conditions an circumstances which resulted in the customer's initial complaint. Perform the "DTC Confirmation Procedure" and confirm the normal code [DTC No. P0000] is detected. If the incider is still detected in the final check, perform STEP VI by using a method different from the previous one. Before returning the vehicle to the customer, be sure to erase the unnecessary (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC in ECI and TCM (Transmission control module). (Refer to EC-63, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION" and AT-39, "HOW TO ERASE DTC".)

DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET

Description

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make troubleshooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about an incident. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting.

Some conditions may cause the MIL to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

- Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.
- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere.

KEY POINTS

WHAT Vehicle & engine model
WHEN Date, Frequencies
WHERE..... Road conditions
HOW Operating conditions,
Weather conditions,
Symptoms

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Worksheet Sample

Customer nar	me MR/MS	Model & Year	VIN						
Engine #		Trans.	Mileage						
Incident Date		Manuf. Date	In Service Date						
Fuel and fuel	filler cap	☐ Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire ☐ Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on.							
	☐ Impossible to start ☐ No combustion ☐ Partial combustion ☐ Partial combustion affected by throttle position ☐ Partial combustion NOT affected by throttle position ☐ Possible but hard to start ☐ Others [
Symptoms	□ Idling	☐ No fast idle ☐ Unstable ☐ H☐ Others [High idle □ Low idle]						
-3	☐ Driveability	□ Stumble □ Surge □ Knock □ Intake backfire □ Exhaust backfi □ Others [☐ Lack of power re]						
	☐ Engine stall	☐ At the time of start ☐ While idling ☐ While accelerating ☐ While dece ☐ Just after stopping ☐ While loadi	elerating						
Incident occu	rrence	☐ Just after delivery ☐ Recently☐ In the morning ☐ At night ☐	☐ In the daytime						
Frequency		☐ All the time ☐ Under certain cond	ditions						
Weather cond	litions	☐ Not affected							
	Weather	☐ Fine ☐ Raining ☐ Snowing	Others [
	Temperature	☐ Hot ☐ Warm ☐ Cool ☐	Cold Humid °F						
		☐ Cold ☐ During warm-up ☐ A	After warm-up						
Engine condit	ions	Engine speed	4,000 6,000 8,000 rpm						
Road condition	ns	☐ In town ☐ In suburbs ☐ Hig	hway 🔲 Off road (up/down)						
Driving condit	ions	 Not affected At starting While idling While accelerating While decelerating While turni Vehicle speed	· ·						
		0 10 20	30 40 50 60 MPH						
Malfunction in	idicator lamp	☐ Turned on ☐ Not turned on							

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DTC Inspection Priority Chart

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If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

NOTE:

If DTC U1000 and/or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-9, "INDEX FOR DTC".

Priority	Detected items (DTC)
1	U1000 U1001 CAN communication line
	• P0101 P0102 P0103 P1102 Mass air flow sensor
	P0112 P0113 P0127 Intake air temperature sensor
	P0117 P0118 P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor
	• P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223 P1225 P1226 P1229 P2135 Throttle position sensor
	P0128 Thermostat function
	P0181 P0182 P0183 Fuel tank temperature sensor
	• P0327 P0328 P0332 P0333 Knock sensor
	P0335 Crankshaft position sensor (POS)
	P0340 Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)
	• P0460 P0461 P0462 P0463 P1464 Fuel level sensor
	P0500 Vehicle speed sensor
	● P0605 ECM
	P0705 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch
	• P1610 - P1615 NATS
	P1706 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch
	P1716 Turbine revolution sensor
	P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138 Accelerator pedal position sensor

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Priority	Detected items (DTC)
2	● P0031 P0032 P0051 P0052 Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater
	• P0037 P0038 P0057 P0058 Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
	• P0132 P0133 P0134 P0152 P0153 P0154 P1143 P1144 P1163 P1164 Heated oxygen sensor 1
	• P0138 P0139 P0158 P0159 P1146 P1147 P1166 P1167 Heated oxygen sensor 2
	P0441 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring
	P0444 P0445 P1444 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
	P0447 P1446 P1448 EVAP canister vent control valve
	P0452 P0453 EVAP control system pressure sensor
	P0550 Power steering pressure sensor
	● P0650 MIL
	 P0710 P0720 P0740 P0744 P0745 P1720 P1730 P1752 P1754 P1757 P1759 P1762 P1764 P1767 P1769 P1772 P1774 A/T related sensors, solenoid valves and switches
	P1065 ECM power supply
	P1111 P1136 Intake valve timing control solenoid valve
	P1119 Radiator coolant temperature sensor
	P1122 Electric throttle control function
	P1124 P1126 P1128 Electric throttle control actuator
	P1140 P1145 Intake valve timing control position sensor
	P1220 Fuel pump control module
	P1217 Engine over temperature (OVERHEAT)
	P1480 Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve
	P1490 P1491 Vacuum cut valve bypass valve
	P1805 Brake switch
3	P0011 P0021 Intake valve timing control
	P0171 P0172 P0174 P0175 Fuel injection system function
	• P0300 - P0308 Misfire
	P0420 P0430 Three way catalyst function
	P0442 P1442 EVAP control system (SMALL LEAK)
	P0455 EVAP control system (GROSS LEAK)
	P0456 P1456 EVAP control system (VERY SMALL LEAK)
	P0506 P0507 Idle speed control system
	P1121 Electric throttle control actuator
	P1148 P1168 Closed loop control
	P1211 ABS/TCS control unit
	P1212 ABS/TCS communication line
	P1780 Shift change signal

Fail-safe Chart

When the DTC listed below is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

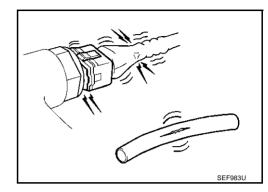
DTC No.	Detected items	Engine opera	ting condition in fail-safe mode							
P0102 P0103 P1102	Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more that	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.							
P0117 P0118	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turn ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.								
		Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)							
		Just as ignition switch is turned ON or START 40°C (104°F)								
		More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or START	80°C (176°F)							
		Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)							
		When the fail-safe system for engine fan operates while engine is running	e coolant temperature sensor is activated, the cooling g.							
P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223	Throttle position sensor	The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees. The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal								
P0223 P2135		condition. So, the acceleration will be poor.								
P1121	Electric throttle control actuator	(When electric throttle control actuator does not function properly due to the return spring malfunction:) The ECM controls the electric throttle actuator by regulating the throttle opening around the idle position. The engine speed will not rise more than 2,000 rpm.								
			in fail-safe mode is not in specified range:) ntrol actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20							
		the engine stalls.	ve is stuck open:) down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, sition, and engine speed will not exceed 1,000 rpm or							
P1122	Electric throttle control function	ECM stops the electric throttle contributed opening (approx. 5 degrees) b	rol actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a by the return spring.							
P1124 P1126	Throttle control motor relay	ECM stops the electric throttle contributed opening (approx. 5 degrees) b	rol actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a y the return spring.							
P1128	Throttle control motor	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.								
P1229	Sensor power supply	ECM stops the electric throttle contr fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) b	rol actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a by the return spring.							
P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138	Accelerator pedal position sensor	order for the idle position to be within	e control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in +10 degrees. eed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal							

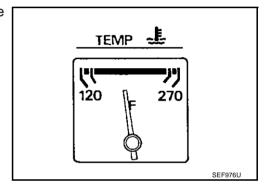
Basic Inspection

1. INSPECTION START

1. Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related malfunction, or a current need for scheduled maintenance.

- 2. Open engine hood and check the following:
- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Wiring harness for improper connections, pinches and cut
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks and improper connections
- Hoses and ducts for leaks
- Air cleaner clogging
- Gasket
- 3. Confirm that electrical or mechanical loads are not applied.
- Headlamp switch is OFF.
- Air conditioner switch is OFF.
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF.
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.
- Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge. Ensure engine stays below 1,000 rpm.

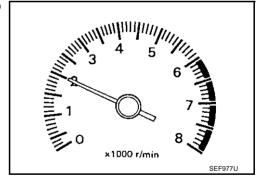




- 5. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load
- 6. Make sure that no DTC is displayed with CONSULT-II or GST.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. REPAIR OR REPLACE

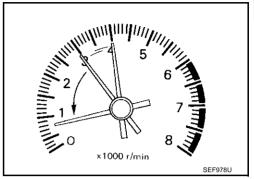
Repair or replace components as necessary according to corresponding "Diagnostic Procedure".

>> GO TO 3

$\overline{3}$. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED

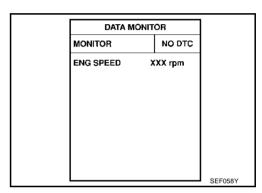
(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.



3. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

650 \pm 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)



Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.
- 3. Check idle speed.

650 \pm 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".

>> GO TO 5.

5. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".

>> GO TO 6.

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6. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 7.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of "Idle Air Volume Learning".

2. GO TO 4.

7. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

$$650 \pm 50$$
 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

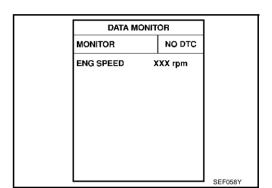
⋈ Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check idle speed.

$$650 \pm 50$$
 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 8.



8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the Following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-315</u>.
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-307</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

2. GO TO 4.

9. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

- 1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.

>> GO TO 4.

10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

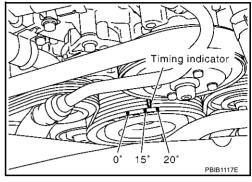
- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.

 $12 \pm 5^{\circ}$ BTDC (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 11.



11. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-46. "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".

>> GO TO 12.

12. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-46. "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".

>> GO TO 13.

13. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 14.

Nο >> 1. Follow the instruction of "Idle Air Volume Learning".

2. GO TO 4.

14. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

650 ± **50** rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

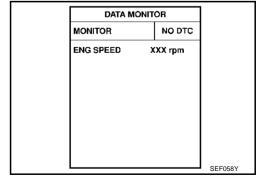
(R) Without CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check idle speed.

 650 ± 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 17.



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15. CHECK IGNITION TIMING AGAIN

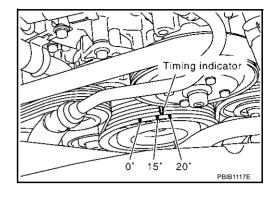
- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.

12
$$\pm$$
 5° BTDC (in "P" or "N" position)

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 16.



16. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION

Check timing chain installation. Refer to EM-35, "TIMING CHAIN" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> 1. Repair the timing chain installation.

2. GO TO 4.

17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to EC-315.
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-307</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

2. GO TO 4.

18. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

- 1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function" .

>> GO TO 4.

Symptom Matrix Chart SYSTEM — BASIC ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

ABS002DP

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							S	/MPT	ОМ							
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page	C D E
	y symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	E0 544	
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	EC-514, EC-667	G
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-49	
	Injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-654	Н
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-685	
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		EC-697	I
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment						1	1	1	1		1			EC-82	
	Electric throttle control actuator	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	EC-436, EC-438	J
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1			EC-82	
	Ignition signal circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-642	K
Main po	wer supply and ground circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3			EC-133	11
Mass ai	r flow sensor circuit	1			2										EC-171, EC-179, EC-419	L
Engine	coolant temperature sensor circuit						3			3					EC-190, EC-201	
Heated	oxygen sensor 1 circuit		1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-212, EC-221, EC-233, EC-464, EC-470	M
Throttle	position sensor circuit						2			2					EC-195, EC-291, EC-522, EC-524, EC-620	
Acceler	ator pedal position sensor circuit			3	2	1									EC-608, EC-614, EC-627	
Knock s	ensor circuit			2								3			EC-303	
Cranksh	naft position sensor (POS) circuit	2	2												EC-307	
	aft position sensor (PHASE) circuit	3	2												EC-315	
Vehicle	speed signal circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-396	

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		SYMPTOM												
	HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	АН	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	
Power steering pressure sensor circuit		2					3	3						EC-402
ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			EC-407, EC-415
Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit	3	3	2		1	3	2	2	3		3			EC-425
PNP switch circuit			3		3		3	3			3			EC-593
Start signal circuit	2													EC-663
Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit		2				3			3		4			EC-673
Electrical load signal circuit							3	3						EC-678
Air conditioner circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		2	ATC-34
Radiator coolant temperature sensor circuit														EC-431
Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve circuit														EC-572
VIAS control solenoid valve circuit					1									EC-634
VDC/TCS/ABS control unit			4											EC-503, EC-504

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the order of inspection. (continued on next page)

SISIEN	I — ENGINE MECHANICA	\L &	UII	ПЕК	L											А
					1	1	S`	YMPT	OM	1				1		Α
		CP. HA)		TC		ACCELERATION					'URE HIGH	Z		3E)		EC
		START (EXCP.		IG/FLAT SPOT	ONATION	OR ACCEL		97		TO IDLE	TEMPERAT	CONSUMPTION	OIL CONSUMPTION	DER CHARG	Reference	С
		O START/RESTART	STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	POWER/POOR	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	DLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	FUEL	IVE OIL CON	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	page	D
		HARD/NO	ENGINE STALL			LACK OF						EXCESSIVE	EXCESSIVE			E
	symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА		
Fuel	Fuel tank Fuel piping	5		5	5	5		5	5	_		5	_		FL-9 FL-2, EM- 31	G
	Vapor lock Valve deposit		5										-			Н
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gasoline, Low octane)	5		5	5	5		5	5			5			_	
Air	Air duct														<u>EM-15</u>	
	Air cleaner														<u>EM-15</u>	
	Air leakage from air duct (Mass air flow sensor — electric throttle control actuator)		5	5		5		5	5			5			<u>EM-15</u>	J
	Electric throttle control actuator, Throttle wire	5			5		5			5					EM-17, ACC-2	K
	Air leakage from intake manifold/ Collector/Gasket														<u>EM-17</u>	
Cranking	Battery Generator circuit	1	1	1		1		1	1			1		1	SC-4 SC-17	L
	Starter circuit	3													<u>SC-9</u>	1. //
	Drive plate	6													<u>EM-72</u>	M
	PNP switch	4													<u>AT-106</u>	
Engine	Cylinder head	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-60</u>	
	Cylinder head gasket			J							4		3		<u> </u>	
	Cylinder block															
	Piston												4			
	Piston ring	6	6	6	6	6		6	6			6			<u>EM-72</u>	
	Connecting rod															
	Bearing															
	Crankshaft															

							S١	/MPT	ОМ						
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty s	symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	АН	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	
Valve	Timing chain	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-35</u>
mecha- nism	Camshaft	J	3	3	3	3		3	3			3			EM-46
	Intake valve timing control														<u>EM-35</u>
	Intake valve	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5	3		EM-60
	Exhaust valve)	3	3	3	3		3	3			3	3		<u>LIVI OO</u>
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/ Gasket	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		5					<u>EM-22</u> , <u>EX-</u>
	Three way catalyst														<u> </u>
Lubrica- tion	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil gallery/Oil cooler	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			EM-25, LU- 8, LU-9
	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil														<u>LU-6</u>
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap														<u>CO-12</u>
	Thermostat									5					<u>CO-23</u>
	Water pump														<u>CO-21</u>
	Water gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5			<u>CO-7</u>
	Cooling fan									5					<u>CO-18</u>
	Coolant level (Low)/Contami- nated coolant														<u>CO-9</u>
IVIS (INFII NATS)	NITI Vehicle Immobilizer System —	1	1												EC-65, BL-171

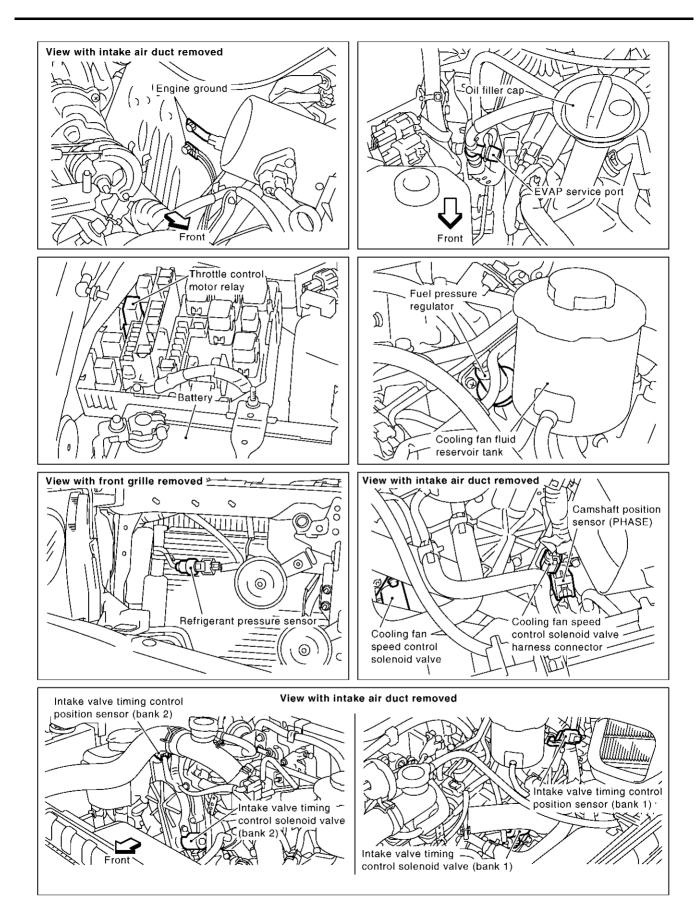
^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

Engine Control Component Parts Location

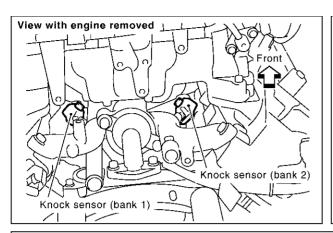
ABS002DQ

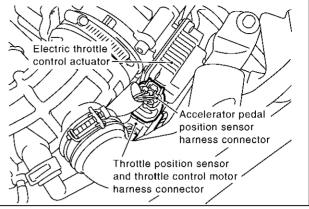
EC Injector bank 1 Knock sensor bank 1 Engine coolant temperature sensor Throttle position sensor, EVAP canister purge volume accelerator pedal position sensor control solenoid valve and throttle control motor D (built into electric throttle Ignition coil (with power transistor) control actuator) and spark plug bank 2 Knock sensor bank 2 Ignition coil (with power EVAP service port F transistor) and spark plug Injector bank 2 Relay box bank 1 Н ں M Refrigerant pressure sensor Mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature Intake valve timing control sensor) position sensor bank 2 Radiator coolant temperature Intake valve timing control solenoid valve bank 2 Camshaft position sensor Power valve actuator (PHASE) VIAS control solenoid Intake valve timing control valve position sensor bank 1 Cooling fan speed control Intake valve timing control solenoid valve solenoid valve bank 1

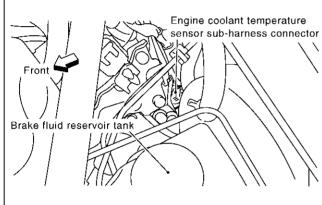
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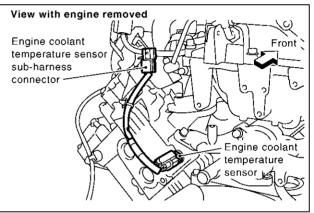


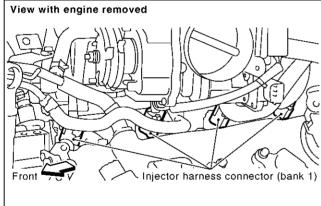
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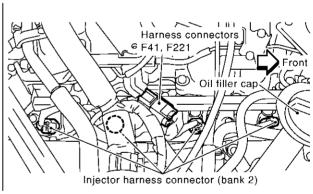


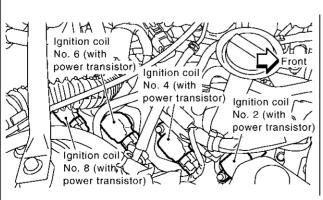


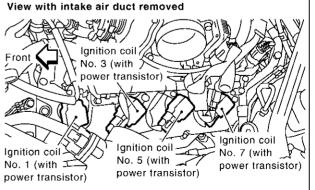












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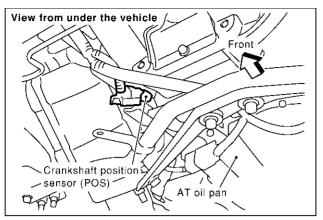
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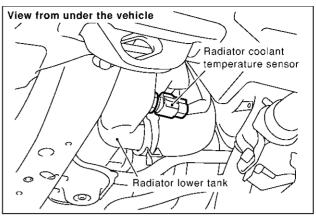
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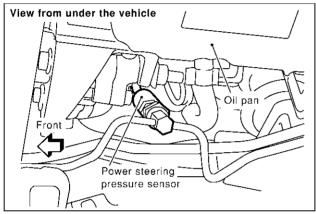
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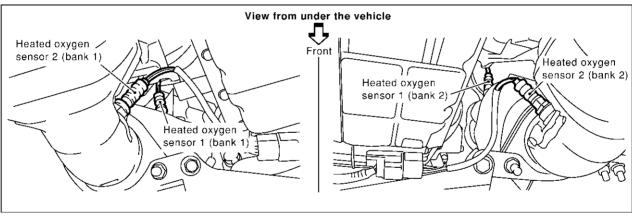
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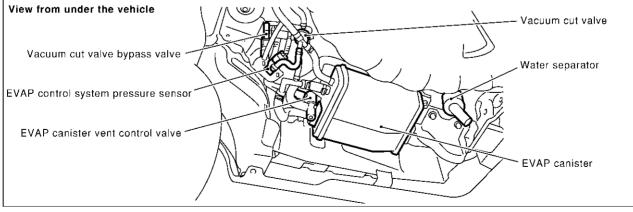
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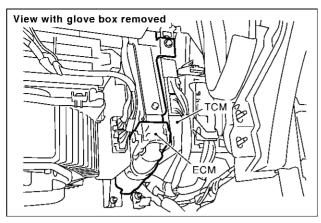


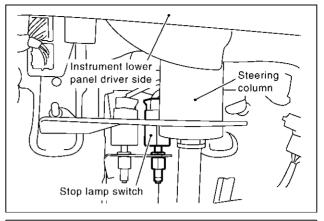


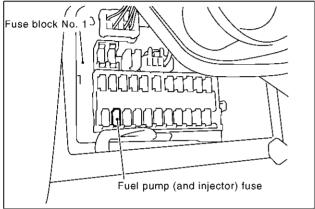


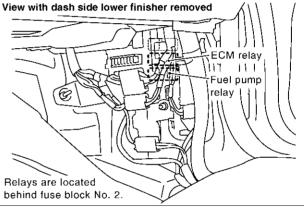


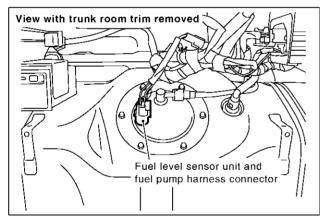
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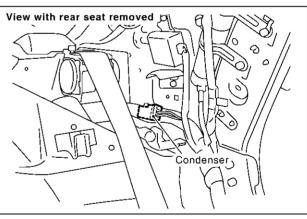


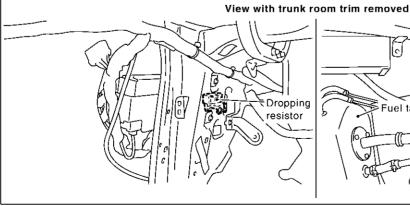


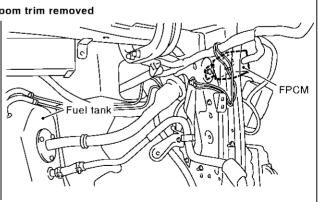












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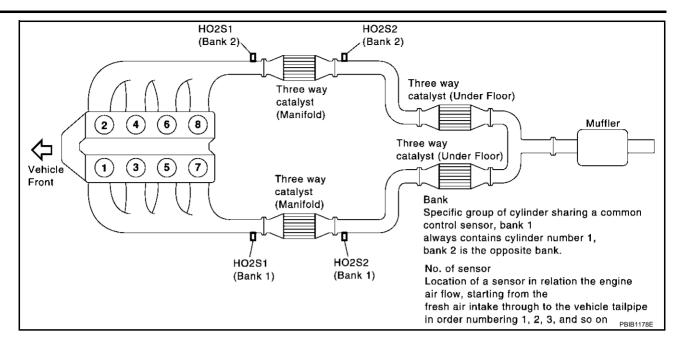
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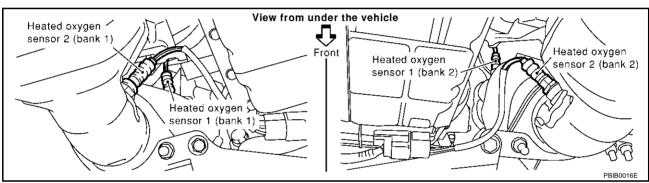
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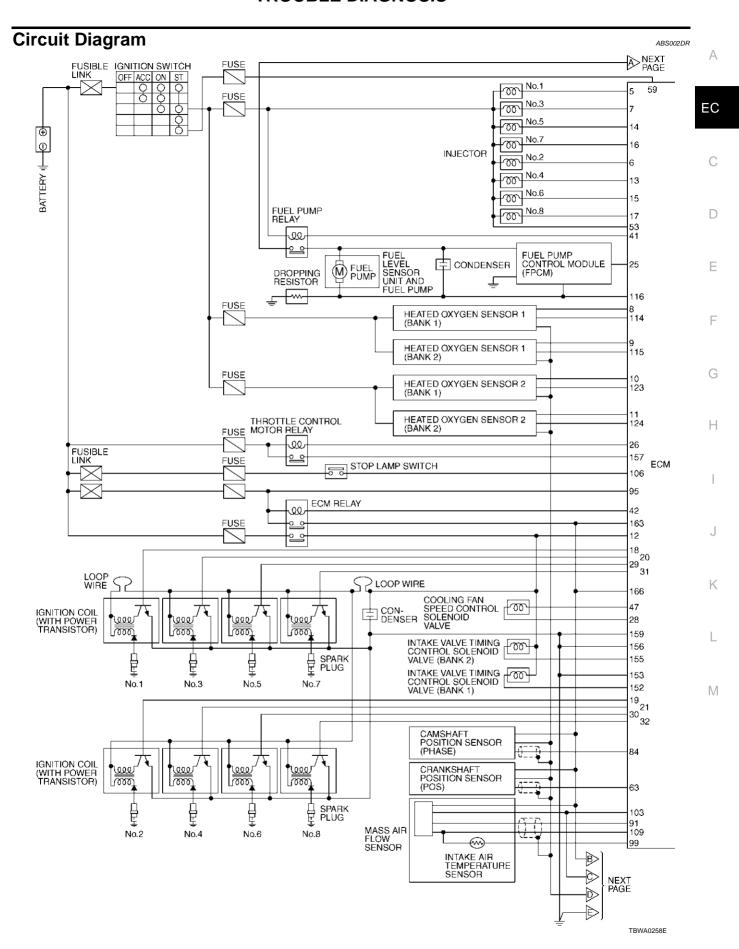
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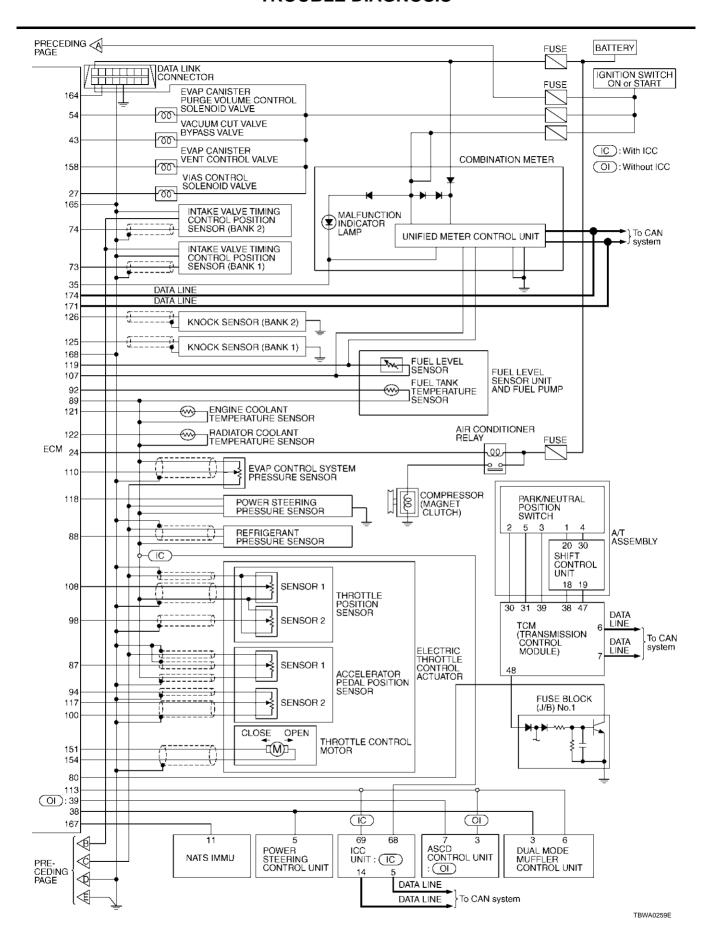
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ECM Harness Connector Terminal Layout

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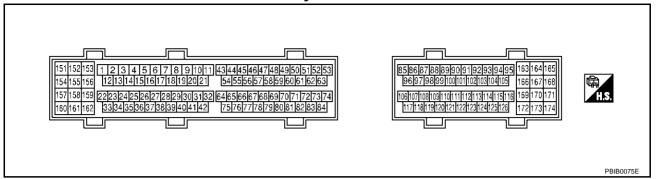
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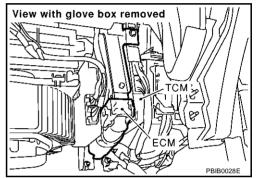
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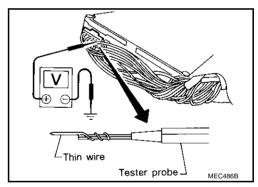
ECM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION

ABS002DT

- 1. ECM is located behind the glove box. For this inspection, remove glove box.
- 2. Remove ECM harness protector.



- 3. Perform all voltage measurements with the connector connected. Extend tester probe as shown to perform tests easily.
 - Open harness securing clip to make testing easier.
 - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at 1 time.
 - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.



ECM INSPECTION TABLE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-				
MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
5 6 7 13	B/W L BR P	Injector No. 1 Injector No. 2 Injector No. 3 Injector No. 4	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★ Discription Discription
14 15 16 17	OR/L B/R OR G	Injector No. 5 Injector No. 6 Injector No. 7 Injector No. 8	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)* >> 10.0V/Dv 50 ms/Div
8	BR	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm. 	Approximately 7V★ → 10.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div T PBIB0519E
			[Engine is running]Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
9	G/Y	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm. 	Approximately 7V★
			[Engine is running] • Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	GY	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V
			 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped [Engine is running] Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm. 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	А
11	G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V	C
			[Ignition switch "ON"] ■ Engine stopped [Engine is running] ■ Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D
12	W/L	Counter current return	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
18 19 20	Y/R W/G GY	Ignition signal No. 1 Ignition signal No. 2 Ignition signal No. 3	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	0 - 0.1V★	F G
21 29 30 31 32	W/R GY/R PU/W L/R G/R	Ignition signal No. 4 Ignition signal No. 5 Ignition signal No. 6 Ignition signal No. 7 Ignition signal No. 8	[Engine is running] ■ Warm-up condition ■ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	PBIB0044E 0 - 0.2V★	J
24	G/W	Air conditioner relay	 [Engine is running] ● Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON" (Compressor operates). [Engine is running] 	0 - 1.0V BATTERY VOLTAGE	K
			A/C switch is "OFF". [When cranking engine]	(11 - 14V) 0 - 0.5V	
25	B/R	Fuel pump control module	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	8 - 12V	M
26	OR	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch "OFF"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
27	PU	VIAS control solenoid valve	[Ignition switch "ON"] [Engine is running] • Selector lever: "P" or "N" [Engine is running] • Selector lever: "D" [Engine is running] • Engine speed is above 5,000 rpm	0 - 1.0V 0 - 1.0V BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) 0 - 1.0V	
28	L	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve ground	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0V	

TER-				
MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
-			[Ignition switch "ON"]	0 - 1.0V
35	Y/G	MIL	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
38	W/G	Tachometer signal	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	3 - 6V★
30	We	Table Title	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	3 - 6V★ >> 5.0V/Div 10 ms/Div PBIB0047E
39	OR	ASCD communication line	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	3 - 6V★ → 0.1V/Div 10 ms/Div PBIB0048E
41	GY	Fuel pump relay	 [Ignition switch "ON"] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" [Engine is running] [Ignition switch "ON"] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch "ON". 	0 - 1.0V BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
42	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch "OFF"] • For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch "OFF"]More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
43	G/Y	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
47	R	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	6.5 - 8V★ 10.0V/Dw 2 ms.Div PBIB0049E

					=
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	А
			[Ignition switch "OFF"]	OV	-
53	W/G	Ignition switch	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	EC
				BATTERY VOLTAGE	=
			[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	(11 - 14V)★	C
5 4	1.07	EVAP canister purge vol-		PBIB0050E	Е
54	54 L/Y	ume control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] • Engine speed is about 2,000 rpm (More than	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★	F
		100 seconds after starting engine).	>> 10.0V/Div 50 ms/Div PBIB0051E	G - H	
59	SB	Start signal	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0V	_
	02	Start Signal	[Ignition switch "START"]	9 - 12V	_
			 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	1.0 - 2.0V★	J
63	P/L	Crankshaft position sensor		PBIB0052E	- K
		(POS)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 2.0V★	L

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
73	Y	Intake valve timing control position sensor (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	0 - 1.0V★
7.5			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - 1.0V★ → 5.0V/Div 20 ms/Div PBIB0055E
74	W	Intake valve timing control	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	0 - 1.0V★
74	W position sensor (bank 2) [Engine is running] • Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.		0 - 1.0V★ → 5.0V/Div 20 ms/Div PBIB0055E	
80	GY/R	GY/R PNP switch	[Ignition switch "ON"] • Selector lever: "P" or "N".	Approximately 0V
			[Ignition switch "ON"] • Except above position	Approximately 5V
84	L/W	Camshaft position sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	1.0 - 4.0 V★
04	L/VV	(PHASE)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 4.0V★

TER-	WIRE				
MINAL NO.	COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	Α
			[Ignition switch "ON"]		
			Engine stopped	More than 0.36V	EC
			Selector lever: "D"	Wore than 0.50V	
87	L/W	Accelerator pedal position	Accelerator pedal is fully released		
01		sensor 1	[Ignition switch "ON"]		C
			Engine stopped	Less than 4.75V	
			Selector lever: "D"	2003 than 4.70 v	D
			Accelerator pedal is fully depressed		
			[Engine is running]		
88	Р	Refrigerant pressure sen-	Warm-up condition	1.0 - 4.0V	Е
00	'	sor	Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON".	1.0 - 4.0 V	
			(Compressor operates.)		
			[Engine is running]		F
89	В	Sensor ground	Warm-up condition	Approximately 0V	
			Idle speed		
			[Engine is running]		G
			Warm-up condition	1.1 - 1.5V	
04	B/Y	Mana air flaw aanaar	Idle speed		
91	B/ Y	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running]		Н
			Warm-up condition	1.7 - 2.4V	
			• Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.		
92	PU/W	Fuel tank temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel tank temperature.	1
94	G	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 2.5V	J
95	W	Power supply for ECM (Back-up)	[Ignition switch "OFF"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	K
			[Ignition switch "ON"]		
			Engine stopped	Locathon 4.75\/	
			Selector lever: "D"	Less than 4.75V	
00	10/	Through position concer 2	Accelerator pedal is fully released		
98	W	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch "ON"]		IV
			Engine stopped	Mana than 0.00V	1 0
			Selector lever: "D"	More than 0.36V	
			Accelerator pedal is fully depressed		
99	L	Intake air temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.	
100	BR	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 ground	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0V	
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V	
			[Engine is running]		
			Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V	
106	R/W	Stop lamp switch	[Engine is running]	BATTERY VOLTAGE	
			Brake pedal is slightly depressed	(11 - 14V)	
			[Engine is running]		
107	В	Fuel level sensor ground	[3	Approximately 0V	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	B/W	Throttle position concer 1	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully released 	More than 0.36V
108 B/VV	D/VV	Throttle position sensor 1	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	Less than 4.75V
109	LG	Mass air flow sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
110	G	EVAP control system pres- sure sensor	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
113	R/Y	Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully released 	0.4 - 0.8V
113		sensor signal output	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	4.0 - 5.0V
114	R/L	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)
115	L	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)
			[Ignition switch "ON"] ■ More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch ON"	Approximately 0V
116	G/R	Fuel pump control module check	 [Ignition switch "ON"] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed 	
117	B/R	Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully released 	More than 0.18V
	DIT	sensor 2	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	Less than 2.37V

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	А
118	R	Power steering pressure	[Engine is running] • Steering wheel is being turned.	0.5 - 4.0V	EC
110	K	sensor	[Engine is running]◆ Steering wheel is not being turned.	0.4 - 0.8V	
119	R/L	Fuel level sensor	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel level.	С
121	Y/B	Engine coolant temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant temperature.	D
122	G/R	Radiator coolant tempera- ture sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with radiator coolant temperature.	Е
123	PU	Heated oxygen sensor 2	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition 	0 - Approximately 1.0V	F
		(bank 1)	Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	,	G
124	В	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V	H
125 126	W W	Knock sensor (bank 1) Knock sensor (bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V	IZ.
151	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	0 - 14V★	K L M
			[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
152	Р	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,500 rpm	7 - 12V* PBIB1790E	
153	В	Throttle control motor ground	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0V	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
154	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch "ON"] • Engine stopped • Selector lever: "D" • Accelerator pedal is released	0 - 14V★
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
155	W/B	/B Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2) [Engine is running] ■ Warm-up condition ■ Engine speed is 2,500 rpm	7 - 12V★	
156 159 165 168	B B B/W B/W	ECM ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Engine ground
157	L	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
158	L/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
163 166	R R	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
164	PU	Data link connector	[Ignition switch "ON"] • CONSULT-II or GST is disconnected.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
171	P/B	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 1.7 - 2.3V Output voltage varies with the communication status.
174	LG/B	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 2.6 - 3.2V Output voltage varies with the communication status.

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

CONSULT-II Function FUNCTION

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Diagnostic test mode	Function		
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT-II unit.		
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*		
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.		
Data monitor (SPEC)	Input/Output of the specification for Basic fuel schedule, AFM, A/F feedback control value and the other data monitor items can be read.		
CAN diagnostic support monitor	The results of transmit/receive diagnosis of CAN communication can be read.		

Diagnostic test mode	Function
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT-II drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC & SRT confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
Function test	This mode is used to inform customers when their vehicle condition requires periodic maintenance.
ECM part number	ECM part number can be read.

^{*:} The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- Others

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ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS/CONTROL SYSTEMS APPLICATION

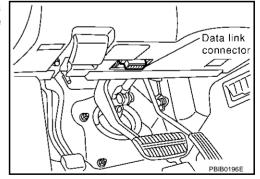
			DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
	ltem		WORK		AGNOSTIC SULTS	DATA	DATA		DTC 8	
			WORK SUP- PORT	DTC*1	FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	MONI- TOR	MONI- TOR (SPEC)	ACTIVE TEST	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT
		Crankshaft position sensor (POS)		×	×	×	×			
		Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)		×	×	×	×			
		Mass air flow sensor		×		×	×			
		Engine coolant temperature sensor		×	×	×	×	×		
		Heated oxygen sensor 1		×		×	×		×	×
		Heated oxygen sensor 2		×		×	×		×	×
		Vehicle speed sensor		×	×	×	×			
		Accelerator pedal position sensor		×		×	×			
		Throttle position sensor		×		×	×			
RTS		Fuel tank temperature sensor		×		×	×	×		
NT PA		EVAP control system pressure sensor		×		×	×			
NE		Intake air temperature sensor		×	×	×	×			
MP	_	Knock sensor		×						
or co	INPUT	Radiator coolant temperature sensor		×		×	×			
Ä		Refrigerant pressure sensor				×	×			
ဝ္ပ		Ignition switch (start signal)				×	×			
ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS		Closed throttle position switch (accelerator pedal position sensor signal)				×	×			
		Air conditioner switch				×	×			
		Park/neutral position (PNP) switch		×		×	×			
		Stop lamp switch		×		×	×			
		Power steering pressure sensor		×		×	×			
		Battery voltage				×	×			
		Load signal				×	×			
		Intake valve timing control position sensor		×		×	×			
		Fuel level sensor		×		×	×			

		DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
	ltem		WORK SUP- PORT DTC*1 SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS FREEZE PRAME DATA*2		DATA	DATA		DTC & SRT CONFIRMATIO	
					MONI- TOR	MONI- TOR (SPEC)	ACTIVE TEST	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT
	Injectors				×	×	×		
	Power transistor (Ignition timing)				×	×	×		
	Throttle control motor relay		×		×	×			
0	Throttle control motor		×						
¥ ¥	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×		×
-	FPCM		×		×	×	×		
5	Air conditioner relay				×	×			
5	Fuel pump relay	×			×	×	×		
OUTPUT	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×		
2	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater		×		×	×		×	
3	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater		×		×	×		×	
ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS OUTPUT	EVAP canister vent control valve	×	×		×	×	×		
	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	×	×		×	×	×		×
	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×		
	VIAS control solenoid valve				×	×	×		
	Calculated load value			×	×	×			

X: Applicable

CONSULT-II INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Connect "CONSULT-II" and CONSULT-II CONVERTER to data link connector, which is located under LH dash panel near the fuse box cover.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



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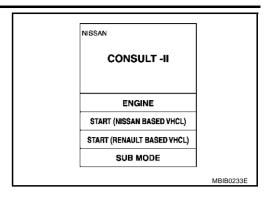
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^{*1:} This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

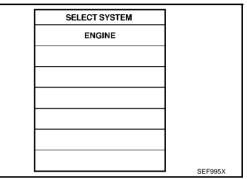
^{*2:} This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT-II screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to EC-56.

4. Touch "START(NISSAN BASED VHCL)".



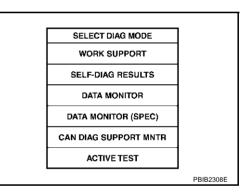
5. Touch "ENGINE".

If "ENGINE" is not indicated, go to GI-38, "CONSULT-II Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit".



Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the CONSULT-II Operation Manual.



WORK SUPPORT MODE

Work Item

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DUR- ING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS.	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line
IDLE AIR VOL LEARN	THE IDLE AIR VOLUME THAT KEEPS THE ENGINE WITHIN THE SPECIFIED RANGE IS MEMORIZED IN ECM.	When learning the idle air volume
SELF-LEARNING CONT	THE COEFFICIENT OF SELF-LEARNING CONTROL MIXTURE RATIO RETURNS TO THE ORIGINAL COEF- FICIENT.	When clearing the coefficient of self-learning control value

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	OPEN THE VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE AND CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system
	• IGN SW "ON"	
	ENGINE NOT RUNNING	
	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F).	
	NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYSTEM	
	● TANK FUEL TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F).	
	WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE"	
	WHEN TRYING TO EXECUTE "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" UNDER THE CONDITION EXCEPT ABOVE, CONSULT- II WILL DISCONTINUE IT AND DISPLAY APPROPRI- ATE INSTRUCTION.	
	NOTE: WHEN STARTING ENGINE, CONSULT-II MAY DISPLAY "BATTERY VOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", EVEN IN USING CHARGED BATTERY.	
TARGET IDLE RPM ADJ*	IDLE CONDITION	When setting target idle speed
TARGET IGNITION TIMING ADJ*	IDLE CONDITION	When adjusting target ignition timing

^{*:} This function is not necessary in the usual service procedure.

SELF-DIAG RESULTS MODE

Self Diagnostic Item

Regarding items of "DTC and 1st trip DTC", refer to EC-9, "INDEX FOR DTC" .)

Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data

Freeze frame data item*	Description
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	The engine control component part/control system has a trouble code, it is displayed as "PXXXX". (Refer to EC-9 , "INDEX FOR DTC".)
FUEL SYS-B1	"Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
FUEL SYS-B2	One mode in the following is displayed. "Mode 2": Open loop due to detected system malfunction "Mode 3": Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enleanment) "Mode 4": Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control "Mode 5": Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
S-FUEL TRM-B1 [%]	"Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
S-FUEL TRM-B2 [%]	The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule.
L-FUEL TRM-B1 [%]	"Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
L-FUEL TRM-B2 [%]	The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim.
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
VEHICL SPEED [km/h] or [mph]	The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.

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Freeze frame data item*	Description
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]	The base fuel schedule at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	The intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.

^{*:} The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.

DATA MONITOR MODE Monitored Item

×: Applicable

				x. Applicable
Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
ENG SPEED [rpm]	×	×	Indicates the engine speed computed from the signals of the crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE).	 Accuracy becomes poor if engine speed drops below the idle rpm. If the signal is interrupted while the engine is running, an abnormal value may be indicated.
MAS A/F SE-B1 [V]	×	×	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	×	×	The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant tempera- ture sensor) is displayed.	When the engine coolant temperature sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine coolant temperature determined by the ECM is displayed.
HO2S1 (B1) [V]	×	×	The signal voltage of the heated oxygen sensor	
HO2S1 (B2) [V]	×		1 is displayed.	
HO2S2 (B1) [V]	×		The signal voltage of the heated oxygen sensor	
HO2S2 (B2) [V]	×		2 is displayed.	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) [RICH/LEAN]	×	×	Display of heated oxygen sensor 1 signal during air-fuel ratio feedback control:	After turning ON the ignition switch, "RICH" is displayed until air-fuel mixture ratio foodback control
HO2S1 MNTR (B2) [RICH/LEAN]	×		RICH means the mixture became "rich", and control is being affected toward a leaner mixture. LEAN means the mixture became "lean", and control is being affected toward a rich mixture.	mixture ratio feedback control begins. • When the air-fuel ratio feedback is clamped, the value just before the clamping is displayed continuously.
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) [RICH/LEAN]	×		Display of heated oxygen sensor 2 signal: RICH means the amount of oxygen after three	When the engine is stopped, a cer-
HO2S2 MNTR (B2) [RICH/LEAN]	×		way catalyst is relatively small. LEAN means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large.	tain value is indicated.
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	×	×	The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal is displayed.	
BATTERY VOLT [V]	×	×	The power supply voltage of ECM is displayed.	
ACCEL SEN 1 [V]	×	×	The accelerator pedal position sensor signal	ACCEL SEN2 signal is converted by
ACCEL SEN 2 [V]	×		voltage is displayed.	ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.
THRTL SEN 1 [V]	×	×	The throttle position sensor signal voltage is dis-	THRTL SEN2 signal is converted by
THRTL SEN 2 [V]	×		played.	ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
FUEL T/TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×		The fuel temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the fuel tank temperature sensor) is displayed.	
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×	×	The intake air temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the intake air temperature sensor) is indicated.	
EVAP SYS PRES [V]	×		The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed.	
FUEL LEVEL SE [V]	×		The signal voltage of the fuel level sensor is displayed.	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the starter signal.	 After starting the engine, [OFF] is displayed regardless of the starter signal.
CLSD THL POS [ON/OFF]	×	×	 Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the accelerator pedal position sensor signal. 	
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	×	×	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch determined by the air conditioner signal. 	
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	×	×	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/neu- tral position (PNP) switch signal.	
PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	[ON/OFF] condition of the power steering system (determined by the signal voltage of the power steering pressure sensor signal) is indicated.	
LOAD SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the electrical load signal. ON Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd position. OFF Both rear window defogger switch and lighting switch are OFF. 	
IGNITION SW [ON/OFF]	×		Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch.	
HEATER FAN SW [ON/OFF]	×		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the heater fan switch signal. 	
BRAKE SW [ON/OFF]			Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the stop lamp switch signal.	
INJ PULSE-B1 [msec] INJ PULSE-B2 [msec]		×	 Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according to the input sig- nals. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain computed value is indicated.
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]			"Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction.	
IGN TIMING [BTDC]		×	 Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%]		×	The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×	correction factor per cycle is indicated.	This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			"Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current airflow divided by peak airflow.	

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	F014			
Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
MASS AIRFLOW [g·m/s]			 Indicates the mass airflow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor. 	
PURG VOL C/V [%]			 Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve control value computed by the ECM according to the input signals. The opening becomes larger as the value increases. 	
INT/V TIM (B1) [°CA] INT/V TIM (B2)			Indicates [°CA] of intake camshaft advanced angle.	
[°CA]			ag.o.	
INT/V SOL (B1) [%]			 The control value of the intake valve timing con- trol solenoid valve (determined by ECM accord- ing to the input signal) is indicated. 	
INT/V SOL (B2) [%]			 The advance angle becomes larger as the value increases. 	
VIAS S/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the VIAS control solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. OFF VIAS control solenoid valve is not operating. ON VIAS control solenoid valve is operating. 	
AIR COND RLY [ON/OFF]		×	 The air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. 	
FUEL PUMP RLY [ON/OFF]		×	 Indicates the fuel pump relay control condition determined by ECM according to the input sig- nals. 	
FPCM [HI/LOW]		×	 The control condition of the fuel pump control module (FPCM) (determined by the ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. 	
VC/V BYPASS/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the vacuum cut valve bypass valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. ON Open OFF Closed 	
VENT CONT/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. ON Closed OFF Open 	
THRTL RELAY [ON/OFF]			 Indicates the throttle control motor relay control condition determined by the ECM according to the input signals. 	
HO2S1 HTR (B1) [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of heated oxygen sensor 1 heater determined by ECM according 	
HO2S1 HTR (B2) [ON/OFF]			to the input signals.	

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
HO2S2 HTR (B1) [ON/OFF]			Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of heated oxygen	
HO2S2 HTR (B2) [ON/OFF]			sensor 2 heater determined by ECM according to the input signals.	
IDL A/V LEARN [YET/CMPLT]			 Display the condition of idle air volume learning. YET Idle Air Volume Learning has not been performed yet. CMPLT Idle Air Volume Learning has already been performed successfully. 	
TRVL AFTER MIL [km] or [mile]			Distance traveled while MIL is activated.	
TRGT FAN RPM [rpm]			The target speed of cooling fan operation (determined by the ECM according to the input signals) is displayed.	
RADIATOR TEMP [°C] or [°F]			The radiator coolant temperature (determined by the signal of the radiator coolant temperature sensor) is displayed.	
AC PRESS SEN [V]			The signal voltage from the refrigerant pressure sensor is displayed.	
Voltage [V]				
Frequency [msec], [Hz] or [%]			Voltago fraguanov duty evelo or pulso width	Only "#" is displayed if item is unable to be measured. "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "
DUTY-HI			 Voltage, frequency, duty cycle or pulse width measured by the probe. 	 Figures with "#"s are temporary ones. They are the same figures as
DUTY-LOW				an actual piece of data which was
PLS WIDTH-HI				just previously measured.
PLS WIDTH-LOW				

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NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

DATA MONITOR (SPEC) MODE

Monitored Item

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
ENG SPEED [rpm]	×	×	 Indicates the engine speed computed from the signals of the crankshaft posi- tion sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE). 	
MAS A/F SE-B1 [V]	×	×	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor specification is displayed.	When engine is running specification range is indicated.
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]			"Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction.	When engine is running specification range is indicated.
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%] A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×	The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feed-back correction factor per cycle is indicated.	 When engine is running specification range is indicated. This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.

NOTE:

• Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

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ACTIVE TEST MODE Test Item

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
FUEL INJEC- TION	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT-II. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	 Harness and connectors Fuel injectors Heated oxygen sensor 1
IGNITION TIM- ING	Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Timing light: Set Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT-II.	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Perform "Idle Air Volume Learning".
POWER BAL- ANCE	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. A/C switch "OFF" Selector lever: P or N Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT-II. 	Engine runs rough or dies.	 Harness and connectors Compression Fuel injectors Power transistor Spark plugs Ignition coils
ENG COOLANT TEMP	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the engine coolant temperature using CONSULT-II. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	 Harness and connectors Engine coolant temperature sensor Fuel injectors
FUEL PUMP RELAY	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn the fuel pump relay "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound. 	Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound.	Harness and connectors Fuel pump relay
VIAS SOL VALVE	 Ignition switch: ON Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with CONSULT-II and listen for operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connectors Solenoid valve
PURG VOL CONT/V	 Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm. Change the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve opening percent using CONSULT-II. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	Harness and connectors Solenoid valve
FUEL/T TEMP SEN	Change the fuel tank temperature	using CONSULT-II.	
VENT CON- TROL/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connectorsSolenoid valve
FPCM	 Engine: Returns to the original trouble condition Select "LOW" and "HI" with CONSULT-II. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Harness and connectors FPCM
VC/V BYPASS/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	 Harness and connectors Solenoid valve

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
V/T ASSIGN ANGLE	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change intake valve timing using CONSULT-II. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Harness and connectors Intake valve timing control solenoid valve
TARGET FAN RPM	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine Change the target speed of cooling fan using CONSULT-II. 	Cooling fan operating speed changes according to the target speed.	 Harness and connectors Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve Cooling fan pump Cooling fan drive pump

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DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION MODE SRT STATUS Mode

For details, refer to EC-57, "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE".

SRT Work Support Mode

This mode enables a technician to drive a vehicle to set the SRT while monitoring the SRT status.

DTC Work Support Mode

Test mode	Test item	Condition	Reference page
	PURGE FLOW P0441		EC-325
	EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442		EC-330, EC-530
EVAPORATIVE SYS- TEM	EVAP V/S SML LEAK P0456/P1456		EC-376, EC-560
	PURG VOL CN/V P1444		EC-539
	VC CUT/V BP/V P1491		EC-584
	HO2S1 (B1) P0133		EC-221
	HO2S1 (B1) P0134		EC-233
	HO2S1 (B1) P1143		EC-464
HO2S1	HO2S1 (B1) P1144		EC-470
HO251	HO2S1 (B2) P0153	Refer to corresponding trouble diagnosis for	EC-221
	HO2S1 (B2) P0154	DTC.	EC-233
	HO2S1 (B2) P1163		<u>EC-464</u>
	HO2S1 (B2) P1164		EC-470
	HO2S2 (B1) P0139		EC-253
	HO2S2 (B1) P1146		EC-477
H02S2	HO2S2 (B1) P1147		EC-489
HUZOZ	HO2S2 (B2) P0159		EC-253
	HO2S2 (B2) P1166		EC-477
	HO2S2 (B2) P1167		EC-489

REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (RECORDING VEHICLE DATA) Description

CONSULT-II has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

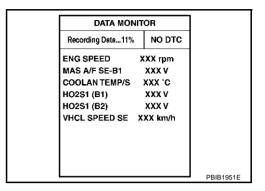
- 1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):
 - The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT-II screen in real time.

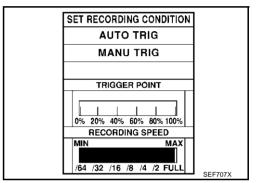
In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed if the malfunction is detected by ECM.

At the moment a malfunction is detected by ECM, "MONITOR" in "DATA MONITOR" screen is changed to "Recording Data... xx%" as shown at right, and the data after the malfunction detection is recorded. Then when the percentage reached 100%, "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is displayed. If "STOP" is touched on the screen during "Recording Data... xx%", "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is also displayed.

The recording time after the malfunction detection and the recording speed can be changed by "TRIGGER POINT" and "Recording Speed". Refer to CONSULT-II Operation Manual.

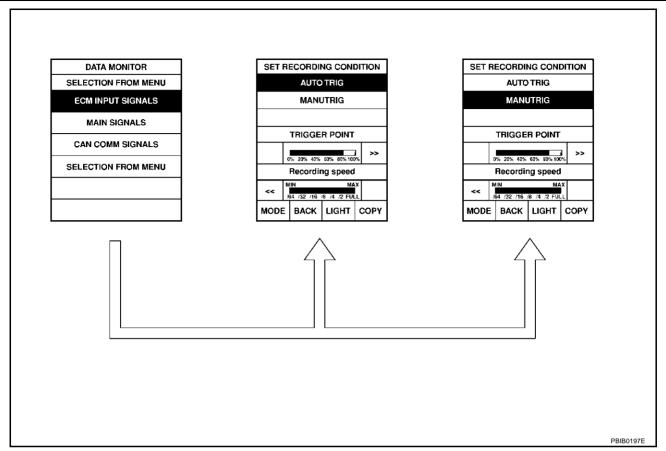
- "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):
 - DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT-II screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.
 - DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.





Operation

- 1. "AUTO TRIG"
 - While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the "DTC Confirmation Procedure", be sure
 to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is
 detected.
 - While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT-II should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.
 - When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the "DTC Confirmation Procedure", the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to "Incident Simulation Tests" in GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident".)
- 2. "MANU TRIG"
 - If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT-II to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.

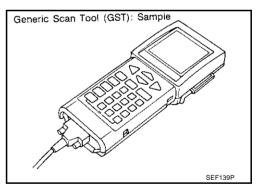


Generic Scan Tool (GST) Function DESCRIPTION

Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 8 different functions explained below.

ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name "GST" or "Generic Scan Tool" is used in this service manual.



FUNCTION

Diagnostic test mode		Function
MODE 1	READINESS TESTS	This mode gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.
MODE 2	(FREEZE DATA)	This mode gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. For details, refer to EC-56, "FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA".
MODE 3	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.

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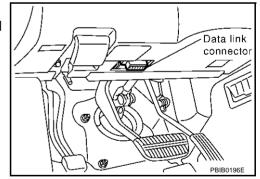
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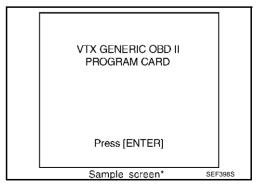
Di	agnostic test mode	Function
MODE 4	CLEAR DIAG INFO	This mode can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes: Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 1) Clear diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 3) Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (MODE 1) Clear freeze frame data (MODE 2) Reset status of system monitoring test (MODE 1) Clear on board monitoring test results (MODE 6 and 7)
MODE 6	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.
MODE 7	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission-related powertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.
MODE 8	_	This mode can close EVAP system in ignition switch "ON" position (Engine stopped). When this mode is performed, the following parts can be opened or closed. • EVAP canister vent control valve open • Vacuum cut valve bypass valve closed In the following conditions, this mode cannot function. • Low ambient temperature • Low battery voltage • Engine running • Ignition switch "OFF" • Low fuel temperature • Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system
MODE 9	(CALIBRATION ID)	This mode enables the off-board test device to request specific vehicle information such as Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) and Calibration IDs.

GST INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Connect "GST" to data link connector, which is located under LH dash panel near the fuse box cover.



- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual.
- (*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are shown.)



Perform each diagnostic mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of the tool maker.

OBD II FUNCTIONS

F0: DATA LIST

F1: FREEZE DATA

F2: DTCs

F3: SNAPSHOT

F4: CLEAR DIAG INFO

F5: O2 TEST RESULTS

F6: READINESS TESTS

F7: ON BOARD TESTS F8: EXPAND DIAG PROT

F9: UNIT CONVERSION

Sample screen* SEF416S

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

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Remarks:

Specification data are reference values.

Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.

* Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.
i.e. Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING, because the monitor may show the specification data in

spite of the ignition timing not being adjusted to the specification data. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM according to the signals input from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED	• Run engine and compare the CONSTITUTION With tachometer indication		Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	Approx. 1.1 - 1.5V
MAS A/F SE-B1	Air conditioner switch: OFFSelector lever: P or NNo load	2,500 rpm	Approx. 1.7 - 2.4V
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up		More than 70°C (158°F)
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)			0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ←→ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	Engine: After warming up After keeping engine speed	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	quickly.	$LEAN \leftarrow \rightarrow RICH$
VEH SPEED SE	Turn drive wheels and compare the CONSULT-II value with speedometer indication.		Almost the same speed as speedometer indication
BATTERY VOLT	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		11 - 14V
ACCEL SEN1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
ACCEL SEN1*	(engine stopped)Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
THRTL SEN1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THRTL SEN2*	(Engine stopped) • Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON		Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V
START SIGNAL	• Ignition switch: $ON \rightarrow START \rightarrow O$	ON	$OFF \to ON \to OFF$
	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
CLSD THL POS	(Engine stopped) • Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
	• Engine: After warming up idla	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF
AIR COND SIG	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	ON

MONITOR ITEM	C	ONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
		Selector lever: P or N	ON	
P/N POSI SW	Ignition switch: ON	Shift lever: Except above	OFF	
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle	Steering wheel is in neutral position. (Forward direction)	OFF	
	the engine	Steering wheel is turned.	ON	
LOAD CIONAL	- louition quitable ON	Rear window defogger switch is ON and/ or lighting switch is in 2nd.	ON	
LOAD SIGNAL	Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger switch is OFF and lighting switch is OFF.	OFF	
IGNITION SW	• Ignition switch: $ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON$	N .	$ON \to OFF \to ON$	
LIEATED FAN CW	Engine: After warming up, idle	Heater fan is operating.	ON	
HEATER FAN SW	the engine	Heater fan is not operating	OFF	
	- Ignitian assitah. ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF	
BRAKE SW	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 3.0 msec	
INJ PULSE-B1 INJ PULSE-B2	Selector lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.3 - 2.9 msec	
B/FUEL SCHDL	 Selector lever: P or N Air conditioner switch: OFF No load 	2,000 rpm	2.3 - 2.9 msec	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	10° - 18° BTDC	
IGN TIMING	 Selector lever: N Air conditioner switch: OFF No load 	2,000 rpm	25° - 45° BTDC	
A/F ALPHA-B1 A/F ALPHA-B2	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	54% - 155%	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	15% - 35%	
CAL/LD VALUE	Selector lever: NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,500 rpm	10% - 35%	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	3.8 - 5.2 g⋅m/s	
MASS AIRFLOW	Selector lever: NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,500 rpm	16.0 - 21.5 g·m/s	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0%	
PURG VOL C/V	Selector lever: NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,000 rpm	_	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	-5° - 5°CA	
INT/V TIM (B1) INT/V TIM (B2)	Selector lever: NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,000 rpm	Approx. 0° - 20°CA	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0% - 2%	
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	 Selector lever: N Air conditioner switch: OFF No load 	2,000 rpm	Approx. 25% - 50%	

MONITOR ITEM	CC	ONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
VIAS S/V	Engine speed: Idle	Selector lever: "P" or "N" Engine speed: More than 5,000 rpm	ON	
		Except above	OFF	E(
	Engine: After warming up, idle	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF	
AIR COND RLY	the engine	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates)	ON	
	For 5 seconds after turning ignition	n switch ON	ON	_ (
FUEL PUMP RLY	Engine running or cranking		ON	
	Except above conditions		OFF	
	Engine: Cranking		HI	
FPCM	Engine: Idle		LOW	
	Engine coolant temperature: More	than 10°C (50°F)		
VC/V BYPAS S/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	
THRTL RELAY	Ignition switch: ON		ON	'
	Engine: After warming up		ON	
HO2S1 HTR (B1) HO2S1 HTR (B2)	Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm		ON	(
1102011111 (02)	• Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm		OFF	_
	• Engine is running below 3,600 rpm	n after the following conditions are met.		
UO262 UTD (D1)	- Engine: After warming up		ON	-
HO2S2 HTR (B1) HO2S2 HTR (B2)	 Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 			
	• Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm		OFF	
TRVL AFTER MIL	Ignition switch: ON	Vehicle has traveled after MIL has turned ON.	0 - 65,535 km (0 - 40,723 mile)	
TDOT FAM DDM	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		0 rpm	
TRGT FAN RPM	Engine: Idle		300 - 2,550 rpm	
	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	ed)	Approx. 0V	- k
AC PRESS SEN	Engine: Idle		4.0. 4.0\/	
	Air conditioner switch: OFF		1.0 - 4.0V	

^{*:} Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal and throttle position sensor 2 signal are converted by ECM internally. Thus, they differ from ECM terminals voltage signal.

Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

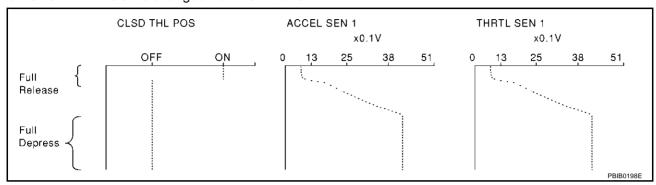
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The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CLSD THL POS, ACCEL SEN 1, THRTL SEN 1

Below is the data for "CLSD THL POS", "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch "ON" and with selector lever in "D" position.

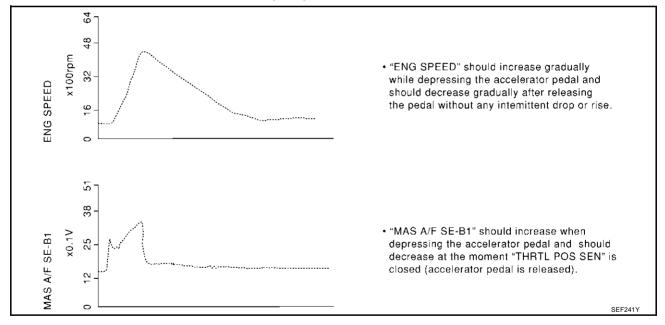
The signal of "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL POS" is changed from "ON" to "OFF".

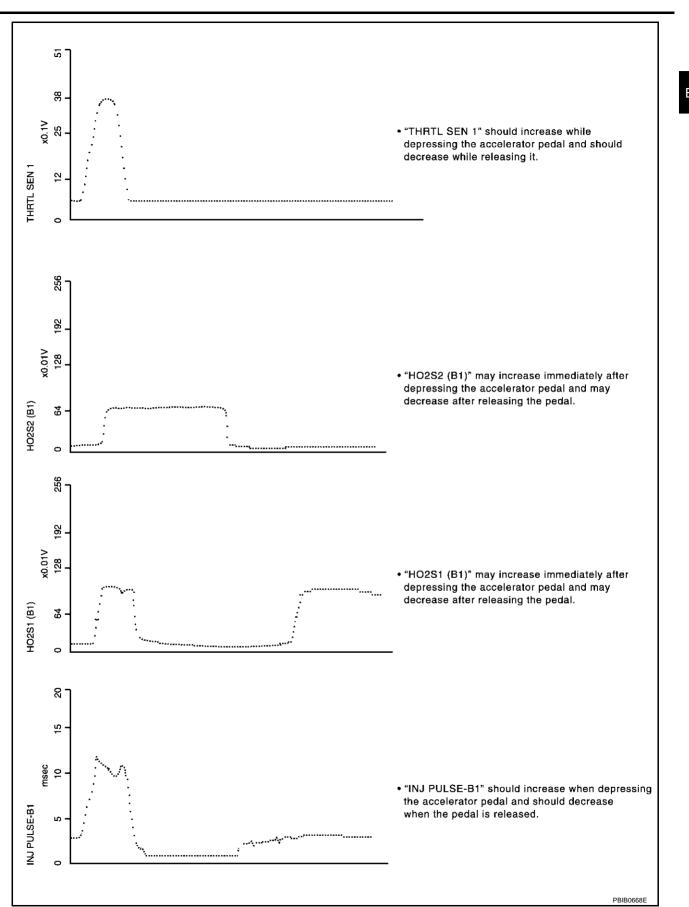


ENG SPEED, MAS A/F SE-B1, THRTL SEN 1, HO2S2 (B1), HO2S1 (B1), INJ PULSE-B1

Below is the data for "ENG SPEED", "MAS A/F SE-B1", "THRTL SEN 1", "HO2S2 (B1)", "HO2S1 (B1)" and "INJ PULSE-B1" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine sufficiently.

Each value is for reference, the exact value may vary.





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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

PFP:00031

Description

The specification (SP) value indicates the tolerance of the value that is displayed in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode of CONSULT-II during normal operation of the Engine Control System. When the value in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode is within the SP value, the Engine Control System is confirmed OK. When the value in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode is NOT within the SP value, the Engine Control System may have one or more malfunctions.

The SP value is used to detect malfunctions that may affect the Engine Control System, but will not light the MIL.

The SP value will be displayed for the following three items:

- B/FUEL SCHDL (The fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM prior to any learned on board correction)
- A/F ALPHA-B1/B2 (The mean value of air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle)
- MAS A/F SE-B1 (The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor)

Testing Condition

ARS002DZ

- Vehicle driven distance: More than 5,000 km (3,017 miles)
- Barometric pressure: 98.3 104.3 kPa (1.003 1.064 kg/cm², 14.25 15.12 psi)
- Atmospheric temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Engine coolant temperature: 75 95°C (167 203°F)
- Transmission: Warmed-up*1
- Electrical load: Not applied*²
- Engine speed: Idle
- *1: After the engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature, drive vehicle until "ATF TEMP 1" (A/T fluid temperature sensor signal) indicates more than 60°C (140°F).
- *2: Rear window defogger switch, air conditioner switch, lighting switch are "OFF". Steering wheel is straight ahead.

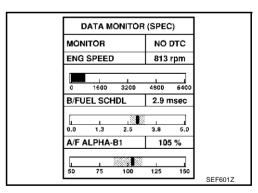
Inspection Procedure

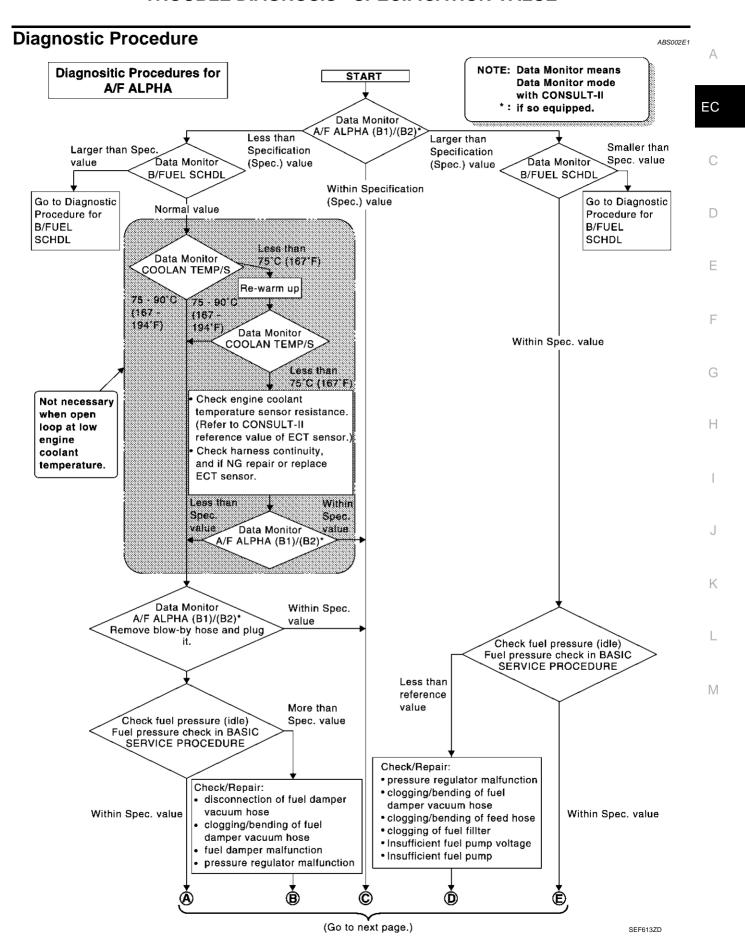
ABS002E0

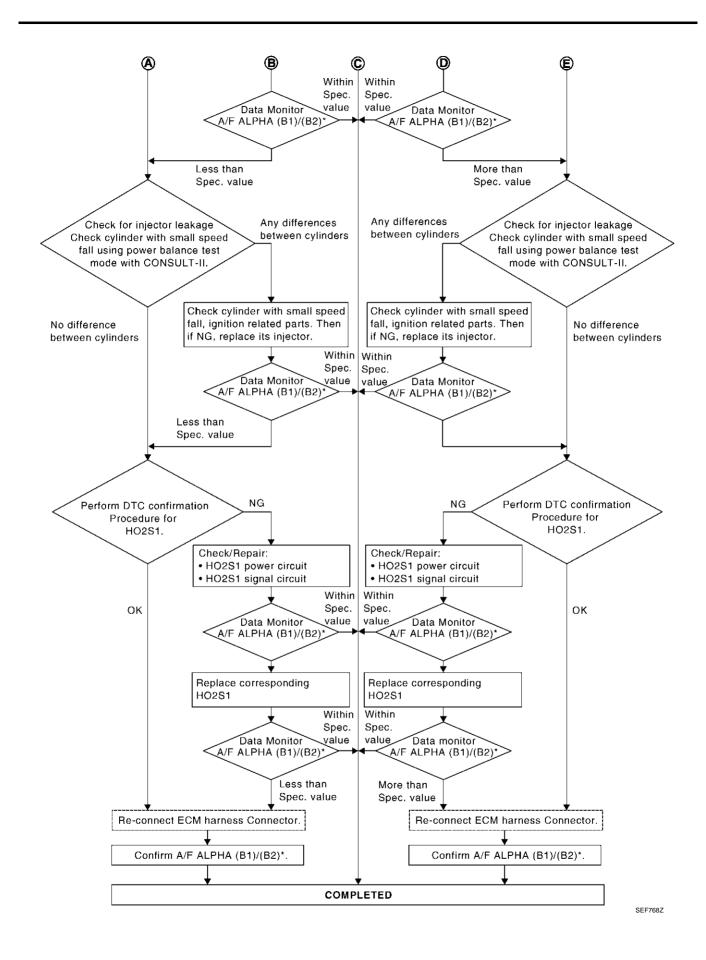
NOTE:

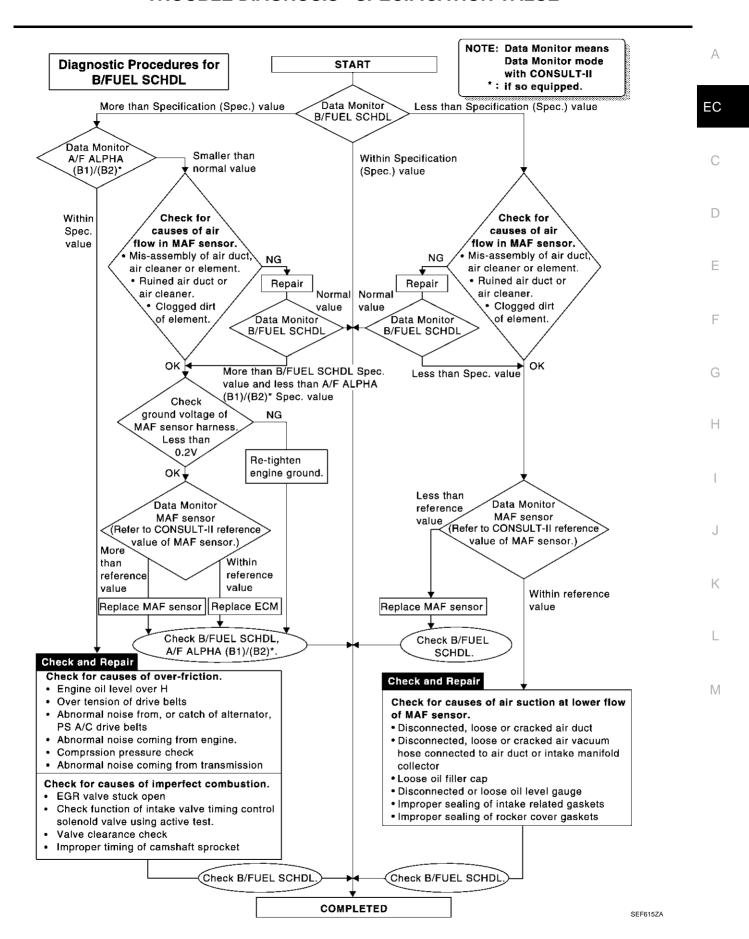
Perform "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode in maximum scale display.

- 1. Perform EC-82, "Basic Inspection".
- 2. Confirm that the testing conditions indicated above are met.
- Select "B/FUEL SCHDL", "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" and "MAS A/F SE-B1" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Make sure that monitor items are within the SP value.
- 5. If NG, go to EC-129, "Diagnostic Procedure".









TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

PFP:00006

Description

ABS002F2

Intermittent incidents (I/I) may occur. In many cases, the malfunction resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on (1st trip) DTC visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of I/I occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific malfunctioning area.

Common I/I Report Situations

STEP in Work Flow	Situation
II	The CONSULT-II is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than "0" or "[1t]".
III	The symptom described by the customer does not recur.
IV	(1st trip) DTC does not appear during the DTC Confirmation Procedure.
VI	The Diagnostic Procedure for PXXXX does not indicate the malfunctioning area.

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002F3

1. INSPECTION START

Erase (1st trip) DTCs. Refer to $\underline{\text{EC-63}}$, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION".

>> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK GROUND TERMINALS

Check ground terminals for corroding or loose connection.

Refer to GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident", "CIRCUIT INSPECTION", "Ground Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

3. SEARCH FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

Perform GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident", "INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

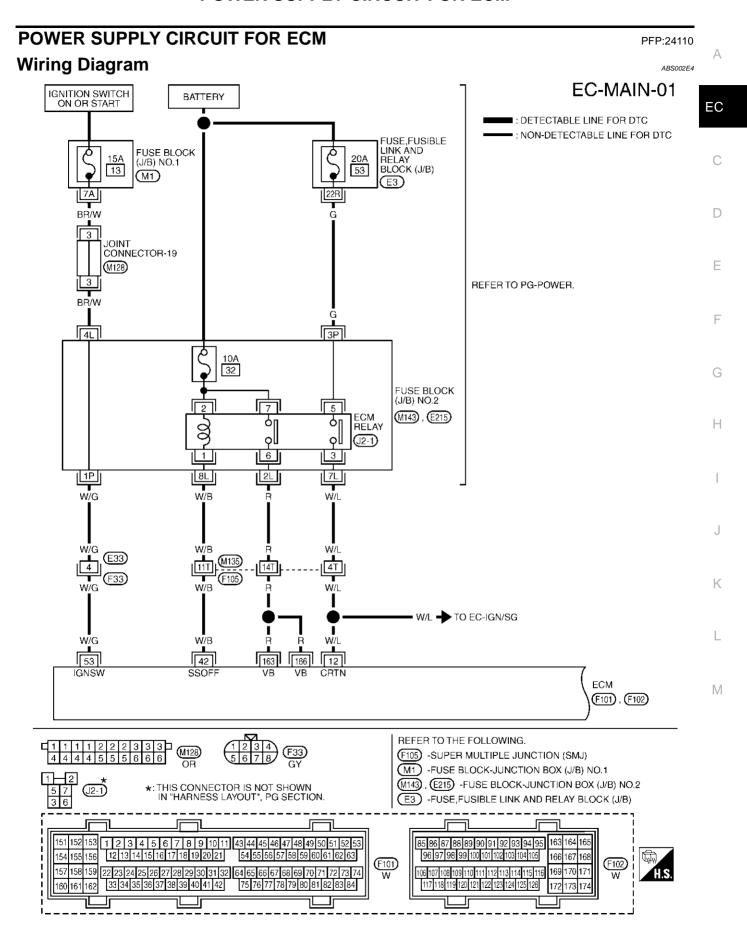
4. CHECK CONNECTOR TERMINALS

Refer to <u>GI-23, "How to Check Terminal"</u>, "HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS", "How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal".

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Repair or replace connector.



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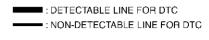
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

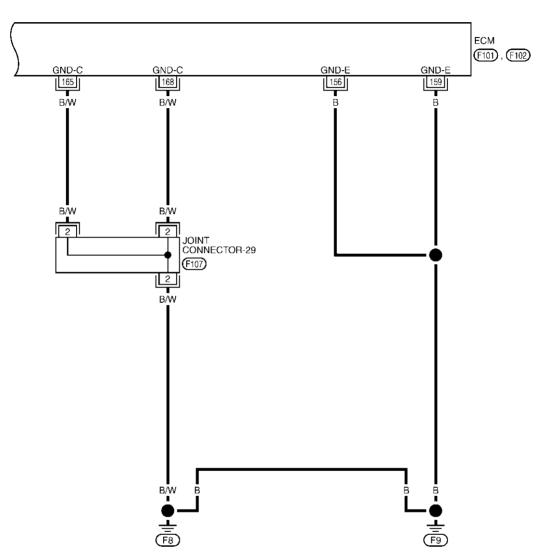
CAUTION:

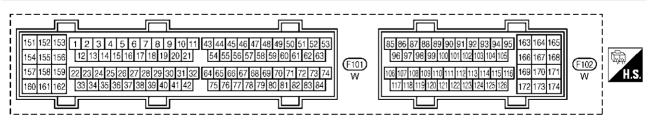
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
12	W/L	Counter current return	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
42	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch "OFF"] • For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF" [Ignition switch "OFF"] • More than a few seconds after turning ignition	0 - 1.0V BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			switch "OFF" [Ignition switch "OFF"]	OV
53	53 W/G Ignition switch	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
163 166	R R	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

EC-MAIN-02







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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
156 159 165 168	B B B/W B/W	ECM ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Engine ground

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002E5

1. INSPECTION START

Start engine.

Is engine running?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 10. No >> GO TO 2.

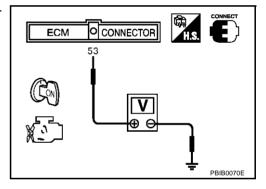
2. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and then "ON".
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 53 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E33, F33
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 1 connector M1
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 2 connector M143, E215
- Joint connector-19
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 156, 159, 165, 168 and engine ground.
 Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

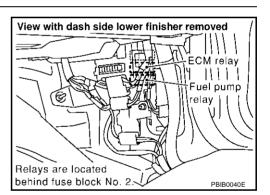
5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ground
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK POWER SUPPLY-II

1. Disconnect ECM relay.

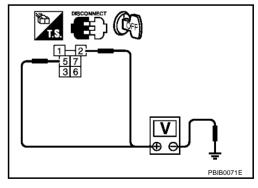


2. Check voltage between ECM relay terminals 2, 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage :Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.



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7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 10A fuse
- 20A fuse
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 2 connector E215
- Fuse, fusible link and relay block (J/B) connector E3
- Harness for open or short between ECM relay and battery
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 42 and ECM relay terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> Go to EC-642, "IGNITION SIGNAL".

NG >> GO TO 9.

9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

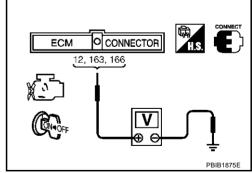
Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 2 connector M143
- Harness for open or short between ECM relay and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and then "OFF".
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 12, 163, 166 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: After turning ignition switch "OFF", battery voltage will exist for a few seconds, then drop approximately 0V.



OK or NG

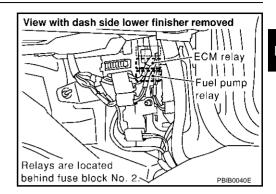
OK >> GO TO 16.

NG (Battery voltage does not exist.)>>GO TO 11.

NG (Battery voltage exists for more than a few seconds.)>>GO TO 13.

11. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-IV

1. Disconnect ECM relay.

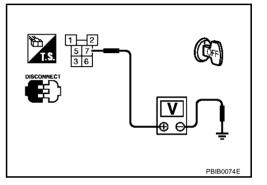


2. Check voltage between ECM relay terminal 7 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> GO TO 12.



12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between ECM relay and 10A fuse
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

13. CHECK HARNESS CONTINUITY BETWEEN ECM RELAY AND ECM FOR OPEN AND SHORT

Check harness continuity between ECM terminals and ECM relay terminals as follows.
 Refer to Wiring Diagram.

ECM terminal	ECM relay terminal
12	3
163, 166	6

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 14.

14. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 2 connector M143
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ECM relay

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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15. CHECK ECM RELAY

Refer to EC-140, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace ECM relay.

16. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 156, 159, 165, 168 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> GO TO 17.

17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

18. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

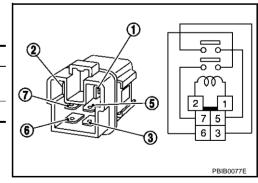
Component Inspection ECM RELAY

ABS002E6

- 1. Apply 12V direct current between ECM relay terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Check continuity between relay terminals 3 and 5, 6 and 7.

Condition	Continuity	
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	
OFF	No	

3. If NG, replace ECM relay.



DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

PFP:23710

Description

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CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002E8

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
U1000* ¹ 1000* ¹	CAN communication line	ECM cannot communicate to other control units. CCM connect communicate for more than the	Harness or connectors (CAN communication line is open or
U1001* ² 1001* ²	- CAN communication line	 ECM cannot communicate for more than the specified time. 	shorted)

^{*1:} This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 3 seconds.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-143, "Diagnostic Procedure".

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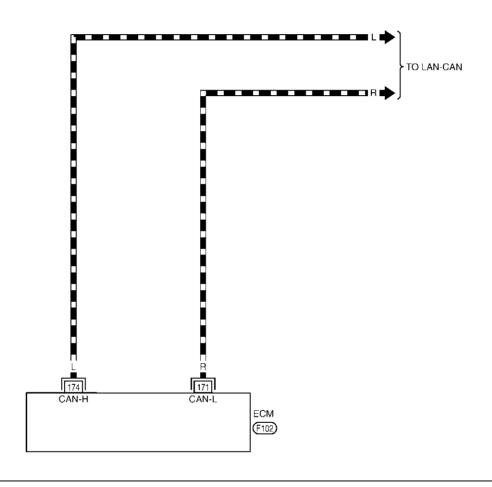
^{*2:} The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

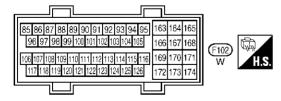
Wiring Diagram

ABS002EA

EC-CAN-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
: DATA LINE





TBWA0262E

DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002EB

Go to LAN-24, "CAN SYSTEM (TYPE 1)" or LAN-40, "CAN SYSTEM (TYPE 2)" .

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DTC P0011, P0021 IVT CONTROL

PFP:23796

Description

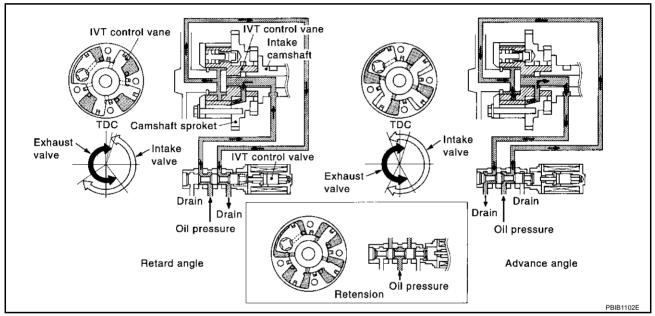
ABS002EC

If DTC P1110 or P1135 is displayed with DTC P1111, P1136, P1140 or P1145, first perform the trouble diagnosis for EC-425, "DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE" or EC-456, "DTC P1140, P1145 IVT CONTROL POSITION SENSOR".

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input signal to ECM function	ECM	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed		Intake valve timing control solenoid valve
Intake valve timing control position sensor	Intake valve timing signal	Intake valve	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	timing control	
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed		

^{*1:} Signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.



This mechanism hydraulically controls cam phases continuously with the fixed operating angle of the intake valve.

The ECM receives signals such as crankshaft position, camshaft position, engine speed, and engine coolant temperature. Then, the ECM sends ON/OFF pulse duty signals to the intake valve timing (IVT) control solenoid valve depending on driving status. This makes it possible to control the shut/open timing of the intake valve to increase engine torque in low/mid speed range and output in high-speed range.

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Intake Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve

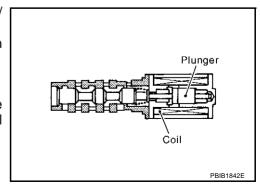
Intake Valve Timing (IVT) control solenoid valve is activated by ON/ OFF pulse duty (ratio) signals from the ECM.

The IVT control solenoid valve changes the oil amount and direction of flow through intake valve timing control unit or stops oil flow.

The longer pulse width advances valve angle.

The shorter pulse width retards valve angle.

When ON and OFF pulse widths become equal, the solenoid valve stops oil pressure flow to fix the intake valve angle at the control position.

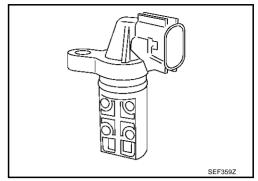


Intake Valve Timing Control Position Sensor

Intake valve timing control position sensors are located in the front of cylinder heads in both bank 1 and bank 2.

This sensor uses a Hall IC.

The cam position is determined by the intake primary cam sprocket concave (in three places). The ECM provides feedback to the intake valve timing control for appropriate target valve open-close timing according to drive conditions based on detected cam position.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

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Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	СО	SPECIFICATION	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	–5° - 5°CA
INT/V TIM (B1) INT/V TIM (B2)	Selector lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	When revving engine up to 2,000 rpm quickly	Approx. 0° - 20°CA
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0% - 2%
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	Selector lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	When revving engine up to 2,000 rpm quickly	Approx. 25% - 50%

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002EE

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	Detecting condition		Possible cause
P0011 0011 (Bank 1)		А	The alignment of the intake valve timing control has been misresistered.	Harness or connectors (Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)
P0021 0021 (Bank 2)	Intake valve timing control performance	В	There is a gap between angle of target and phase-control angle degree.	 Harness or connectors (Intake valve timing control position sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake valve timing control solenoid valve Intake valve timing control position sensor Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
Intake valve timing control	The signal is not energized to the solenoid valve and the valve control does not function	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002EF

CAUTION:

Always drive at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

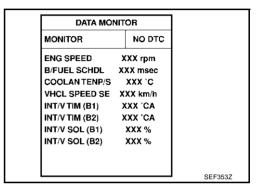
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10V and 16V at idle.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than 2,000 rpm (A constant rotation is maintained.)
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
Selector lever	1st or 2nd position
Driving location uphill	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.)



 Maintain the following conditions for at least 20 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	Idle
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
Selector lever	"P" or "N" position

5. If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-151, "Diagnostic Procedure".

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

With CONSULT-II

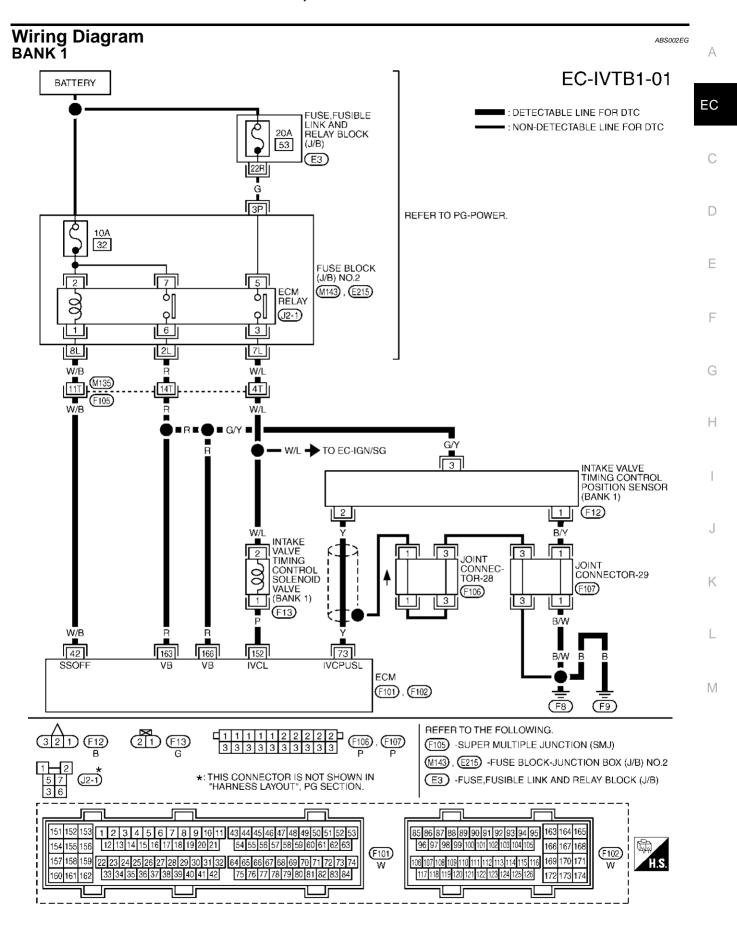
- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	2,000 - 3,000 rpm (A constant rotation is maintained.)	
COOLAN TEMP/S	80 - 90°C (176 - 194°F)	
Selector lever	1st or 2nd position	
Driving location uphill	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.)	

If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-151</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0400E

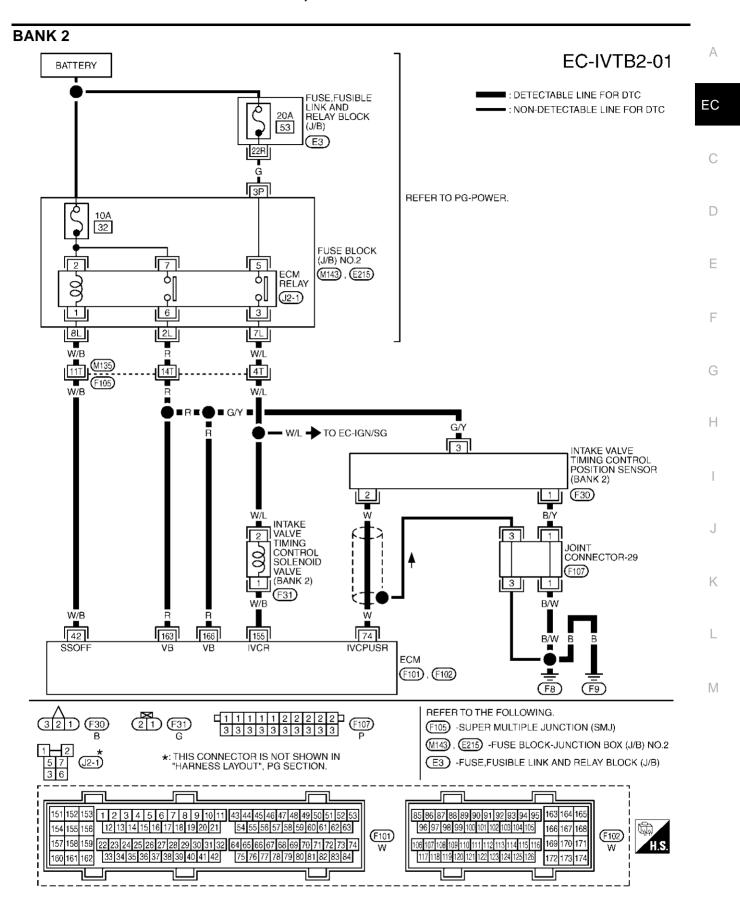
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
73	Intake valve timing control position sensor (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	0 - 1.0V★	
70		position sensor (bank 1)	[Engine is running]◆ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - 1.0V★
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
152	P	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition When revving engine up to 2,000 rpm quickly 	7 - 12V★ → 10.0 V/DV PBIB1790E

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)



TBWA0401E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
74	74 W	Intake valve timing control position sensor (bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	0 - 1.0V★ 1.0V★ 2.0 ms/Div
17			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - 1.0V★ → 5.0V/Div 20 ms/Div PBIB0055E
			[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
155	W/B Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition When revving engine up to 2,000 rpm quickly 	7 - 12V★ → 10.0 V/Div PBIB1790E	

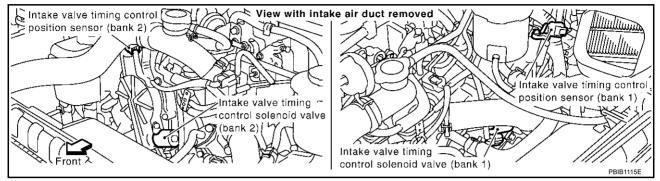
^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

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1. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect intake valve timing control position sensor harness connector.

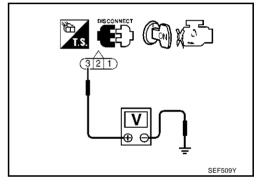


- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between intake valve timing control position sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control position sensor and ECM
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control position sensor and ECM relay
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between intake valve timing control position sensor terminal 1 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4. EC

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4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control position sensor and engine ground
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 73 (bank 1) and intake valve timing control position sensor terminal 2, or ECM terminal 74 (bank 2) and intake valve timing control position sensor terminal 2.
 Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-154, "Component Inspection".

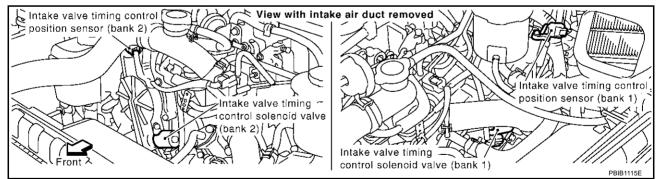
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace intake valve timing control position sensor.

7. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.

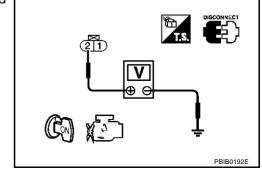


- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.



8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Harness connectors M135, F105 EC Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and ECM relay >> Repair harness or connectors. 9. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR **OPEN AND SHORT** D 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF". 2 Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 152 (bank 1) and intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 1, or ECM terminal 155 (bank 2) and intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. $10.\,$ check intake valve timing control solenoid valve Н Refer to EC-154, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> Replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve. 11. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS) Refer to EC-314. "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). 12. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE) Refer to EC-319, "Component Inspection". M OK or NG OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE). 13. check camshaft Check accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft. Refer to EM-46, "CAMSHAFT". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 14. NG >> Remove debris and clean the signal pick-up cutout of camshaft. 14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

>> INSPECTION END

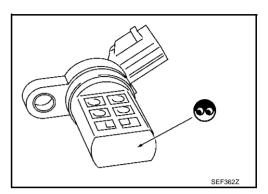
For wiring diagram, refer to EC-308 for CKP sensor (POS), and EC-316 for CMP sensor (PHASE).

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

Component Inspection INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

ABS002EI

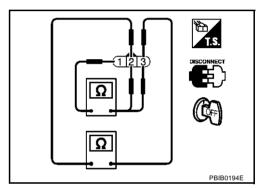
- 1. Disconnect intake valve timing control position sensor harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown below.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
3 (+) - 1 (-)	
2 (+) - 1 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
3 (+) - 2 (-)	

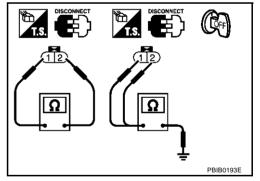
6. If NG, replace intake valve timing control position sensor.



INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

- 1. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals as follows.

Terminals	Resistance	
1 and 2	7.0 - 7.5Ω at 20°C (68°F)	
1 or 2 and ground	${}^{ ot} \Omega$ (Continuity should not exist)	



ABS002EJ

Removal and Installation INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EM-35, "TIMING CHAIN".

INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EM-35, "TIMING CHAIN".

DTC P0031, P0032, P0051, P0052 HO2S1 HEATER

PFP:22690

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function Actuator	
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater control Heated oxygen sensor 1	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	TICALCI COTILIOI	

The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater corresponding to the engine speed and engine coolant temperature. The duty percent varies with engine coolant temperature when engine is started.

OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater
Above 3,600	OFF
Below 3,600 after warming up	ON

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002EL

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S1 HTR (B1) HO2S1 HTR (B2)	Engine: After warming upEngine speed: Below 3,600 rpm	ON
(Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002EM

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0031 0031 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 1	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 1 heater)	
P0051 0051 (Bank 2)	heater control circuit low	(An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater.)	circuit is open or shorted.)Heater oxygen sensor 1 heater	
P0032 0032 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 1	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 1 heater)	
P0052 0052 (Bank 2)	heater control circuit high	(An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater.)	circuit is shorted.) • Heater oxygen sensor 1 heater	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002EN

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine and run it for at least 6 seconds at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-160, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

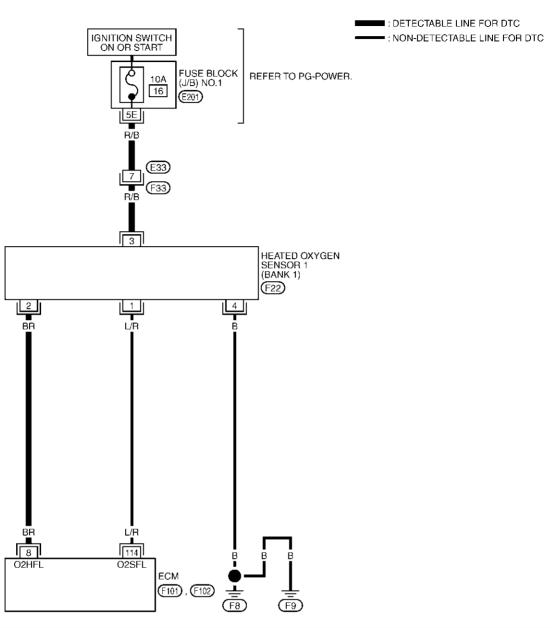
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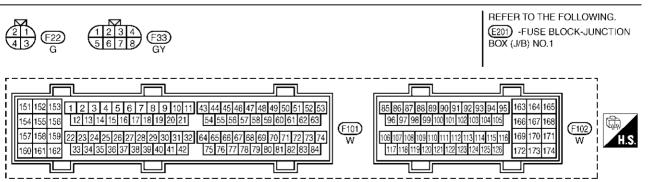
WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and run it for at least 6 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 5. Start engine and run it for at least 6 seconds at idle speed.
- 6. Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 7. If DTC is detected, go to EC-160, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- When using GST, "DTC Confirmation Procedure" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II is recommended.

Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

EC-O2H1B1-01





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

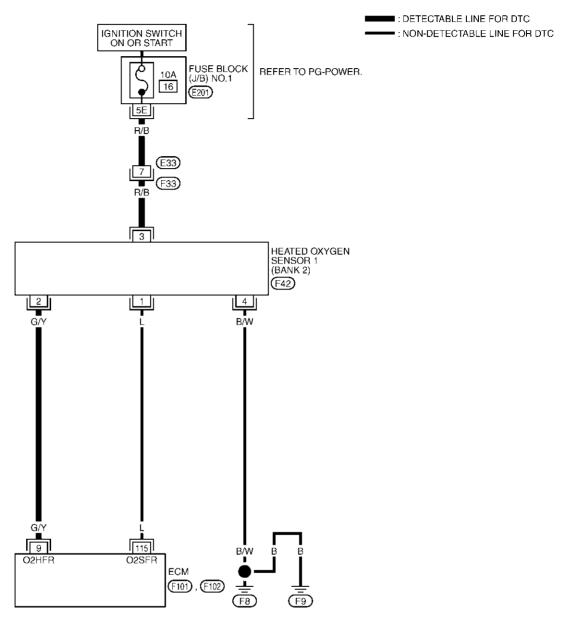
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

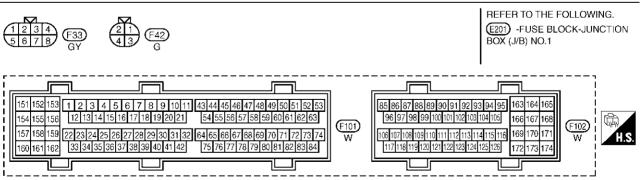
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
8	BR	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is below 3,600 rpm.	Approximately 7V★
			[Engine is running]Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

BANK 2

EC-O2H1B2-01





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
9	G/Y	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is below 3,600 rpm.	Approximately 7V★
			[Engine is running]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.	(11 - 14V)

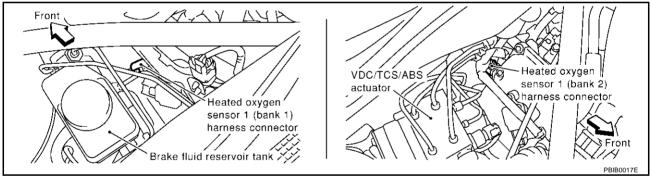
^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

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1. CHECK HO2S1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.

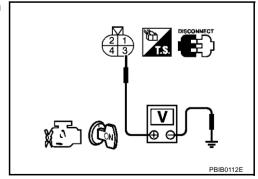


- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check voltage between HO2S1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



$\overline{2}$. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E33, F33
- Fuse block (J/B) No.1 connector E201
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between heated oxygen sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK HO2S1 OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0031, P0032	8	2	1
P0051, P0052	9	2	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-162, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

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Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 HEATER

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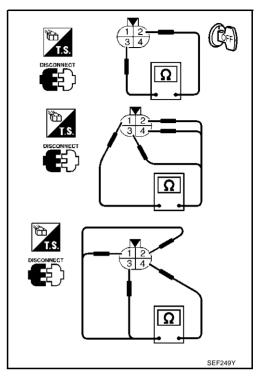
1. Check resistance between HO2S1 terminals as follows.

Terminal No.	Resistance
2 and 3	3.3 - 4.0 Ω at 25°C (77°F)
1 and 2, 3, 4	∞ Ω
4 and 1, 2, 3	(Continuity should not exist)

2. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 1.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

ABS002ER

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

PFP:226A0

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	- Engine speed		
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	Heated oxygen sensor 2	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	heater control	nealed oxygen sensor 2 healer
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		

The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater corresponding to the engine speed, amount of intake air and engine coolant temperature.

OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
Above 3,600	OFF
Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.	
Engine: After warming up	ON
 Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002ET

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm		OFF
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.	
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	- Engine: After warming up	ON
	 Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002EU

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0037 0037 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
P0057 0057 (Bank 2)	heater control circuit low	(An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.)	circuit is open or shorted.)Heater oxygen sensor 2 heater
P0038 0038 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater)
P0058 0058 (Bank 2)	heater control circuit high	(An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.)	circuit is shorted.) • Heater oxygen sensor 2 heater

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002EV

NOTE:

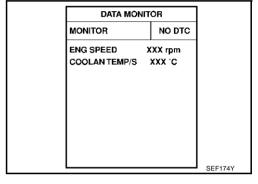
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

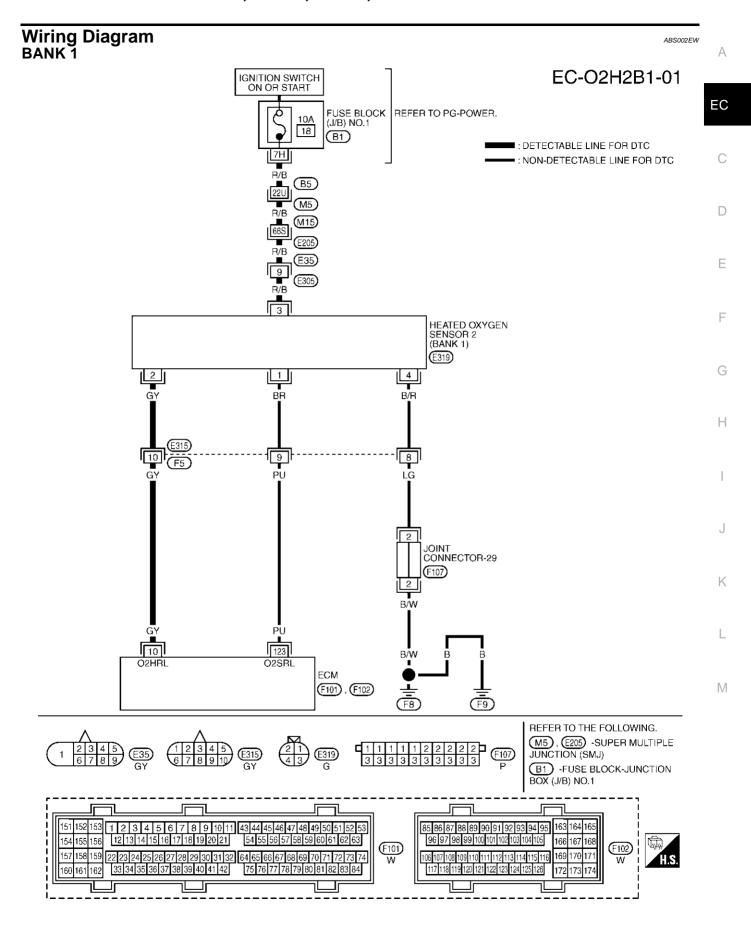
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start the engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-168, "Diagnostic Procedure"



WITH GST

- 1. Start the engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least one minute and at idle for one minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for one minute.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least one minute and at idle for one minute under no load.
- 7. Let engine idle for one minute.
- Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 9. If DTC is detected, go to EC-168, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- When using GST, "DTC Confirmation Procedure" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II is recommended.



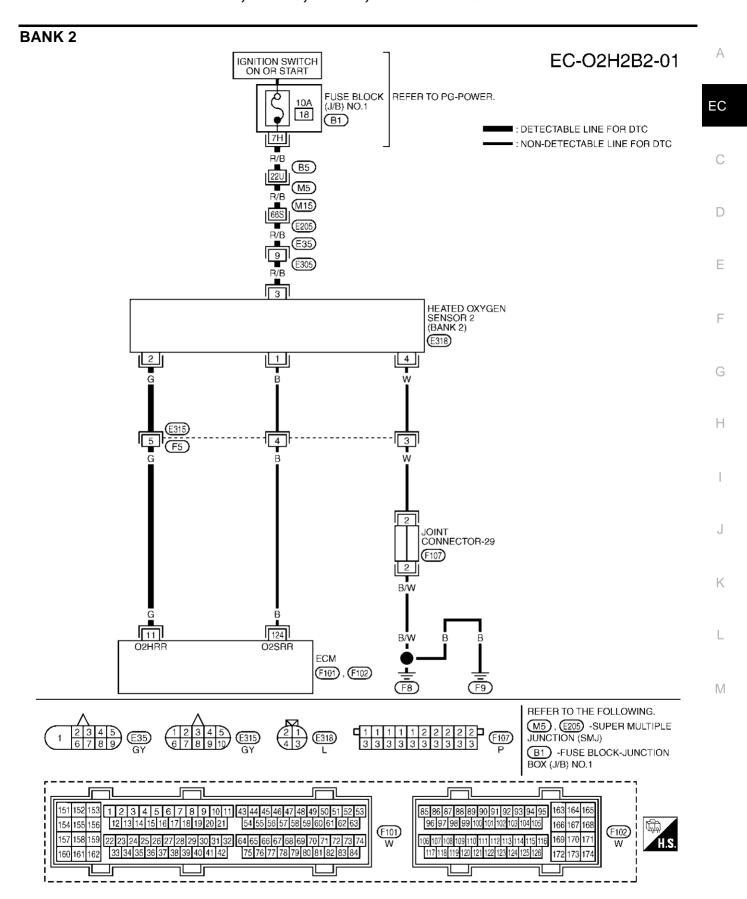
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
10	GY	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V
			 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped [Engine is running] Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm. 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)



TBWA0270E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

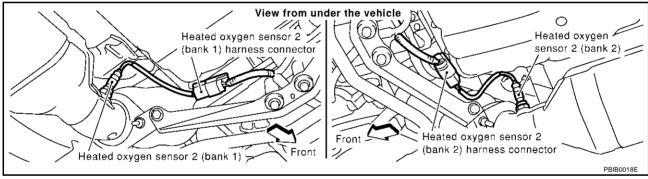
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
11	G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	 Engine is running] Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V
			 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped [Engine is running] Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm. 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

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1. CHECK HO2S2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.

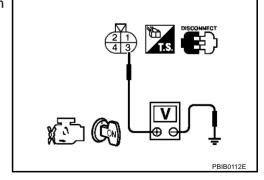


- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between HO2S2 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



$\overline{2}$. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B5, M5
- Harness connectors M15, E205
- Harness connectors E35, E305
- Fuse block (J/B) No.1 connector B1
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between heated oxygen sensor 2 and fuse
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK HO2S2 OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0037, P0038	10	2	1
P0057, P0058	11	2	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- Harness for open or short between heated oxygen sensor 2 and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

Refer to EC-170, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

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Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

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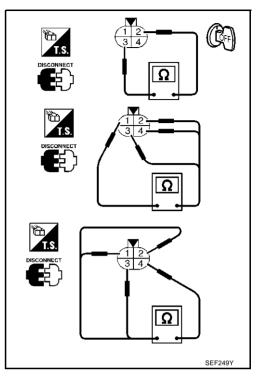
1. Check resistance between HO2S2 terminals as follows.

Terminal No.	Resistance
1 and 4	5.0 - 7.0 Ω at 25°C (77°F)
2 and 1, 3, 4	∞ Ω
3 and 1, 2, 4	(Continuity should not exist)

2. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

ABS002EZ

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

PFP:22680

Component Description

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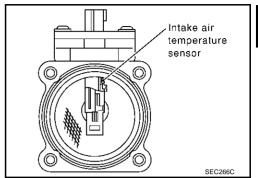
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The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot film is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss. Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot film as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002F1

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	Approx. 1.1 - 1.5V	
MAS A/F SE-B1	Air conditioner switch: OFFSelector lever: P or NNo load	2,500 rpm	Approx. 1.7 - 2.4V	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	15% - 35%	
CAL/LD VALUE	Selector lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,500 rpm	10% - 35%	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	3.8 - 5.2 g⋅m/s	
MASS AIRFLOW	Selector lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,500 rpm	16.0 - 21.5 g·m/s	

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002F2

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause	
	Mass air flow sensor cir-	A)	A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Mass air flow sensor 	
P0101 0101	cuit range/performance problem	В)	A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air leaks Mass air flow sensor 	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002F3

Perform "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A" first.

If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B".

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

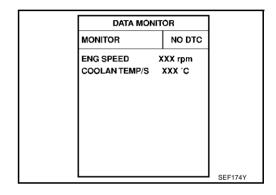
PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

NOTE:

If engine will not start or stops soon, wait at least 10 seconds with engine stopped (Ignition switch "ON") instead of running engine at idle speed.

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 5. If DTC is detected, go to EC-175, "Diagnostic Procedure".



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

CAUTION:

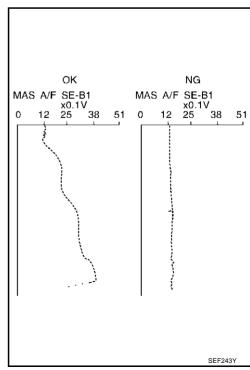
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

 If engine cannot be started, go to EC-175, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Check the voltage of "MAS A/F SE-B1" with "DATA MONITOR".
- 5. Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.
- 6. Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.

If NG, go to <u>EC-175</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If OK, go to following step.



Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than 2,000 rpm
THRTL SEN 1	More than 3V
THRTL SEN 2	More than 3V
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

	8.	If DTC is detected,	, go to	EC-175,	<u>"Diagnostic Pr</u>	ocedure"
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DATA MONI	TOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED VHCL SPEED SE THRTL SEN 1 THRTL SEN 2	XXX rpm XXX km/h XXX V XXX V	
		PBIB0199E

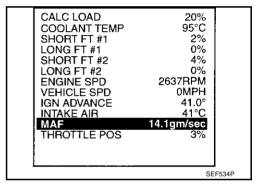
ABS002F4

Overall Function Check PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

With GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3. Check the mass air flow sensor signal with "MODE 1".
- 4. Check for linear mass air flow sensor signal value rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 5. If NG, go to EC-175, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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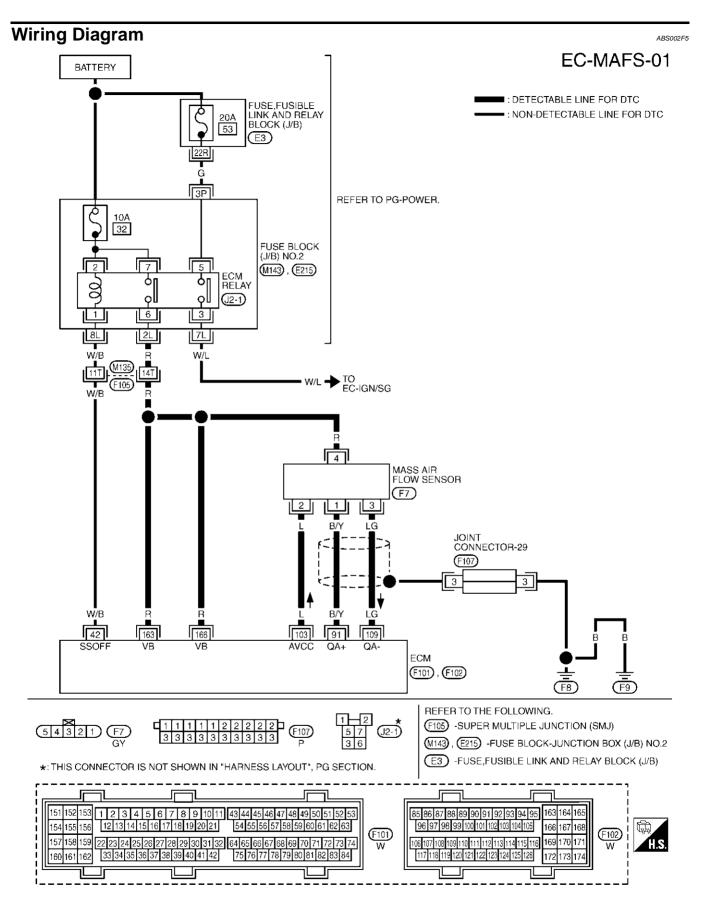
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
42	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running][Ignition switch "OFF"]● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1.0V
		(Gell Shut-Oll)	[Ignition switch "OFF"]More than a few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
91	B/Y	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	1.1 - 1.5V
			[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.7 - 2.4V
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
109	LG	Mass air flow sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
163 166	R R	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

Which malfunction (A or B) is duplicated?

A or B

A >> GO TO 3.

B >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct and intake manifold

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Reconnect the parts.

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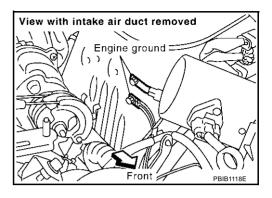
ABS002F6

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$\overline{3}$. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

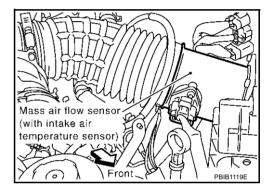
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 4.



4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".

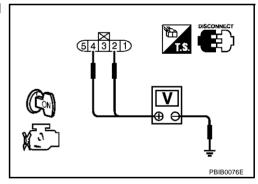


3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminals 2, 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Terminal	Voltage
2	Approximately 5V
4	Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM relay
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

6. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT Turn ignition switch "OFF". 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. EC Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 109. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG D OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 7. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT F Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 91. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. Н 8. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR Refer to EC-178, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor. 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". >> INSPECTION END

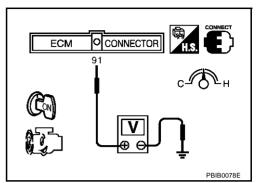
Revision; 2004 April **EC-177** 2003 M45

Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

ABS002F7

- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 91 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	Voltage V
Ignition switch "ON" (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 1.0
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.1 - 1.5
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.4
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.1 - 1.5 to Approx. 4.0



^{*:} Make sure linear voltage rises as engine speed in creases to about 4,000rpm.

- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
 - Turn ignition switch "OFF".
 - Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
 - Perform steps 2 and 3 again.
- 5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust.
- 6. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

ABS002F8

Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

PFP:22680

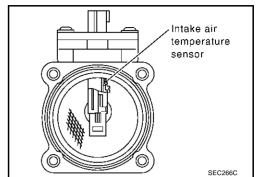
Component Description

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The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot film is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss. Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot film as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

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Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	Approx. 1.1 - 1.5V	
MAS A/F SE-B1	Air conditioner switch: OFFSelector lever: P or NNo load	2,500 rpm	Approx. 1.7 - 2.4V	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	15% - 35%	
CAL/LD VALUE	Selector lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,500 rpm	10% - 35%	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	3.8 - 5.2 g⋅m/s	
MASS AIRFLOW	Selector lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,500 rpm	16.0 - 21.5 g·m/s	

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002FB

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0102 0102	Mass air flow sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, when engine is running.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air leaks Mass air flow sensor
P0103 0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)Mass air flow sensor

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.	

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002FC

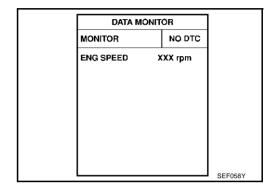
NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0102

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-182, "Diagnostic Procedure".



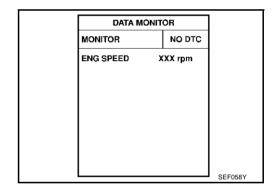
With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0103

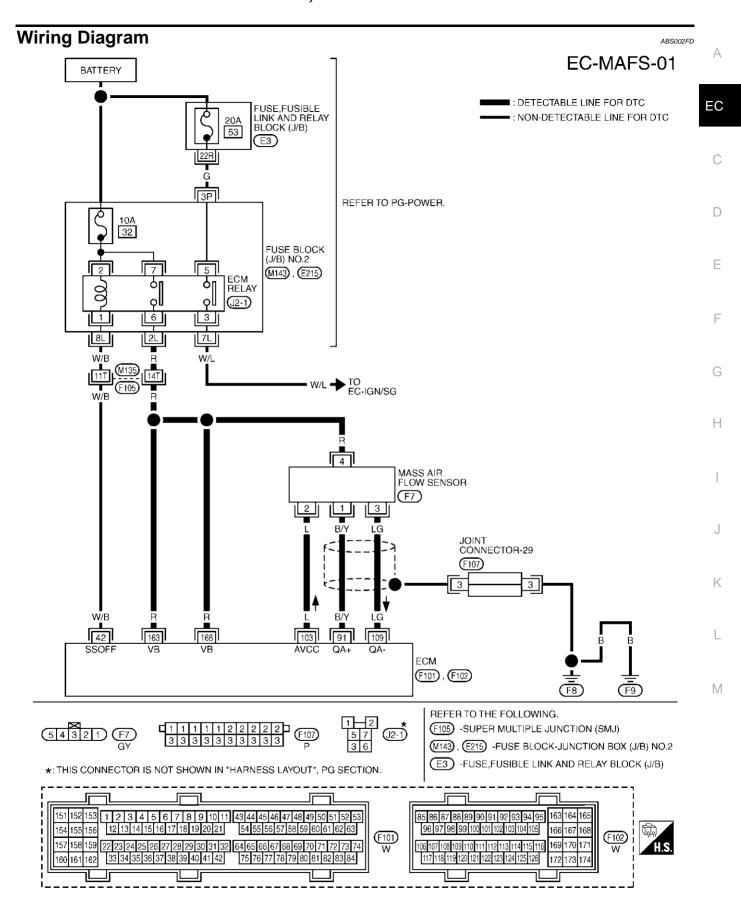
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-182</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".
 If DTC is not detected, go to next step.
- 5. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- If DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-182</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0271E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
42	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch "OFF"] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch "OFF"]More than a few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
91	91 B/Y	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running] ■ Warm-up condition ■ Idle speed	1.1 - 1.5V
	Wass an non solison		[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.7 - 2.4V
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
109	LG	Mass air flow sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
163 166	R R	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002FE

1. INSPECTION START

Which malfunction (P0102 or P0103) is duplicated?

P0102 or P0103

P0102 >> GO TO 2.

P0103 >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct and intake manifold

OK or NG

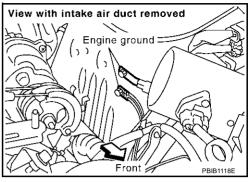
OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Reconnect the parts.

3. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

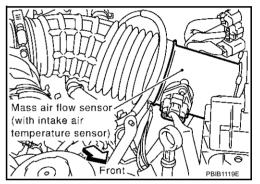
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 4.



4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Disconnect MAF sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".

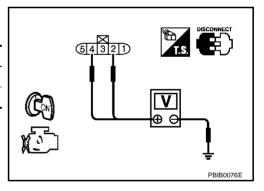


3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminals 2, 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Terminal	Voltage
2	Approximately 5V
4	Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM relay
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

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6. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 109. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 91. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EC-185, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

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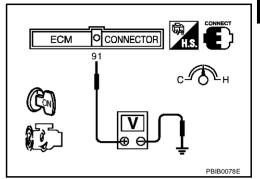
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- Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 91 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	Voltage V
Ignition switch "ON" (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 1.0
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.1 - 1.5
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.4
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.1 - 1.5 to Approx. 4.0



^{*:} Make sure linear voltage rises as engine speed increases to about 4,000 rpm.

- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
 - Turn ignition switch "OFF".
 - Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
 - Perform steps 2 and 3 again.
- 5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust.
- 6. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

ABS002FG

Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

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DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

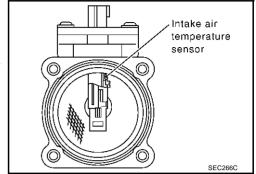
PFP:22630

Component Description

ABS002FH

The intake air temperature sensor is built-into mass air flow sensor. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

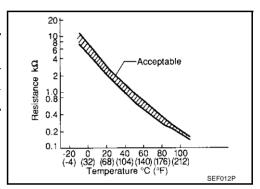
The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.



<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	3.32	1.9 - 2.1
80 (176)	1.23	0.31 - 0.37

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 99 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.



CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002FI

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0112 0112	Intake air temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
P0113 0113	Intake air temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Intake air temperature sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

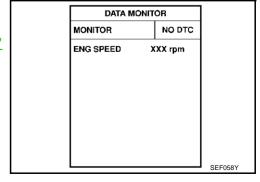
ABS002FJ

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-188, "Diagnostic Procedure"



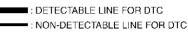
WITH GST

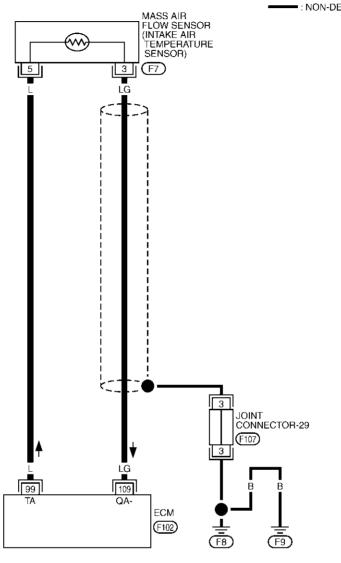
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram

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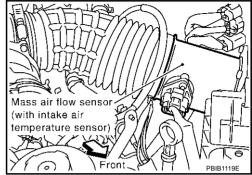
DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002FI

1. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect mass air flow sensor (intake air temperature sensor is built-into) harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".



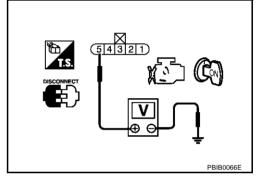
4. Check voltage between mass air flow sensor terminal 5 and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair harness or connectors.



2. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM.
- Check harness continuity between mass air flow sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 109. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-188, "Diagnostic Procedure".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

Component Inspection INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

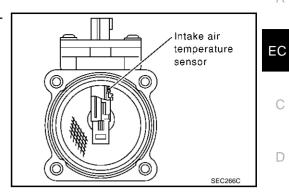
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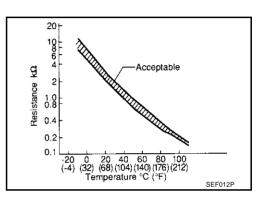
1. Check resistance between intake air temperature sensor terminals 3 and 5 under the following conditions.



<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	1.9 - 2.1

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).



ABS002FN

Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT".

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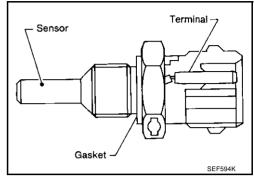
DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

PFP:22630

Component Description

ABS002FO

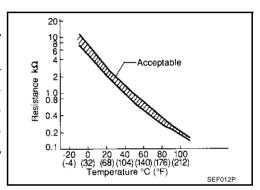
The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 121 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.



CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002FP

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P0117 0117	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
P0118 0118	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Engine coolant temperature sensor

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode		
	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.		
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)	
Engine coolant temper-	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or START	40°C (104°F)	
ature sensor circuit	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or START	80°C (176°F)	
	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)	
	When the fail-safe system for engine coolant tempera engine is running.	ture sensor is activated, the cooling fan operates while	

DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

DTC Confirmation Procedure

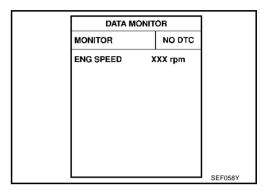
ABS002FQ

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-193, "Diagnostic Procedure".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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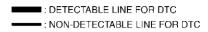
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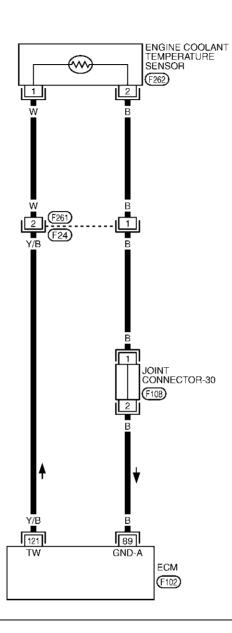
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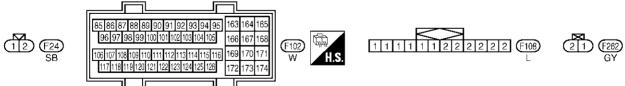
Wiring Diagram

ABS002FR

EC-ECTS-01







TBWA0273E

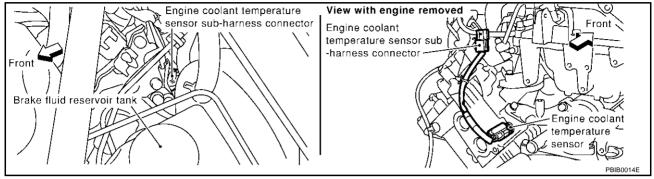
DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002FS

1. CHECK ECT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor harness connector.

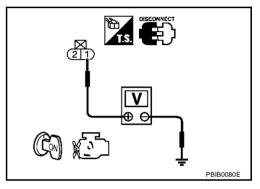


- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between ECT sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F261, F24
- Harness for open and short between ECT sensor and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK ECT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECT sensor terminal 2 and ECM terminal 89. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4. EC

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DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F261, F24
- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open and short between ECT sensor and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-194, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

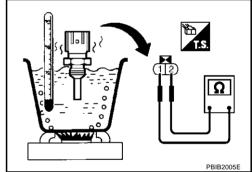
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

ABS002FT

1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



<Reference data>

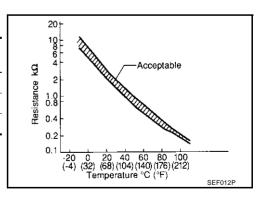
Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 121 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EM-60, "CYLINDER HEAD".



ABS002FU

DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

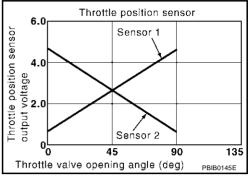
PFP:16119

Component Description

ABS002EV

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, accelerator pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002FW

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN1 THRTL SEN2*	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
	Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

^{*:} Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002FX

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0122 0122	Throttle position sensor 2 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The TP sensor 2 circuit is open or
P0123 0123	Throttle position sensor 2 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the TP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	shorted.)Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 2)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002FY

NOTE:

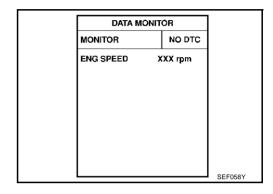
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

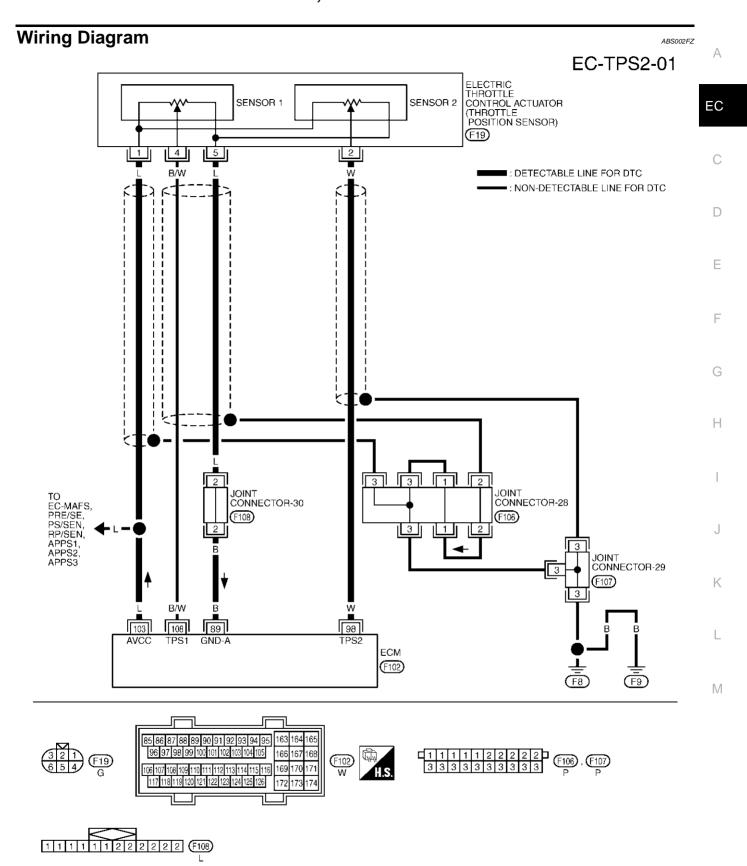
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-198, "Diagnostic Procedure".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0282E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Engine is running]	
89	89 B	Sensor ground	Warm-up condition	Approximately 0V
			Idle speed	
			[Ignition switch "ON"]	
			Engine stopped	Less than 4.75V
			Selector lever: "D"	Less than 4.75V
00	w	Throttle position sensor 2	Accelerator pedal is fully released	
98			[Ignition switch "ON"]	
			Engine stopped	Mana than 0.00V
			Selector lever: "D"	More than 0.36V
			Accelerator pedal is fully depressed	
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
		B/W Throttle position sensor 1	[Ignition switch "ON"]	
			Engine stopped	More than 0.36V
108			Selector lever: "D"	Wore than 0.36V
	DAM		Accelerator pedal is fully released	
	B/VV		[Ignition switch "ON"]	
			Engine stopped	Loop than 4.75\/
			Selector lever: "D"	Less than 4.75V
			Accelerator pedal is fully depressed	

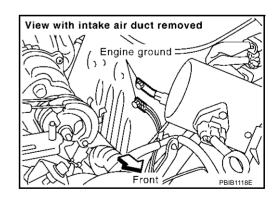
Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

ABS002G0

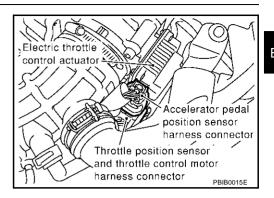
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".



3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

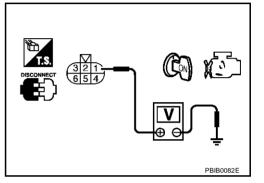
Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 5 and ECM terminal 89. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between electric throttle control actuator and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 98 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-199** 2003 M45

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6. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-200, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

7. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

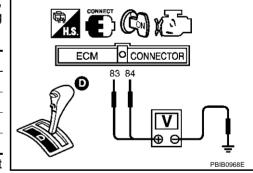
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

ABS002G1

- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Set selector lever to "D" position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 108 (TP sensor 1signal), 98 (TP sensor 2signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
108	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
98	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V



- 7. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 8. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 9. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 10. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

ABS002G2

DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

PFP:22630

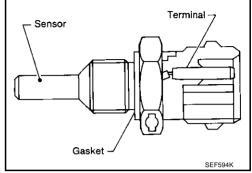
Component Description

ABS002G3

NOTE:

If DTC P0125 is displayed with P0117 or P0118, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0117 or P0118. Refer to EC-190, "DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR".

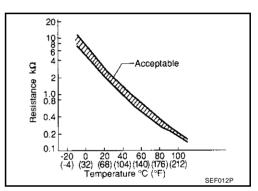
The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 121 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.



CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002G4

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0125 0125	Insufficient engine coolant temperature for closed loop fuel control	 Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine. Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control. 	 Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit) Engine coolant temperature sensor Thermostat

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DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002G5

CAUTION:

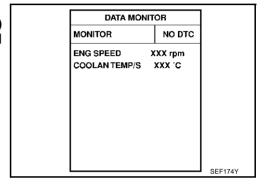
Be careful not to overheat engine.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 10°C (50°F). If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.
- Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.
 If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
- 5. If DTC is detected, go to EC-204, "Diagnostic Procedure".

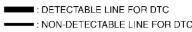


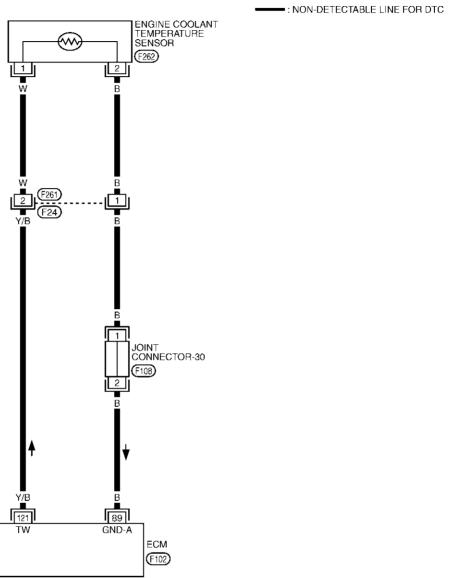
WITH GST

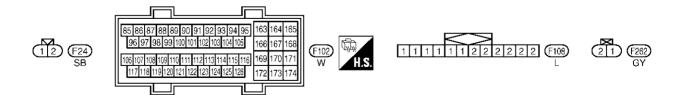
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram

EC-ECTS-01







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DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002G7

1. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-204, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

2. CHECK THERMOSTAT OPERATION

When the engine is under cold [lower than 70°C (158°F)] condition, grasp lower radiator hose and confirm the engine coolant does not flow.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace thermostat. Refer to CO-23, "THERMOSTAT AND WATER CONTROL VALVE" .

3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

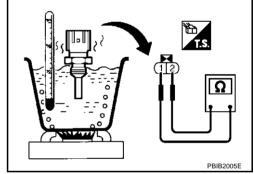
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

ABS002G8

 Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



<Reference data>

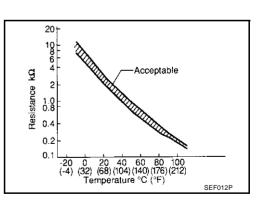
Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 121 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EM-60, "CYLINDER HEAD".



ABS002G9

DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

PFP:22630

Component Description

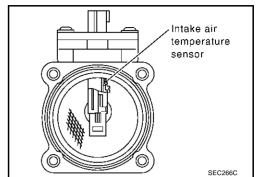
ABS002GA

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The intake air temperature sensor is built into mass air flow sensor. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

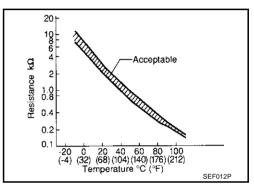
The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.



<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.43	7.9 - 9.3
25 (77)	3.32	1.9 - 2.1
80 (176)	1.23	0.31 - 0.37

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 99 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.



CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002GB

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0127 0127	Intake air temperature too high	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine coolant temperature sensor.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Intake air temperature sensor

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Revision; 2004 April **EC-205** 2003 M45

DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002GC

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

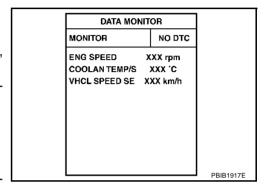
This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

(WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F)
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- b. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- c. Check the engine coolant temperature.
- d. If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
 - Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature reaches 90°C (194°F).
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine.
- Hold vehicle speed at more than 71 km/h (44 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-208, "Diagnostic Procedure".

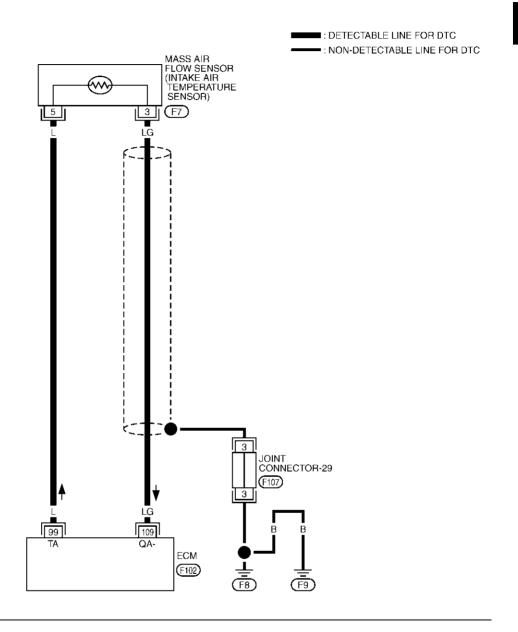
WITH GST

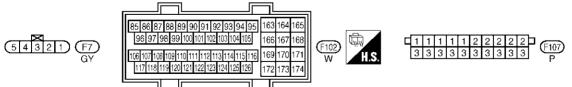
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



Wiring Diagram

EC-IATS-01





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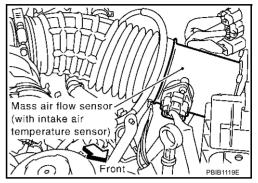
DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002GE

1. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor) harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".



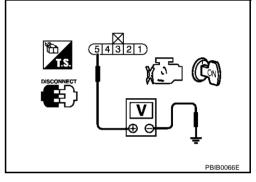
4. Check voltage between mass air flow sensor terminal 5 and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 5 V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair harness or connectors.



2. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM.
- Check harness continuity between mass air flow sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 109. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-209, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

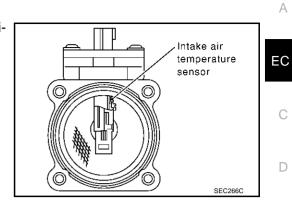
>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

Component Inspection INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

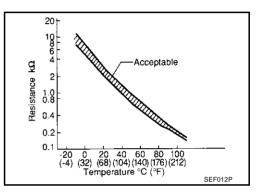
ABS002GF

1. Check resistance between intake air temperature sensor terminals 3 and 5 under the following conditions.



Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	1.9 - 2.1

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).



Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT".

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DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

PFP:21200

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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Engine coolant temperature has not risen enough to open the thermostat even though the engine has run long enough.

This is due to a leak in the seal or the thermostat stuck open.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0128 0128	Thermostat function	The engine coolant temperature does not reach to specified temperature even though the engine has run long enough.	ThermostatLeakage from sealing portion of thermostatEngine coolant temperature sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002GI

NOTE:

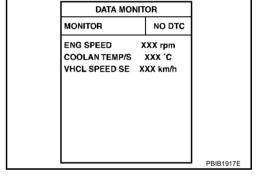
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- For best results, perform at ambient temperature of −10°C (14°F) or higher.
- For best results, perform at engine coolant temperature of −10°C (14°F) to 60°C (140°F).

(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- Replace thermostat with new one. Refer to <u>CO-23</u>, "<u>THERMO-STAT AND WATER CONTROL VALVE</u>". Use only a genuine NISSAN thermostat as a replacement. If an incorrect thermostat is used, the MIL may come on.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Check that the "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F). If it is below 60°C (140°F), go to following step. If it is above 60°C (140°F), and cool down the engine to less than 60°C (140°F), then retry from step 1.



5. Drive vehicle for 10 consecutive minutes under the following conditions.

VHCL SPEED SE	80 - 120 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-210, "Diagnostic Procedure".

WITH GST

1. Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002GJ

1. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-211, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

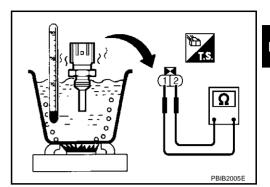
NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

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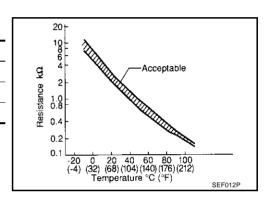
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<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



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Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EM-60, "CYLINDER HEAD".

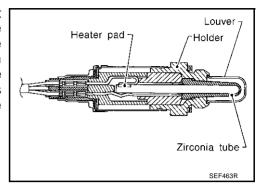
DTC P0132, P0152 HO2S1

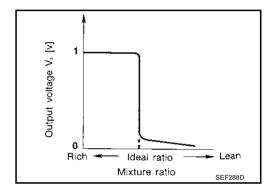
PFP:22690

Component Description

ABS002GM

The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.





CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002GN

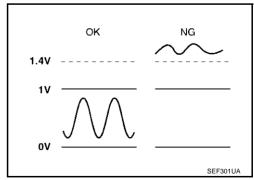
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ←→ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002GO

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the heated oxygen sensor 1 output is not inordinately high.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0132 0132 (Bank 1) P0152 0152 (Bank 2)	Heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit high voltage	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 1

DTC P0132, P0152 HO2S1

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Restart engine and let it idle for 2 minutes.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-217, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

COOLAN TEMP/S XXX C

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Restart engine and let it idle for 2 minutes.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 5. Restart engine and let it idle for 2 minutes.
- 6. Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 7. If DTC is detected, go to EC-217, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- When using GST, "DTC Confirmation Procedure" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II is recommended.

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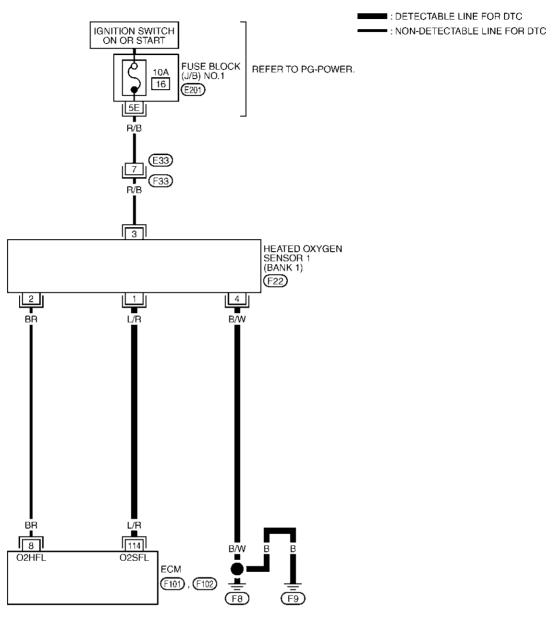
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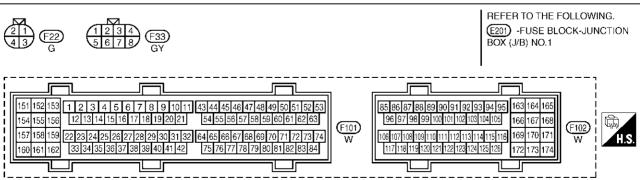
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Wiring Diagram BANK 1

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EC-02S1B1-01





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DTC P0132, P0152 HO2S1

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
114	R/L	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)

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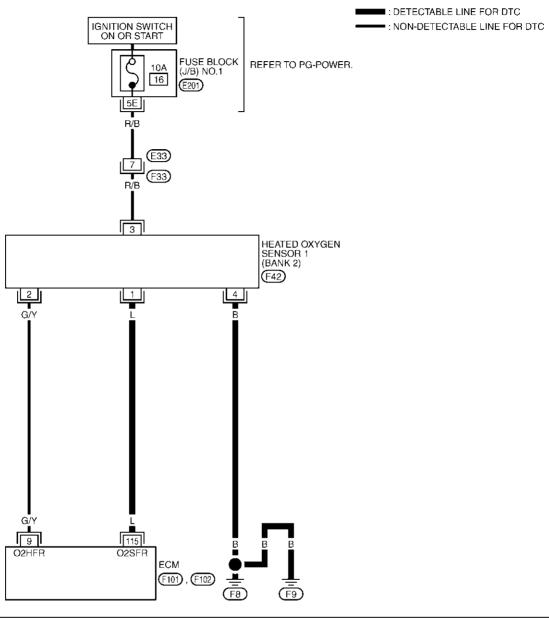
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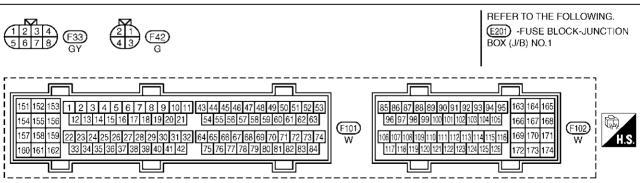
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BANK 2

EC-O2S1B2-01





TBWA0275E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

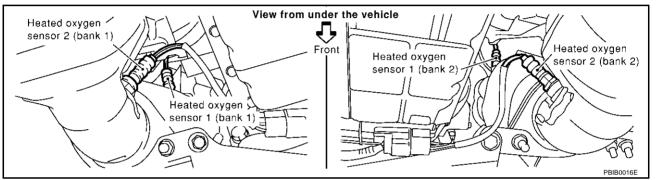
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
115	L	Heated oxygen sensor 1	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)
		(bank 2)	• Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	(Fellouically challge)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten corresponding heated oxygen sensor 1.

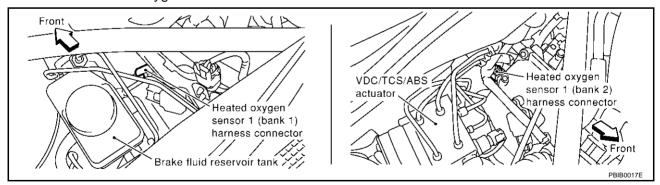


Tightening torque: 40 - 50 N·m (4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK HO2S1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.



Check harness continuity between HO2S1 terminal 4 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connector.

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3. CHECK HO2S1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0132	114	1	1
P0152	115	1	2

Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0132	114	1	1
P0152	115	1	2

Continuity should not exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK HO2S1 CONNECTOR FOR WATER

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.
- 3. Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EC-219, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

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(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Select "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)".
- 4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 5. Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.

DATA MON	ITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX .C	
HO2S1 (B1)	xxx v	
HO2S1 (B2)	XXX V	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2\$1 MNTR (B2)	RICH	
		PBIB2025E

- 6. Check the following.
 - "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" more than 5 times in 10 seconds.
 - 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Bank 1
cycle 1 2 3 4 5
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
Bank 2
cycle 1 2 3 4 5
HO2S1 MNTR (B2) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
R means HO2S1
MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates RICH
L means HO2S1
MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates LEAN SEF647Y

Trigger	ENG	HO2S1	128											
	SPEED	(B1)		,	●Max			,	``	1	`.	,	`	 Maximum voltage should be over 0.6V
1	rpm	V		1	ì	- 1	À	- !	ì	- !	Ì	- 1	Ì	at least one time.
XXX	XXX	XXX			•	-	•	•	•	•	•		•	at least one time.
XXX	XXX	XXX				1	1	•		r	1	•		
XXX	XXX	XXX												
XXX	XXX	XXX	49-			:	- 1	•	- 1		•	•	•	h.45 - 4 - 14
XXX	XXX	XXX	_											 Minimum voltage
XXX	XXX	XXX		N (i	- 1	į	- 1	į	i i	. !	ł	ļ	should be below 0.30V
XXX	XXX	XXX		1 i		i	1	í	- 1	ì	- 1	i	1	at least one time.
XXX	XXX	XXX		1 /	i	!	i	!	i	- !	į.	- !	i	
XXX	XXX	XXX		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	, j	1	Ţ	<i>i</i>	,	1	'	i	١,	
XXX	XXX	XXX		W	Ι,	į	,	,	```	•	``	./	`_	
XXX	XXX	XXX								Mini	mum			
XXX	XXX	XXX												

CAUTION:

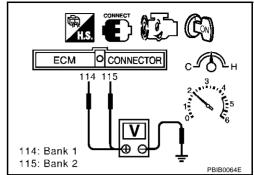
- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

₩ Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 115 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and engine ground.

- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
 - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
 - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least 1 time.
 - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least 1 time.
 - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

1 time: 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V 2 times: 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V



CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

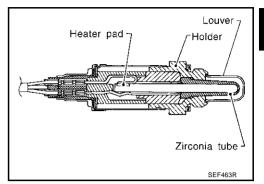
Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

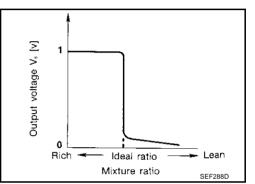
ABS002GT

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".

Component Description

The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.





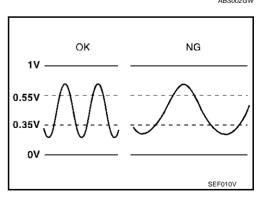
CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM		SPECIFICATION	
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ←→ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

To judge the malfunction of heated oxygen sensor 1, this diagnosis measures response time of heated oxygen sensor 1 signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and heated oxygen sensor 1 temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (heated oxygen sensor 1 cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.



PFP:22690 ABS002GU

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ABS002GW

EC-221 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0133 0133 (Bank 1)	-		 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 1 Fuel pressure
P0153 0153 (Bank 2)	Heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit slow response	The response of the voltage signal from the sensor takes more than the specified time.	 Injectors Intake air leaks Exhaust gas leaks PCV valve Mass air flow sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002GX

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above −10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "HO2S1 (B1) P0133" or "HO2S1 (B2) P0153" of "HO2S1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Touch "START".
- 5. Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5.

HO2S1 (B1) P0	133	
OUT OF CONDI		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED		
B/FUEL SCHDL		
COOLAN TEMP/S		
VHCL SPEED SEN		
		SEF338Z

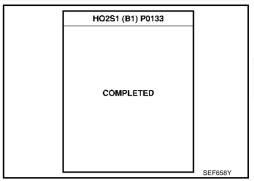
6. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 40 to 50 seconds.)

ENG SPEED	1,350 - 2,400 rpm
Vehicle speed	More than 80 km/h (50 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.6 - 12.0 msec
Selector lever	Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from | step 2.

	HO2S1 (B1) P0	133	
	TESTING		
	MONITOR		
	ENG SPEED		
	B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
	COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx.c	
	VHCL SPEED SEN	XXX km/h	055007
'			SEF339Z

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-227, "Diagnostic Procedure".



Overall Function Check

BS002GY

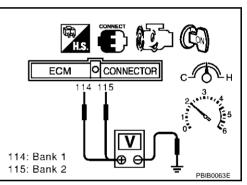
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1(B1) signal] or 115 [HO2S1(B2) signal] and engine ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.

1 time: $\begin{array}{ll} \text{0 - 0.3V} \rightarrow \text{0.6 - 1.0V} \rightarrow \text{0 - 0.3V} \\ \text{2} & \text{0 - 0.3V} \rightarrow \text{0.6 - 1.0V} \rightarrow \text{0 - 0.3V} \rightarrow \text{0.6 - 1.0V} \\ \text{times:} & \rightarrow \text{0 - 0.3V} \end{array}$

4. If NG, go to EC-227, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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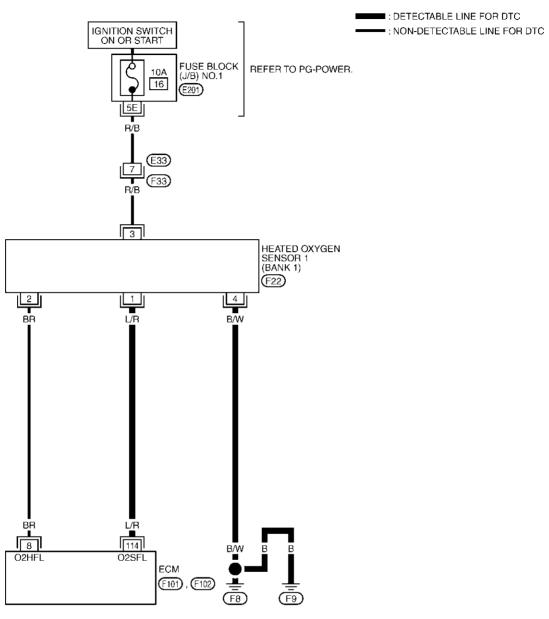
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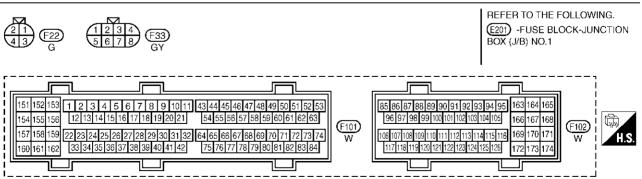
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Wiring Diagram BANK 1

ABS002GZ

EC-O2S1B1-01





TBWA0274E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
114	R/L	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)

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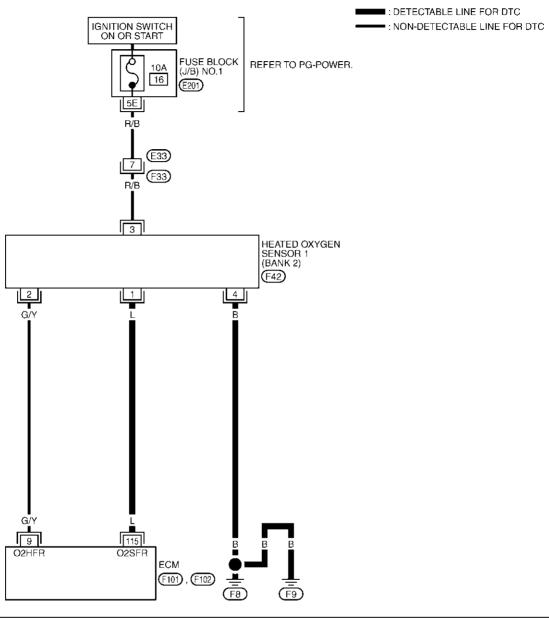
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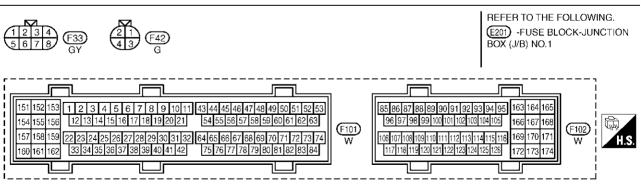
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BANK 2

EC-O2S1B2-01





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

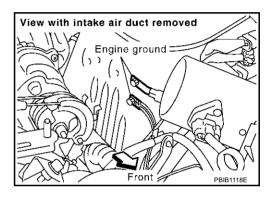
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
115	L	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

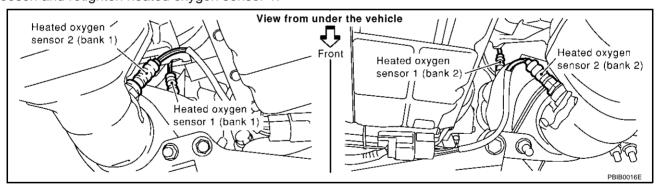
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. RETIGHTEN HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten heated oxygen sensor 1.



Tightening torque: 40 - 50 N·m (4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

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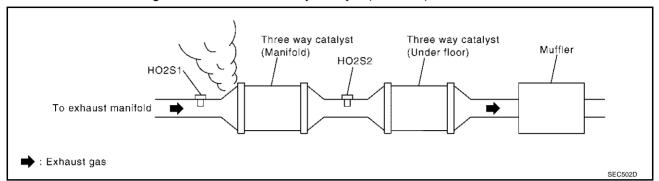
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3. CHECK FOR EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (Manifold).



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

4. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

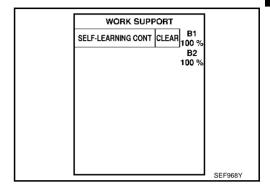
OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace.

5. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

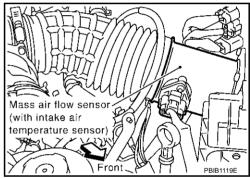
(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



(X) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-63</u>, "HOW TO ERASE <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171 or DTC P0172 (Refer to EC-265 or EC-274).

No >> GO TO 6.

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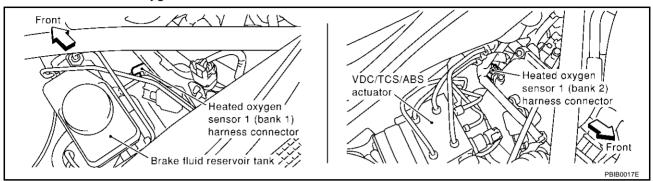
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6. CHECK HO2S1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.



Check harness continuity between HO2S1 terminal 4 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK HO2S1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Balik
P0133	114	1	1
P0153	115	1	2

Continuity should exist.

3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Balik
P0133	114	1	1
P0153	115	1	2

Continuity should not exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EC-178, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

9. CHECK PCV VALVE

Refer to EC-697, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace PCV valve.

10. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EC-231, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Select "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)".
- 4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 5. Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.

DATA MON	ITOR	
MONITOR NO DTC		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C	
HO2S1 (B1)	XXX V	
HO2S1 (B2)	XXX V	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	RICH	
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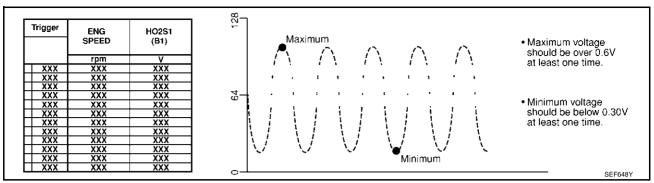
ABS002H1

- 6. Check the following.
 - "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" more than 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right.

- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Bank 1
cycle 1 2 3 4 5
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
Bank 2
cycle 1 2 3 4 5
HO2S1 MNTR (B2) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
R means HO2S1
MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates RICH
L means HO2S1
MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates LEAN SEF647Y



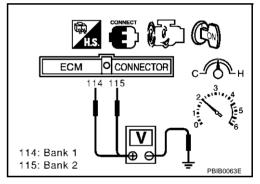
CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⋈ Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 115 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
 - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
 - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least 1 time.
 - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least 1 time.
 - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

1 time: 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V 2 times: 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V



CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

ABS002H2

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".

Component Description

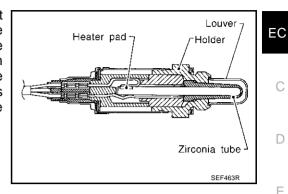
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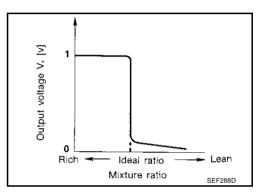
ABS002H3

ABS002H4

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The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.





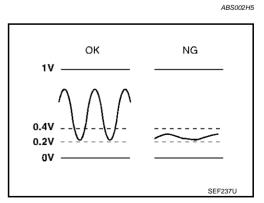
CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ←→ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

Under the condition in which the heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is not input, the ECM circuits will read a continuous approximately 0.3V. Therefore, for this diagnosis, the time that output voltage is within 200 to 400 mV range is monitored, and the diagnosis checks that this time is not inordinately long.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0134 0134 (Bank 1) P0154 0154 (Bank 2)	Heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit no activity detected	The voltage from the sensor is constantly approx. 0.3V.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 1

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002H6

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

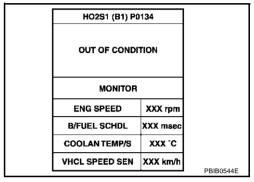
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "HO2S1 (B1) P0134" or "HO2S1 (B2) P0154" of "HO2S1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START".
- Let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 4.



When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 to 60 seconds.)

ENG SPEED	1,100 - 3,600 rpm
Vehicle speed	More than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.6 - 12.0 msec
Selector lever	Suitable position

HO2S1 (B1) P0	134	
TESTING		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED XXX rpm		
B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec		
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C		
VHCL SPEED SEN	DRIB0645E	
ENG SPEED B/FUEL SCHDL COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX msec	PBIB0545E

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-239</u>, "<u>Diagnostic</u> <u>Procedure</u>".

HO2S1 (B1) P0134	
COMPLETED	
COMPLETED	
	SEC750C

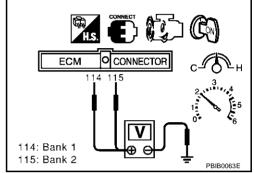
Overall Function Check

S002H7

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 115 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage does not remain in the range of 0.2 to 0.4V.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-239, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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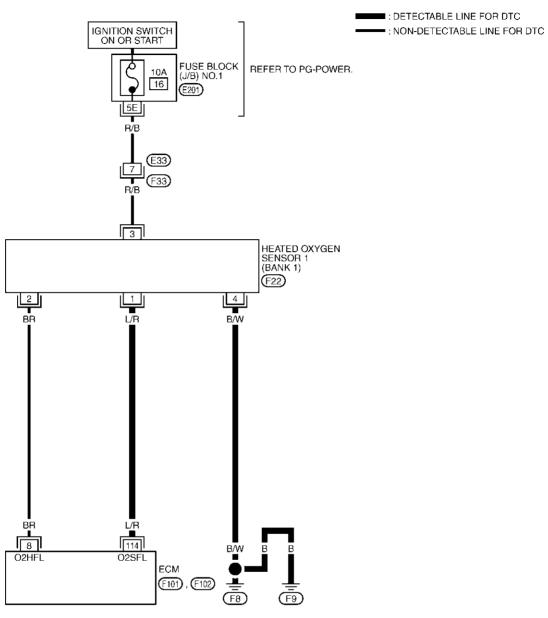
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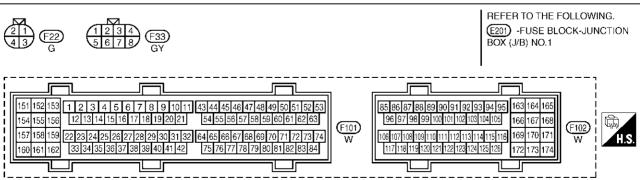
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Wiring Diagram BANK 1

BS002H

EC-O2S1B1-01





TBWA0274E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
114	R/L	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)

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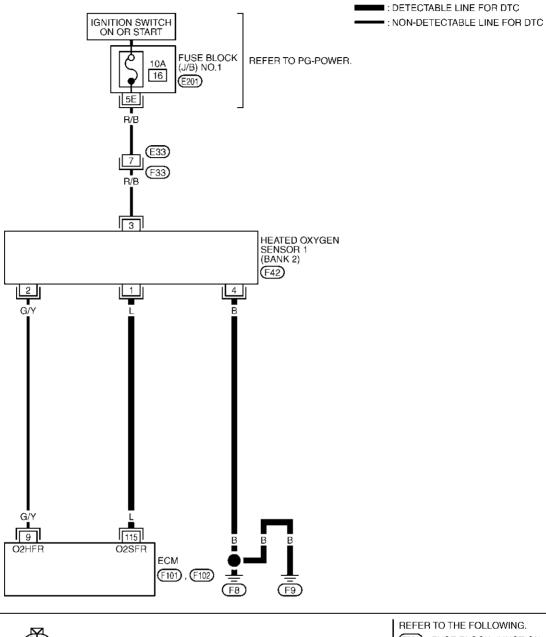
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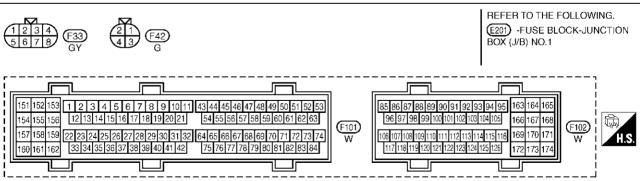
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BANK 2

EC-O2S1B2-01





TBWA0275E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

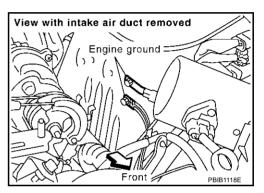
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
115	L	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

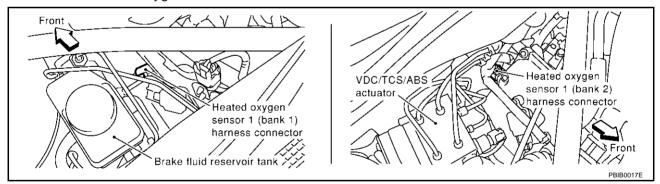
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



$2. \ \mathsf{CHECK} \ \mathsf{HO2S1} \ \mathsf{GROUND} \ \mathsf{CIRCUIT} \ \mathsf{FOR} \ \mathsf{OPEN} \ \mathsf{AND} \ \mathsf{SHORT}$

Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.



Check harness continuity between HO2S1 terminal 4 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

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3. CHECK HO2S1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	ninals	Bank
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0134	114	1	1
P0154	115	1	2

Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	ninals	Bank
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0134	114	1	1
P0154	115	1	2

Continuity should not exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EC-240, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

ABS002HA

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Select "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)".
- 4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 5. Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.

DATA MON	ITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C	
HO2S1 (B1)	XXX V	
HO2S1 (B2)	XXX V	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	RICH	
		PBIB2025E

- 6. Check the following.
 - "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" more than 5 times in 10 seconds.
 - 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Bank 1 cycle 1 2 3 4 5 HO2S1 MNTR (B1) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R Bank 2 cycle 1 2 3 4 5
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R Bank 2 cycle 1 2 3 4 5
cycle 1 2 3 4 5
HO2S1 MNTR (B2) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
B means HO2S1
MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates RICH
L means HO2S1
MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates LEAN
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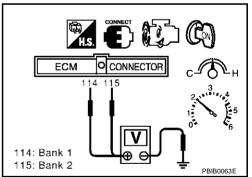
Trigger	ENG SPEED	HO2S1 (B1)		128		A	Ма	ximur			<u>ر</u>	,	٠.	,	~ .	Maximum voltage
ľ	rpm	V	1			- [`\	/	` \	- 1	\mathcal{I}	- [\ \	- 1	1	should be over 0.6V at least one time.
XXX	XXX	XXX	1			,	•	•	•	,	•	•	•		•	at least one time.
XXX	XXX	XXX	1					- 1	1	•		r	1	•		
XXX	XXX	XXX	1													
XXX	XXX	XXX	1	- 64	- ł	•	- 1	2	- 1	1	- 1	•	•		•	
XXX	XXX	XXX	1	-	l l	_		_								 Minimum voltage
XXX	XXX	XXX			ji .	-	i	- 1	į	- 1	į.	- 1	. !	ł	ļ	should be below 0.30V
XXX	XXX	XXX]		1	i i	١.	i	1	i	- 1	i	- 1	i	1	at least one time.
XXX	XXX	XXX	1		11	!	ì	!	i	!	•	- !	i	- !	i	
XXX	XXX	XXX]		1 1	1	Ì		Ì	\ / /	1	1	',	1	,	
XXX	XXX	XXX]				,	V.		1	١,		`,	_/	`.	
XXX	XXX	XXX]									_ Min	imum	1		
XXX	XXX	XXX	1		1											

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⋈ Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 115 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
 - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
 - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least 1 time.
 - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least 1 time.
 - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.
 - 1 time: 0 0.3V \to 0.6 1.0V \to 0 0.3V 2 times: 0 0.3V \to 0.6 1.0V \to 0 0.3V \to 0.6 1.0V \to 0 0.3V



CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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Component Description

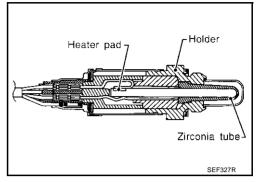
ABS002HC

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the heated oxygen sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002HD

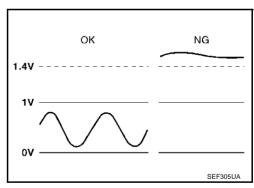
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDI	TION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	Warm-up condition After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for one minute and at idle for one minute under no load	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	Warm-up condition After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for one minute and at idle for one minute under no load	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	LEAN ←→ RICH

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002HE

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the heated oxygen sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the voltage is unusually high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0138 0138 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2	An excessively high voltage from the sensor	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)
P0158 0158 (Bank 2)	circuit high voltage	is sent to ECM.	Heated oxygen sensor 2

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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CAUTION:

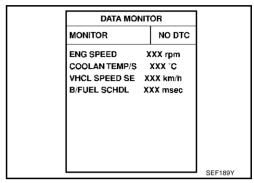
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 2 minutes.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-247, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>



® WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minutes.
- 5. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 7. Let engine idle for 2 minutes.
- 8. Select "Mode 3" with GST.
- If DTC is detected, go to EC-247, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- When using GST, "DTC Confirmation Procedure" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II is recommended.

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
123	PU	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V

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BANK 2 EC-O2S2B2-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START FUSE BLOCK (J/B) NO.1 REFER TO PG-POWER. 10A 18 (B1) : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC 7H ■: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC R/B 22U R/B $\overline{\text{M5}}$ (M15)(E305) 3 HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 (BANK 2) (E318) 4 2 3 4 2 JOINT CONNECTOR-29 (F107) 11 124 B/W **O2HRR** O2SRR ECM (F101), (F102) (F9) (F8) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. M5, E205 -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) B1 -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B) NO.1 151 152 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 163 164 165 154 155 156 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 166 167 168 (F101) (F102) 169 170 171 157 158 159 W 160 161 162 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 172 173 174

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

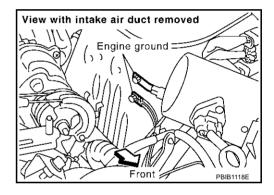
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
124	В	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



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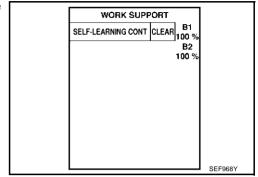
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2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

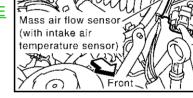
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-63, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 o P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



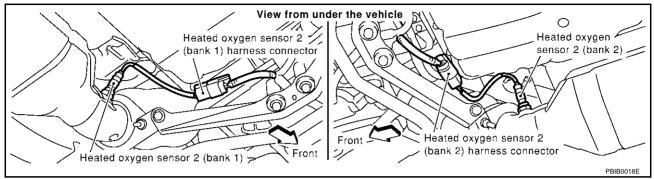
Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172 or P0175. Refer to EC-274.

No >> GO TO 3.

3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



3. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- Joint connector-29
- Harness open or short between HO2S2 and engine ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

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5. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	ninals	Bank
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0138	123	1	1
P0158	124	1	2

Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	ninals	Bank
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0138	123	1	1
P0158	124	1	2

Continuity should not exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- Harness for open or short between HO2S2 and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK HO2S2 SHIELD CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect harness connectors E315, F5.
- Check harness continuity between harness connector F5 terminals 7, 9 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F5, E315
- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between harness connector F5 and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-251, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

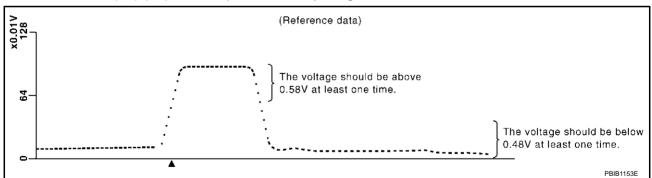
Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TES	T	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S2 (B1)	xxx v	
HO2S2 (B2)	xxx v	
HO2S2 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	RICH	
	1	PBIB1918E

Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.58V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⋈ Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.

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- 4. Let engine idle for one minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 123 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 124 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
 - If the voltage is above 0.58V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- 7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in "D" position.
 - The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.



CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

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Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

PFP:226A0

Component Description

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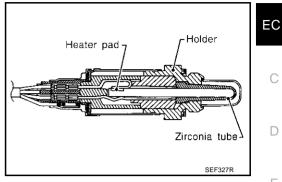
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The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the heated oxygen sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

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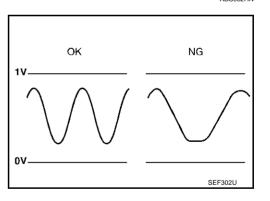
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDI	TION	SPECIFICATION	F
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	Warm-up condition After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V	G
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	Warm-up condition After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$	Н

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the heated oxygen sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0139 0139 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2	It takes more time for the sensor to respond	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 2
P0159 0159 (Bank 2)	circuit slow response	between rich and lean than the specified time.	Fuel pressureInjectorsIntake air leaks

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

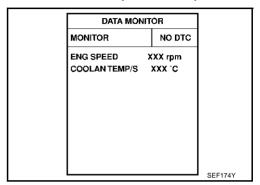
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

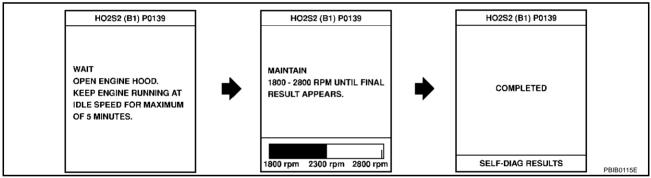
TESTING CONDITION:

For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
 - If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).



- Select "HO2S2 (B1) P0139" or "HO2S2 (B2) P0159" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 8. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



- 9. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
 - If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-259, "Diagnostic Procedure".
 - If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

Overall Function Check

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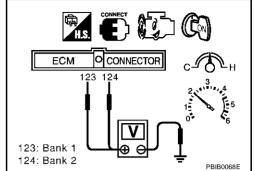
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

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- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 123 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 124 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) A voltage change should be more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.
 - If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- 7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in "D" position.
 - A voltage change should be more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.
- 8. If NG, go to EC-259, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
123	PU	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V

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BANK 2 EC-O2S2B2-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START FUSE BLOCK (J/B) NO.1 REFER TO PG-POWER. 10A 18 (B1) : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC 7H ■: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC R/B 22U R/B $\overline{\text{M5}}$ (M15)(E305) 3 HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 (BANK 2) (E318) 4 2 3 4 2 JOINT CONNECTOR-29 (F107) 11 124 B/W **O2HRR** O2SRR ECM (F101), (F102) (F9) (F8) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. M5, E205 -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) B1 -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B) NO.1 151 152 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 163 164 165 154 155 156 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 166 167 168 (F101) (F102) 169 170 171 157 158 159 W 160 161 162 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 172 173 174

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DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

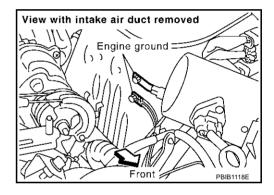
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
124	В	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



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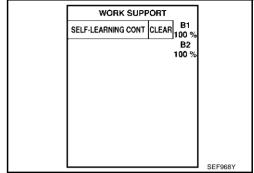
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2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

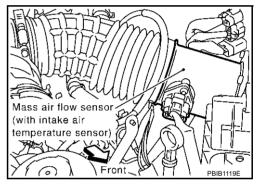
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-63</u>, "<u>HOW TO ERASE</u> EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION".
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
 Is it difficult to start engine?



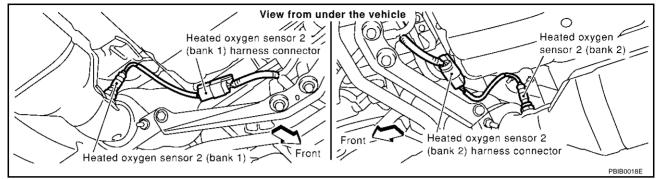
Yes or No

Yes \Rightarrow Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to <u>EC-265</u> or <u>EC-274</u>. No \Rightarrow GO TO 3.

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



3. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- joint connector-29
- harness for open or short between HO2S2 and engine ground
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

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5. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0139	123	1	1
P0159	124	1	2

Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ы	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0139	123	1	1
P0159	124	1	2

Continuity should not exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- harness for open or short between HO2S2 and engine ground
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK HO2S2 SHIELD CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect harness connectors E315, F5.
- Check harness continuity between harness connector F5 terminals 7, 9 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F5, E315
- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between harness connector F5 and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-263, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

$10.\,$ check intermittent incident

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

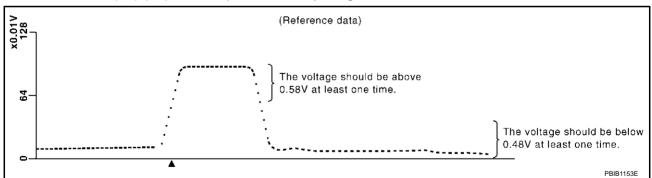
Component Inspection **HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2**

With CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and keep engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load. 3.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TES	ST .	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S2 (B1)	xxx v	
HO2S2 (B2)	xxx v	
HO2S2 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	RICH	
	J	PBIB1918E

Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.58V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Without CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and keep engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.

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DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

- 4. Let engine idle for one minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 123 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 124 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
 - If the voltage is above 0.58V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- 7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in "D" position.
 - The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.
- 8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

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Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

PFP:16600

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the heated oxygen sensors 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Heated oxygen sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injectors

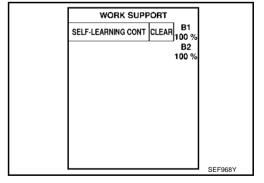
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0171			Intake air leaks
0171 (Bank 1)		 Fuel injection system does not operate properly. The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too lean.) 	Heated oxygen sensor 1
(Bank 1)			• Injectors
	Fuel injection system too		Exhaust gas leaks
P0174	lean		Incorrect fuel pressure
0174			Lack of fuel
(Bank 2)			Mass air flow sensor
			Incorrect PCV hose connection

DTC Confirmation Procedure

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. 1.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-3. SULT-II.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes. The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to EC-269, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
- Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to EC-269, "Diagnostic Procedure" . If engine does not start, check exhaust and intake air leak visually.



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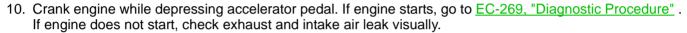
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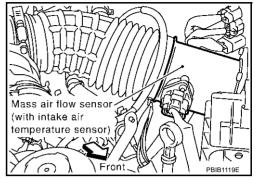
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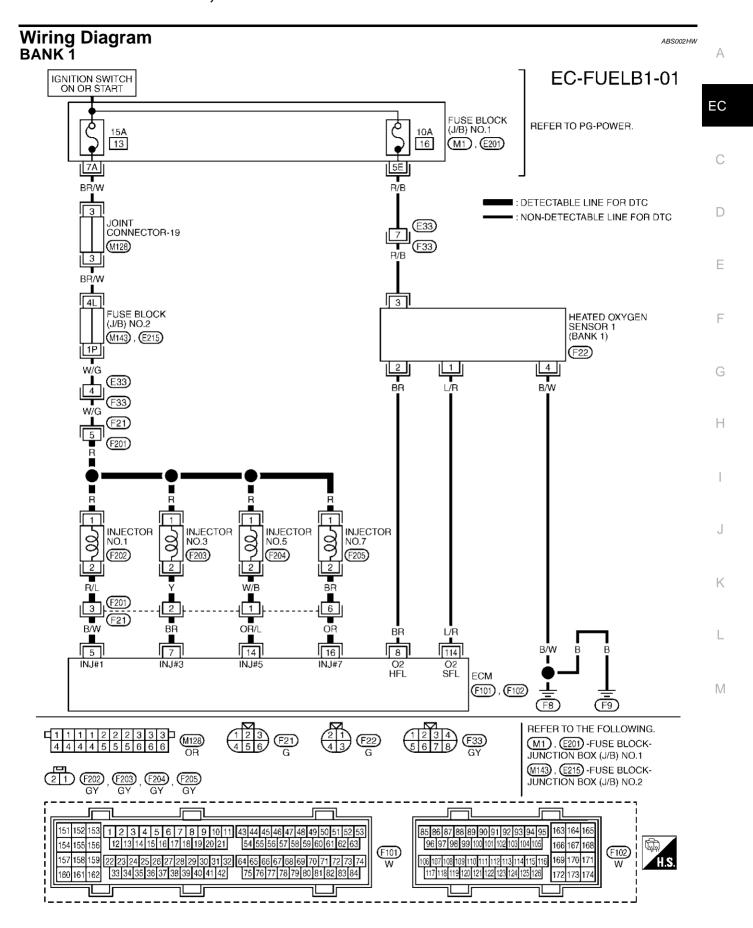
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® WITH GST

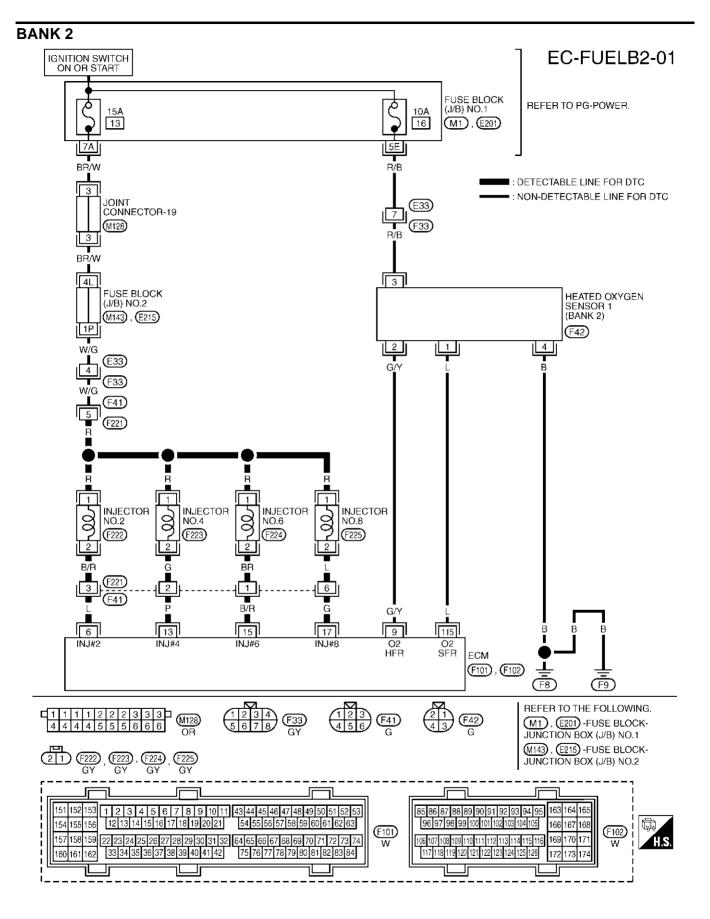
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Select "MODE 3" with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is detected.
- 6. Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 7. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
- 8. Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to EC-269, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- 9. If it is difficult to start engine at step 7, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.







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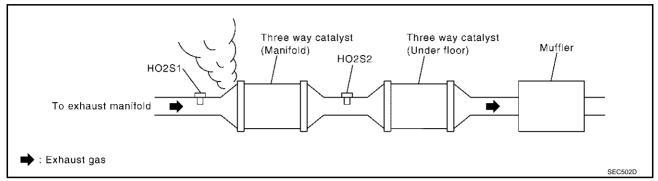
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Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002HX

1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

- 1. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.
- 2. Check PCV hose connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

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3. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect corresponding heated oxygen sensor 1 (HO2S1) harness connector.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0171	114	1	1
P0174	115	1	2

Continuity should exist.

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0171	114	1	1
P0174	115	1	2

Continuity should not exist.

6. Check harness continuity between HO2S1 terminal 4 and engine ground.

Continuity should exist.

7. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between ECM and HO2S1
- Harness for open or short between HO2S1 and engine ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-49, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" .
- Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-50, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u>.

At idling: 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm², 51 psi)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to EC-514, EC-667.) EC Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to EC-50.) Fuel lines (Refer to MA-16, "Checking Fuel Lines" .) Fuel filter for clogging >> Repair or replace. 7. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (P) With CONSULT-II 1. Install all removed parts. 2. Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 3.8 - 5.2 g·m/sec: at idling 16.0 - 21.5 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm **With GST** 1. Install all removed parts. 2. Check mass air flow sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST. 3.8 - 5.2 g·m/sec: at idling 16.0 - 21.5 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm OK or NG >> GO TO 8. OK NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or engine grounds. Refer to EC-171, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR" .

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8. CHECK FUNCTION OF INJECTORS

(P) With CONSULT-II

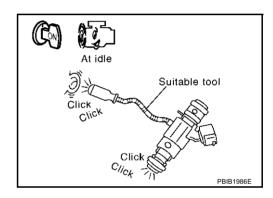
- Start engine.
- 2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

ACTIVE TES	īΤ	
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
	1	
		PBIB0133

(R) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to each injector operating sound.

Clicking noise should be heard.



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for "INJECTOR CIRCUIT", <u>EC-654</u>.

9. CHECK INJECTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
- Disconnect all injector harness connectors.
- Remove injector gallery assembly. Refer to <u>EM-31, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"</u>. Keep fuel hose and all injectors connected to injector gallery.
- 5. For DTC P0171, reconnect injector harness connectors on bank 1. For DTC P0174, reconnect injector harness connectors on bank 2.
- 6. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
- 7. Prepare pans or saucers under each injector.
- 8. Crank engine for about 3 seconds.

For DTC P0171, make sure that fuel sprays out from injectors on bank 1

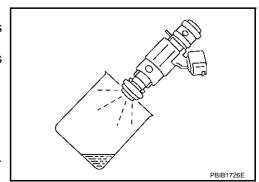
For DTC P0174, make sure that fuel sprays out from injectors on bank 2.

Fuel should be sprayed evenly for each injector.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace injectors from which fuel does not spray out.
Always replace O-ring with new ones.



10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

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DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

PFP:16600

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002HY

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the heated oxygen sensors 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Heated oxygen sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injectors

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0172			Heated oxygen sensor 1
0172 (Bank 1)		Fuel injection system does not operate properly.	Injectors
	Fuel injection system too rich	The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too	 Exhaust gas leaks
P0175 0175	Hon	large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.)	Incorrect fuel pressure
(Bank 2)			Mass air flow sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

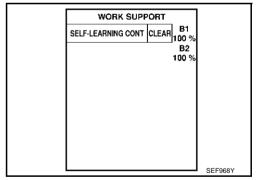
ABS002HZ

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

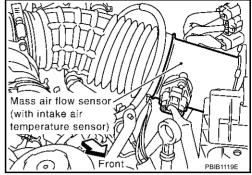
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
 The 1st trip DTC P0172, P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <u>EC-278, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- 7. If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
- Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.
 If engine starts, go to <u>EC-278</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.



® WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Select "MODE 3" with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is detected.
- Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 7. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
- 8. Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to EC-278, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- 9. If it is difficult to start engine at step 7, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.
 If engine starts, go to <u>EC-278</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.



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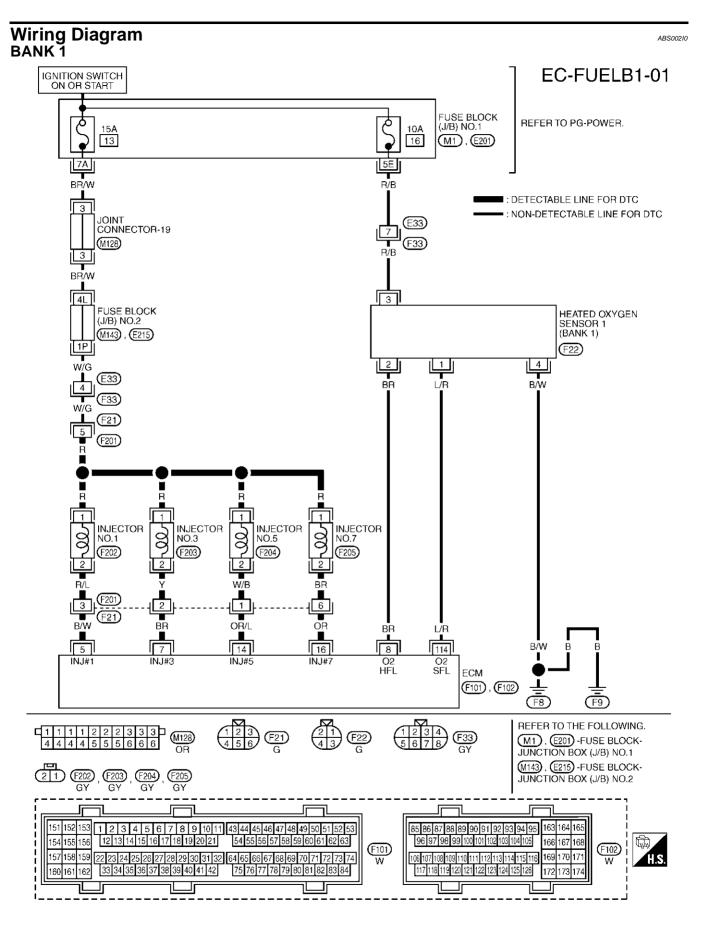
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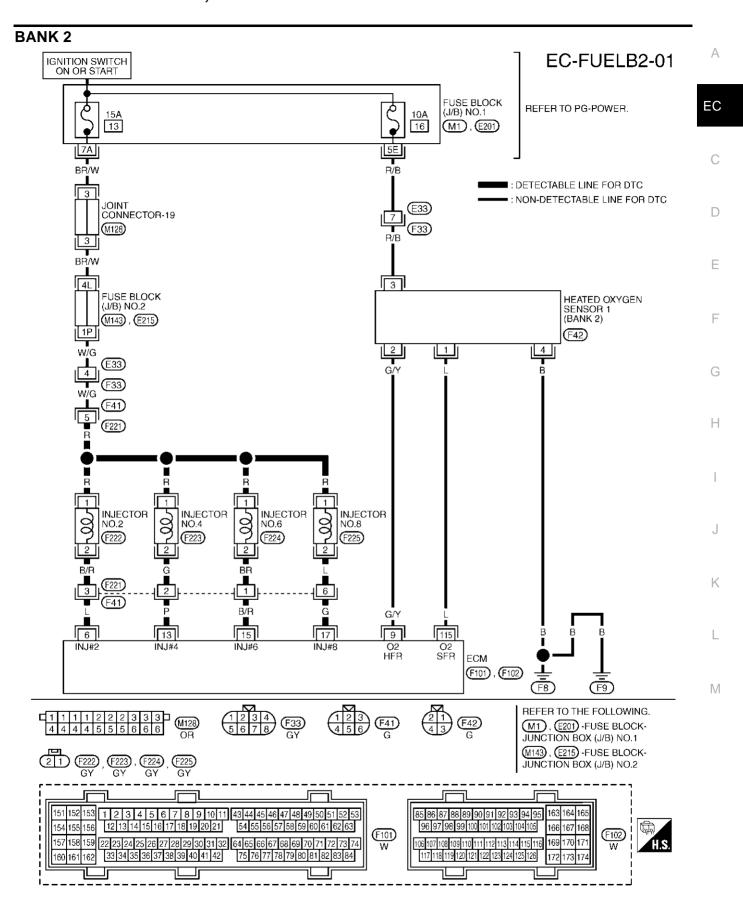
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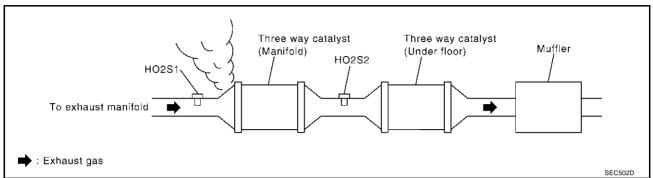
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ABS00211

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

3. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect corresponding heated oxygen sensor 1 (HO2S1) harness connector.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank		
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dailk	
P0172	114	1	1	
P0175	115	1	2	

Continuity should exist.

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank		
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dank	
P0172	114	1	1	
P0175	115	1	2	

Continuity should not exist.

6. Check harness continuity between HO2S1 terminal 4 and engine ground.

Continuity should exist.

7. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between ECM and HO2S1
- Harness for open or short between HO2S1 and engine ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-49, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-50, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u>.

At idling: 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm², 51 psi)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6. EC

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6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to <u>EC-514</u>, <u>EC-667</u>.)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to EC-50 .)
 - >> Repair or replace.

7. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

3.8 - 5.2 g·m/sec: at idling 16.0 - 21.5 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

With GST

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Check mass air flow sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST.

3.8 - 5.2 g·m/sec: at idling 16.0 - 21.5 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or engine grounds. Refer to EC-171, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR".

8. CHECK FUNCTION OF INJECTORS

(P) With CONSULT-II

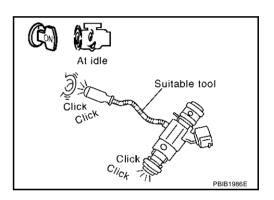
- Start engine.
- Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

ACTIVE TE		
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR	1]
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v]
		1
	1	1
		1
	+	1
		-
		PBIB0133E

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- Listen to each injector operating sound.

Clicking noise should be heard.



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for "INJECTOR CIRCUIT", <u>EC-654</u>.

9. CHECK INJECTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
- Remove injector assembly. Refer to EM-31, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE". Keep fuel hose and all injectors connected to injector gallery.
- Disconnect all injector harness connectors.
- 5. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
- Prepare pans or saucers under each injectors.
- Crank engine for about 3 seconds. Make sure fuel does not drip from injector.

OK or NG

OK (Does not drip.)>>GO TO 10.

NG (Drips.)>>Replace the injectors from which fuel is dripping. Always replace O-ring with new one.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

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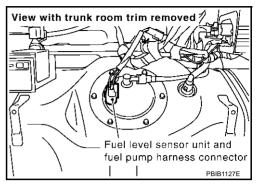
DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

PFP:22630

Component Description

ABS00212

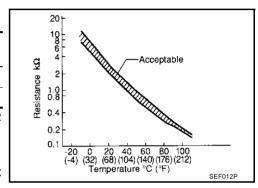
The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



<Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 92 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.



CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS00213

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0181 0181	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit range/ performance	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from engine coolant temperature sensor and intake air temperature sensor.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Fuel tank temperature sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS00214

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-285</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"

If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to following step.

- Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" value.
 If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F), the result will be OK.
 If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F), go to the following
- 5. Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F).
- 6. Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-285, "Diagnostic Procedure".

DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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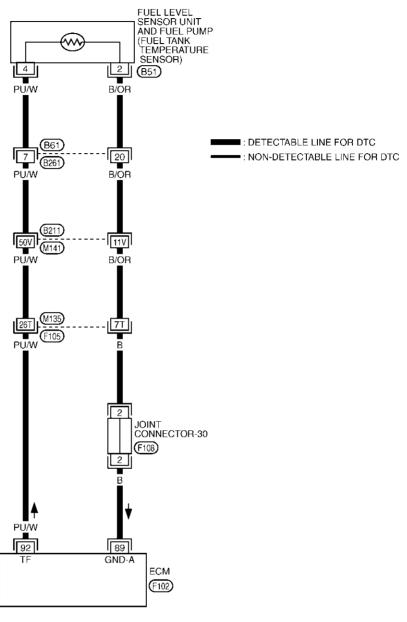
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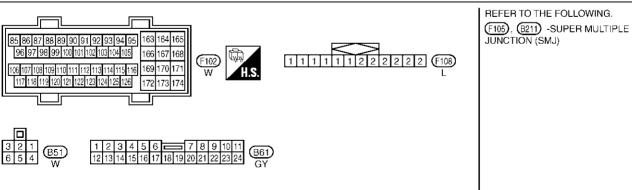
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Wiring Diagram

ABS00215

EC-FTTS-01





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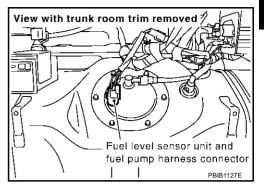
DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS00216

1. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

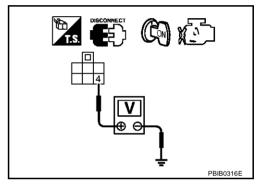


4. Check voltage between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B61, B261
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump
 - >> Repair harness or connector.

3. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 2 and body ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4. EC

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DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B61, B261
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connector.

5. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-286, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

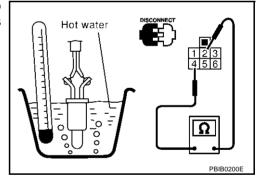
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

ABS00217

- 1. Remove fuel level sensor unit.
- 2. Check resistance between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminals 4 and 2 by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90



ABS00218

Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to FL-3, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY".

Revision; 2004 April **EC-286** 2003 M45

DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

PFP:22630

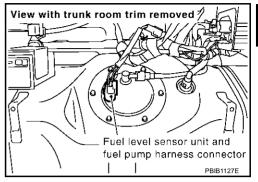
Component Description

ABS00219

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The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



<Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 92 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0182 0182	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
P0183 0183	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Fuel tank temperature sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002IB

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NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(A) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-289, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

COOLAN TEMP/S XXX 'C

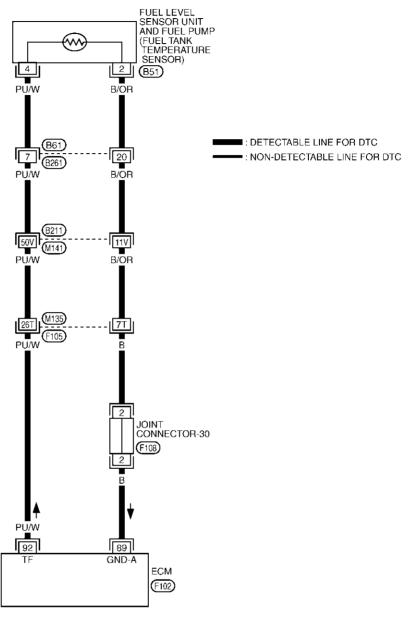
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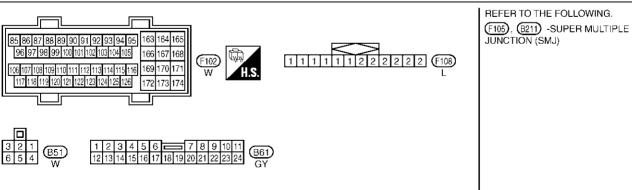
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram

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EC-FTTS-01





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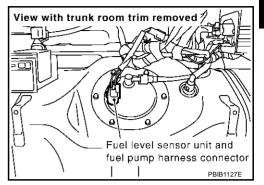
DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002ID

1. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

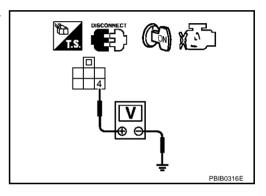


4. Check voltage between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B61, B261
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump
 - >> Repair harness or connector.

3. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 2 and body ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4. EC

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DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B61, B261
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connector.

5. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-290, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

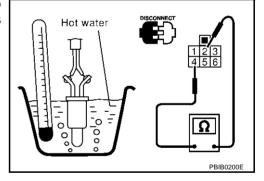
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

ABS002IE

- 1. Remove fuel level sensor unit.
- 2. Check resistance between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminals 4 and 2 by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90



Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

ABS002IF

Refer to FL-3, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY".

DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

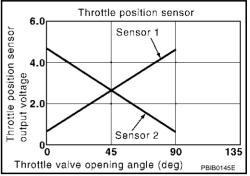
PFP:16119

Component Description

ABS002IG

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, accelerator pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002IH

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN1 THRTL SEN2* • Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
	Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

^{*:} Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002II

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0222 0222	Throttle position sensor 1 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The TP sensor 1 circuit is open or
P0223 0223	Throttle position sensor 1 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the TP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	shorted.) • Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode an the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002IJ

NOTE:

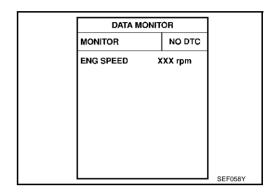
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

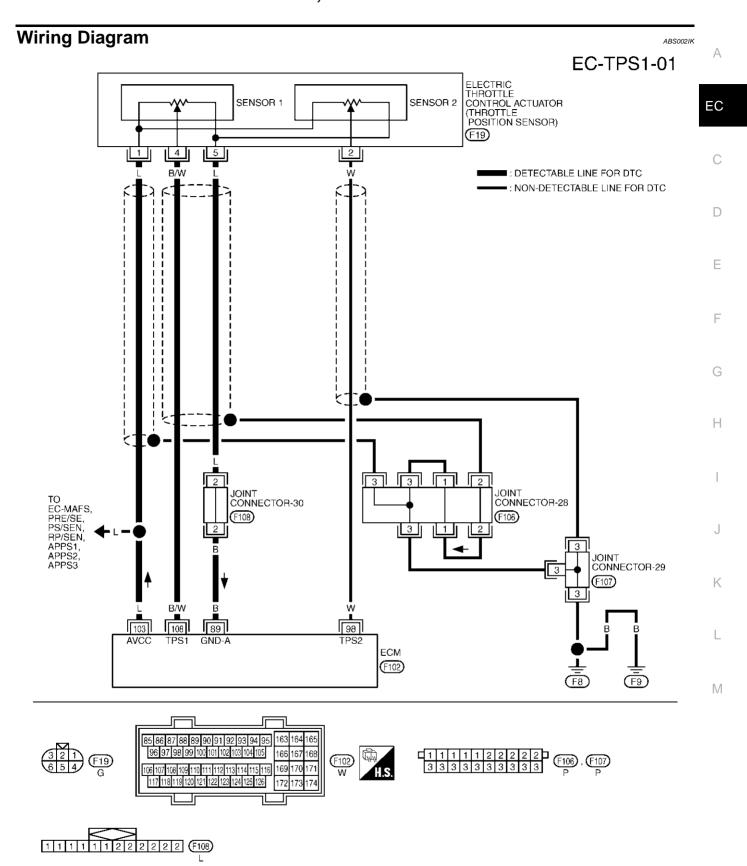
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-294, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



® WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0281E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Engine is running]	
89	В	Sensor ground	Warm-up condition	Approximately 0V
			Idle speed	
			[Ignition switch "ON"]	
			Engine stopped	Less than 4.75V
			Selector lever: "D"	Less than 4.75V
98	W	Throttle position concer 2	Accelerator pedal is fully released	
90	VV	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch "ON"]	
			Engine stopped	More than 0.36V
			Selector lever: "D"	More than 0.36V
			Accelerator pedal is fully depressed	
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
			[Ignition switch "ON"]	
			Engine stopped	More than 0.36V
			Selector lever: "D"	More than 0.36V
108 B/W	Thurstin marking annual 4	Accelerator pedal is fully released		
100	100 5/10	N Throttle position sensor 1	[Ignition switch "ON"]	
			Engine stopped	Less than 4.75V
			Selector lever: "D"	Less than 4.75V
			Accelerator pedal is fully depressed	

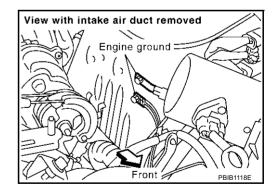
Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

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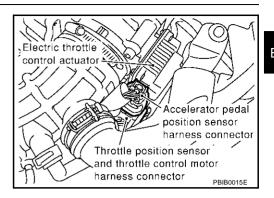
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".



3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

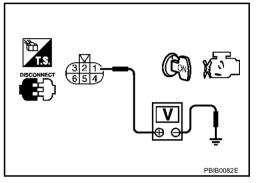
Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair o

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 5 and ECM terminal 89. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between electric throttle control actuator and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-295** 2003 M45

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6. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-296, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

7. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

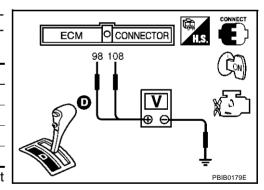
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

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- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Set selector lever to "D" position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 108 (TP sensor 1 signal), 98 (TP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
108	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
98	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V
	·	·



- 7. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 8. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 9. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 10. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

ABS002IN

DTC P0300 - P0308 NO. 8 - 1 CYLINDER MISFIRE, MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE

DTC P0300 - P0308 NO. 8 - 1 CYLINDER MISFIRE, MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002.14

When a misfire occurs, engine speed will fluctuate. If the engine speed fluctuates enough to cause the crank-shaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) signal to vary, ECM can determine that a misfire is occurring.

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	On board diagnosis of misfire

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

On the first trip that a misfire condition occurs that can damage the three way catalyst (TWC) due to overheating, the MIL will blink.

When a misfire condition occurs, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 200 engine revolutions for a change.

When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will turn off. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC on a second trip, the MIL will blink. When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will remain on. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC, the MIL will begin to blink again.

2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

For misfire conditions that will not damage the TWC (but will affect vehicle emissions), the MIL will only light when the misfire is detected on a second trip. During this condition, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 1,000 engine revolutions.

A misfire malfunction can be detected on any one cylinder or on multiple cylinders.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0300 0300	Multiple cylinder misfire detected	Multiple cylinder misfire.	
P0301 0301	No.1 cylinder misfire detected	No. 1 cylinder misfires.	Improper spark plug
P0302 0302	No. 2 cylinder misfire detected	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	Insufficient compression Incorrect fuel pressure
P0303 0303	No. 3 cylinder misfire detected	No. 3 cylinder misfires.	 The injector circuit is open or shorted Fuel injectors
P0304 0304	No. 4 cylinder misfire detected	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	 Intake air leak The ignition signal circuit is open or shorted Lack of fuel Drive plate Heated oxygen sensor 1
P0305 0305	No. 5 cylinder misfire detected	No. 5 cylinder misfires.	
P0306 0306	No. 6 cylinder misfire detected	No. 6 cylinder misfires.	
P0307 0307	No. 7 cylinder misfire detected	No. 7 cylinder misfires.	Incorrect PCV hose connection
P0308 0308	No. 8 cylinder misfire detected	No. 8 cylinder misfires.	

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DTC P0300 - P0308 NO. 8 - 1 CYLINDER MISFIRE, MULTIPLE CYLINDER MIS-

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

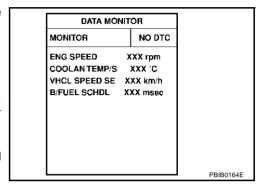
Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws when driving.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON, and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Restart engine and let it idle for about 15 minutes.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-298, "Diagnostic Procedure"



NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for a certain time. Refer to the table below.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data $\pm400~\text{rpm}$	
Vehicle speed in the feaze frame data ± 10 km/h (6 MPH)		
Engine coolant temperature	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).	
(T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).	

The time to driving varies according to the engine speed in the freeze frame data.

Engine speed	Time
Around 1,000 rpm	Approximately 10 minutes
Around 2,000 rpm	Approximately 5 minutes
More than 3,000 rpm	Approximately 3.5 minutes

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002J7

1. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

- Start engine and run it at idle speed.
- 2. Listen for the sound of the intake air leak.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

DTC P0300 - P0308 NO. 8 - 1 CYLINDER MISFIRE, MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE

2. CHECK FOR EXHAUST SYSTEM CLOGGING

Stop engine and visually check exhaust tube, three way catalyst (manifold) and muffler for dents.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace it.

3. PERFORM POWER BALANCE TEST

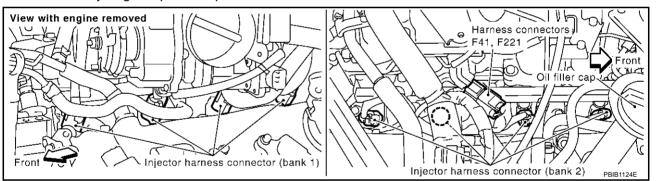
(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 2. Is there any cylinder which does not produce a momentary engine speed drop?

		1
ACTIVE TEST		
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
		PBIB0133

W Without CONSULT-II

When disconnecting each injector harness connector one at a time, is there any cylinder which does not produce a momentary engine speed drop?



Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 4.

No >> GO TO 7.

4. CHECK INJECTOR

Does each injector make an operating sound at idle?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5.

No >> Check injector(s) and circuit(s). Refer to <u>EC-654</u>, "INJECTOR CIRCUIT".

At idle

Suitable tool

Click

Click

Click

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DTC P0300 - P0308 NO. 8 - 1 CYLINDER MISFIRE, MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE

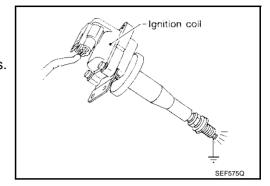
5. CHECK IGNITION SPARK

- 1. Disconnect ignition wire from spark plug.
- 2. Connect a known good spark plug to the ignition wire.
- 3. Place end of spark plug against a suitable ground and crank engine.
- 4. Check for spark.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuits. Refer to EC-642, "IGNITION SIGNAL".



6. CHECK SPARK PLUGS

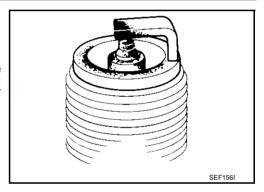
Remove the spark plugs and check for fouling, etc.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair

>> Repair or replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to, MA-13, "ENGINE MAINTENANCE".



7. CHECK COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Check compression pressure. Refer to EM-60, "CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE" ..

Standard: 1,320 kPa (13.5 kg/cm² , 191 psi)/300 rpm
Minimum: 1,130 kPa (11.5 kg/cm² , 164 psi)/300 rpm

Difference between each 98 kPa (1.0 kg/cm², 14 psi)/300 rpm

cylinder:

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Check pistons, piston rings, valves, valve seats and cylinder head gaskets.

8. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-49, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- 3. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-50, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK".

At idle: Approx. 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm², 51 psi)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.

DTC P0300 - P0308 NO. 8 - 1 CYLINDER MISFIRE, MULTIPLE CYLINDER MIS-

9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to EC-514, "DTC P1220 FUEL PUMP CONTROL MODULE (FPCM)", EC-667. "FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT".)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to EC-50.)
- Fuel lines (Refer to MA-16, "Checking Fuel Lines".)
- Fuel filter for clogging

>> Repair or replace.

10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check the following items. Refer to EC-82, "Basic Inspection".

Items	Specifications	
Target idle speed	650 ± 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)	
Ignition timing	12 ± 5° BTDC (in "P" or "N" position)	

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Follow the "Basic Inspection".

11. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 BANK 1/BANK 2

Refer to EC-219, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

12. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

(P) With CONSULT-II

Check mass air flow sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

3.8 - 5.2 g·m/sec: at idling 16.0 - 21.5 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

With GST

Check mass air flow sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST.

3.8 - 5.2 g·m/sec: at idling 16.0 - 21.5 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

OK or NG

NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

> >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or engine grounds. Refer to EC-179, "DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR".

13. CHECK SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART

Check items on the rough idle symptom in EC-87, "Symptom Matrix Chart".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Repair or replace.

EC-301 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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DTC P0300 - P0308 NO. 8 - 1 CYLINDER MISFIRE, MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE

14. ERASE THE 1ST TRIP DTC

Some tests may cause a 1st trip DTC to be set.

Erase the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory after performing the tests. Refer to <u>EC-63</u>, "<u>HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.

>> GO TO 15.

15. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0327, P0328, P0332, P0333 KS

PFP:22060

Component Description

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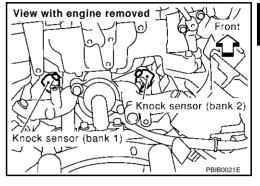
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The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

AB\$002.19

The MIL will not light up for these diagnoses.

	0 1		
DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detected Condition	Possible Cause
P0327 0327 (bank 1)	Knock sensor circuit low	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	
P0332 0332 (bank 2)	- input	is sent to EGW.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
P0328 0328 (bank 1)	Knock sensor circuit high	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Knock sensor
P0333 0333 (bank 2)	- input	IS SELL LU ECIVI.	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-305, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

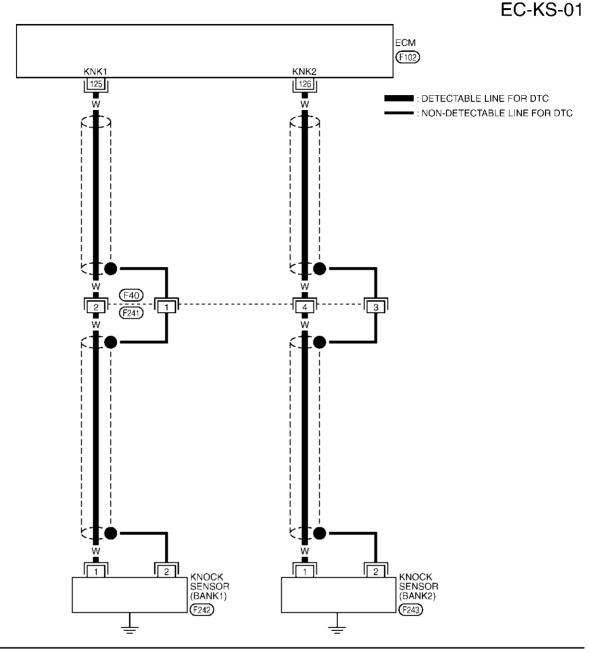
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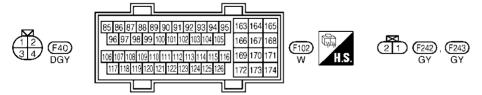
WITH GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-303** 2003 M45

Wiring Diagram





TBWM0021E

DTC P0327, P0328, P0332, P0333 KS

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
125 126	W W	Knock sensor (bank 1) Knock sensor (bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V

Diagnostic Procedure

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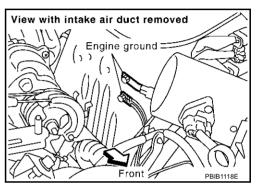
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1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loose and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between ECM terminals 125, 126 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

NOTE:

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 M Ω .

Resistance: Approximately 530 - 590k Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> GO TO 3.

3. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

- Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 125 and knock sensor (bank 1) terminal 1, ECM terminal 126 and knock sensor (bank 2) terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

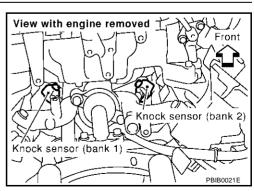
Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connector F40, F241
- Harness for open or short between ECM and knock sensor
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to EC-306, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace knock sensor.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection KNOCK SENSOR

ABS002JE

Check resistance between knock sensor terminal 1 and ground.

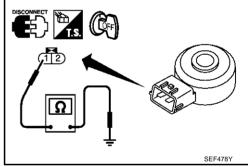
NOTE:

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 $\mbox{M}\Omega.$

Resistance: Approximately 530 - 590k Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]

CAUTION:

Do not use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.



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Removal and Installation KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to EM-72, "CYLINDER BLOCK".

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

PFP:23731

Component Description

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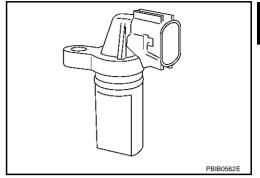
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The crankshaft position sensor (POS) is located on the cylinder block rear housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the signal plate at the end of the crankshaft. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change. The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change. Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ARSON2 IH

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED-	Run engine and compare the CONSULT-II value with tachometer indication.	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	=
		The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not detected by the ECM during the first few seconds of engine cranking. Harness or connect.	Harness or connectors	_
P0335 0335	Crankshaft position sensor (POS) circuit	 The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (POS) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running. 	 (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Signal plate 	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

AB\$002.1.1

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch "ON".

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-311, "Diagnostic Procedure"...
 - If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to next step.

 Maintaining engine speed at more than 800 rpm for at least 5
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-311, "Diagnostic Procedure"

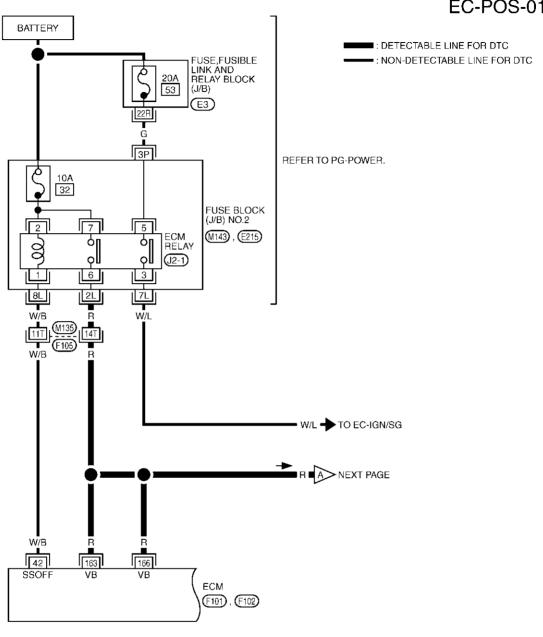
DATA N	IONITOR]
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	1
		SEF058Y

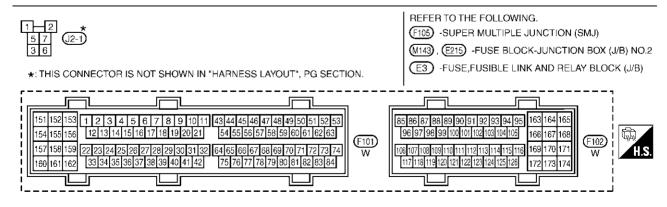
WITH GST

seconds.

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram EC-POS-01





TBWA0287E

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
42	42 W/B ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch "OFF"] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1.0V	
		(Sell Shut-Oll)	[Ignition switch "OFF"] ■ More than a few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
163 166	R R	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

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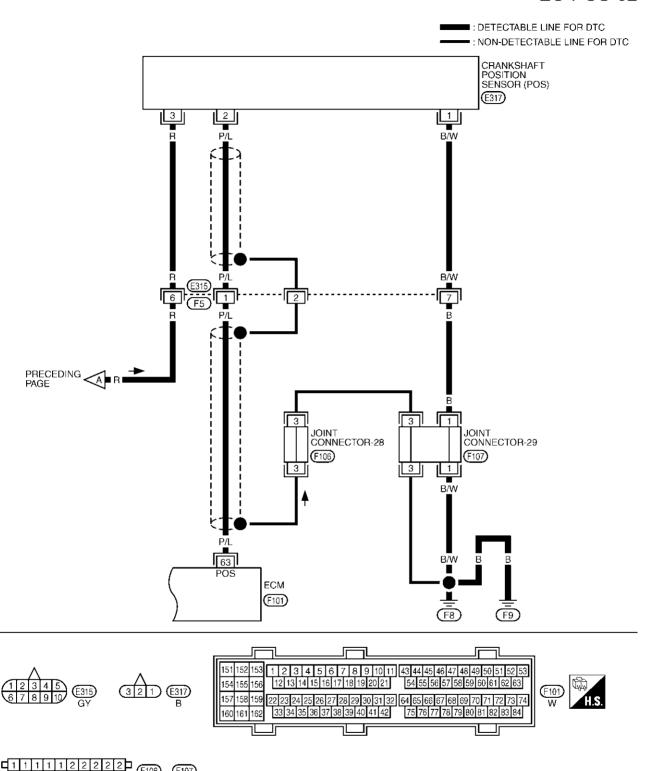
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EC-POS-02



TBWA0288E

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
63	P/L	Crankshaft position sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	1.0 - 2.0V★
os.	F/L	(POS)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 2.0V★ 20 5.0V/D _W 1 ms/Div PBIB0053E

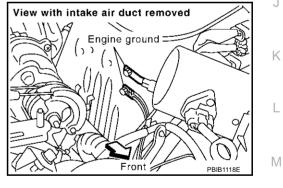
^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



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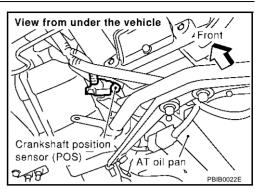
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DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

$2.\,$ check crankshaft position (ckp) sensor (pos) power supply circuit

- Disconnect crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".



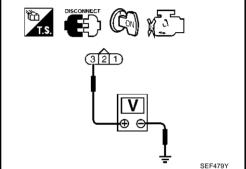
Check voltage between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness connectors E315, F5
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ECM
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ECM relay
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF". 1.
- Check harness continuity between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 1 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

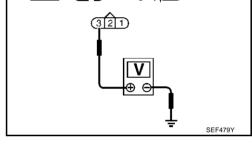
OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and engine ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.



6. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 63 and CKP sensor (POS) terminal 2. EC Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7. 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Harness connectors E315, F5 Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ECM >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 8. CHECK CKPS (POS) SHIELD CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT Disconnect harness connectors E315, F5. Н Check harness continuity between harness connector F5 terminal 2 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9. 9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Harness connectors E315, F5 Joint connector-28 Joint connector-29 Harness for open or short between harness connector F5 and engine ground M >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors. 10. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS) Refer to EC-314, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). 11. CHECK GEAR TOOTH Visually check for chipping signal plate gear tooth. OK or NG

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EC-313 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

OK

NG

>> GO TO 12.

>> Replace the signal plate.

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

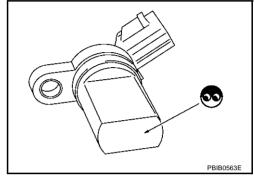
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

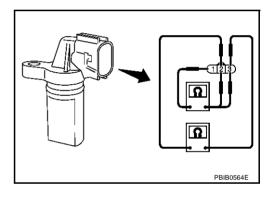
1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.

- 2. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (POS) harness connector.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 (+) - 2 (-)	
1 (+) - 3 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
2 (+) - 3 (-)	



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Removal and Installation CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to EM-25, "OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER".

DTC P0340 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

PFP:23731

Component Description

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The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the protrusion of exhaust camshaft sprocket to identify a particular cylinder. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) senses the piston position.

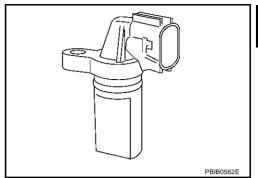
When the crankshaft position sensor (POS) system becomes inoperative, the camshaft position sensor (PHASE) provides various controls of engine parts instead, utilizing timing of cylinder identification

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

When engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0340 0340	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) circuit	 The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine cranking. The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM during engine running. The cylinder No. signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running. 	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Starter motor (Refer to <u>SC-9</u>.) Starting system circuit (Refer to <u>SC-9</u>.) Dead (Weak) battery

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002JR

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch "ON".

WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2 Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-317, "Diagnostic Procedure"

If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to next step.

- 5. Maintain engine speed at more than 800 rpm for at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-317, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR NO DTC MONITOR COOLAN TEMP/S SEF013Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

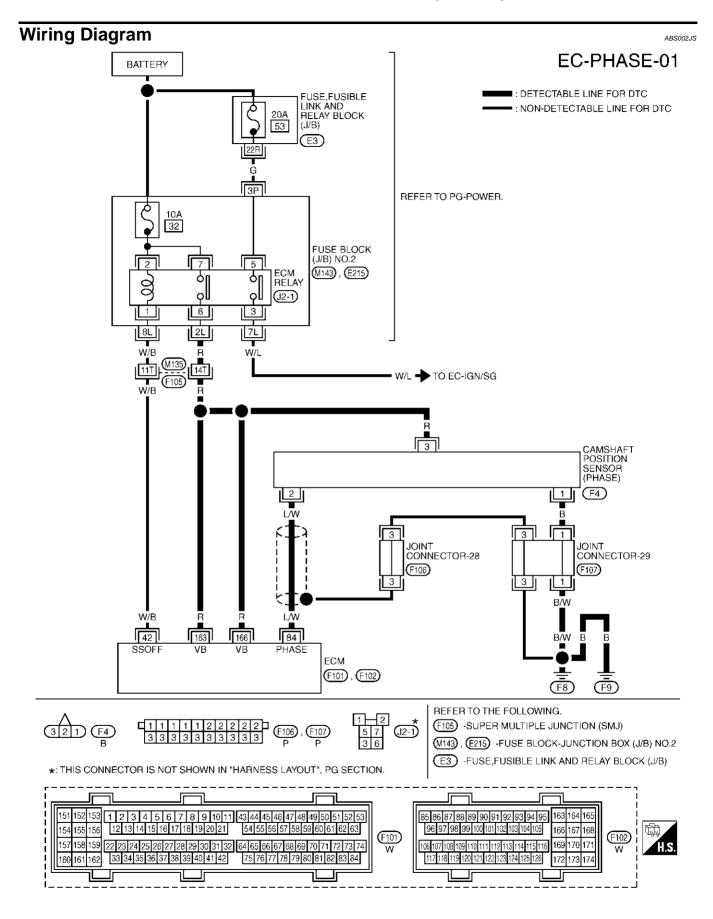
EC-315 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
04	L/W	Camshaft position sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	1.0 - 4.0V★ 1.0 - 4.0V★ 20 ms/Div 20 ms/Div PBIB0056E
84	LW	(PHASE)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 4.0V★ 1.0 - 4.0V★ PBIB0057E

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch to "START" position.

Does the engine turn over?

Does the starter motor operate?

Yes or No

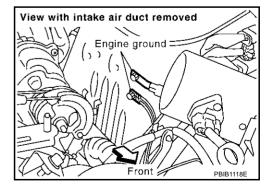
Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> Check starting system. (Refer to <u>SC-9</u>, "STARTING SYSTEM" .)

2. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 3.



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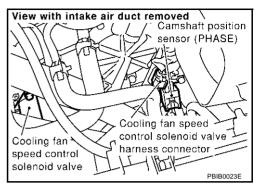
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3. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION (CMP) SENSOR (PHASE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Disconnect camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".



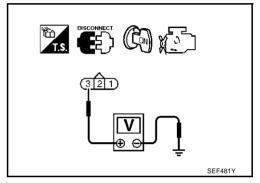
Check voltage between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F105, M135
- Harness for open or short between ECM and camshaft position sensor (PHASE)
- Harness for open or short between ECM relay and camshaft position sensor (PHASE)
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 1 and engine ground.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and engine ground
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 84 and CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to EC-319, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE).

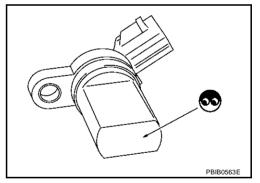
9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

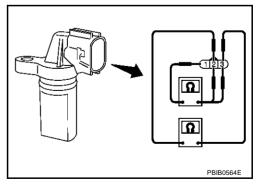
Component Inspection CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

- 1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- Disconnect camshaft position sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
- Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
3 (+) - 1 (-)	
2 (+) - 1 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
3 (+) - 2 (-)	



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Removal and Installation CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to EM-35, "TIMING CHAIN".

Revision; 2004 April **EC-319** 2003 M45

DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

PFP:20905

On Board Diagnosis Logic

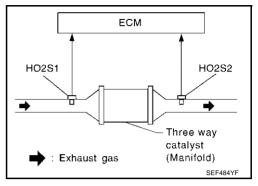
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The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of heated oxygen sensors 1 and 2.

A three way catalyst (Manifold) with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of heated oxygen sensor 2. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the heated oxygen sensor 2 switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of heated oxygen sensors 1 and 2 approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst (Manifold) malfunction is diagnosed.

Malfunction is detected when three way catalyst (Manifold) does not operate properly, three way catalyst (Manifold) does not have enough oxygen storage capacity.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0420 0420 (Bank 1)	Catalyst system efficiency	Three way catalyst (Manifold) does not operate properly.	Three way catalyst (Manifold)Exhaust tubeIntake air leaks
P0430 0430 (Bank 2)	below threshold	Three way catalyst (Manifold) does not have enough oxygen storage capacity.	Fuel injectorsFuel injector leaksSpark plugImproper ignition timing

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002JX

NOTE

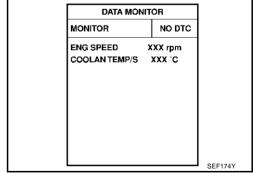
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

TESTING CONDITION:

Do not hold engine speed for more than the specified minutes below.

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Open engine hood.

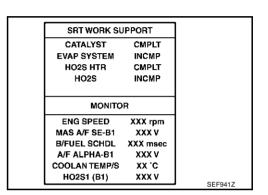


- Select "DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION" then "SRT WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 7. Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and hold it for 3 consecutive minutes then release the accelerator pedal completely. If "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changed to "CMPLT", go to step 10.
- 8. Wait 5 seconds at idle.

SRT WORK SI	JPPORT	
CATALYST	INCMP	1
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP	
HO2S HTR	CMPLT	
HO2S	INCMP	
MONITO	PR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX V	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XX °C	
HO2S1 (B1)	XXX V	
		SEF940

 Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and maintain it until "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changes to "CMPLT" (It will take approximately 5 minutes).
 If not "CMPLT", perform the following.

- a. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up while monitoring "COOLAN TEMP/ S" indication on CONSULT-II.
- d. When "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70 °C (158 °F), go to step 3.
- 10. Select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Confirm that the 1st trip DTC is not detected.
 If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-322, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.



SELF DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
NO DTC IS DETECTED.	
FURTHER TESTING	
MAY BE REQUIRED.	

Overall Function Check

ABS002JY

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst 1. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for one minute under no load.

EC-321

4. Let engine idle for one minute.

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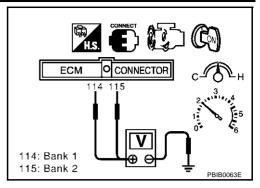
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- Set voltmeters probes between ECM terminals 114 [HO2S1 (bank 1) signal], 115 [HO2S1 (bank 2) signal] and engine ground, and ECM terminals 123 [HO2S2 (bank 1) signal], 124 [HO2S2 (bank 2) signal] and engine ground.
- 6. Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

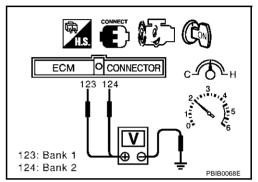


7. Make sure that the voltage switching frequency (high & low) between ECM terminals 123 and engine ground, or 124 and engine ground is very less than that of ECM terminals 114 and engine ground, or 115 and engine ground.

Switching frequency ratio = A/B

A: Heated oxygen sensor 2 voltage switching frequency B: Heated oxygen sensor 1 voltage switching frequency This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, it means three way catalyst does not operate properly. Go to EC-322, "Diagnostic Procedure".



NOTE:

If the voltage at terminal 114 or 115 does not switch periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 5, perform trouble diagnosis for "DTC P0133, P0153" first. (See <u>EC-221</u>.)

Diagnostic Procedure

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1. CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM

Visually check exhaust tubes and muffler for dent.

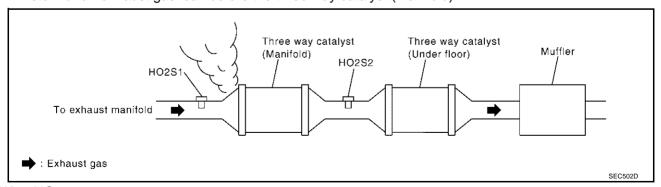
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before the three way catalyst (Manifold).



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

$\overline{3}$. Check intake air leak

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

4. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check the following items. Refer to EC-82, "Basic Inspection".

Items	Specifications	
Ignition timing	12° ± 5° BTDC (in "P" or "N" position)	
Target idle speed	650 ± 50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)	

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Follow the EC-82, "Basic Inspection".

5. CHECK INJECTORS

- 1. Stop engine and then turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 5, 6, 7, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

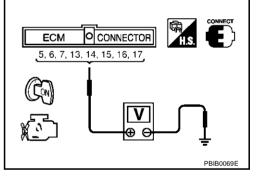
Voltage: Battery voltage

3. Refer to Wiring Diagram for Injectors, EC-655.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Perform <u>EC-658</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>" .



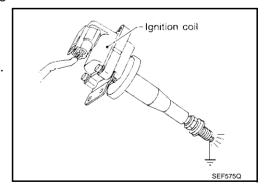
6. CHECK IGNITION SPARK

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil assembly from rocker cover.
- 3. Connect a known-good spark plug to the ignition coil assembly.
- 4. Place end of spark plug against a suitable ground and crank engine.
- 5. Check for spark.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Check ignition coil with power transistor and their circuit. Refer to EC-642, "IGNITION SIGNAL".



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7. CHECK INJECTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Remove injector assembly.
 Refer to <u>EM-31</u>, "<u>FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE</u>".
 Keep fuel hose and all injectors connected to injector gallery.
- 3. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
 Make sure fuel does not drip from injector.

OK or NG

OK (Does not drip.)>>GO TO 8.

NG (Drips.)>>Replace the injector(s) from which fuel is dripping.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

Trouble is fixed.>>INSPECTION END

Trouble is not fixed.>>Replace three way catalyst assembly.

DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

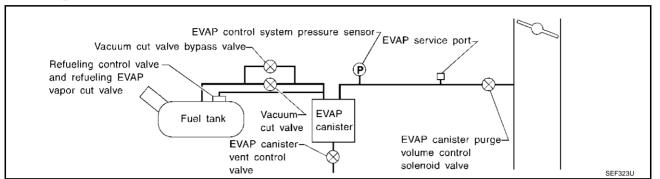
PFP:14950

System Description

ABS002K0

NOTE:

If DTC P0441 is displayed with other DTC such as P2122, P2123, P2127, P2128 or P2138, first perform trouble diagnosis for other DTC.



In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is open to admit purge flow. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002K1

Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a malfunction is determined.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
	1 1 1 3		EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve stuck closed	
			EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit	
			EVAP control system does not operate	Loose, disconnected or improper connection of rubber tube
P0441 0441		between intake manifold and EVAP control	Blocked rubber tube	
			Cracked EVAP canister	
			EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit	
			Accelerator pedal position sensor	
			Blocked purge port	
			EVAP canister vent control valve	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002K2

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
- Select "PURG FLOW P0441" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START".

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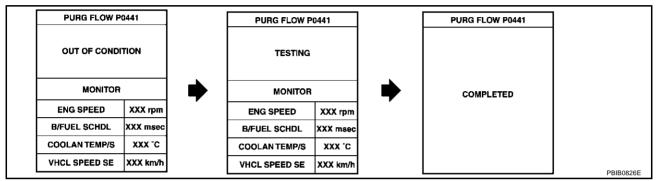
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If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 7.

6. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)

Selector lever	Suitable position
Vehicle speed	32 - 120 km/h (20 - 75 MPH)
ENG SPEED	500 - 3,800 rpm
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.0 - 10.0 msec
Engine coolant temperature	70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)



If "TESTING" is not changed for a long time, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-327, "Diagnostic Procedure".

Overall Function Check

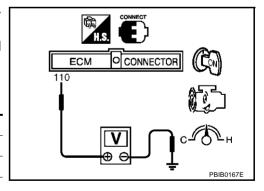
ABS002K3

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow monitoring. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Lift up drive wheels.
- 2. Start engine (VDC switch "OFF") and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals 110 (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and ground.
- 6. Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed and note it.
- Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

Air conditioner switch	ON
Headlamp switch	ON
Rear window defogger switch	ON
Engine speed	Approx. 3,000 rpm
Selector lever	Any position other than "P", "N" or "R"



- 8. Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed (measured at step 6) for at least 1 second.
- If NG, go to <u>EC-327</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Turn ignition switch "OFF".

2. Check EVAP canister for cracks.

OK or NG

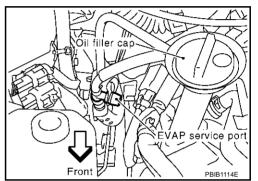
OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3.

>> Replace EVAP canister.

2. CHECK PURGE FLOW

(P) With CONSULT-II

- Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".
- Start engine and let it idle.
- Select "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm.



Touch "Qd" and "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to adjust "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening and check vacuum existence.

PURG VOL CONT/V	Vacuum	
100.0%	Should exist.	
0.0%	Should not exist.	

OK	or	Ν	G
----	----	---	---

OK NG

>> GO 10 /.	
>> GO TO 4.	

ACTIVE TEST		
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	

3. CHECK PURGE FLOW

(P) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine.
- Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING" .
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- Check vacuum gauge indication when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

Vacuum should exist.

6. Release the accelerator pedal fully and let engine idle.

Vacuum should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 4.

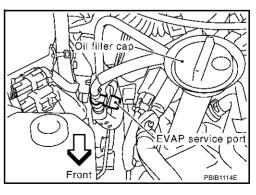
EC-327 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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4. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

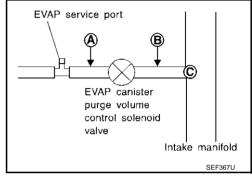
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check EVAP purge line for improper connection or disconnection. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Repair it.

5. CHECK EVAP PURGE HOSE AND PURGE PORT

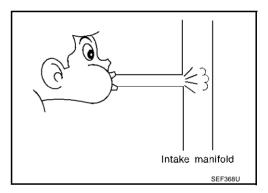
- 1. Disconnect purge hoses connected to EVAP service port **A** and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve **B**.
- 2. Blow air into each hose and EVAP purge port C.



3. Check that air flows freely.

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6.
OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7.
NG >> Repair or clean hoses and/or purge port.



6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

ACTIVE TE	ST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %	
MONITOR	1	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
		PBIB0147E

7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-545, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector. Check connectors for water. EC Water should not exist. OK or NG >> GO TO 9. OK NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. 9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR FUNCTION \Box Refer to "DTC Confirmation Procedure" for DTC P0452 EC-353 . P0453 EC-360 . OK or NG F OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. 10. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve. 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower. Н 11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE Refer to EC-552, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. 12. check evap purge line Inspect EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube). Check for evidence of leaks. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> Replace it. 13. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE M Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower. >> GO TO 14. 14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

PFP:14950

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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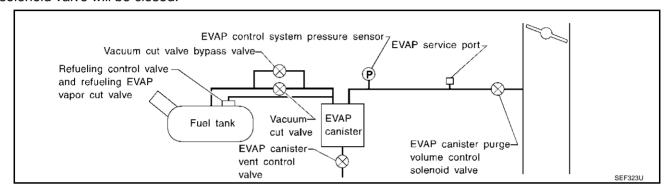
NOTE:

If DTC P0442 is displayed with P1448, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1448. (See EC-553.)

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using engine intake manifold vacuum.

If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, under the following "Vacuum test" conditions.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. The EVAP canister vent control valve will then be closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will be closed.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
			Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve
			Incorrect fuel filler cap used
			Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.
			Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.
			Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
			Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.
			EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks
P0442	EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)		EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks
		EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system does not operate prop-	EVAP purge line rubber tube bent
			Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control sys- tem pressure sensor
0442		erly.	Loose or disconnected rubber tube
			EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit
			EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit
			Fuel tank temperature sensor
			O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged
			Water separator
			EVAP canister is saturated with water
			EVAP control system pressure sensor
			Fuel level sensor and the circuit
			Refueling control valve
			ORVR system leaks

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002K6

NOTE:

 If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

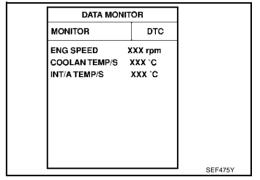
TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).

(A) WITH CONSULT-II

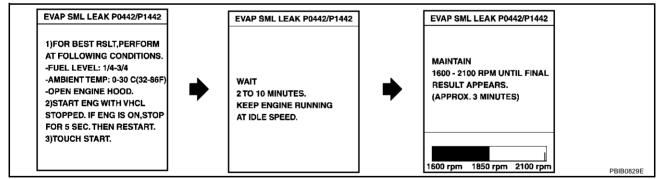
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Make sure that the following conditions are met.

COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 30°C (32 - 86°F)



5. Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



NOTE:

If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to EC-82, "Basic Inspection".

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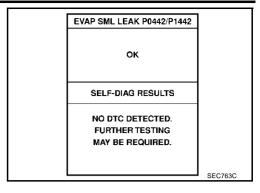
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6. Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-332, "Diagnostic Procedure".

NOTE:

Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.



WITH GST

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving Pattern" on <u>EC-61</u> before driving vehicle.

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Drive vehicle according to "Driving Pattern", EC-61.
- 3. Stop vehicle.
- 4. Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- 5. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- 7. Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving Pattern", <u>EC-61</u>.
- Stop vehicle.
- 9. Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-332, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to EC-327, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- If P1442 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-532</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".
- If P0441, P0442 and P1442 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10. Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 6.

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

ABS002K7

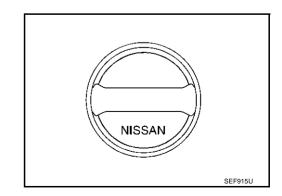
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.

2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to EC-688, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

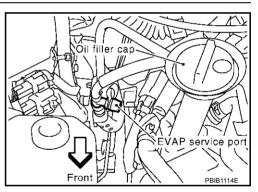
NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

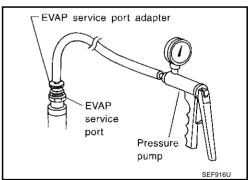
5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE <a href="DRAWING".

NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





Models with CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6. Models without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

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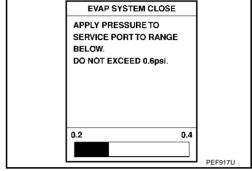
6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



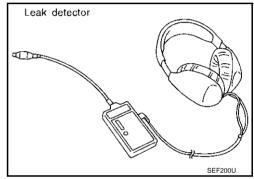
4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.

Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

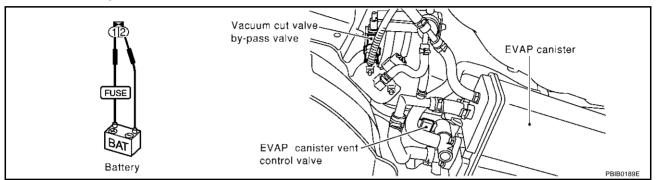
NG >> Repair or replace.



7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- 3. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



4. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

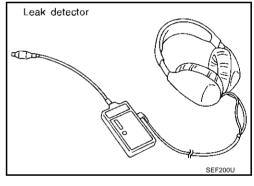
NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 5. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace.



8. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-338, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace water separator.

9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE, O-RING AND CIRCUIT

Refer to EC-553, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring or harness/connector.

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10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

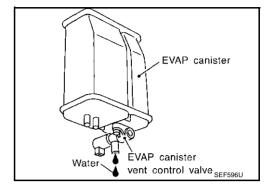
- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- 2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

>> GO TO 11. Yes

No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve attached.

The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.

>> GO TO 12.

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100.0%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> GO TO 15.

TEST	
7V 0%	1
TOR]
XXX rpm	
B1) LEAN	
32) LEAN	1
1 XXX %	
2 XXX %	
	PBIB0147E
	XXX rpm B1) LEAN B2) LEAN XXX %

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION (R) Without CONSULT-II Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. EC 2. Stop engine. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm. Vacuum should exist. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> GO TO 15. F 15. CHECK VACUUM HOSE Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to EC-24, "Vacuum Hose Drawing". OK or NG >> GO TO 16. OK NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 16. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Н Refer to EC-545, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. 17. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR Refer to EC-286, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit. 18. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR Refer to EC-358, "Component Inspection". OK or NG M OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. 19. check evap purge line Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 20. NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 20. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Revision; 2004 April **EC-337** 2003 M45

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 21.

$\overline{21}$. check refueling evap vapor line

Check refuelling EVAP vapor line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to EC-691, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

22. CHECK SIGNAL LINE AND RECIRCULATION LINE

Check signal line and recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 23.

NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

23. CHECK REFUELING CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

24. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to DI-24. "CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 25.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

25. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

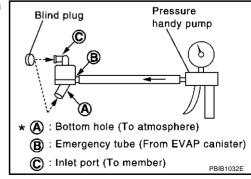
Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR

ABS002K8

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- Check that A and C are not clogged by blowing air into B with A, and then C plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

Do not disassemble water separator.



DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE PEP:14920

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

ABS002K9

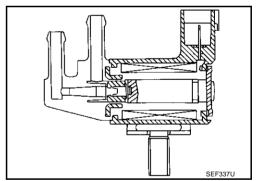
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Ignition switch	Start signal			
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position	EVAP canister purge flow control	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	purge now control	Control Soleriola valve	
Heated oxygen sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)			
Fuel tank temperature sensor	re sensor Fuel temperature in fuel tank			
Wheel sensor*	Vehicle speed			

^{*:} This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0%
PURG VOL C/V	Selector lever: P or N		
FORG VOL C/V	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,000 rpm	_
	No-load		

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Revision; 2004 April **EC-339** 2003 M45

On Board Diagnosis Logic				
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0444 0444	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit open	An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	
P0445 0445	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit shorted	An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is shorted.) EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002KC

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(III) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-342, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTO	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram Α EC-PGC/V-01 ■: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START FUSE,FUSIBLE LINK AND RELAY C REFER TO PG-POWER. BLOCK (J/B) 58 (E3) D Е (E33) (F33) G Н EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 54 EVAP ECM (F101) M REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. 2 1 F25 I. (E3) -FUSE, FUSIBLE LINK AND RELAY BLOCK (J/B) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 (F101) 158 159 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84

TBWA0290E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measure by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
54	L/Y	EVAP canister purge volume	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)*
Ŭ.	J.	control solenoid valve	[Engine is running]● Engine speed is about 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine).	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)* Discrete D

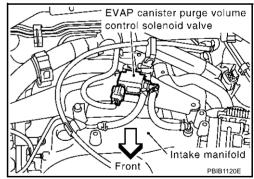
^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002KE

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIR-CUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

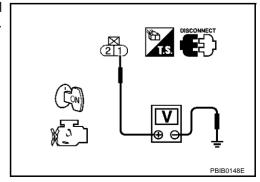


4. Check voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



$\overline{2}$. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E33, F33
- Fuse, fusible link and relay block (J/B) connector E3
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and fuse
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIR-**CUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT**

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 54 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 4.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 5.

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

ACTIVE TES	ST .
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %

5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-344, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

>> GO TO 6. OK

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

EC-343 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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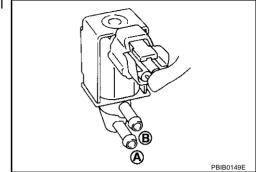
Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

ABS002KF

(P) With CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

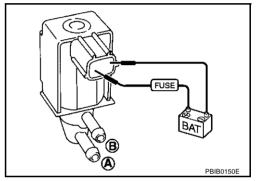
Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between A and B
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No



® Without CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

ABS002KG

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

PFP:14935

Component Description

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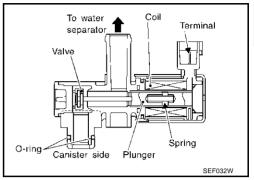
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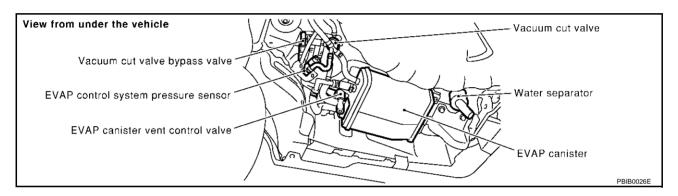
The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System" diagnosis.





CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002KI

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002KJ

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0447 0447	EVAP canister vent control valve circuit open	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	 Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister vent control valve

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Revision; 2004 April **EC-345** 2003 M45

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002KF

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-348, "Diagnostic Procedure"

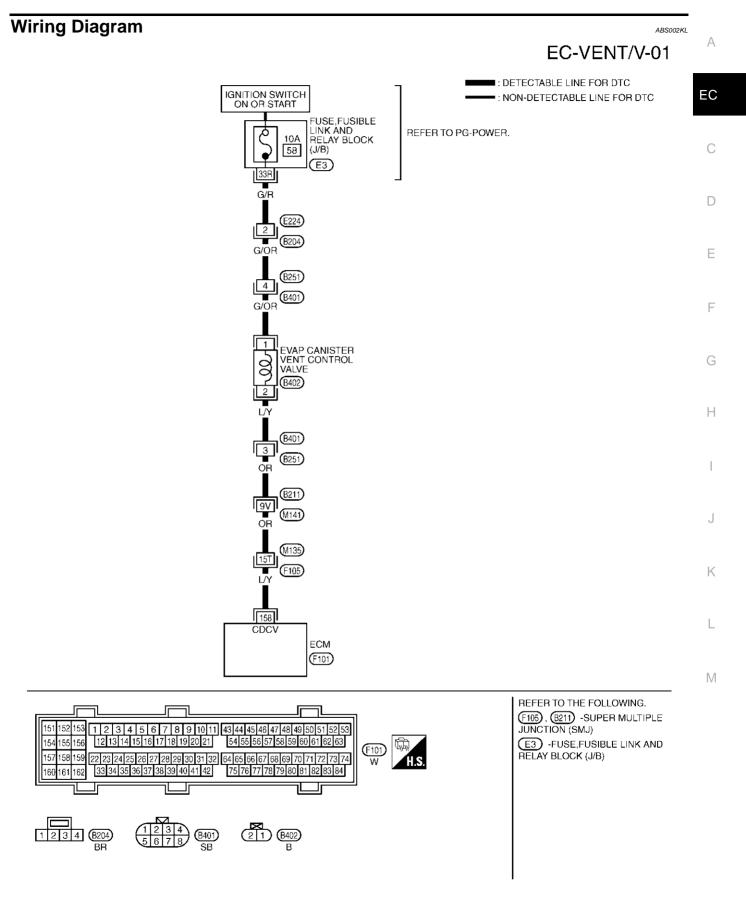
DATA MONITOR

MONITOR NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0291E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
158	L/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002KM

1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and then turn "ON".
- 2. Select "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ON/OFF" on CONSULT-II screen.
- 4. Check for operating sound of the valve. Clicking noise should be heard.

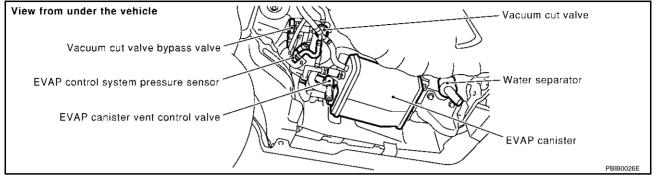
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.

ACTIVE TEST		
VENT CONTROL/V	OFF	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
HO2S1 (B1)	xxx v	
HO2S1 (B2)	XXX V	
	1	PBIB0151

$\overline{3}$. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.

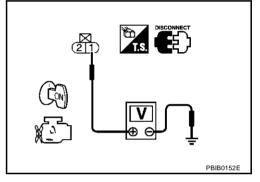


- Turn ignition switch "ON". 3.
- Check voltage between EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

>> GO TO 5. OK NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E224, B204
- Harness connectors B251, B401
- Fuse, fusible link and relay block (J/B) connector E3
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and fuse
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 158 and EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6. EC

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6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F105, M135
- Harness connectors M141, B211
- Harness connectors B251, B401
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-350, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

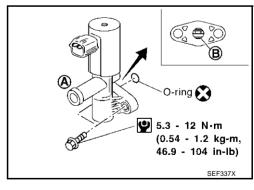
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- Check portion B of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.
 - If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.
 - If OK, go to next step.
- Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".



Revision; 2004 April **EC-350** 2003 M45

ABS002KN

- Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time. Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

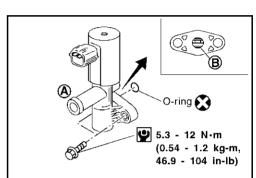
If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.

- 7. Clean the air passage (Portion A to B) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 8. Perform step 6 again.

⋈ Without CONSULT-II

- Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

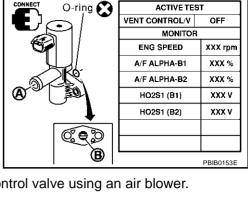
Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
OFF	Yes

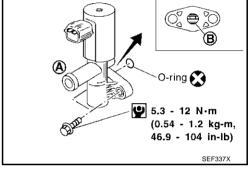
Operation takes less than 1 second.

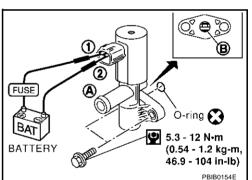
If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.

- Clean the air passage (Portion A to B) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- Perform step 3 again.







EC-351 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45 M

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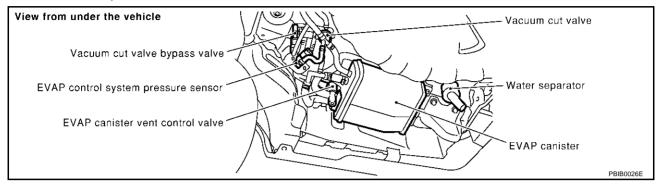
DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

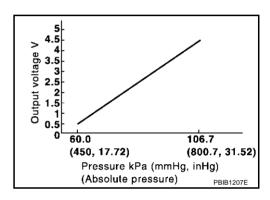
PFP:25085

Component Description

ABS002KO

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.





CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002KP

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002KQ

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0452 0452	EVAP control system pressure sensor low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP control system pressure sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002KR

NOTE:

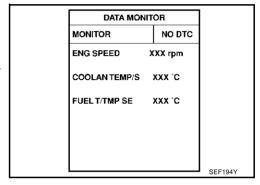
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

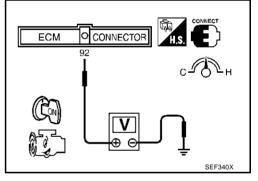
(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-355</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"



® WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check that voltage between ECM terminal 92 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-355</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"



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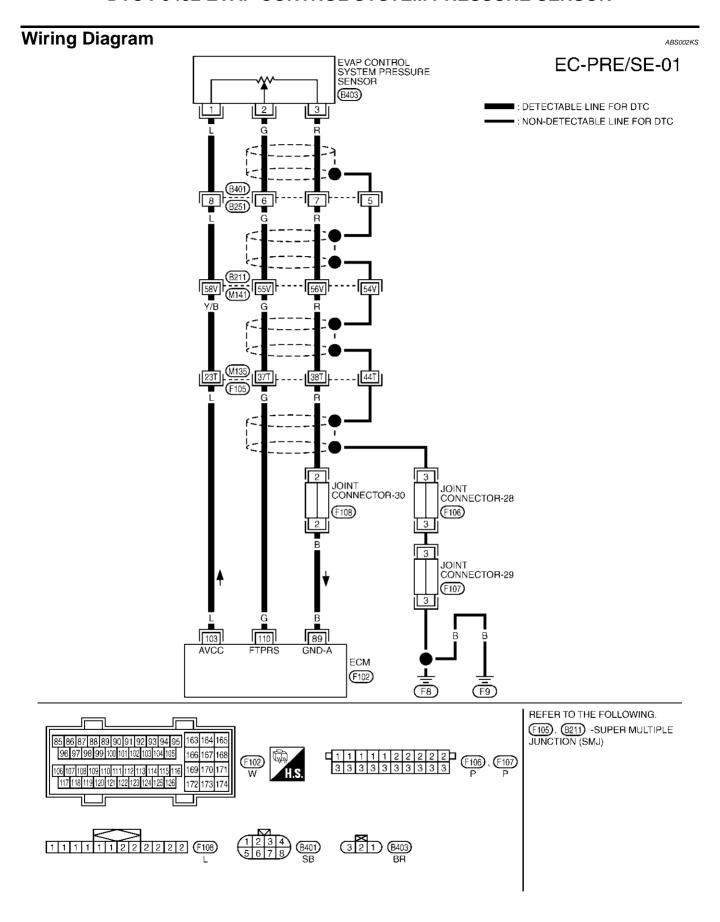
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

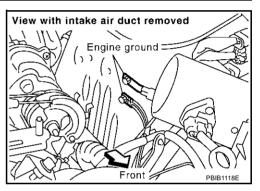
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
89	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
110	G	EVAP control system pressure sensor	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

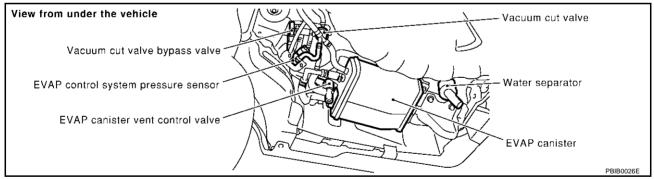
Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

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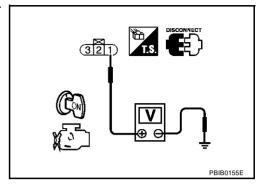
3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B401, B251
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B401, B251
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

$\overline{7}$. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 110 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8. 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Harness connectors B401, B251 Harness connectors B211, M141 Harness connectors M135, F105 Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR SHIELD CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT 1. Disconnect harness connectors B401, B251. Check the following continuity between harness connector B251 terminal 5 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. Also check harness for short to power. Then reconnect harness connectors B401, B251. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 10. 10. detect malfunctioning part Check the following. Harness connectors B401, B251 Harness connectors B211, M141 Harness connectors M135, F105

- Joint connector-28
- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between harness connector B251 and ground
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

11. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-358, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

EC-357 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

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1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.

CAUTION:

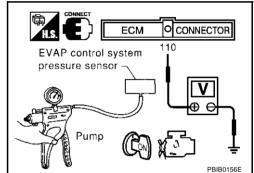
Never apply force to the air hole protector of the sensor if equipped.

- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 6. Check voltage between ECM terminal 110 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8
-26.7 (-200 mmHg, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value



CAUTION:

Discard any EVAP control system pressure sensor which has dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such a concrete floor; use a new one.

7. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

PFP:25085

Component Description

ABS002KV

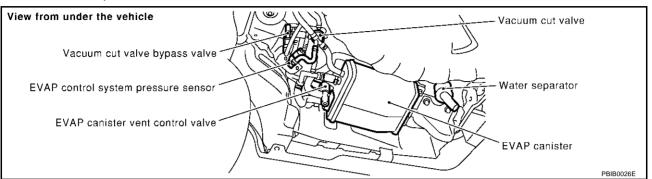
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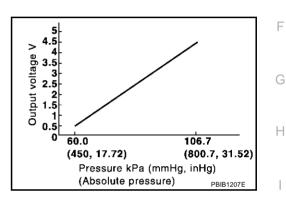
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The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.





CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002KW

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002KX

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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0453 0453	EVAP control system pressure sensor high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister Water separator Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to water separator

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002K

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 6. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-362, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

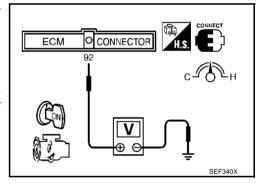
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C

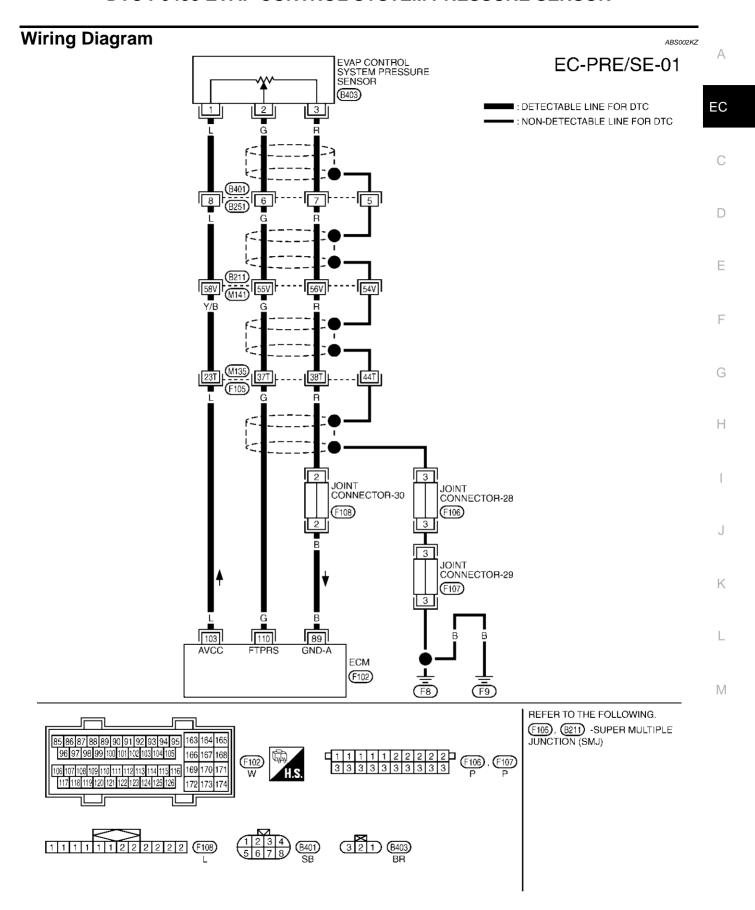
FUEL T/TMP SE XXX °C

SEF194Y

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check that voltage between ECM terminal 92 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-362</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"





TBWA0292E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

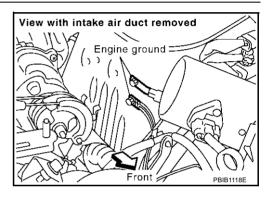
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
89	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
110	G	EVAP control system pressure sensor	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

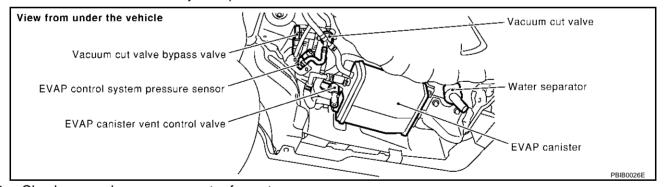
>> GO TO 2.



ABS002L0

2. CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

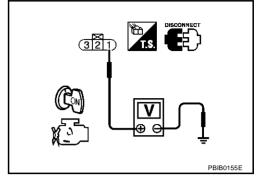
3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B401, B251
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 89

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B401, B251
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

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7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 110 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 2.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B401, B251
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-350, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

11. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-367, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

12. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

Check obstructed rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Clean rubber tube using an air blower, repair or replace rubber tube.

13. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-338, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

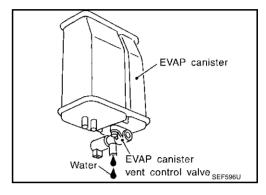
NG >> Replace water separator.

14. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 15. No >> GO TO 17.



15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve attached.

The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> GO TO 16.

16. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

17. Check evap control system pressure sensor shield circuit for open and short

- Disconnect harness connectors B401, B251.
- Check continuity between harness connector B251 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

- 3. Also check harness for short to power.
- 4. Then reconnect harness connectors B401, B251.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> GO TO 18 EC

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18. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B401, B251
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Joint connector-28
- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between harness connector B251 and ground
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

19. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL PRESSURE SENSOR

ABS002L1

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1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.

CAUTION:

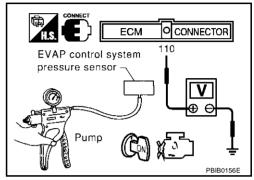
Never apply force to the air hole protector of the sensor if equipped.

- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 110 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V	
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8	
-26.7 (-200 mmHg, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value	



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CAUTION:

Discard any EVAP control system pressure sensor which has dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such a concrete floor; use a new one.

7. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

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DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

PFP:14950

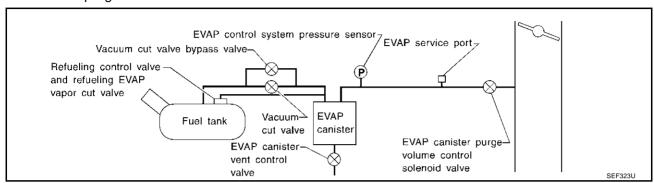
On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002L2

NOTE:

If DTC P0455 is displayed with P1448, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1448. (See EC-553.)

This diagnosis detects a very large leak (fuel filler cap fell off etc.) in EVAP system between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0455 0455	EVAP control system gross leak detected	EVAP control system has a very large leak such as fuel filler cap fell off, EVAP control system does not operate properly.	 Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent. Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit Fuel tank temperature sensor O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. EVAP control system pressure sensor Refueling control valve ORVR system leaks

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002L3

Never remove fuel filler cap during the DTC Confirmation Procedure.

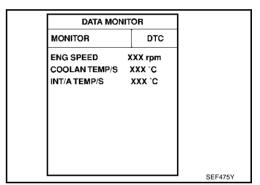
- If DTC P0455 is displayed with P1448, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1448. (See EC-553
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.
- If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Open engine hood before conducting the following procedures.

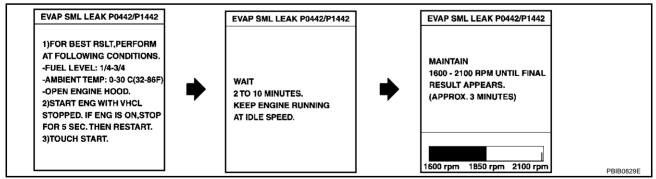
(A) WITH CONSULT-II

- Tighten fuel filler cap securely until ratcheting sound is heard.
- Turn ignition switch "ON". 2.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Make sure that the following conditions are met. **COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F)** INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 60°C (32 - 140°F)



Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



NOTE:

If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to EC-82, "Basic Inspection".

EC-369 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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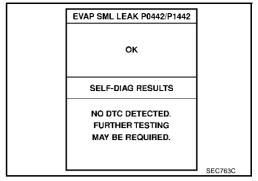
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7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

If "NG" is displayed, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode and make sure that "EVAP GROSS LEAK [P0455]" is displayed. If it is displayed, refer to EC-370, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If P0442 is displayed, go to EC-332, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If P1442 is displayed, go to EC-532, "Diagnostic Procedure".



WITH GST

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving Pattern" on <u>EC-61</u> before driving vehicle.

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Drive vehicle according to "Driving Pattern", EC-61.
- 3. Stop vehicle.
- 4. Select "MODE 1" with GST.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- 5. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- 7. Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving Pattern", <u>EC-61</u>.
- 8. Stop vehicle.
- 9. Select "MODE 3" with GST.
 - If P0455 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-370</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".
 - If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to EC-332, "Diagnostic Procedure".
 - If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-327</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".
 - If P1442 is displayed on the screen, go to EC-532, "Diagnostic Procedure".
 - If P0455, P0441, P0442 and P1442 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10. Select "MODE 1" with GST.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5.

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002L4

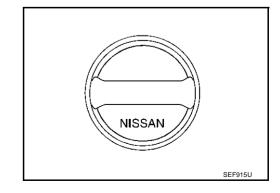
1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



$\overline{2}$. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise. OK or NG EC OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower. 2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard. 3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap. D OK or NG OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4. F 4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE Refer to EC-688, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one. 5. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE Н Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks, improper connection or disconnection. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 6. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower. >> GO TO 7. 7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE, O-RING AND CIRCUIT Refer to EC-553, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". M OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8.

>> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring or harness/connector.

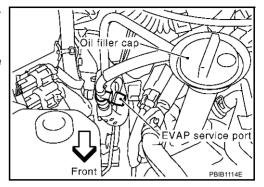
NG

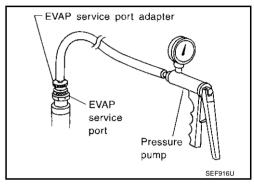
8. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely.

NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





Models with CONSULT-II>>GO TO 9.
Models without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 10.

9. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

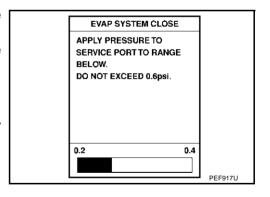
NOTE:

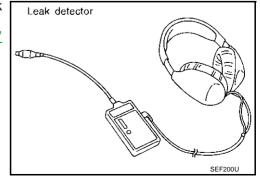
- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Repair or replace.

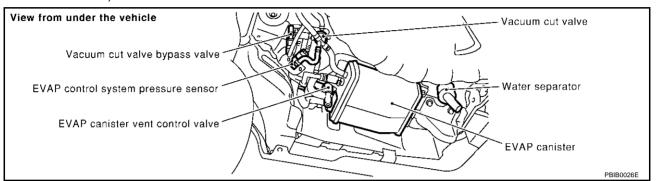




10. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- 3. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



4. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

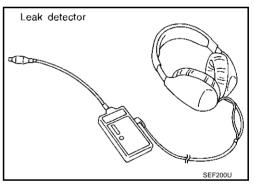
NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 5. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair or replace.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100.0%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14. NG >> GO TO 13.

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12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

Vacuum should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 13.

13. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to EC-24, "Vacuum Hose Drawing" .

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 15.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TEST		
PURG VOL CONT/V	PURG VOL CONT/V XXX %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
	ı	PBIB082

15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-545, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

16. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-290, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

17. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR	Δ
Refer to EC-367, "Component Inspection" .	,
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 18.	ΕC
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	
18. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR LINE	C
Check refueling EVAP vapor line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to EC-691 , "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)"	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.	Е
19. CHECK SIGNAL LINE AND RECIRCULATION LINE	
Check signal line and recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection. OK or NG	F
OK >> GO TO 20.	(
NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.	
20. CHECK REFUELING CONTROL VALVE	-
Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 21.	ı
NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.	
21. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	K
>> INSPECTION END	

EC-375 Revision; 2004 April

DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

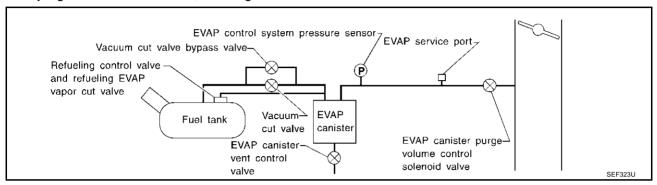
PFP:14950

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS0021.5

This diagnosis detects very small leaks in the EVAP line between fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, using the intake manifold vacuum in the same way as conventional EVAP small leak diagnosis.

- If ECM judges a leak which corresponds to a very small leak, the very small leak P0456 will be detected.
- If ECM judges a leak equivalent to a small leak, EVAP small leak P0442 will be detected.
- If ECM judges there are no leaks, the diagnosis will be OK.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0456 0456	Evaporative emission control system very small leak (negative pressure check)	 EVAP system has a very small leak. EVAP system does not operate properly. 	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit Fuel tank temperature sensor O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water EVAP control system pressure sensor Refueling control valve ORVR system leaks Fuel level sensor and the circuit Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.

Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

- If DTC P0456 is displayed with P0442, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0456.
- After repair, make sure that the hoses and clips are installed properly.
- If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.
- If any of following conditions are met just before the DTC confirmation procedure, leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour.
- Fuel filler cap is removed.
- Refilled or drained the fuel.
- EVAP component parts is/are removed.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

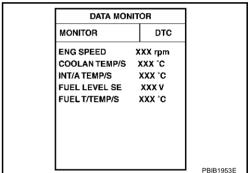
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Make sure the following conditions are met.

FUEL LEVEL SE: 0.25 - 1.4V

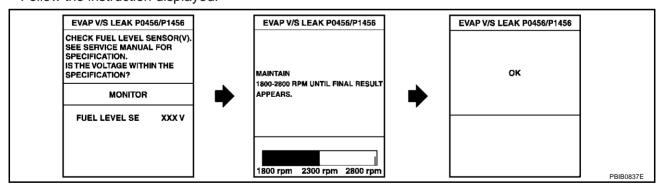
COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 32°C (32 - 90°F) **FUEL T/TMP SE: 0 - 35°C (32 - 95°F)** INT A/TEMP SE: More than 0°C (32°F)

If NG, turn ignition switch "OFF" and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle) or refilling/draining fuel until the output voltage condition of the "FUEL LEVEL SE" meets within the range above and leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour. Then start from step 1).



- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-379, "Diagnostic Procedure".

NOTE:

- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT-II screen, go to EC-82, "Basic Inspection".
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

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Overall Function Check

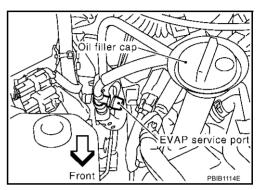
WITH GST

ABS002L7

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP very small leak function. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air, doing so may damage the EVAP system.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceeded 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi).
- Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.



- 2. Set the pressure pump and a hose.
- 3. Also set a vacuum gauge via 3-way connector and a hose.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Connect GST and select MODE 8.
- 6. Using MODE 8 control the EVAP canister vent control valve (close) and vacuum cut valve bypass valve (open).
- Apply pressure and make sure the following conditions are satisfied

Pressure to be applied: 2.7 kPa (20 mmHg, 0.79 inHg) Time to be waited after the pressure drawn in to the EVAP system and the pressure to be dropped: 60 seconds and

the pressure should not be dropped more than 0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.12 inHg).

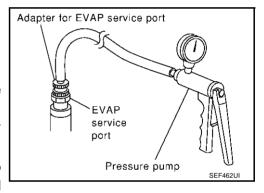
If NG, go to EC-379, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If OK, go to next step.

- Disconnect GST.
- 9. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 10. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 11. Restart engine and let it idle for 90 seconds.
- 12. Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm for 30 seconds.
- 13. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

NOTE:

For more information, refer to GST instruction manual.



Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

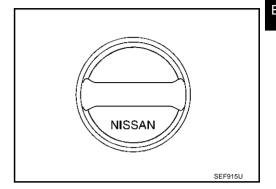
ABS002L8

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.

2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to EC-688, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

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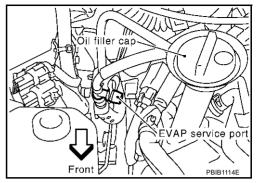
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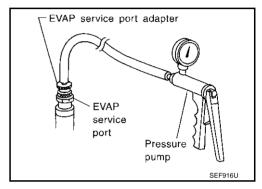
5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





Models with CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6.
Models without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

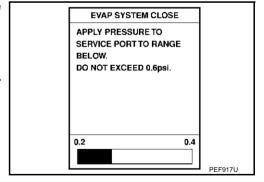
6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



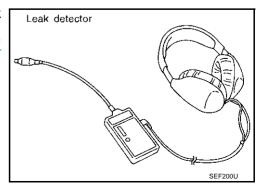
4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.

Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

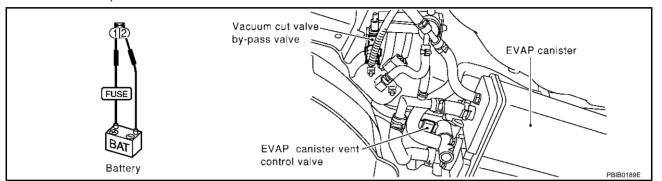
NG >> Repair or replace.



7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- 3. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



4. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

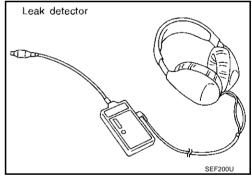
NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 5. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace.



8. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-384, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace water separator.

9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE, O-RING AND CIRCUIT

Refer to EC-553, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring or harness/connector.

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10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

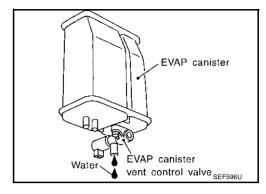
- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- 2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 11.

No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve attached.

The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.

NG >> GO TO 12.

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100.0%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION (R) Without CONSULT-II Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. EC 2. Stop engine. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm. Vacuum should exist. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> GO TO 15. F 15. CHECK VACUUM HOSE Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to EC-24, "Vacuum Hose Drawing". OK or NG >> GO TO 16. OK NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 16. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Н Refer to EC-545, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. 17. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR Refer to EC-290, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit. 18. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR Refer to EC-367, "Component Inspection". OK or NG M OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. 19. check evap purge line Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 20. NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 20. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

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Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 21.

$\overline{21}$. check refueling evap vapor line

Check refueling EVAP vapor line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to EC-691, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

22. CHECK SIGNAL LINE AND RECIRCULATION LINE

Check signal line and recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 23.

NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

23. CHECK REFUELING CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

24. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to DI-24. "CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 25.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

25. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

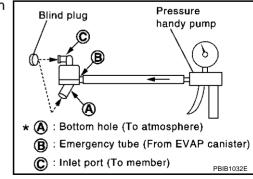
Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR

ABS002L9

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- Check that A and C are not clogged by blowing air into B with A, and then C plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

Do not disassemble water separator.



DTC P0460 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

PFP:25060

Component Description

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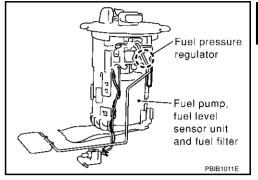
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The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the ECM.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002LB

When the vehicle is parked, naturally the fuel level in the fuel tank is stable. It means that output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change. If ECM senses sloshing signal from the sensor, fuel level sensor malfunction is detected.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0460 0460	Fuel level sensor circuit noise	Even though the vehicle is parked, a signal being varied is sent from the fuel level sensor to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)Fuel level sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002LC

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(A) WITH CONSULT-II

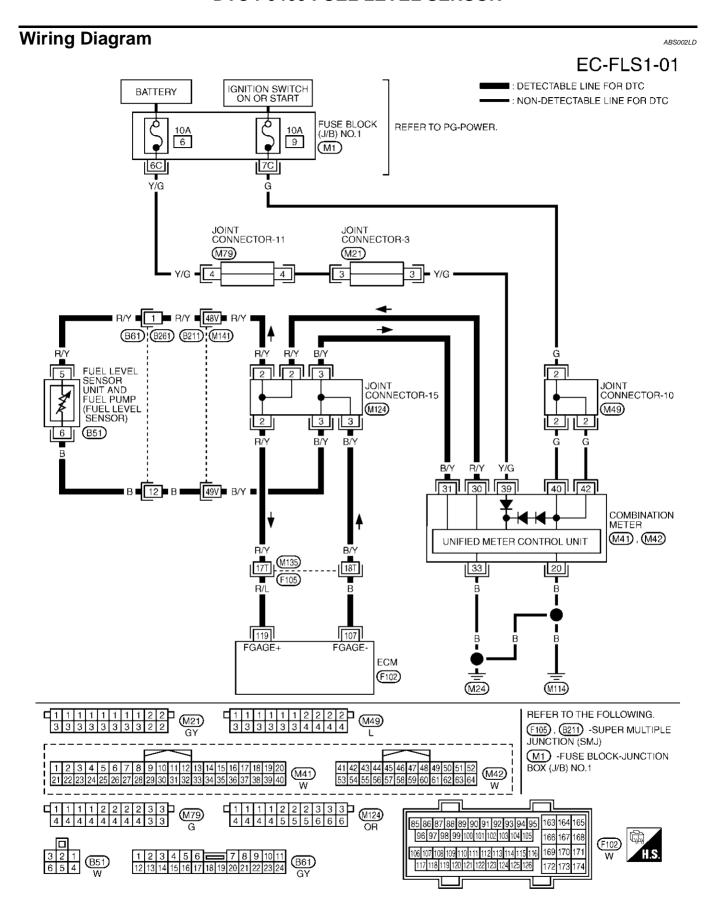
- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait maximum of 2 consecutive minutes.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-387, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MON	IITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX .C	
FUEL LEVEL SE	XXX V	
		SEF195Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

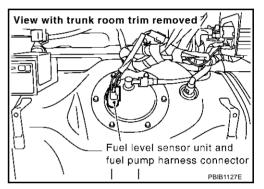
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
107	В	Fuel level sensor ground	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
119	R/L	Fuel level sensor	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel level.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

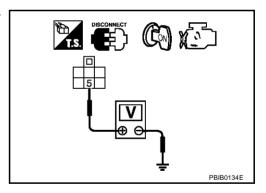


Check voltage between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or a tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M141, B211
- Harness connectors B61, B261
- Joint connector-15
- Harness for open or short between combination meter and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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$\overline{3}$. Check fuel level sensor ground circuit for open and short

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect combination meter harness connectors.
- Check harness continuity between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 6 and combination meter terminal 31. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M141, B211
- Harness connectors B61, B261
- Joint connector-15
- Harness for open or short between combination meter and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 119 and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 5, ECM terminal 107 and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 6. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Joint connector-15
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuel level sensor and fuel pump
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to FL-3, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" . OK or NG $\,$

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to FL-3, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

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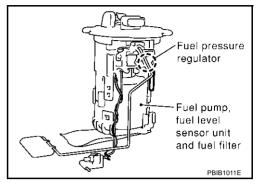
PFP:25060

Component Description

ABS002LG

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the ECM.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

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Driving long distances naturally affect fuel gauge level.

This diagnosis detects the fuel gauge malfunction of the gauge not moving even after a long distance has been driven.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0461 0461	Fuel level sensor circuit range/performance	The output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change within the specified range even though the vehicle has been driven a long distance.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)Fuel level sensor

Overall Function Check

ARS0021

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the fuel level sensor function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WARNING:

When performing following procedure, be sure to observe the handling of the fuel. Refer to <u>FL-9</u>, "FUEL TANK".

TESTING CONDITION:

Before starting overall function check, preparation of draining fuel and refilling fuel is required.

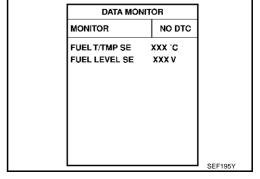
(III) WITH CONSULT-II

NOTE:

Start from step 11, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30 $\,\ell$ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) in advance.

- 1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
- 2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line, refer to <a>EC-49, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
- 4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
- 5. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds then turn "ON".
- Select "FUEL LEVEL SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 7. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- Select "FUEL PUMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "ON" and drain fuel approximately 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) and stop it.
- 10. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- 11. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal).
- 12. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- 13. Confirm whether the voltage changes more than 0.03V during step 7 to 10 and 10 to 12.

If NG, check the fuel level sensor, refer to <u>DI-24, "CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT"</u>.

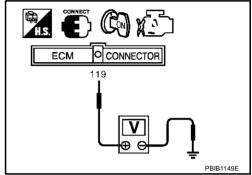


® WITH GST

NOTE:

Start from step 8, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30 $\,\ell$ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) in advance.

- 1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
- 2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line, refer to EC-49, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
- 4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 6. Set voltmeters probe between ECM terminal 119 (fuel level sensor signal) and ground.
- 7. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 119 and ground and note it.
- 9. Drain fuel by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) from the fuel tank using proper equipment.
- 10. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal).
- Confirm that the voltage between ECM terminal 119 and ground changes more than 0.03V during step 8 10.
 If NG, check component of fuel level sensor, refer to <u>DI-24</u>, "CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT".



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DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

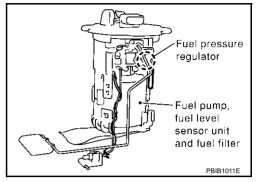
PFP:25060

Component Description

ABS002LJ

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the ECM.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

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ECM receives two signals from the fuel level sensor circuit.

One is fuel level sensor power supply circuit, and the other is fuel level sensor ground circuit.

This diagnosis indicates the former, to detect open or short circuit malfunction.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0462 0462	Fuel level sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)
P0463 0463	Fuel level sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	• Fuel level sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002LL

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

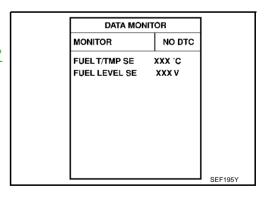
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at ignition switch "ON".

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

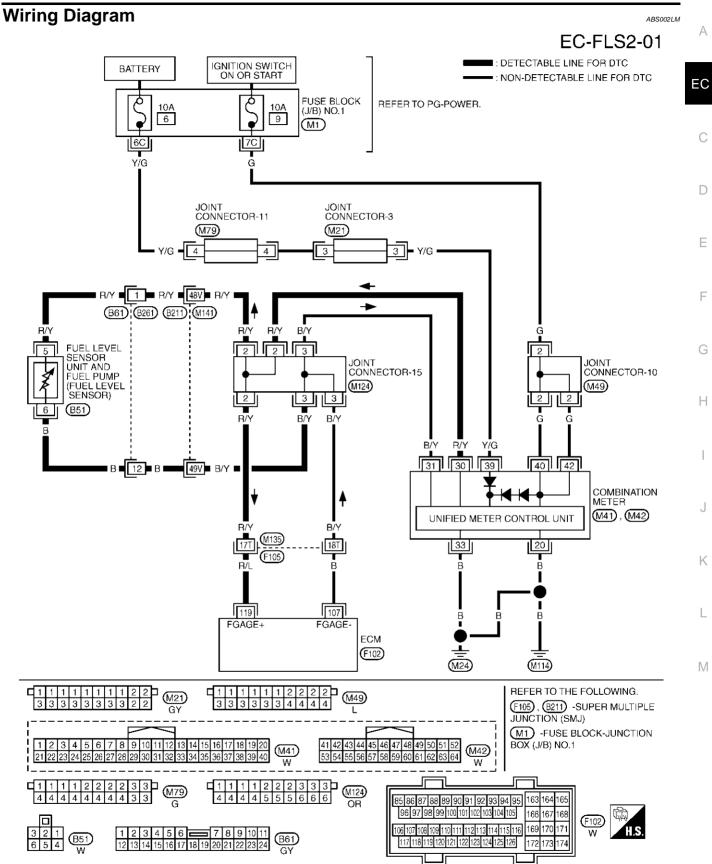
- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-394, "Diagnostic Procedure"

.



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0294E

DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

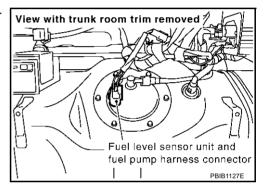
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
119	R/L	Fuel level sensor	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel level.
107	В	Fuel level sensor ground	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002LN

1. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

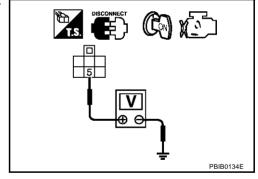


Check voltage between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M141, B211
- Harness connectors B61, B261
- Harness connector-15
- Harness for open or short between combination meter and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

$\overline{3}$. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT Turn ignition switch "OFF". 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. EC Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 107 and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 6. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK D >> GO TO 5. >> GO TO 4. NG 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART F Check the following. Harness connectors M141, B211 Harness connectors B61, B261 Harness connector-15 Harness for open or short between ECM and fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. Н 5. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR Refer to FL-3, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY". OK or NG >> GO TO 6. OK NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit. 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". >> INSPECTION END Removal and Installation **FUEL LEVEL SENSOR** Refer to FL-3, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

DTC P0500 VSS

Description

NOTE:

If DTC P0500 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-141, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".

The vehicle speed signal is sent to the combination meter from the VDC/TCS/ABS control unit by CAN communication line. The combination meter then sends a signal to the ECM by CAN communication line.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002LQ

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0500 0500	Vehicle speed sensor	The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven.	Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)
			 Harness or connectors (The vehicle speed signal circuit is open or shorted)
			Wheel sensor
			Combination meter
			VDC/TCS/ABS control unit

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002LR

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Steps 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine (VDC switch "OFF").
- Read "VHCL SPEED SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. The vehicle speed on CONSULT-II should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.
 If NG, go to EC-397, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If OK, go to following step.

- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,400 - 6,000 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	4.5 - 31.9 msec
Selector lever	Except "P" or "N" position
PW/ST SIGNAL	OFF

6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-397, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR NO DTC	
ENG SPEED XXX rpm	
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C	
B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec	
PW/ST SIGNAL OFF	
VHCL SPEED SE XXX km/h	
	SEF196Y

Revision; 2004 April **EC-396** 2003 M45

DTC P0500 VSS

Overall Function Check Use this procedure to check the overall function of the vehicle speed sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed. **WITH GST** 1. Lift up drive wheels. Start engine. Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "MODE 1" with GST. The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position. 4. If NG, go to EC-397, "Diagnostic Procedure". **Diagnostic Procedure** ABS002LT CHECK DTC WITH VDC/TCS/ABS CONTROL UNIT Refer to BRC-13, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace. 2. CHECK COMBINATION METER Check combination meter function. Refer to DI-6, "COMBINATION METERS" . >> INSPECTION END

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DTC P0506 ISC SYSTEM

PFP:23781

Description

NOTE:

If DTC P0506 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002LV

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0506	Idle speed control system	The idle speed is less than the target idle	Electric throttle control actuator
0506	RPM lower than expected	speed by 100 rpm or more.	Intake air leak

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002LW

NOTE:

- If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform "Idle Air Volume Learning", <u>EC-46</u>, before conducting "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For the target idle speed, refer to the "Service Data and Specifications (SDS)", <u>EC-699</u>.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Open engine hood.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-399, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C

® WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0506 ISC SYSTEM

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Diagnostic Procedure ABS002LX 1. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK Start engine and let it idle. EC 2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 2. >> Discover air leak location and repair. NG 2. REPLACE ECM 1. Stop engine. Replace ECM. Perform initialization of NATS system and registration of all NATS ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function". 4. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning". 5. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 6. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END

EC-399 2003 M45 Revision; 2004 April

DTC P0507 ISC SYSTEM

PFP:23781

Description

NOTE:

If DTC P0507 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002LZ

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0507 0507	Idle speed control system RPM higher than expected	The idle speed is more than the target idle speed by 200 rpm or more.	Electric throttle control actuator Intake air leak PCV system

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002M0

NOTE:

- If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform "Idle Air Volume Learning", <u>EC-46</u>, before conducting "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For the target idle speed, refer to the "Service Data and Specifications (SDS)", <u>EC-699</u>.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Open engine hood.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-401, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

DATA MONI		
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX rpm XXX °C	
		SEF174Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0507 ISC SYSTEM

Diagnostic Procedure ABS002M1 Α CHECK PCV HOSE CONNECTION Confirm that PCV hose is connected correctly. EC OK or NG OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace. 2. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK Start engine and let it idle. D 2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 3. F NG >> Discover air leak location and repair. 3. REPLACE ECM Stop engine. 2. Replace ECM. Perform initialization of NATS system and registration of all NATS ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function". Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning". Н 5. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 6. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END

Revision; 2004 April **EC-401** 2003 M45

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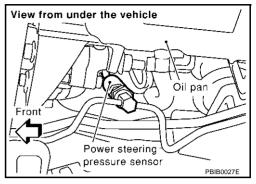
DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

PFP:49763

Component Description

ABS002M2

Power steering pressure (PSP) sensor is installed to the power steering high-pressure tube and detects a power steering load. This sensor is a potentiometer which transforms the power steering load into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator and adjusts the throttle valve opening angle to increase the engine speed and adjusts the idle speed for the increased load.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002M3

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	SPECIFICATION	
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Steering wheel is in neutral position. (Forward direction)	OFF
	the engine	Steering wheel is turned.	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002M4

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0550 0550	Power steering pressure sensor circuit	An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Power steering pressure sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002M5

NOTE:

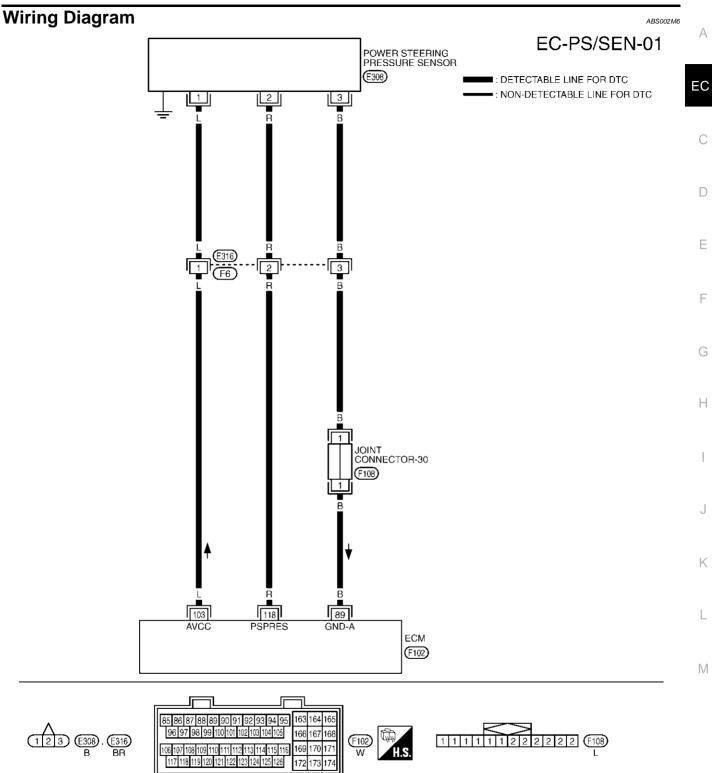
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-404, "Diagnostic Procedure".

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0296E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
89	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
118	R	Power steering pressure	[Engine is running]Steering wheel is being turned.	0.5 - 4.0V
		sensor	[Engine is running]Steering wheel is not being turned.	0.4 - 0.8V

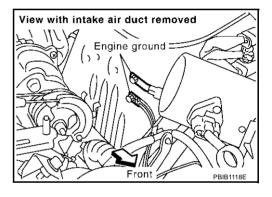
Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002M7

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

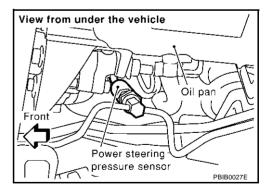
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK PSP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect PSP sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".

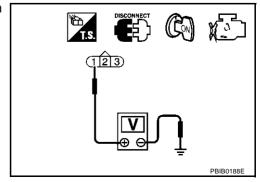


3. Check voltage between PSP sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



$\overline{3}$. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Harness connectors F6, E316 EC Harness for open or short between ECM and power steering pressure sensor >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 4. CHECK PSP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT Turn ignition switch "OFF". Check harness continuity between PSP sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 89. Refer to Wiring Diagram. F Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5. 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Н Harness connectors F6, E316 Joint connector-30 Harness for open or short between power steering pressure sensor and ECM >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors. 6. CHECK PSP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 118 and PSP sensor terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. M NG >> GO TO 7. 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Harness connectors F6, E316 Harness for open or short between ECM and power steering pressure sensor >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 8. CHECK PSP SENSOR Refer to EC-406, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG OK >

NG

>> GO TO 9.

>> Replace PSP sensor.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

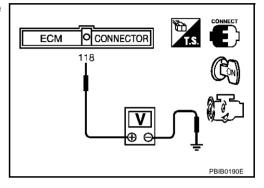
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection POWER STEERING PRESSURE SENSOR

ABS002M8

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 118 and ground under the following conditions.

Condition	Voltage
Steering wheel is being turned fully.	Approximately 3.6V
Steering wheel is not being turned.	Approximately 0.6V



Removal and Installation POWER STEERING PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to PS-31, "HYDRAULIC LINE".

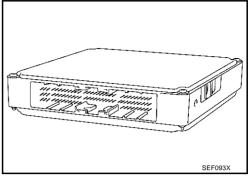
ABS00A7J

DTC P0605 ECM PFP:23710

Component Description

ABS002M9

The ECM consists of a microcomputer and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The ECM controls the engine.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

ARSONAMA

This self-diagnosis has one or two trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
P0605 0605	Engine control module	A)	ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.	• ECM
		B)	ECM EEP-ROM system is malfunctioning.	
		C)	ECM self shut-off function is malfunctioning.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

ECM enters fail-safe mode when the malfunction A is detected.

Detected items	Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode	
Malfunction A	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. When the accelerator pedal depressed value reaches a throttle opening of 30 degrees or more, the throttle valve opens to a maximum of 20 degrees by the accelerator wire.	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002MB

Perform "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B". If there is no malfunction on "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNC-TION B", perform "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C".

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

(P) With CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-408, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR MONITOR NO DTC **ENG SPEED** XXX rpm SEF058Y

® With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

EC-407 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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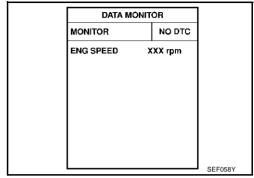
DTC P0605 ECM

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

(iii) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-408, "Diagnostic Procedure"

.



With GST

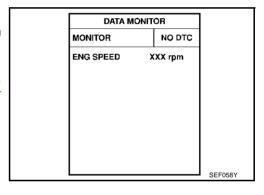
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 1 second.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 4. Repeat step 3 for 32 times.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-408</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"

.



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

ABS002MC

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- 4. Perform "DTC Confirmation Procedure". See EC-407.
- 5. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

With GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select MODE 4 with GST.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- 4. **Perform "DTC Confirmation Procedure".** See <u>EC-407</u>.
- 5. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> INSPECTION END

DTC P0605 ECM

2. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of NATS system and registration of all NATS ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u> .
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 5. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

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DTC P0650 MIL PFP:24810

Component Description

ABS002MD

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) is located on the instrument panel. When the ignition switch is turned ON without engine running, MIL will light up. This is a bulb check. When the engine is started, MIL should go off. If MIL remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002ME

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0650 0650	Malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) control circuit	 An excessively high voltage is sent to ECM through the MIL circuit under the condition that calls for MIL light up. An excessively low voltage is sent to ECM through the MIL circuit under the condition that calls for MIL not to light up. 	Harness or connectors (MIL circuit is open or shorted.)MIL

FAIL-SAFE MODE

ECM enters fail-safe mode when both DTC P0650 and another DTC, which calls for MIL to light up, are detected at the same time.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
MIL circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002MF

NOTF:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-412</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"

DATA MONITOR
MONITOR
NO DTC
ENG SPEED XXX rpm

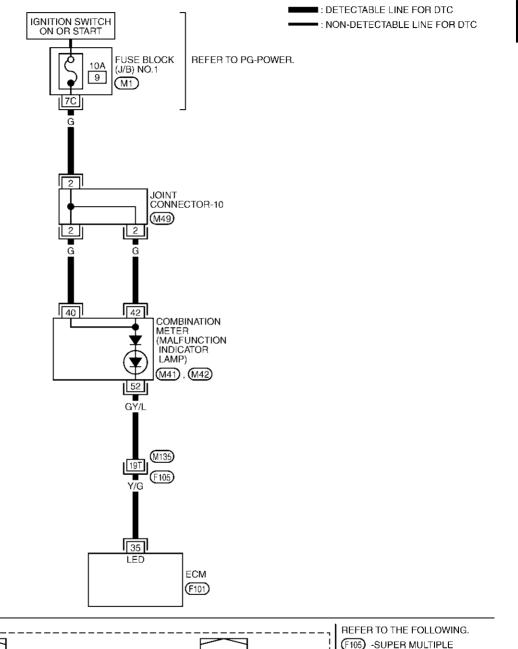
WITH GST

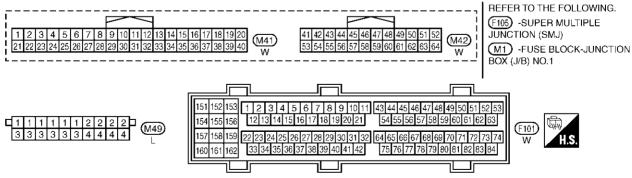
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram

ABS002MG

EC-MIL-01





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DTC P0650 MIL

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

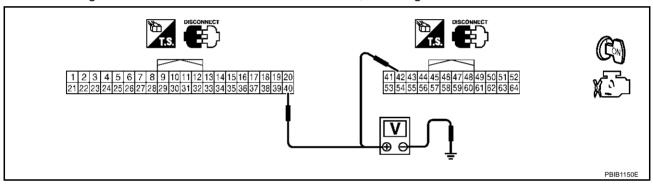
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Ignition switch "ON"]	0 - 1.0V
35	Y/G	MIL	[Engine is running]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			Idle speed	(11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002MH

1. CHECK MIL POWER SUPPLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between combination meter terminals 40, 42 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester



Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector M1
- 10A fuse
- Joint connector-10
- Harness for open or short between fuse block (J/B) and combination meter

>> Repair harness or connectors.

$\overline{3}$. Check mil output signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 35 and combination meter terminal 52. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

>> GO TO 4. NG

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

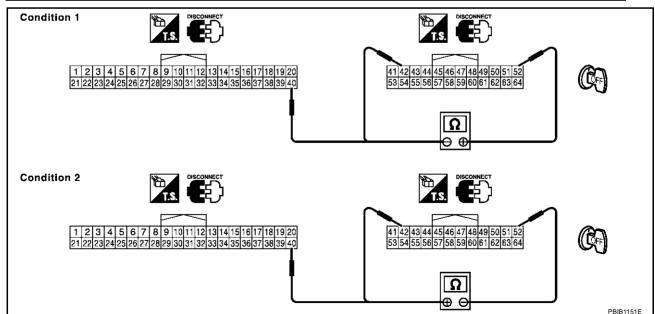
Check the following.

- Harness connectors F105, M135
- Harness for open or short between ECM and combination meter
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK COMBINATION METER

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- Check continuity under the following conditions.

CONDITION	Combination meter terminal No. (Polarity) Continuity		
1	52 (+) - 40 (–)	Should exist.	
ı	52 (+) - 42 (–)	- Should exist.	
2	40 (+) - 52 (–)	Should not exist.	
2	42 (+) - 52 (-)	SHOUID HOLEXISE.	



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

>> Replace combination meter. Refer to DI-24, "Removal and Installation of Combination Meter" . NG

EC-413 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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DTC P0650 MIL

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

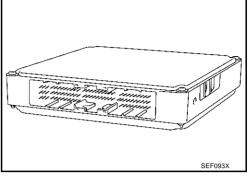
DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

PFP:23710

Component Description

ABS002MI

Battery voltage is supplied to the ECM even when the ignition switch is turned OFF for the ECM memory function of the DTC memory, the air-fuel ratio feedback compensation value memory, the idle air volume learning value memory, etc.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

ARSONAMI

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1065 1065	ECM power supply circuit	ECM back-up RAM system does not function properly.	 Harness or connectors [ECM power supply (back-up) circuit is open or shorted.] ECM

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002MK

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(III) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 1 second.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- Repeat steps 3 and 4 for 4 times.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-417, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR MONITOR NO DTC ENG SPEED XXX rpm

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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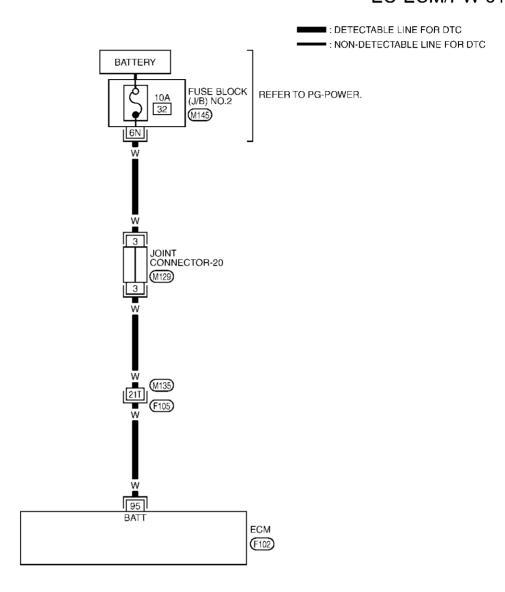
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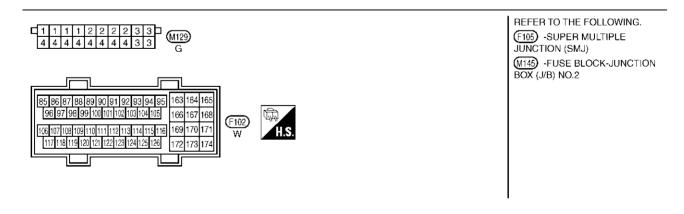
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Wiring Diagram

ABSO02ML

EC-ECM/PW-01





TBWA0320E

DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
95	W	Power supply for ECM (Back-up)	[Ignition switch "OFF"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

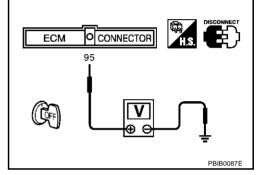
1. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 95 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Joint connector-20
- Fuse block (J/B) No.2 connector M145
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ECM and battery
 - >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors. Α

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DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- 4. Perform "DTC Confirmation Procedure". See EC-415.
- 5. Is the 1st trip DTC P1065 displayed again?

With GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select MODE 4 with GST.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- 4. Perform "DTC Confirmation Procedure". See EC-415.
- 5. Is the 1st trip DTC P1065 displayed again?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5.

No >> INSPECTION END

5. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of NATS system and registration of all NATS ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 5. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1102 MAF SENSOR

PFP:22680

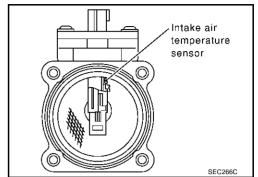
Component Description

ABS002MN

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The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot film is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss. Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot film as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002MO

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	C	ONDITION	SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	Approx. 1.1 - 1.5V
MAS A/F SE-B1	Air conditioner switch: OFF		
WAS AVE SE-BI	Selector lever: P or N	2,500 rpm	Approx. 1.7 - 2.4V
	No load		
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	15% - 35%
CAL/LD VALUE	Selector lever: P or N		
CAL/LD VALUE	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,500 rpm	10% - 35%
	No load		
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	3.8 - 5.2 g⋅m/s
MASS AIRFLOW	Selector lever: P or N		
	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,500 rpm	16.0 - 21.5 g·m/s
	No load		

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002MP

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1102 1102	Mass air flow sensor circuit range/performance problem	A voltage from the sensor is constantly approx.1.0V when engine is running.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)Mass air flow sensor

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

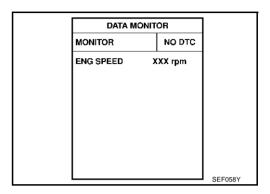
ABS002MC

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

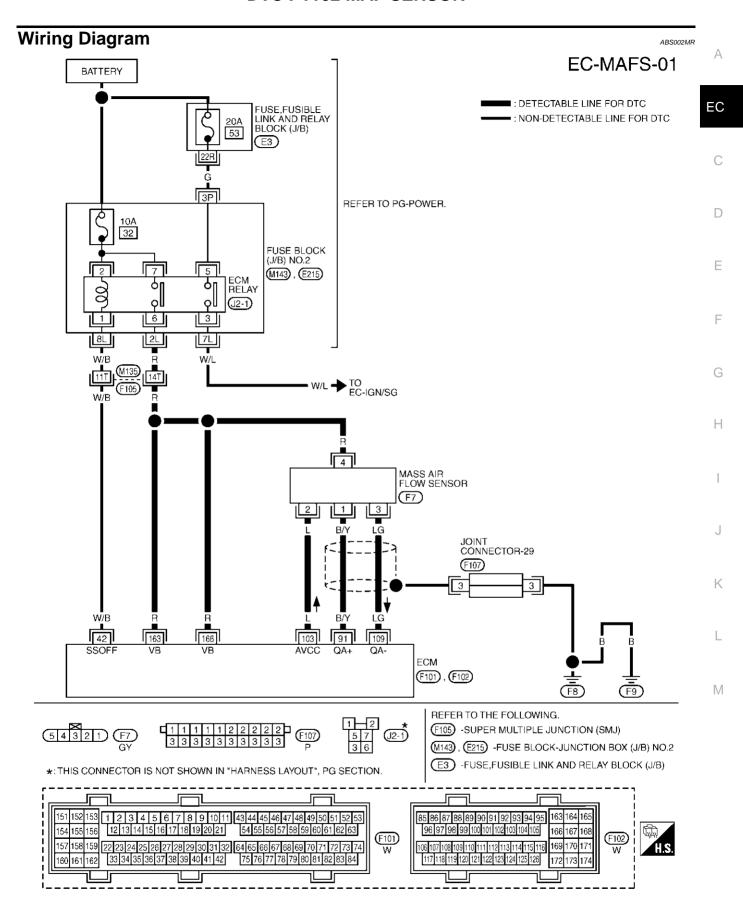
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-422, "Diagnostic Procedure".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
42	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch "OFF"] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1.0V
		(Sell Silut-Oil)	[Ignition switch "OFF"] ■ More than a few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
91	B/Y	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	1.1 - 1.5V
			[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.7 - 2.4V
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
109	LG	Mass air flow sensor ground	[Engine is running]● Warm-up condition● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
163 166	R R	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

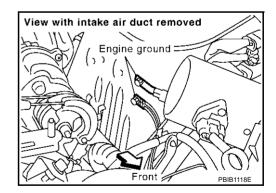
Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

ABS002MS

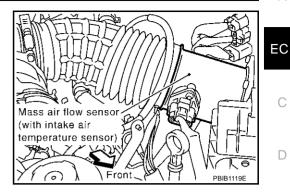
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



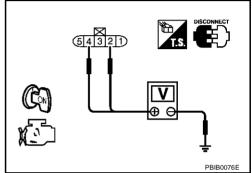
$\overline{2}$. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Disconnect MAF sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".



Check voltage between MAF sensor terminals 2, 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Terminal	Voltage
2	Approximately 5V
4	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.

3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM relay
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF". 1.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 109. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

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5. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 91. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EC-424, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

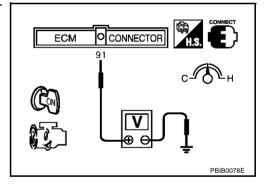
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

ABS002MT

- 1. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 91 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	Voltage V
Ignition switch "ON" (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 1.0
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.1 - 1.5
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.4
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.1 - 1.5 to Approx. 4.0



^{*:} Make sure linear voltage rises engine speed increased to about 4,000 rpm.

- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
 - Turn ignition switch "OFF".
 - Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
 - Perform steps 2 and 3 again.
- 5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust.
- 6. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

ABS002MU

Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

PFP:23796

ABS002MV

Component Description

Intake valve timing control solenoid valve is activated by ON/OFF

pulse duty (ratio) signals from the ECM.

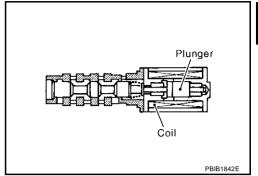
The intake valve timing control solenoid valve changes the oil

The intake valve timing control solenoid valve changes the oil amount and direction of flow through intake valve timing control unit or stops oil flow.

The longer pulse width advances valve angle.

The shorter pulse width retards valve angle.

When ON and OFF pulse widths become equal, the solenoid valve stops oil pressure flow to fix the intake valve angle at the control position.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002MW

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0% - 2%
INT/V SOL (B1)	Selector lever: P or N		
INT/V SOL (B2)	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,000 rpm	Approx. 25% - 50%
	No load		

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002MX

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1111 1111 (bank 1) P1136 1136 (bank 2)	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit	An improper voltage is sent to the ECM through intake valve timing control solenoid valve.	Harness or connectors (Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) Intake valve timing control solenoid valve.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002MZ

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(A) WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch "ON".

- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than idle speed
Selector lever	"P" or "N" position

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-429, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

WITH GST

Following the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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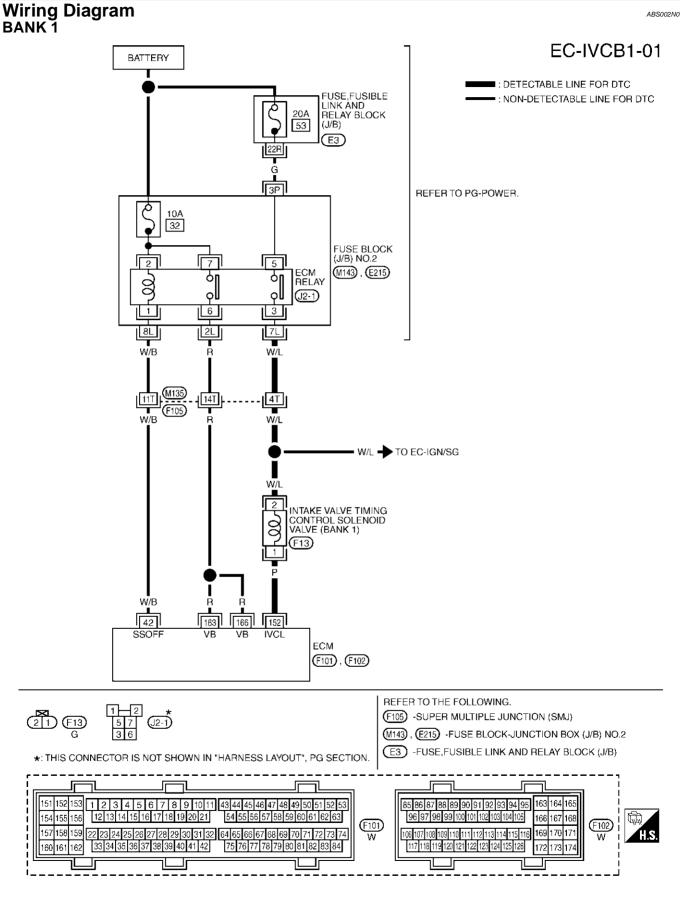
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
152	P	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,500 rpm	7 - 12V★
				PBIB1790E

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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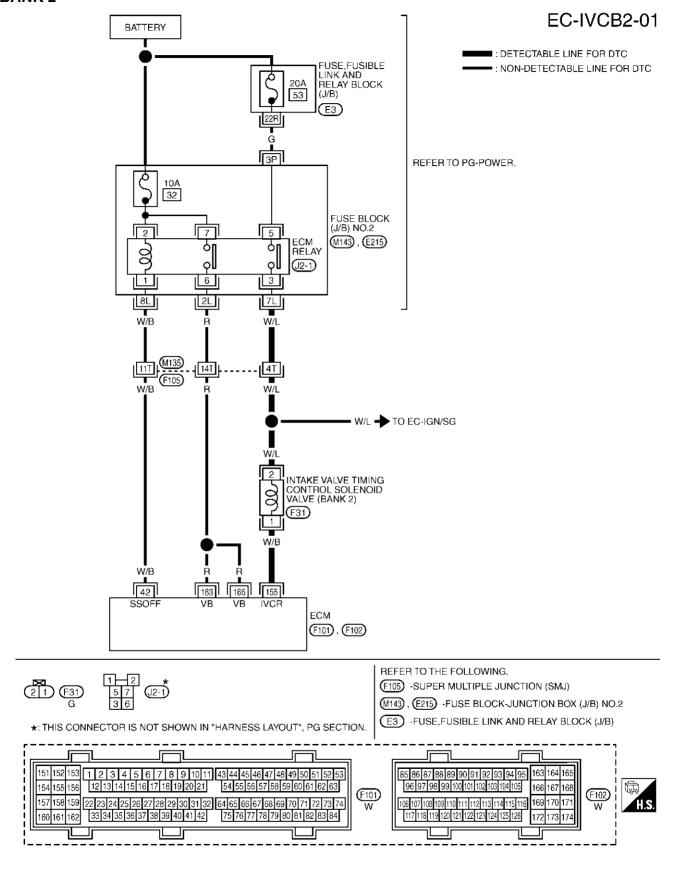
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BANK 2



TBWA0264E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

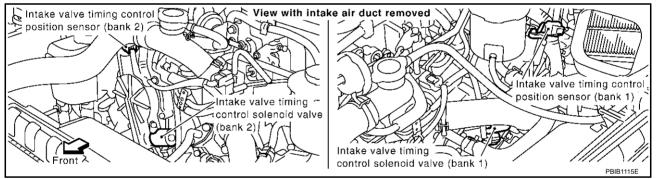
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
155	W/B	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,500 rpm	7 - 12V★
				PBIB1790E

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.

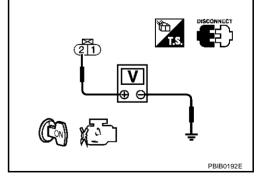


- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check voltage between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



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$\overline{2}$. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and ECM relay
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 152 (bank 1) and intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 1, or ECM terminal 155 (bank 2) and intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-430, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132. "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

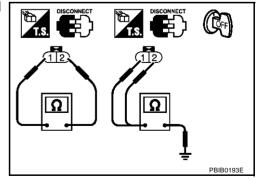
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

ABS002N2

- 1. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
- Check resistance between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals as follows.

Terminals	Resistance	
1 and 2	7.0 - 7.7Ω at 20°C (68°F)	
1 or 2 and ground	${}^{\infty\Omega}$ (Continuity should not exist)	



Removal and Installation INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EM-35, "TIMING CHAIN".

ABS002N3

DTC P1119 RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

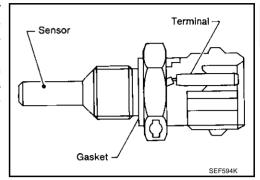
DTC P1119 RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

PFP:22630

Component Description

ABS002N4

The radiator coolant temperature sensor is installed on the radiator lower tank and used to detect the radiator coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM and returns the modified signal to the ECM as the radiator coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of thermistor decreases as temperature increase. The ECM uses this signal to control the cooling fan speed control solenoid valve.



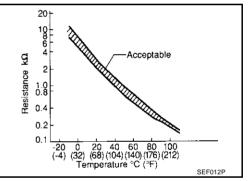
<Reference data>

Radiator coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	9.017 - 9.723
20 (68)	3.5	2.437 - 2.595
90 (194)	0.9	0.2416 - 0.2575
110 (230)	0.64	0.1451 - 0.1522
150 (302)	0.32	0.05927 - 0.06267

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 122 (Radiator coolant temperature sensor) and body ground.

CAUTION

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002N5

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1119 1119	Radiator coolant temperature sensor circuit	An excessively high or low voltage from the radiator coolant temperature sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The radiator coolant temperature sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Radiator coolant temperature sensor

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
Radiator coolant temperature sensor circuit	ECM controls on assumption that the radiator coolant temperature is 97 °C (207 °F).	

Revision; 2004 April **EC-431** 2003 M45

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DTC P1119 RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

DTC Confirmation Procedure

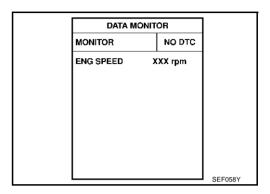
ABS002N7

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-434, "Diagnostic Procedure".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1119 RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

(W)

Wiring Diagram

ARSON2NR

EC-RCTS-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

<u>E64</u>)

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GND-A

JOINT CONNECTOR-30

> ECM (F102)

(F108)



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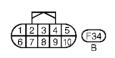
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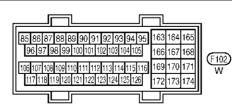
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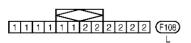






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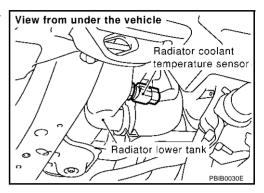
DTC P1119 RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

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1. CHECK RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect radiator coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

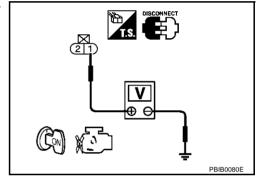


Check voltage between radiator coolant temperature sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connector E34, F34
- Harness for open or short between ECM and radiator coolant temperature sensor
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Check harness continuity between radiator coolant temperature sensor terminal 2 and ECM terminal 89. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connector E34, F34
- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between ECM and radiator coolant temperature sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P1119 RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

5. CHECK RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-435, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace radiator coolant temperature sensor.

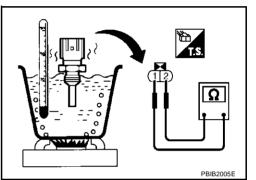
6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between radiator coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



<Reference data>

Radiator coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.437 - 2.595
90 (194)	0.9	0.2416 - 0.2575

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 122 (Radiator coolant temperature sensor) and body ground.

CAUTION:

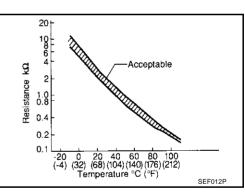
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/ output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's

transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

2. If NG, replace radiator coolant temperature sensor.

Removal and Installation RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to CO-12, "RADIATOR".



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DTC P1121 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

DTC P1121 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

PFP:16119

Component Description

ARS002NC

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, accelerator pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc.

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

Accelerator pedal position sensor detects the accelerator pedal position, the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feeds the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle motor based on these signals.

The throttle position sensor detects the throttle valve position, and the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002ND

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
B.4404		A)	Electric throttle control actuator does not function properly due to the return spring malfunction.	
P1121 1121	Electric throttle control actuator	В)	Throttle valve opening angle in fail-safe mode is not in specified range.	Electric throttle control actuator
		C)	ECM detect the throttle valve is stuck open.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode		
Malfunction A The ECM controls the electric throttle actuator by regulating the throttle opening around the idle posit The engine speed will not rise more than 2,000 rpm.			
Malfunction B ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20 degrees of			
Malfunction C While the vehicle is driving, it slows down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, the The engine can restart in N or P position, and engine speed will not exceed 1,000 rpm or make the control of the control			

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002NE

NOTE:

- Perform "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C".
 If there is no malfunction on "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B", perform "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C".
- If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition witch "ON" and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Shift selector lever to "D" position and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-437, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

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Revision; 2004 April **EC-436** 2003 M45

DTC P1121 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

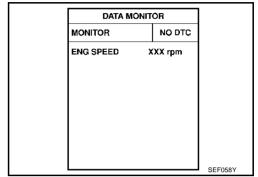
☞ With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 1 second.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Shift selector lever to "D" position and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 4. Shift selector lever to "N" or "P" position.
- 5. Start engine and let it idle for 3 seconds.
- 6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-437, "Diagnostic Procedure".



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

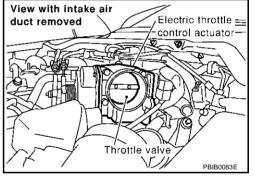
- Remove the intake air duct.
- 2. Check if a foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Remov

>> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- Perform <u>EC-46</u>, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

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DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

PFP:16119

ARS002NG

Description

NOTE:

If DTC P1122 is displayed with DTC P1121 or 1126, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1121 or P1126. Refer to EC-436 or EC-445.

Electric Throttle Control Actuator consists of throttle control motor, accelerator pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc.

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1122 1122	Electric throttle control performance problem	Electric throttle control function does not operate properly.	 Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor circuit is open or shorted) Electric throttle control actuator

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

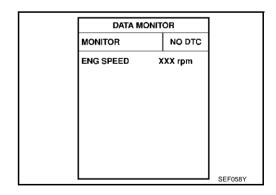
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V when engine is running.

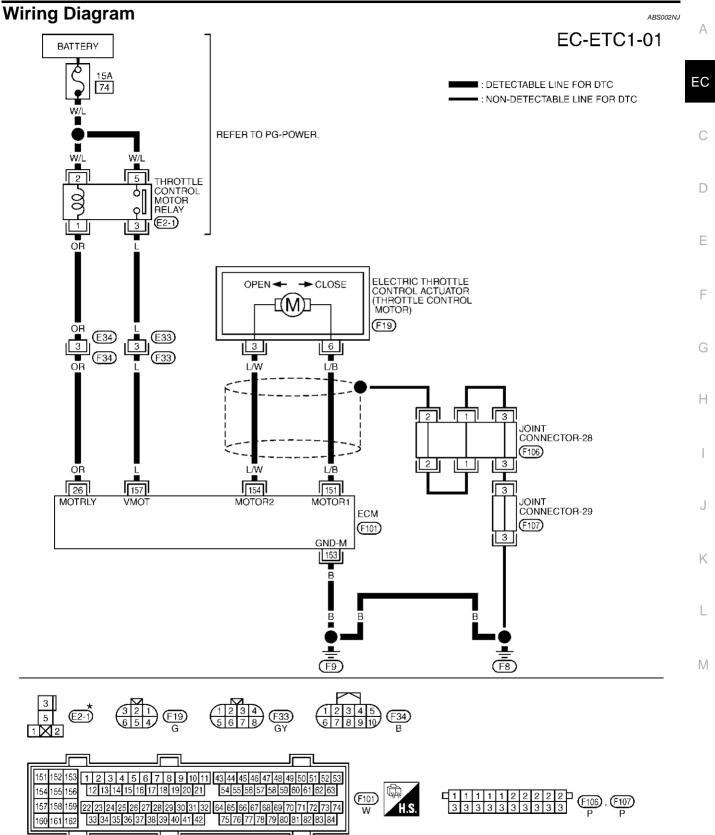
(III) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-440, "Diagnostic Procedure".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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*: THIS CONNECTOR IS NOT SHOWN IN "HARNESS LAYOUT", PG SECTION.

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
26	OR	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch "OFF"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch "ON"]	0 - 1.0V
151	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	[Ignition switch "ON"] • Engine stopped • Selector lever: "D" • Accelerator pedal is depressed	0 - 14V*
153	В	Throttle control motor ground	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0V
154	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch "ON"] • Engine stopped • Selector lever: "D" • Accelerator pedal is released	0 - 14V★
157	L	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

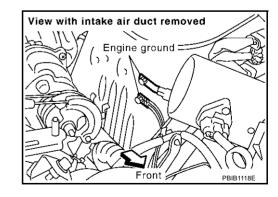
Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

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- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF"
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 153 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

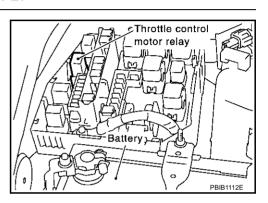
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect throttle control motor relay harness connector.

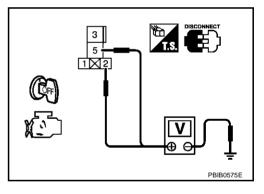


Check voltage between throttle control motor relay terminals 2, 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between throttle control motor relay and battery
 - >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

5. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check continuity between ECM terminal 157 and throttle control motor relay terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-441** 2003 M45

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6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F33, E33
- Harness for open or short between ECM and throttle control motor relay
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check continuity between ECM terminal 26 and throttle control motor relay terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F34, E34
- Harness for open or short between ECM and throttle control motor relay
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

Refer to EC-443, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

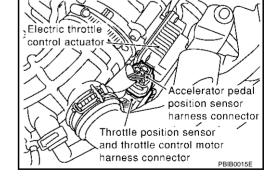
OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace throttle control motor relay.

10. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
3	151	Should not exist
3	154	Should exist
6	151	Should exist
	154	Should not exist



5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Repair or replace.

11. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

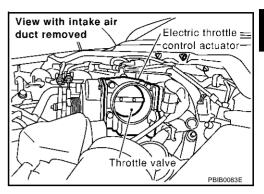
- Remove the intake air duct.
- 2. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG

>> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



12. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Refer to EC-443, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> GO TO 14.

13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

14. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- Perform <u>EC-46</u>, "Accelerator <u>Pedal Released Position Learning"</u>.
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

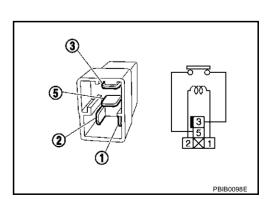
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

- 1. Apply 12V direct current between relay terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Check continuity between relay terminals 3 and 5.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No current supply	No

3. If NG, replace throttle control motor relay.



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THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals 3 and 6.

Resistance: Approximately 1 - 15 Ω [at 25 °C (77°F)]

- 3. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"
- 5. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 6. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

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Remove and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

PFP:16119

Component Description

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Power supply for the throttle control motor is provided to the ECM via throttle control motor relay. The throttle control motor relay is ON/OFF controlled by the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned ON, the ECM sends an ON signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is provided to the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned OFF, the ECM sends an OFF signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is not provided to the ECM.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002NO

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
THRTL RELAY	Ignition switch: ON	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002NP

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1124 1124	Throttle control motor relay circuit short	ECM detects the throttle control motor relay is stuck ON.	 Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor relay circuit is shorted) Throttle control motor relay
P1126 1126	Throttle control motor relay circuit open	ECM detects a voltage of power source for throttle control motor is excessively low.	 Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor relay circuit is open) Throttle control motor relay

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

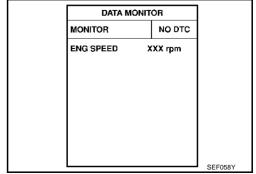
PROCEDURE FOR DTC P1124

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V.

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 1 second.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. If DTC is detected, go to EC-448, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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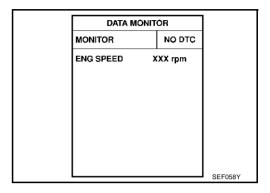
With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P1126

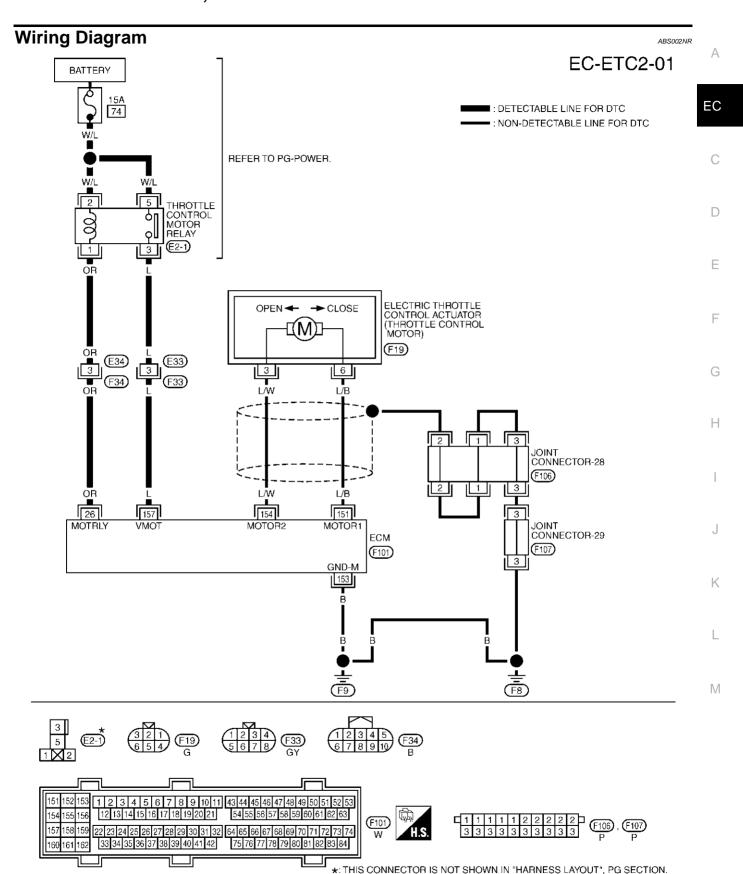
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR""mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-448, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

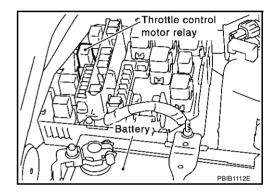
TE MIN NO	COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
26 OR	6 OR	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch "OFF"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch "ON"]	0 - 1.0V
15	57 L	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002NS

1. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF"
- 2. Disconnect throttle control motor relay harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.

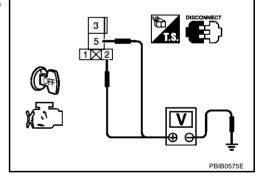


4. Check voltage between throttle control motor relay terminals 2, 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between throttle control motor relay and battery

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

$\overline{3.}$ check throttle control motor relay input signal circuit for open and short Check continuity between ECM terminal 157 and throttle control motor relay terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram. EC Continuity should exist. 2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4. D 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. F Harness connectors F33, E33 Harness for open or short between ECM and throttle control motor relay >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 5. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT Check continuity between ECM terminal 26 and throttle control motor relay terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Н Continuity should exist. 2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6. **6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART** Check the following. Harness connectors F34, E34 Harness for open or short between ECM and throttle control motor relay >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 7. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY Refer to EC-450, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Replace throttle control motor relay. 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

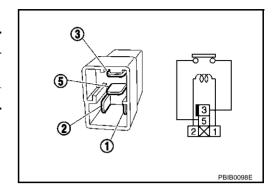
Component Inspection THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

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- 1. Apply 12V direct current between relay terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Check continuity between relay terminals 3 and 5.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No current supply	No

3. If NG, replace throttle control motor relay.



DTC P1128 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

PFP:16119

Component Description

ARS002NT

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

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On Board Diagnosis Logic

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This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1128 1128	Throttle control motor circuit short	ECM detects short in both circuits between ECM and throttle control motor.	Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor circuit is shorted.) Electric throttle control actuator (Throttle control motor)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

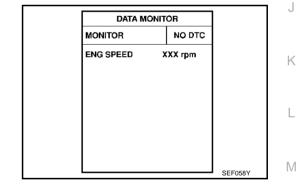
ABS002NV

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

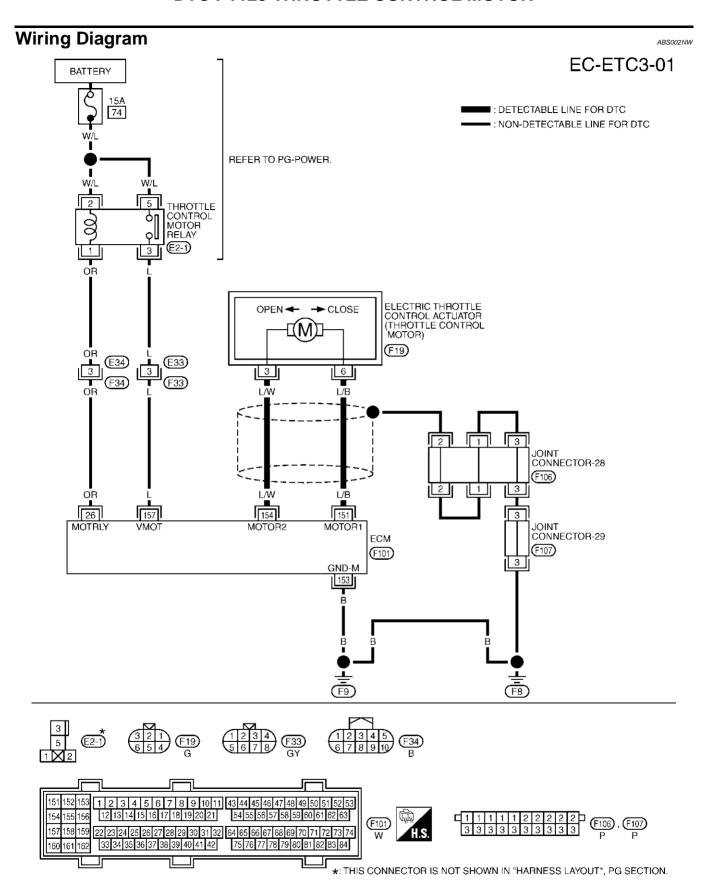
(A) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-453, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
151	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is depressed 	0 - 14V★
154	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch "ON"] • Engine stopped • Selector lever: "D" • Accelerator pedal is released	0 - 14V* 200 Us/DIV 200 Us/DIV PBIB0061E
			• Accelerator pedar is released	

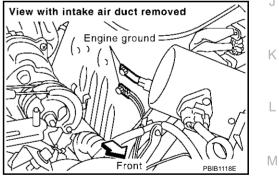
^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



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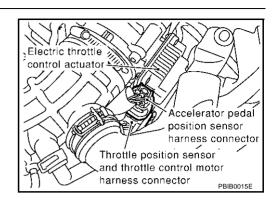
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$\overline{2}$. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
3	151	Should not exist
3	154	Should exist
6	151	Should exist
O	154	Should not exist



4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Refer to EC-454, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> GO TO 5.

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

5. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

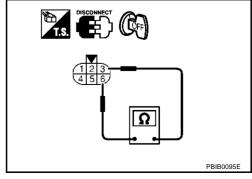
Component Inspection THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

ABS002NY

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminals 3 and 6.

Resistance: Approximately 1 - 15 Ω [at 25 °C (77°F)]

- 3. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
- 4. Perform <u>EC-46</u>, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"
- 5. Perform <u>EC-46</u>, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 6. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".



Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

ABS002NZ

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Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

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DTC P1140, P1145 IVT CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

PFP:23731

Component Description

AB\$00200

Intake valve timing control position sensors are located in the front of cylinder heads in both bank 1 and bank 2.

This sensor uses a Hall IC.

The cam position is determined by the intake primary cam sprocket concave (in four places). The ECM provides feedback to the intake valve timing control for appropriate target valve open-close timing according to drive conditions based on detected cam position.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

4RS00201

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	–5 - 5°CA
INT/V TIM (B1)	 Selector lever: P or N 		Approx. 0 - 20°CA
INT/V TIM (B2)	 Air conditioner switch: OFF 	2,000 rpm	
	No load		

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS00202

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1140 1140 (bank 1)			Harness or connectors (Intake valve timing control position sensor circuit is open or shorted) Intake valve timing control position
P1145 1145 (bank 2)	Intake valve timing control position sensor circuit	An excessively high or low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 sensor Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002O4

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

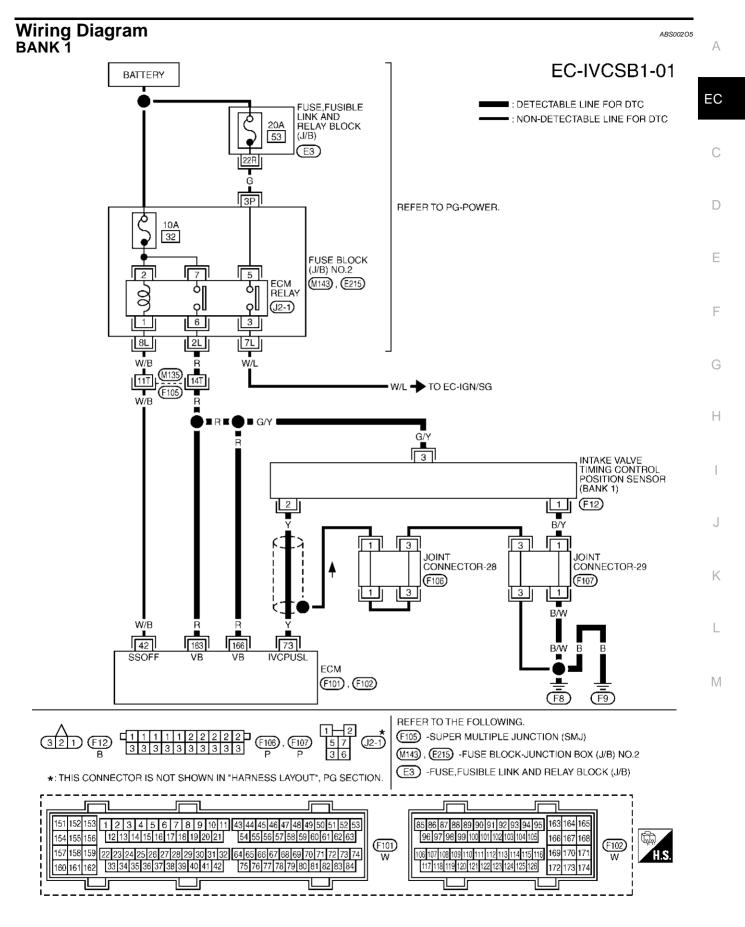
- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than idle speed
Selector lever	"P" or "N" position

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-460, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0265E

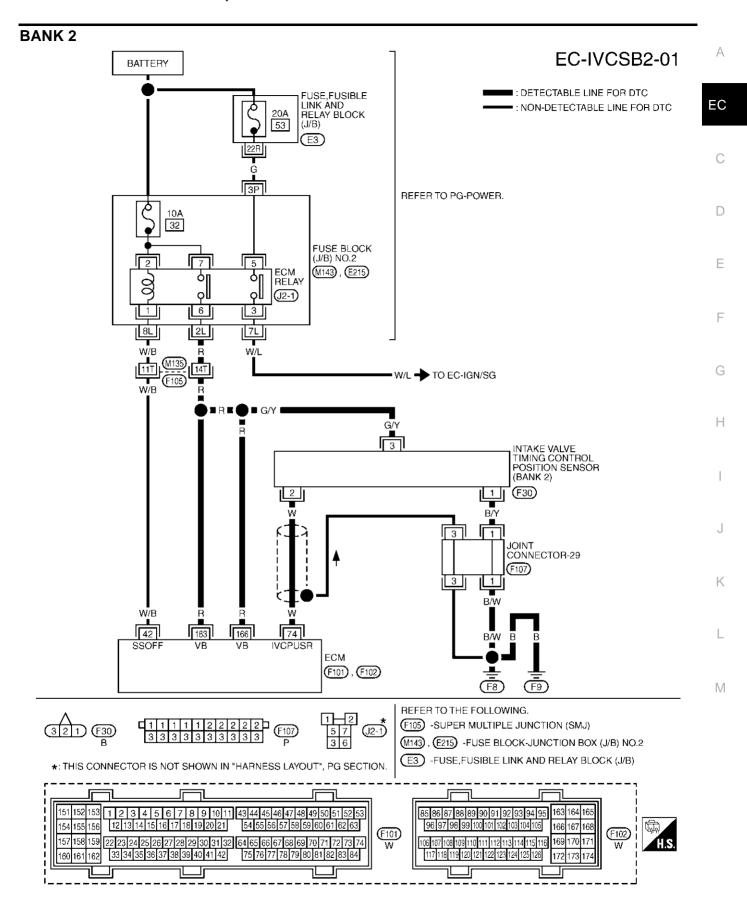
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
		Intake valve timing	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	0 - 1.0V★
73	Y	control position sensor (bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - 1.0V★ → 5.0V/Div 20 ms/Div PBIB0055E

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)



TBWA0266E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
74	W	Intake valve timing	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	0 - 1.0V★ → 5.0V/Div 20 ms/Div PBIB0054E
74	VV	control position sensor (bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - 1.0V★ → 5.0V/Div 20 ms/Div PBIB0055E

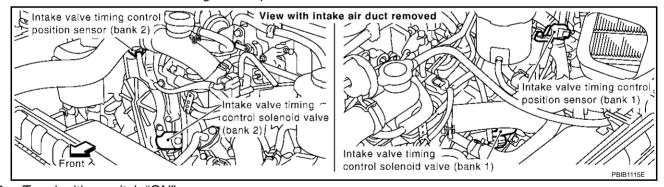
^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS00206

1. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect intake valve timing control position sensor harness connector.

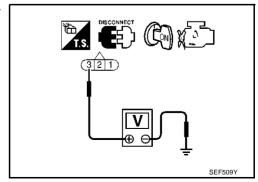


- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between intake valve timing control position sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. detect malfunctioning part

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control position sensor and ECM
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control position sensor and ECM relay
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND **SHORT**

- Turn ignition switch "OFF". 1.
- Check harness continuity between intake valve timing control position sensor terminal 1 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control position sensor and engine ground
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 73 (bank 1) and intake valve timing control position sensor terminal 2, or ECM terminal 74 (bank 2) and intake valve timing control position sensor terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

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>> Replace intake valve timing control position sensor.

7. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to EC-314, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS).

8. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to EC-319, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE).

9. CHECK CAMSHAFT

Check accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft. Refer to $\underline{\sf EM-35}$, "TIMING CHAIN" . OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Remove debris and clean the signal pick-up cutout of camshaft.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

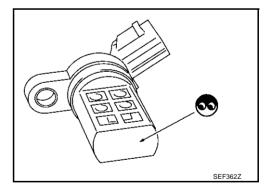
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

ABS00207

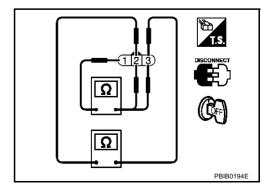
- 1. Disconnect intake valve timing control position sensor harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown below.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
3 (+) - 1 (-)	
2 (+) - 1 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
3 (+) - 2 (-)	

6. If NG, replace intake valve timing control position sensor.



Removal and Installation INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EM-35, "TIMING CHAIN".

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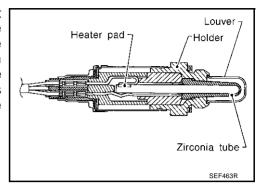
DTC P1143, P1163 HO2S1

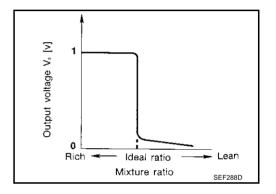
PFP:22690

Component Description

ABS00209

The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.





CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002OA

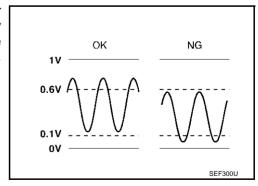
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ←→ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002OB

To judge the malfunction, the output from the heated oxygen sensor 1 is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high and whether the "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the lean side, the malfunction will be detected.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1143	Heated oxygen sensor 1 lean shift monitoring	, ,	Heated oxygen sensor 1
1143 (Bank 1)			 Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater
P1163			Fuel pressure
1163			Injectors
(Bank 2)			Intake air leaks

DTC P1143, P1163 HO2S1

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002OC

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "HO2S1 (B1) P1143" of "HO2S1" or "HO2S1 (B2) P1163" of "HO2S1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START".
- 5. Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5.

HO2\$1 (B1) P1	143	
OUT OF CONDI		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx °c	
VHCL SPEED SEN	XXX km/h	
-		PBIB0546E

When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 40 seconds or more.)

ENG SPEED	1,100 - 2,000 rpm
Vehicle speed	Less than 100 km/h (62 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.6 - 12.0 msec
Selector lever	Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-466, "Diagnostic Procedure".

HO2\$1 (B1) P1		
TESTING		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx °c	
VHCL SPEED SEN	XXX km/h	PBIB0547E
		FDIDU34/E

HO2S1 (B1) P1143	
COMPLETED	

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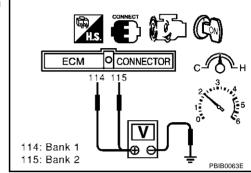
Overall Function Check

ASON2 OF

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1(B1) signal] or 115 [HO2S1(B2) signal] and engine ground.
- Check one of the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least 1time.
- The minimum voltage is over 0.1V at least 1time.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-466, "Diagnostic Procedure".



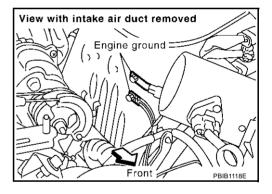
ABS0020E

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

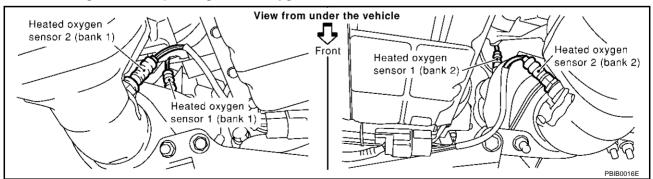
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. RETIGHTEN HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten corresponding heated oxygen sensor 1.



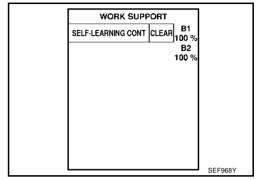
Tightening torque: 40 - 50 N·m (4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

3. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

(P) With CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



Without CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to EC-63, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION".
- Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171. Refer to EC-265.

No >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-162, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EC-468, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". For circuit, refer to EC-214, "Wiring Diagram".

>> INSPECTION END

Mass air flow sensor

temperature sensor)

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(with intake air

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Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

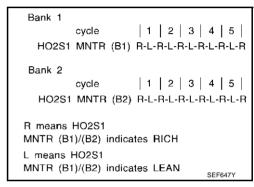
ABS002OF

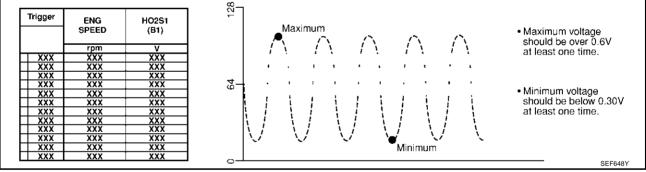
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Select "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)".
- 4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 5. Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.

DATA MON	DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm]
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C	
HO2S1 (B1)	XXX V	
HO2S1 (B2)	XXX V	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	RICH	
		PBIB2025E

- 6. Check the following.
 - "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" more than 5 times in 10 seconds.
 - 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





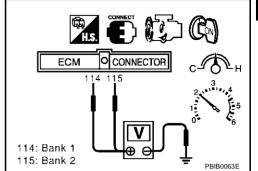
CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread
 Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 115 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
 - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
 - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least 1time.
 - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least 1time.
 - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

```
1 time: 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V 2 times: 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V
```



CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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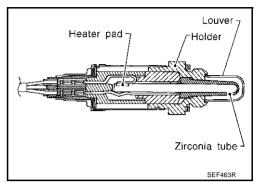
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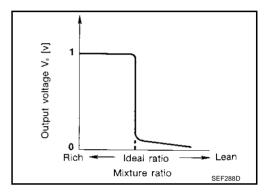
PFP:22690

Component Description

ABS002OH

The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.





CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS00201

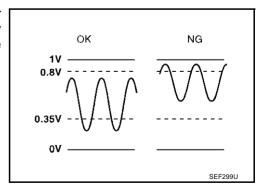
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM		SPECIFICATION	
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ←→ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002OJ

To judge the malfunction, the output from the heated oxygen sensor 1 is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high, and "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the rich side, the malfunction will be detected.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1144 1144 (Bank 1) P1164 1164 (Bank 2)	Heated oxygen sensor 1 rich shift monitoring	The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are beyond the specified voltages.	 Heated oxygen sensor 1 Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater Fuel pressure Injectors

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002OK

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "HO2S1 (B1) P1144" or "HO2S1 (B2) P1164" of "HO2S1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Touch "START".
- 5. Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5.

HO2S1 (B1) P1		
OUT OF CONDI		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED		
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
COOLAN TEMP/S		
VHCL SPEED SEN		
	•	PBIB0548E

When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 40 seconds or more.)

ENG SPEED	1,100 - 2,000 rpm
Vehicle speed	Less than 100 km/h (62 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.6 - 12.0 msec
Selector lever	Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-472, "Diagnostic Procedure".

HO2S1 (B1) P1		
TESTING		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx c	
VHCL SPEED SEN	XXX km/h	PBIB0549E
		FDIB0549E

HO2S1 (B1) P1144	7
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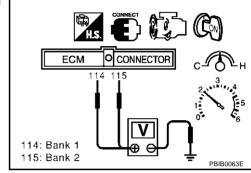
Overall Function Check

ABS00201

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1(B1) signal] 115 [HO2S1(B2) signal] and engine ground.
- 3. Check one of the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The maximum voltage is below 0.8V at least 1time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least 1time.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-472, "Diagnostic Procedure".



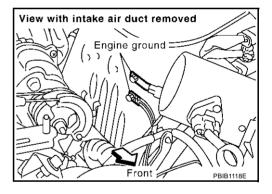
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Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

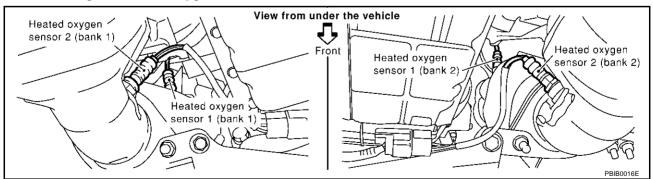
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. RETIGHTEN HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten heated oxygen sensor 1.



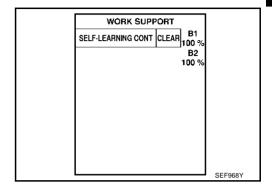
Tightening torque: 40 - 50 N·m (4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

3. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



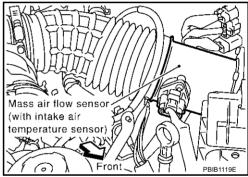
(X) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-63</u>, "HOW TO ERASE <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172. Refer to <u>EC-274</u>.

No >> GO TO 4.



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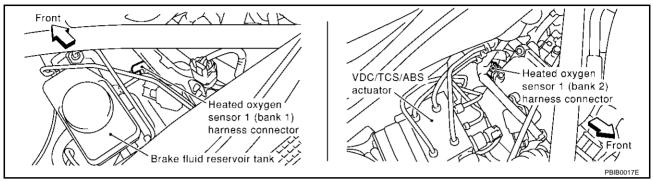
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4. CHECK HO2S1 CONNECTOR FOR WATER

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.



Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-162, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

6. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EC-474, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

For circuit, refer to EC-214, "Wiring Diagram".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

(P) With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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- 2. Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Select "HO2S1 (B1)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)".
- 4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.

DATA MONITOR					
MONITOR	NO DTC				
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm				
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V				
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C				
HO2S1 (B1)	XXX V				
HO2S1 (B2)	XXX V				
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN				
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	RICH				

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- Check the following.
 - "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" more than 5 times in 10 seconds.
 - 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
 - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Bank 1			
	cycle	1 2	3 4 5
HO2S1	MNTR (B1)		
Bank 2			
	cycle	1 2	3 4 5
HO2S1	MNTR (B2)		L-R-L-R
R means MNTR (B1	HO2S1)/(B2) indica	ates RICH	
L means I	JO251		
)/(B2) indica	tec I EAN	
IVIIVITI (DI)/(DZ) IIIQICE	IIGS EEAIN	SEF647Y

			J 28_	7										
Trigger	ENG	HO2S1	~			!								
	SPEED	(B1)			,■IVI8	ximun '		,	``	^	`	1		 Maximum voltage should be over 0.6V
1 1	rpm	V	1		/ \	f	À	- 1	ì	$ \cap$	j.	- 1	Ì	at least one time.
XXX	XXX	XXX	1			•	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	at least one time.
XXX	XXX	XXX]			1	1	•		r	1	•		
XXX	XXX	XXX] _											
XXX	XXX	XXX	2-	<u> </u>		:		1	- 1	•	•	•	•	N 40-1
XXX	XXX	XXX]	Ι.										Minimum voltage
XXX	XXX	XXX		1 1	į	- 1	1	i	į	i	1	i	Į.	should be below 0.30V
XXX	XXX	XXX		\mathbb{R}^{-1}	- 1	į	- 1	į	١.	į	i	1	i	at least one time.
XXX	XXX	XXX	1	$\Gamma = I$	ï	. !	i	- 1	i	- [, į	1	1	
XXX	XXX	XXX		1 /		N I	١,	i	١,	i	'	i	,	
XXX	XXX	XXX				V	,	· /	``(`.	./		
XXX	XXX	XXX								Minii	mum			
XXX	XXX	XXX	J											
														SEF648Y

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⋈ Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 115 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
 - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
 - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least 1time.
 - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least 1time.
 - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

1 time: 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V 2 times: 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V \to 0.6 - 1.0V \to 0 - 0.3V

ECM O CONNECTOR C H 114: Bank 1 115: Bank 2 PBIB00063E

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

 Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

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Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".

DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

PFP:226A0

Component Description

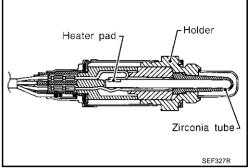
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The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the heated oxygen sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

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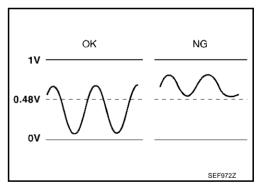
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	 Warm-up condition After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	Warm-up condition After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002OR

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the heated oxygen sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of sensor is sufficiently low during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1146 1146 (Bank 1) P1166 1166 (Bank 2)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 minimum voltage monitoring	The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 2 Fuel pressure Injectors

EC-477 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

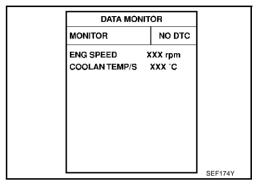
If "DTC confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

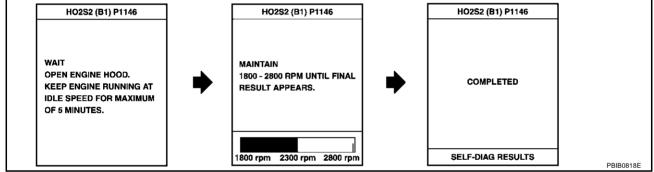
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

TESTING CONDITION:

For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1146" or "HO2S2 (B2) P1166" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 7. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.





- 8. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
 - If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-484, "Diagnostic Procedure".
 - If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- a. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

Overall Function Check

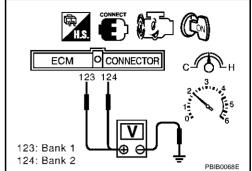
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Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

® WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 123 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 124 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.

- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.
 - If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- 7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in "D" position.
 - The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.
- 8. If NG, go to EC-484, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
123	PU	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V

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BANK 2 EC-O2S2B2-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START FUSE BLOCK (J/B) NO.1 REFER TO PG-POWER. 10A 18 (B1) : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC 7H ■: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC R/B 22U R/B $\overline{\text{M5}}$ (M15)(E305) 3 HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 (BANK 2) (E318) 4 2 3 4 2 JOINT CONNECTOR-29 (F107) 11 124 B/W **O2HRR** O2SRR ECM (F101), (F102) (F9) (F8) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. M5, E205 -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) B1 -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B) NO.1 151 152 153 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 163 164 165 154 155 156 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 166 167 168 (F101) (F102) 169 170 171 157 158 159 W 160 161 162 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 172 173 174

TBWA0277E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
124	В	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V

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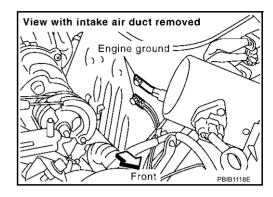
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Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.

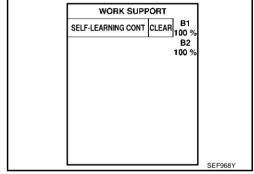


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2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

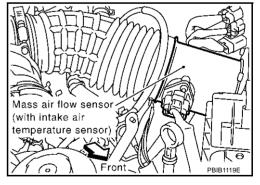
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-63</u>, "HOW TO ERASE <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



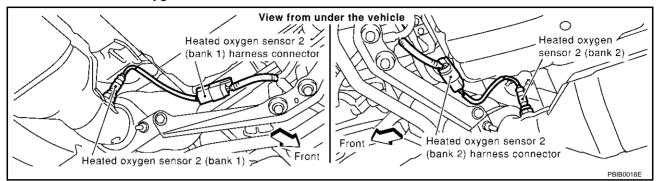
Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172, P0175. Refer to EC-274.

No >> GO TO 3.

3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



3. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- Joint connector-29
- Harness open or short between HO2S2 and engine ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

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5. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P1146	123	1	1
P1166	124	1	2

Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P1146	123	1	1
P1166	124	1	2

Continuity should not exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- Harness open or short between HO2S2 and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK HO2S2 SHIELD CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect harness connectors E315, F5.
- Check harness continuity between harness connector F5 terminals 7, 9 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F5, E315
- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between harness connector F5 and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-487, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

$10.\,$ check intermittent incident

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

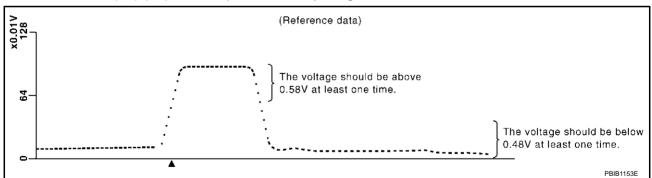
Component Inspection **HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2**

With CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and keep engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load. 3.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TES	T	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S2 (B1)	xxx v	
HO2S2 (B2)	xxx v	
HO2S2 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	RICH	
	1	PBIB1918E

Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.58V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Without CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and keep engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.

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- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 123 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 124 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
 The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
 - If the voltage is above 0.58V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- 7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in "D" position.
 - The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.
- 8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.



- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

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Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".

DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

PFP:226A0

Component Description

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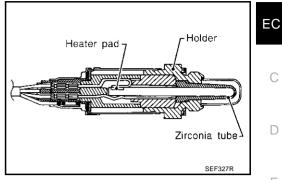
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The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the heated oxygen sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

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Specification data are reference values.

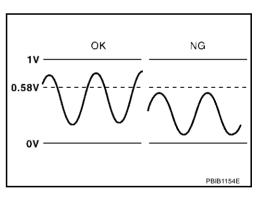
MONITOR ITEM	CONDI	TION	SPECIFICATION	F
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	Warm-up condition After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V	G
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	Warm-up condition After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$	H

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the heated oxygen sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1147 1147 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2	The maximum voltage from the sensor is	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 2
P1167 1167 (Bank 2)	maximum voltage monitoring	not reached to the specified voltage.	Fuel pressureInjectorsIntake air leaks

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002P1

NOTE:

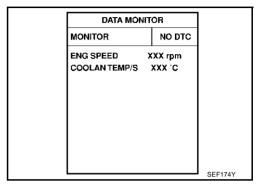
If "DTC confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

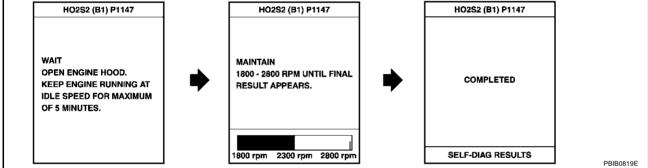
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

TESTING CONDITION:

For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1147" or "HO2S2 (B2) P1167" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 7. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.





- 8. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
 - If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-496, "Diagnostic Procedure".
 - If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- a. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

Overall Function Check

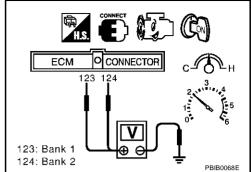
ABS002P2

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 123 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 124 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.

- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
 - If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- 7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in "D" position.
 - The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
- 8. If NG, go to EC-496, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
123	PU	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V

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BANK 2 EC-O2S2B2-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START FUSE BLOCK (J/B) NO.1 REFER TO PG-POWER. 10A 18 (B1) : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC 7H ■: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC R/B 22U R/B $\overline{\text{M5}}$ (M15)(E305) <u>3</u> HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 (BANK 2) (E318) 4 2 3 4 2 JOINT CONNECTOR-29 (F107) 11 124 B/W **O2HRR** O2SRR ECM (F101), (F102) (F9) (F8) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. M5, E205 -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) B1 -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B) NO.1 151 152 153 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 163 164 165 154 155 156 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 166 167 168 (F101) (F102) 157 158 159 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 169 170 171 W 160 161 162 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 172 173 174

TBWA0277E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
124	В	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. Warm-up condition Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V

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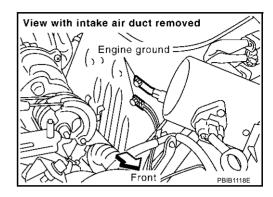
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Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.

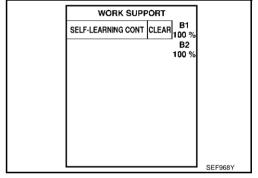


ABS002P4

2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

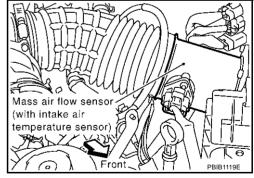
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-63, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



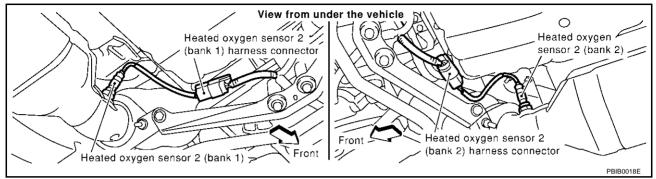
Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171or P0174. Refer to EC-265.

No >> GO TO 3.

3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



3. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- Joint connector-29
- Harness open or short between HO2S2 and engine ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

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5. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P1147	123	1	1
P1167	124	1	2

Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P1147	123	1	1
P1167	124	1	2

Continuity should not exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E315, F5
- Harness open or short between HO2S2 and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK HO2S2 SHIELD CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect harness connectors E315, F5.
- Check harness continuity between harness connector F5 terminals 7, 9 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F5, E315
- Joint connector-29
- Harness for open or short between harness connector F5 and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-499, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

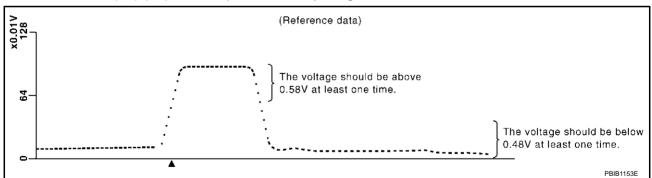
Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TES		
FUEL INJECTION	25 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S2 (B1)	XXX V	
HO2S2 (B2)	xxx v	
HO2S2 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	RICH	
		PBIB1918E

Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.58V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⋈ Without CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.

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- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 123 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 124 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

 The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
 - If the voltage is above 0.58V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- 7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in "D" position.
 - The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.



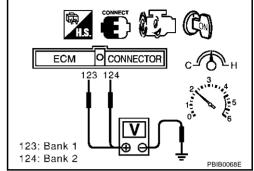
CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

ABS002P6

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".



DTC P1148. P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

PFP:22690

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002P7

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These self-diagnoses have the 1 trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P1148 1148 (Bank 1)	Closed loop control	The closed loop control function for bank 1 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	The heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit open or shorted.	
P1168 1168 (Bank 2)	function	The closed loop control function for bank 2 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	Heated oxygen sensor 1Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002P8

CALITION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm during the "DTC Confirmation Procedure". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds,
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 6. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm and check one of the following.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage should go above 0.70V at least once.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.
 If the check result is NG, perform <u>EC-502</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".

If the check result is OK, perform the following step.

- 7. Let engine idle at least 5 minutes.
- Maintain the following condition at least 50 consecutive seconds.

DATA MON	DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C	
HO2S1 (B1)	XXX V	
HO2S1 (B2)	XXX V	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	RICH	
		PBIB2025E

B/FUEL SCHDL	4.0 msec or more
ENG SPEED	More than 1,300 rpm
Selector lever	Suitable position
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 71 km/h (44 MPH)

During this test, P0132 and/or P0152 may be displayed on CONSULT-II screen.

9. If DTC is detected, go to EC-502, "Diagnostic Procedure".

DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

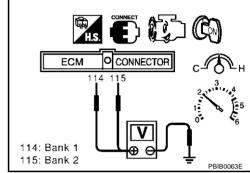
Overall Function Check

ARS002PG

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed loop control. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds,
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 114 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 115 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no-load.
- The voltage should go above 0.70V at least once.
- The voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.
- 7. If NG, go to EC-502, "Diagnostic Procedure".



Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002PA

Perform trouble diagnosis for "DTC P0133, P0153". Refer to EC-221.

DTC P1211 TCS CONTROL UNIT

DTC P1211 TCS CONTROL UNIT

PFP:47850

Description

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The malfunction information related to TCS is transferred through the CAN communication line from VDC/TCS/ABS control unit to ECM.

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for VDC/TCS/ABS control unit but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002PC

Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis. The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1211	TCS control unit	ECM receives a malfunction information from	VDC/TCS/ABS control unit
1211	VDC/TCS/ABS control unit.	TCS related parts	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

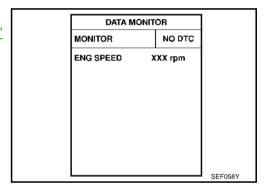
ABS002PD

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 60 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-503, "Diagnostic Procedure"



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002PE

Go to BRC-13, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS".

DTC P1212 TCS COMMUNICATION LINE

DTC P1212 TCS COMMUNICATION LINE

PFP:47850

Description

NOTE:

If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-141, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".

This CAN communication line is used to control the smooth engine operation during the TCS operation. Pulse signals are exchanged between ECM and VDC/TCS/ABS control unit.

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for VDC/TCS/ABS control unit but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002PG

Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis. The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1212 1212	TCS communication line	ECM can not receive the information from VDC/TCS/ABS control unit continuously.	 Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.) VDC/TCS/ABS control unit Dead (Weak) battery

DTC Confirmation Procedure

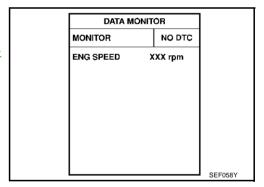
ABS002PH

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 4. If a 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-504, "Diagnostic Procedure".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002PI

1. CHECK ABS ACTUATOR VDC/TCS/ABS CONTROL UNIT FUNCTION

Refer to BRC-13, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS".

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

PFP:00000

Description

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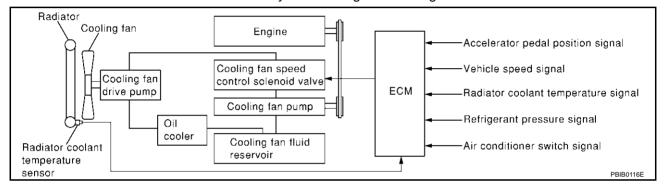
If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC P1119 or P1480, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1119 or P1480. Refer to EC-431, "DTC P1119 RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR" or EC-572, "DTC P1480 COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE".

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system controls the cooling fan operating speed. The opening of the cooling fan speed control solenoid valve changes to control oil pressure provided to the cooling fan drive pump.

This system consists of the cooling fan pump, cooling fan drive pump, cooling fan speed control solenoid valve, oil cooler, cooling fan fluid reservoir, etc.

The cooling fan pump is operated by engine with the drive belts and provides oil pressure to the cooling fan drive pump which operates the cooling fan. The cooling fan speed control solenoid valve is installed between the cooling fan pump and cooling fan drive pump. The solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the solenoid valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions.



COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	=	
Radiator coolant temperature sensor	Radiator coolant temperature	Cooling fan speed control	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure		Soleriola valve
Wheel sensors (CAN communication)	Vehicle speed	=	
A/C auto amp. (CAN communication)	Air conditioner switch signal	=	

The ECM controls the cooling fan speed corresponding to the engine speed, the radiator coolant temperature, refrigerant pressure, vehicle speed, air conditioner switch signal, etc.

The ECM determines the target fan speed based on the basic fan speed considering the radiator coolant temperature and the engine speed. The ECM controls fan speed between 0 to 2,550 rpm.

When the cooling fan speed control solenoid valve is malfunctioning (does not operate), the cooling fan is operated at the maximum speed by engine through the drive belts.

Cooling Fan Basic Speed

unit: rpm

Air condi-		Vehicle speed		
tioner	Refrigerant pressure	Less than 20 km/h (12 MPH)	20 - 80 km/h (12 - 50 MPH)	More than 80 km/h (50 MPH)
OFF	-	300	300	300

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Air condi-		Vehicle speed		
tioner	Refrigerant pressure	Less than 20 km/h (12 MPH)	20 - 80 km/h (12 - 50 MPH)	More than 80 km/h (50 MPH)
	Less than 680 kPa (6.94 kg/cm ² , 98.6 psi)	700	400	300
ON	680 - 1,660 kPa (6.94 - 16.93 kg/cm ² , 98.6 - 240.7 psi)	900	700	300
ON	1,660 - 1,960 kPa (16.93 - 19.99 kg/cm ² , 240.7 - 284.2 psi)	1,100	1,100	1,250
<u> </u>	More than 1,960 kPa (19.99 kg/cm ² , 284.2 psi)	1,250	1,200	1,250

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Cooling Fan Speed Control Solenoid Valve

The cooling fan speed control solenoid valve uses a ON/OFF duty to control the pressure of the cooling fan fluid from the cooling fan pump. This solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulse from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse is sent to the solenoid valve, the lower speed the cooling fan operates.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS00335

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
TRGT FAN RPM	• Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	0 rpm
TROTTANICEM	Engine: Idle	300 - 2,550 rpm

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS00226

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
			Harness or connectors (The cooling fan speed control circuit is shorted to ground.)
			Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve
		Cooling fan does not operate properly	Cooling fan pump
		(Overheat).	Cooling fan drive pump
		Cooling fan system does not operate	Cooling fan
P1217	P1217 Engine over temperature	properly (Overheat).	Radiator coolant temperature sensor
1217	(Overheat)	Engine coolant was not added to the	Radiator hose
		system using the proper filling method.	Radiator
		Engine coolant is not within the specified	Radiator cap
		range.	Water pump
			Thermostat
			Drive belts
			For more information, refer to <u>EC-513</u> , "Main <u>12 Causes of Overheating"</u> .

CAUTION:

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant following the procedure in the MA-13, "Changing Engine Coolant" . Also, replace the engine oil.

- 1. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to MA-12, "Anti-Freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio".
- After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

Overall Function Check

BC00228

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the cooling fan. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

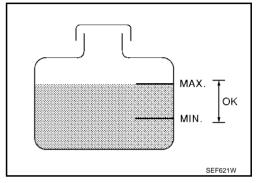
WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

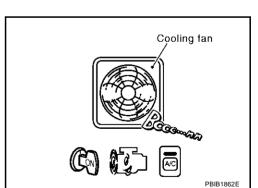
- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
 Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.
 If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-510</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- 2. Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to EC-510, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- 3. Start engine and make sure that the cooling fan operates. If not, go to EC-510, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- Select "TARGET FAN RPM" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 5. Change "TRGT FAN RPM" indication by touching "UP" and "DOWN", then make sure that the cooling fan operating speed changes according to "TRGT FAN RPM" indication.
- 6. If the results are NG, go to EC-510, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



ACTIVE TEST		
TARGET FAN RPM	M 800.0 rpm	
MONITOR	}	
ENG SPEED	xxx rpm	
COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx°C	
VHCL SPEED SE	xxxkm/h	
AIR COND SIG	ON	
AIR COND RLY	ON	
RADIATOR TEMP	xxx°C	

WITHOUT CONSULT-II

- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
 Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.
 If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-510</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- 2. Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to EC-510, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- 3. Start engine.
 - Be careful not to overheat engine.
- Make sure that the cooling fan operates. If not, go to <u>EC-510</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- 5. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect radiator coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 7. Connect $2.2k\Omega$ resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.



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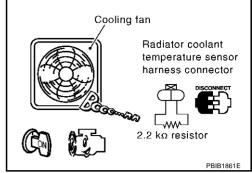
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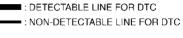
- Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than the speed at step 4.
 Be careful not to overheat engine.
- 9. If NG, go to EC-510, "Diagnostic Procedure".

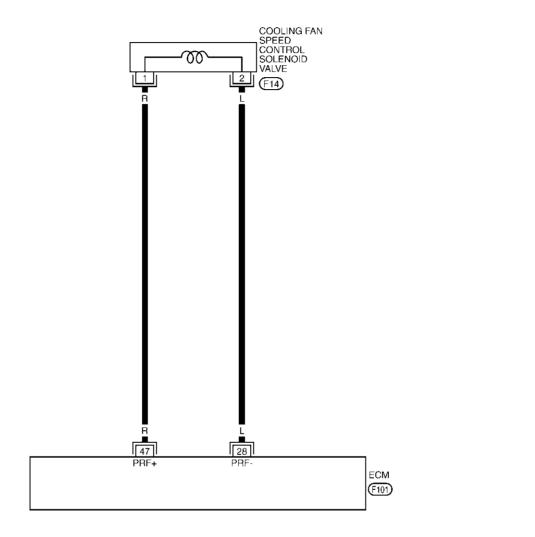


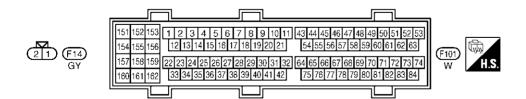
Wiring Diagram

EC-COOL/V-01

■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC







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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and body ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
28	L	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve ground	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0V
47	R	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	6.5 - 8V★ → 10.0V/Div 2 ms/Div PBIB0049E

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK COOLING FAN OPERATION-I

Start engine and make sure that cooling fan operates.

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3.
OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 2.

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Cooling fan fluid for leak
- Drive belts (Refer to <u>EM-12</u>, "<u>DRIVE BELTS</u>")
- Cooling fan pump (Refer to <u>CO-7, "COOLING SYSTEM"</u>)
- Cooling fan drive pump (Refer to <u>CO-7</u>, "<u>COOLING SYSTEM</u>")

>> Repair or replace.

3. CHECK COOLING FAN OPERATION-II

(P) With CONSULT-II

- Select "TARGET FAN RPM" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 2. Change "TRGT FAN RPM" indication by touching "UP" and "DOWN", then make sure that the cooling fan operating speed changes according to "TRGT FAN RPM" indication.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 5.

ACTIVE TES	ACTIVE TEST		
TARGET FAN RPM	800.0 rpm		
MONITOR	1		
ENG SPEED	xxx rpm		
COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx°C		
VHCL SPEED SE	xxxkm/h		
AIR COND SIG	ON		
AIR COND RLY	ON		
RADIATOR TEMP	xxx°C		
		PBIB0143	

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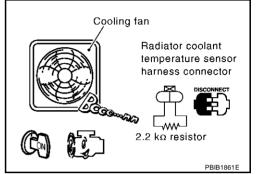
4. CHECK COOLING FAN OPERATION-II

(R) Without CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect radiator coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- Connect 2.2k Ω resistor to radiator coolant temperature sensor connector.
- 4. Start engine.
- Make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than the speed at test No. 1.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 5.



5. CHECK COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 28 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair short to ground in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-577, "Component Inspection"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace cooling fan speed control solenoid valve.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Cooling fan fluid for leak
- Drive belts (Refer to EM-12, "DRIVE BELTS")
- Cooling fan pump (Refer to CO-7, "COOLING SYSTEM")
- Cooling fan drive pump (Refer to CO-7, "COOLING SYSTEM")

>> Repair or replace.

8. CHECK RADIATOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-435, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace radiator coolant temperature sensor. EC

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9. CHECK COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAK

Apply pressure to the cooling system with a tester, and check if the pressure drops.

Testing pressure: 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm², 23 psi)

CAUTION:

Higher than the specified pressure may cause radiator damage. Pressure should not drop.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 10.

10. detect malfunctioning part

Check the following for leak.

- Radiator
- Hose
- Water pump (Refer to <u>CO-21, "WATER PUMP"</u>)

>> Repair or replace.

11. CHECK RADIATOR CAP

Apply pressure to cap with a tester and check radiator cap relief pressure.

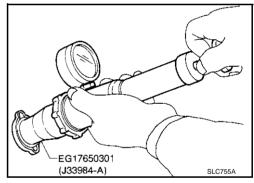
Radiator cap relief pressure:

59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm², 9 - 14 psi)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace radiator cap.



12. CHECK THERMOSTAT

- 1. Remove thermostat.
- 2. Check valve seating condition at normal room temperatures. **It should seat tightly.**
- 3. Check valve opening temperature and valve lift.

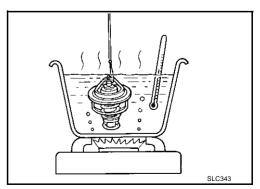
Valve opening temperature: 95°C (203°F) [standard]
Valve lift: More than 8.0 mm/108°C (0.315 in/226°F)

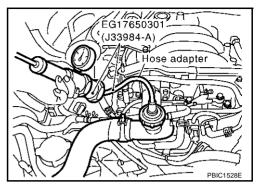
4. Check if valve is closed at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature. For details, refer to CO-23, "THERMOSTAT AND WATER CONTROL VALVE".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Replace thermostat.





13. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-194, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

14. CHECK MAIN 12 CAUSES

If the cause cannot be isolated, go to EC-513, "Main 12 Causes of Overheating".

>> INSPECTION END

Main 12 Causes of Overheating

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Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF	1	Blocked radiator	Visual	No blocking	
		Blocked condenser			_
		Blocked radiator grille			
		Blocked bumper			
	2	Coolant mixture	Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	See MA-11, "RECOM- MENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS",
	3	Coolant level	Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck	See MA-13, "Changing Engine Coolant",
	4	Radiator cap	Pressure tester	59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/ cm ² , 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	See <u>LU-4</u> , " <u>LUBRICA-</u> <u>TION SYSTEM"</u> .
ON* ²	5	Coolant leaks	Visual	No leaks	See <u>LU-4, "LUBRICA-</u> <u>TION SYSTEM"</u> .
ON* ²	6	Thermostat	Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	See CO-23, "THERMO- STAT AND WATER CON- TROL VALVE", and CO- 12, "RADIATOR".
ON* ¹	7	Cooling fan	CONSULT-II	Operating	See trouble diagnosis for DTC P1217 (<u>EC-510</u>).
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	_
ON* ³	9	Coolant temperature gauge	Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	_
		Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	Visual	No overflow during driv- ing and idling	See MA-13, "Changing Engine Coolant" .
OFF* ⁴	10	Coolant return from reservoir tank to radia- tor	Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	See MA-13, "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" .
OFF	11	Cylinder head	Straight gauge feeler gauge	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping)	See <u>EM-60</u> , "CYLINDER <u>HEAD"</u> .
	12	Cylinder block and pistons	Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	See <u>EM-72</u> , "CYLINDER <u>BLOCK"</u> .

^{*1:} Turn the ignition switch ON.

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^{*2:} Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

^{*3:} Drive at 90 km/h (56 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

^{*4:} After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to CO-5, "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS".

DTC P1220 FUEL PUMP CONTROL MODULE (FPCM)

PFP:17001

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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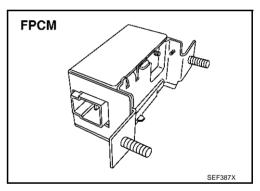
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air Fuel pump c		Fuel pump control module (FPCM)	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		(I FOIVI)	
Ignition switch	Start signal			

This system controls the fuel pump operation. The amount of fuel flow delivered from the fuel pump is altered between two flow rates by the FPCM operation. The FPCM determines the voltage supplied to the fuel pump (and therefore fuel flow) according to the following conditions.

Conditions	Amount of fuel flow	Supplied voltage
 Engine cranking Engine coolant temperature is below 10°C (50°F). Engine is running under heavy load and high speed conditions 	high	Battery voltage (11 - 14V)
Except the above	low	Approximately 8V

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The FPCM adjusts the voltage supplied to the fuel pump to control the amount of fuel flow. When the FPCM increases the voltage supplied to the fuel pump, the fuel flow is increased. When the FPCM decreases the voltage, the fuel flow is decreased.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002PS

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FPCM	When cranking engine	н
I F CIVI	• Idle at coolant temperature: More than 10°C (50°F)	LOW

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002PT

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1220 1220	Fuel pump control module (FPCM)	An improper voltage signal from the FPCM, which is supplied to a point between the fuel pump and the dropping resistor, is detected by ECM.	 Harness or connectors (FPCM circuit is shorted.) Dropping resistor FPCM

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002PV

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

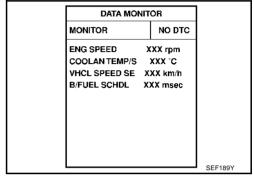
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.0V with ignition switch "ON".

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates less than 70°C (158°F). If not, cool down the engine.
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. Hold vehicle at the following conditions for 12 seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,100 - 2,450 rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 70 km/h (43 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1 - 10 msec
Selector lever	Suitable position



5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-518, "Diagnostic Procedure".

® WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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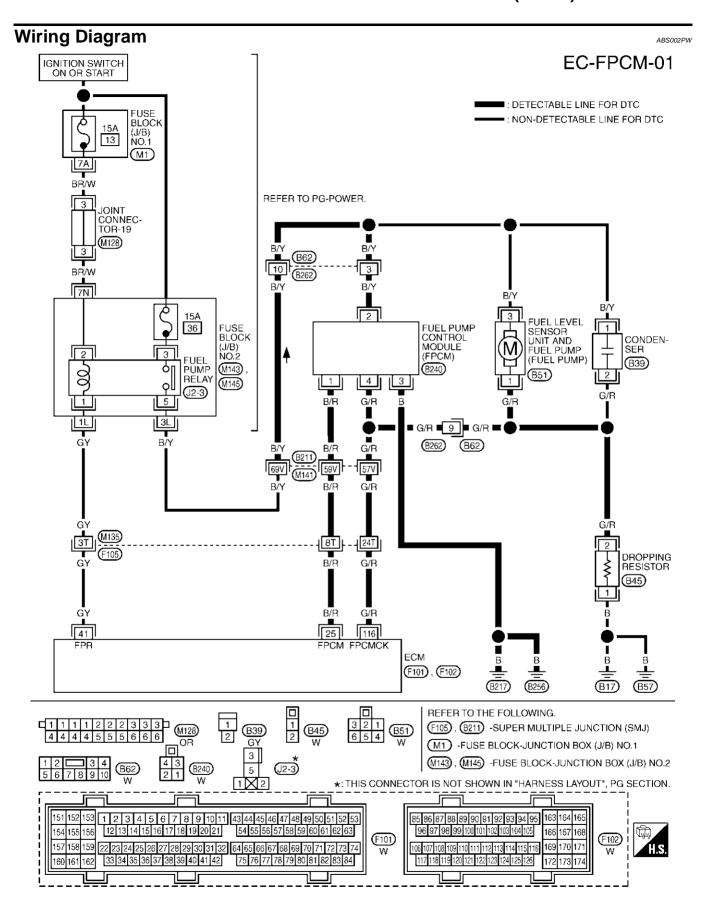
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[When cranking engine]	0 - 0.5V
25	B/R	Fuel pump control	[Engine is running]	
20	D/IX	module (FPCM)	Warm-up condition	8 - 12V
			Idle speed	
			[Ignition switch "ON"]	
	GY	Fuel pump relay	 For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" 	0 - 1.0V
41			[Engine is running]	
			[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
				 More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch "ON".
			[Engine is running]	
			 More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" 	Approximately 0V
116 G	G/R		[Ignition switch "ON"]	
		Fuel pump control module (FPCM) check	 For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" 	
			[Engine is running]	4 - 6V
			Warm-up condition	
			Idle speed	

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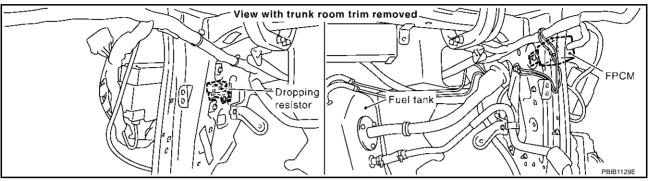
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Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK FPCM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect FPCM harness connector.

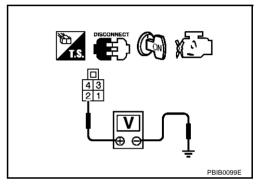


- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between FPCM terminal 2 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



ABS002PX

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M141, B211
- Harness connectors B62, B262
- Harness for open or short between FPCM and harness connector B211
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK FPCM GROUND CIRCUIT-I FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Check harness continuity between FPCM terminal 3 and body ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK FPCM GROUND CIRCUIT-II FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect dropping resistor harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminal 1 and dropping resistor terminal 2, FPCM terminal 4 and dropping resister terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

 Check harness continuity between FPCM terminal 4 and ground, fuel level sensor and fuel pump terminal 1 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B62, B262
- Harness for open or short between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump and dropping resistor
- Harness for open or short between FPCM and dropping resistor
- Harness for open or short between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump and body ground
- Harness for open or short between FPCM and body ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK FPCM INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 116 and FPCM terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 116 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should not exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7. EC

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7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F105, M135
- Harness connectors M141, B211
- Harness for open or short between ECM and FPCM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK FPCM OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 25 and FPCM terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.

9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F105, M135
- Harness connectors M141, B211
- Harness for open or short between ECM and FPCM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK FPCM

Refer to EC-520, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> Replace FPCM.

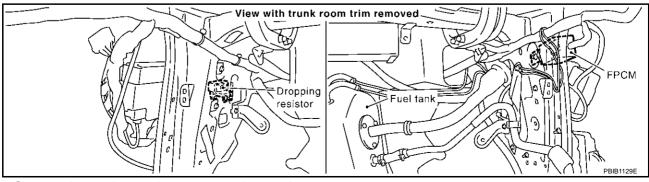
11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection FUEL PUMP CONTROL MODULE

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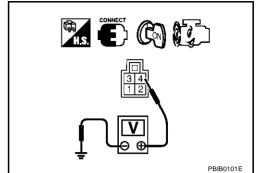


Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Check voltage between FPCM terminal 4 and body ground under the following conditions.

Condition	Voltage
When engine cranking	Approx. 0V
After starting engine	Approx. 5V

4. If NG, replace fuel pump control module.



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DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

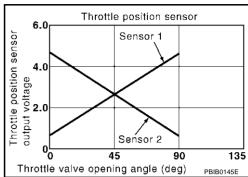
PFP:16119

Component Description

ABS002PZ

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, acceleration pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002Q0

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1225 1225	Closed throttle position learning performance problem	Closed throttle position learning value is excessively low.	Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002Q1

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-523, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR
MONITOR
NO DTC
ENG SPEED XXX rpm

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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002Q2

1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

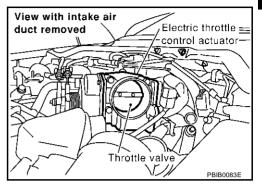
- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Remove the intake air duct.
- Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG

>> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation **ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR**

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

ABS002Q3

EC-523 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

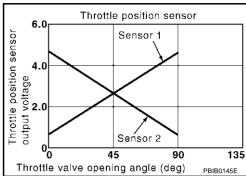
PFP:16119

Component Description

ABS00204

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, acceleration pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002Q5

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1226 1226	Closed throttle position learning performance problem	Closed throttle position learning is not performed successfully, repeatedly.	Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002Q6

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for 32 times.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-525, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

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1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

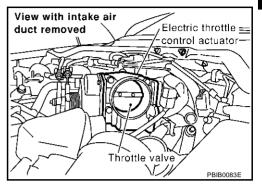
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Remove the intake air duct.
- 3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> R

>> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

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Revision; 2004 April **EC-525** 2003 M45

DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

On Board Diagnosis Logic

PFP:16119

ABS00209

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1229 1229	Sensor power supply circuit short	ECM detects a voltage of power source for sensor is excessively low or high.	 Harness or connectors (The TP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is shorted.) (APP sensor 1 circuit is shorted.) (MAF sensor circuit is shorted.) (EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) (Power steering pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2) Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 1) MAF sensor EVAP control system pressure sensor Power steering pressures sensor Refrigerant pressures sensor ECM pin terminal

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002QA

NOTE:

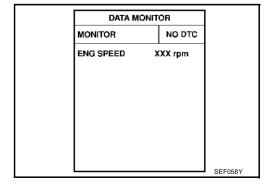
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

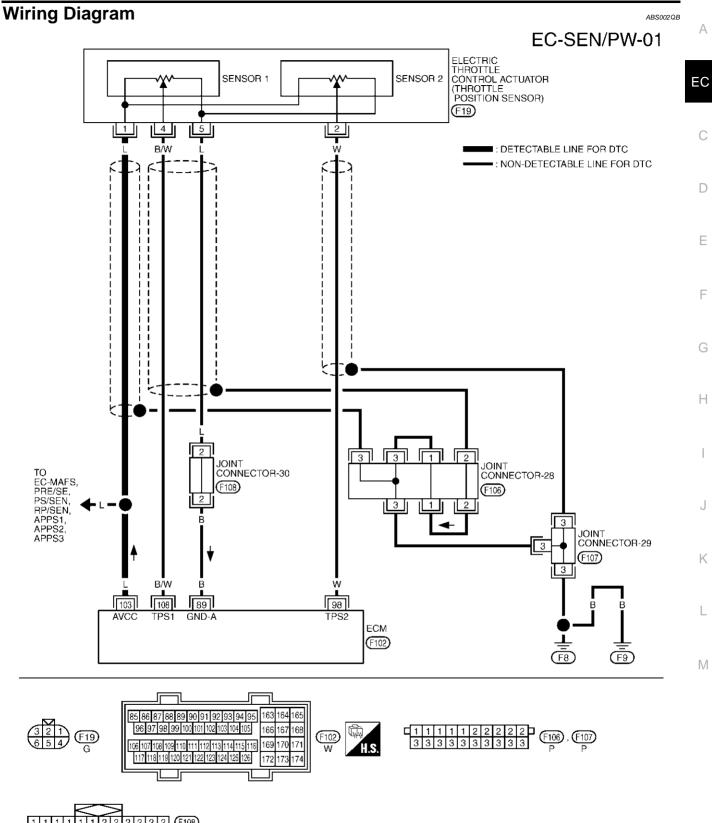
(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- If DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-528</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0301E

DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V

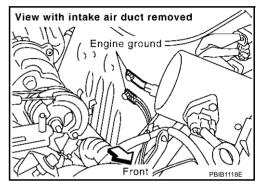
Diagnostic Procedure

ABS0020C

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

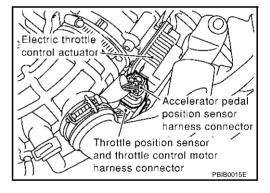
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".

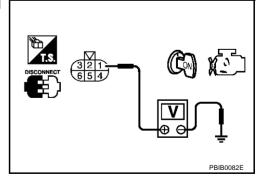


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 3.



DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

$\overline{3}$. CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS

Check the following.

Harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminals	Reference Wiring Diagram
	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 1	EC-527
	APP sensor terminal 7	EC-610
103	MAF sensor terminal 2	EC-181
103	EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1	EC-354
	Power steering pressure sensor terminal 1	EC-403
	Refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 1	EC-674

ECM pin terminal.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK COMPONENTS

Check the following.

- Accelerator pedal position sensor (Refer to EC-613, "Component Inspection".)
- Mass air flow sensor (Refer to EC-185, "Component Inspection".)
- EVAP control system pressure sensor (Refer to <a>EC-358, "Component Inspection".)
- Power steering pressure sensor (Refer to EC-406, "Component Inspection".)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning component.

5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-296, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6.

6. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- Replace electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

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DTC P1442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

PFP:14950

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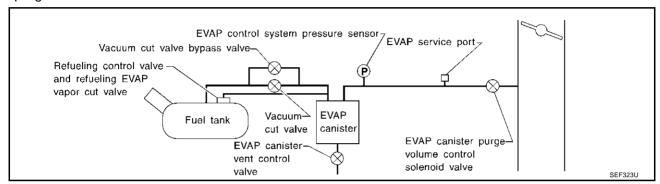
On Board Diagnosis Logic

NOTE:

If DTC P0442 is displayed with P1448, perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1448 first. (See EC-553.)

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using vapor pressure in the fuel tank.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve will then be opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. The EVAP control system pressure sensor can now monitor the pressure inside the fuel tank. If pressure increases, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
			Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve
			Incorrect fuel filler cap used
			Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.
			Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.
			Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
			Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.
			EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks
			EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks
			EVAP purge line rubber tube bent
P1442	EVAP control system small leak detected	EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system does not operate prop-	Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control sys- tem pressure sensor
1442	(positive pressure)	erly.	Loose or disconnected rubber tube
			EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit
			EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit
			Fuel tank temperature sensor
			O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged
			Water separator
			EVAP canister is saturated with water
			EVAP control system pressure sensor
			Fuel level sensor and the circuit
			Refueling control valve
			ORVR system leaks

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.

Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

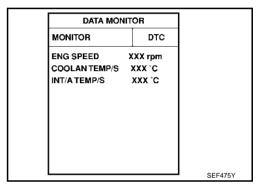
- If DTC P0442 is displayed with P1448, perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1448 first. (See EC-553 .)
 - EC
- If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).

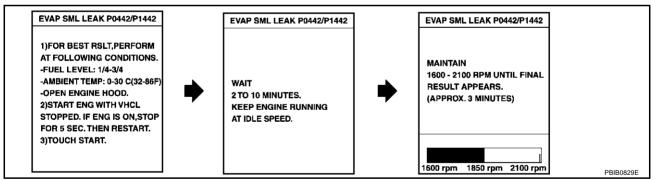
(A) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 30°C (32 - 86°F)



Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



NOTE:

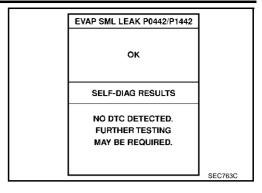
If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to EC-82, "Basic Inspection".

6. Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-532, "Diagnostic Procedure".

NOTE:

Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.



WITH GST

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving Pattern" on <u>EC-61</u> before driving vehicle.

- Start engine.
- 2. Drive vehicle according to "Driving Pattern", EC-61.
- 3. Stop vehicle.
- Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- 5. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- 7. Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving Pattern", <u>EC-61</u>.
- Stop vehicle.
- 9. Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P1442 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-532</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".
- If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-327, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-332</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".
- If P0441, P0442 and P1442 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10. Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 6.

Diagnostic Procedure

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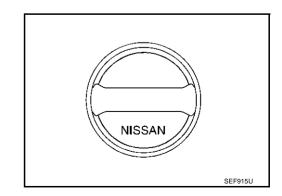
1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> • Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.

• Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to EC-688, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

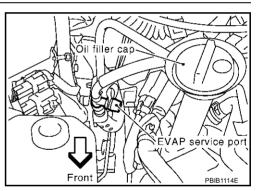
NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

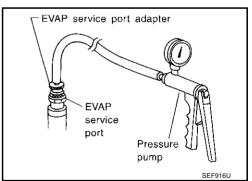
5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE <a href="DRAWING".

NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





Models with CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6.
Models without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

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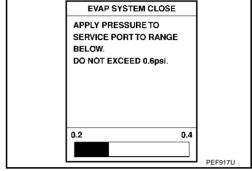
6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



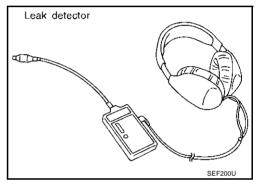
4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.

Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

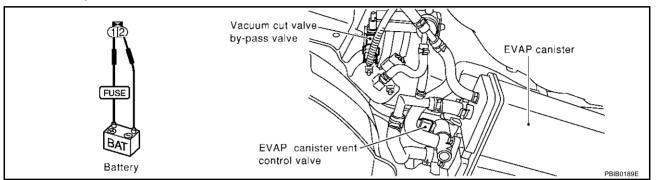
NG >> Repair or replace.



7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- 3. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12V until the end of test.)



4. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

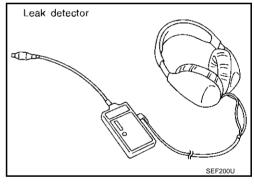
NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 5. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace.



8. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-538, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace water separator.

9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE, O-RING AND CIRCUIT

Refer to EC-553, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring or harness/connector.

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10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

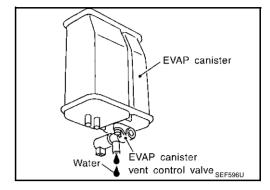
- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- 2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 11.

No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve attached.

The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.

NG >> GO TO 12.

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100.0%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TES	ST .	
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
	•	PBIB0147E

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION (R) Without CONSULT-II Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. EC 2. Stop engine. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm. Vacuum should exist. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> GO TO 15. F 15. CHECK VACUUM HOSE Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to EC-24, "Vacuum Hose Drawing". OK or NG >> GO TO 16. OK NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 16. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Н Refer to EC-545, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. 17. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR Refer to EC-290, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit. 18. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR Refer to EC-367, "Component Inspection". OK or NG M OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. 19. check evap purge line Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 20. NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 20. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

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Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 21.

$\overline{21}$. check refueling evap vapor line

Check refueling EVAP vapor line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to <u>EC-691</u>, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

22. CHECK SIGNAL LINE AND RECIRCULATION LINE

Check signal line and recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 23.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses, tubes or filler neck tube.

23. CHECK REFUELING CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24.

NG >> Replace refueling control valve with fuel tank.

24. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to DI-24. "CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 25.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

25. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

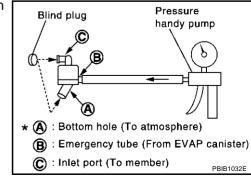
Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR

ABS002VM

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that **A** and **C** are not clogged by blowing air into **B** with **A**, and then **C** plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

Do not disassemble water separator.



DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

PFP:14920

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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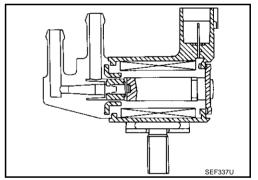
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Ignition switch	Start signal	EVAP canister	EVAP canister purge volume	
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position	purge flow control	control solenoid valve	
Accelerator pedal position switch	Accelerator pedal position			
Heated oxygen sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)			
Wheel sensor*	Vehicle speed			

^{*:} This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/ OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002QF

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0%
	Selector lever: P or N	2,000 rpm	_
	Air conditioner switch: OFF		
	No load		

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DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002QF

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1444 1444	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed.	EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
			(The valve is stuck open.) • EVAP canister vent control valve
			EVAP canister
			 Hoses (Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

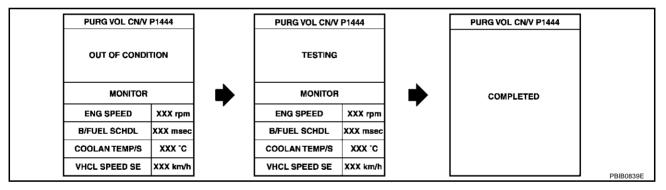
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "PURG VOL CN/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START".



Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CONSULT-II changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 seconds.)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-542, "Diagnostic Procedure".

® WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 20 seconds.
- 4. Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-542, "Diagnostic Procedure".

Wiring Diagram Α EC-PGC/V-01 ■: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START FUSE,FUSIBLE LINK AND RELAY C REFER TO PG-POWER. 10A BLOCK (J/B) 58 (E3) D Е (E33) (F33) G Н EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE (F25) 54 EVAP ECM (F101) M REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. 2 1 F25 I. (E3) -FUSE, FUSIBLE LINK AND RELAY BLOCK (J/B) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 (F101) 158 159 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 160 161 162 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84

TBWA0290E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
		EVAP canister purge volume	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)* Description of the state of
54	LY	control solenoid valve	 [Engine is running] ● Engine speed is about 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine). 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)* PBIB0051E

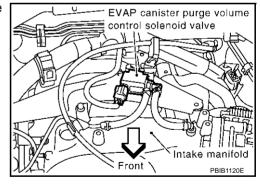
^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002Q

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIR-CUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

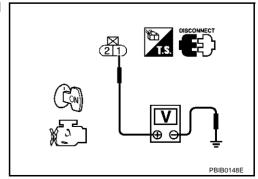


4. Check voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



$\overline{2}$. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Harness connectors E33, F33 EC Fuse, fusible link and relay block (J/B) connector E3 10A fuse Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and fuse >> Repair harness or connectors. 3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIR-**CUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT** Turn ignition switch "OFF". F Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 54 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. Н 4. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector. Check connectors for water. Water should not exist. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. 5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR Refer to EC-358, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6. M OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-543** 2003 M45

>> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

NG

6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

ACTIVE TEST			
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %		
MONITOR			
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm		
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN		
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN		
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %		
A/F ALPHA-B2	xxx %		
	<u> </u>	ı	PBIB

7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-545, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

8. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-552, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

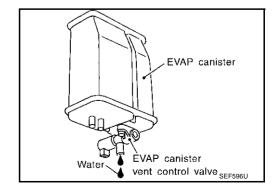
NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 11. No >> GO TO 14.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve attached.

The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> GO TO 12.

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

13. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-538, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Clean or replace water separator.

14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

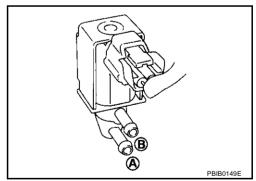
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

(P) With CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

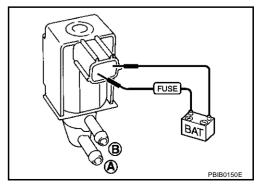
Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between A and B
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No



(R) Without CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



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Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

ABS002QK

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

PFP:14935

Component Description

ABS002QL

Α

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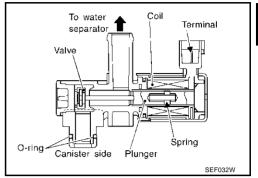
 D

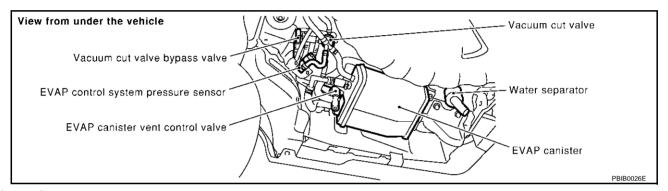
The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System" diagnosis.





CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002QM

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002QN

				K
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
			EVAP canister vent control valve	
B	5,45	5,40	EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit	L
P1446 1446	EVAP canister vent control valve close	EVAP canister vent control valve remains closed under specified driving conditions.	Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve	M
			Water separator	1 4 1
			EVAP canister is saturated with water	

Revision; 2004 April **EC-547** 2003 M45

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002QO

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

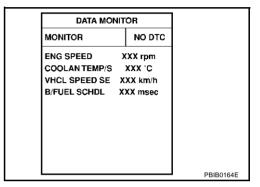
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a maximum of 15 minutes.

NOTF:

If a malfunction exists, NG result may be displayed quicker.

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-550</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram Α EC-VENT/V-01 ■: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START EC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC FUSE,FUSIBLE LINK AND RELAY BLOCK REFER TO PG-POWER. C 58 (J/B) (E3) D (E224) G/OR (B204) Е (B251) 4 G/OR EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE G (B402) Н OR (B251) (B211) 9V OR (M141) 15T L/Y (F105) 158 ECM (F101) M REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. (F105), (B211) -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 E3 -FUSE,FUSIBLE LINK AND (F101) RELAY BLOCK (J/B) 158 159 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 (B401) SB

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

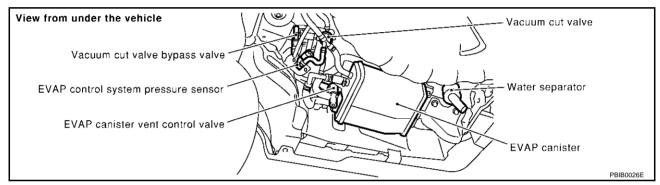
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
158	L/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002QQ

1. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.



3. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Clean rubber tube using an air blower.

2. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-338, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Clean or replace water separator.

3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-552, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

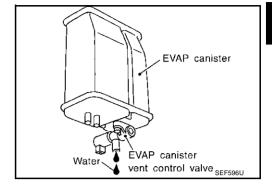
NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

4. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5. >> GO TO 7. No



5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve attached.

The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection
 - >> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

- Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-367, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

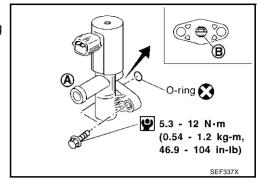
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Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

ABS002QR

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- Check portion B of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.
 - If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.
- 3. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".



- 5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Check air passage continuity and operation delay time.Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

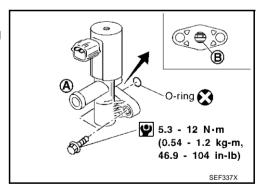
If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.

- 7. Clean the air passage (Portion A to B) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 8. Perform step 5 again.

⋈ Without CONSULT-II

- Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- Check portion B of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

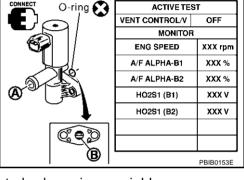
Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
OFF	Yes

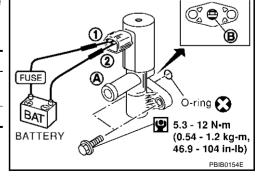
Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.

- 4. Clean the air passage (Portion A to B) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 5. Perform step 3 again.





DTC P1448 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

PFP:14935

Component Description

ABS002OS

NOTE:

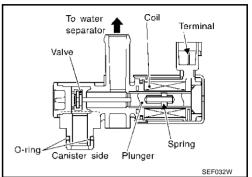
If DTC P1448 is displayed with P0442, P0455, P0456, P1442 or P1456, perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1448 first.

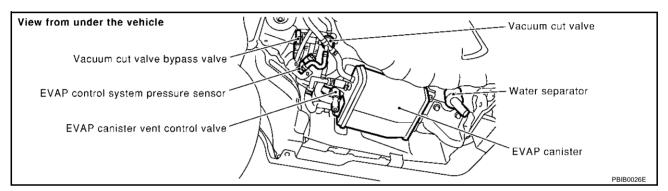
The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.





CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002QT

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002QU

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
			EVAP canister vent control valve
			EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit
P1448 1448	EVAP canister vent control valve open	EVAP canister vent control valve remains open under specified driving conditions.	Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve
			Water separator
			EVAP canister is saturated with water
			Vacuum cut valve

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002QW

NOTE:

- If DTC P1448 is displayed with P0442, P0455, P0456, P1442 or P1456, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1448.
- If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(A) WITH CONSULT-II **TESTING CONDITION:**

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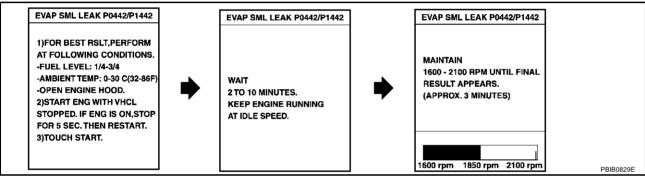
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- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).
- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Make sure that the following conditions are met.

COOLAN TEMP/S	0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F)
INT/A TEMP SE	0 - 30°C (32 - 86°F)

 Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II. Follow the instruction displayed.



If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to EC-82, "Basic Inspection".

Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, go to the following step.

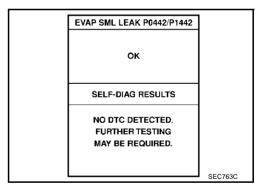
NOTF:

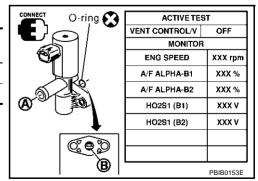
Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

- 7. Stop engine and wait at least 10 seconds, then turn "ON".
- 8. Disconnect hose from water separator.
- Select "VENT CONTROL/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 10. Touch "ON" and "OFF" alternately.
- 11. Make sure the following.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	No
OFF	Yes

If the result is NG, go to $\underline{\text{EC-557}}$, "Diagnostic Procedure" . If the result is OK, go to "Diagnostic Procedure" for DTC P0442, $\underline{\text{EC-332}}$.





Overall Function Check

ABS002QX

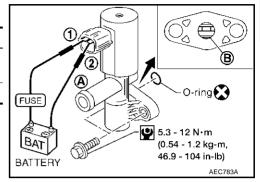
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

® WITH GST

- 1. Disconnect hose from water separator.
- 2. Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
- 3. Verify the following.

Condition	Air passage continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If the result is NG, go to $\underline{\text{EC-557}}$, "Diagnostic Procedure" . If the result is OK, go to "Diagnostic Procedure" for DTC P0442, $\underline{\text{EC-332}}$.



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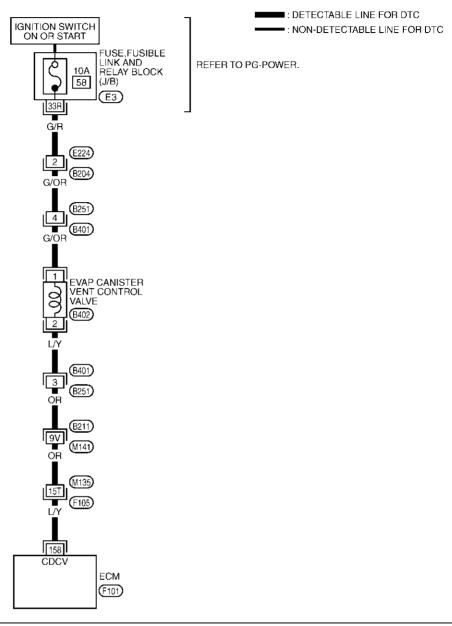
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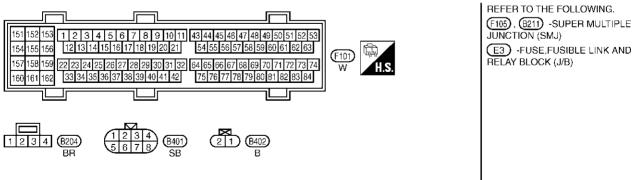
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Wiring Diagram

ABS002QY

EC-VENT/V-01





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

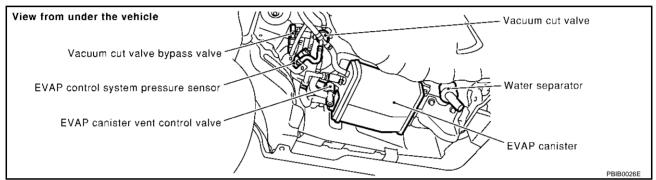
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
158	L/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.



3. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Clean rubber tube using an air blower.

2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-559, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

3. CHECK VACUUM CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-591, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace vacuum cut valve.

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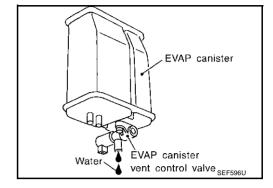
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4. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5. No >> GO TO 7.



5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve attached.

The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection
 - >> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HOSE

Check disconnection or improper connection of hose connected to EVAP control system pressure sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Repair it.

8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

- 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-367, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

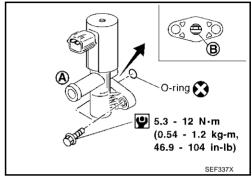
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

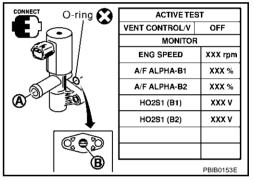
(P)With CONSULT-II

- Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.
- 3. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.



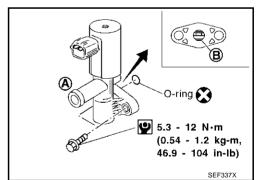
6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time.

- 7. Clean the air passage (Portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 8. Perform Test No. 9 again.



With GST

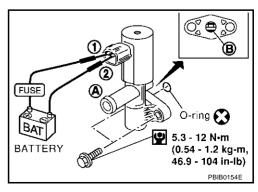
- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

- 4. Clean the air passage (Portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 5. Perform Test No. 9 again.



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DTC P1456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

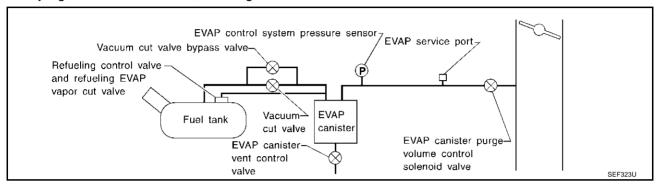
PFP:14710

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ARS002VN

This diagnosis detects very small leaks in the EVAP line between fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, using vapor pressure in the fuel tank in the same way as conventional EVAP small leak diagnosis.

- If ECM judges a leak which corresponds to a very small leak, the very small leak P0456 will be detected.
- If ECM judges a leak equivalent to a small leak, EVAP small leak P1442 will be detected.
- If ECM judges there are no leaks, the diagnosis will be OK.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
			Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve
			Incorrect fuel filler cap used
			Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.
			Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.
			Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
			Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.
			EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks
			EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks
			EVAP purge line rubber tube bent
			Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control sys- tem pressure sensor
D0.450	Evaporative emission	EVAP system has a very small leak.	Loose or disconnected rubber tube
P0456 0456	control system very small leak (negative	EVAP system does not operate prop-	EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit
	pressure check)	erly.	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit
			Absolute pressure sensor
			Fuel tank temperature sensor
			O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged
			Water separator
			EVAP canister is saturated with water
			EVAP control system pressure sensor
			Refueling control valve
			ORVR system leaks
			Fuel level sensor and the circuit
			Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve

CAUTION:

 Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.

- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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NOTE:

- If DTC P1456 is displayed with P1442, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1456 first.
- After repair, make sure that the hoses and clips are installed properly.
- If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.
- If any of following conditions are met just before the DTC confirmation procedure, leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour.
- Fuel filler cap is removed.
- Refilled or drained the fuel.
- EVAP component parts is/are removed.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

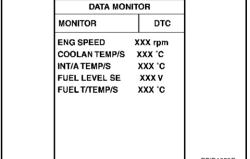
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Make sure the following conditions are met.

FUEL LEVEL SE: 0.25 - 1.15V COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 32°C (32 - 90°F)

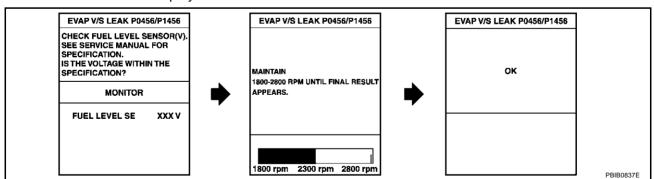
FUEL T/TMP SE: 0 - 35°C (32 - 95°F) INT A/TEMP SE: More than 0°C (32°F)

If NG, turn ignition switch "OFF" and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle) or refilling/draining fuel until the output voltage condition of the "FUEL LEVEL SE" meets within the range above and leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour. Then start from step 1).



- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-563, "Diagnostic Procedure".

- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT-II screen, go to EC-82. "Basic Inspection".
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

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Overall Function Check

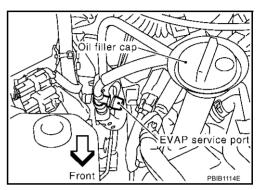
WITH GST

ABS002VP

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP very small leak function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air, doing so may damage the EVAP system.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceeded 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi).
- Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.



- 2. Set the pressure pump and a hose.
- 3. Also set a vacuum gauge via 3-way connector and a hose.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Connect GST and select MODE 8.
- 6. Using MODE 8 control the EVAP canister vent control valve (close) and vacuum cut valve bypass valve (open).
- Apply pressure and make sure the following conditions are satisfied

Pressure to be applied: 2.7 kPa (20 mmHg, 0.79 inHg) Time to be waited after the pressure drawn in to the EVAP system and the pressure to be dropped: 60 seconds and

the pressure should not be dropped more than 0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.12 inHg).

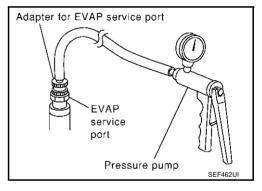
If NG, go to EC-563, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If OK, go to next step.

- 8. Disconnect GST.
- 9. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 10. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 11. Restart engine and let it idle for 90 seconds.
- 12. Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm for 30 seconds.
- 13. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

NOTE:

For more information, refer to GST instruction manual.



Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

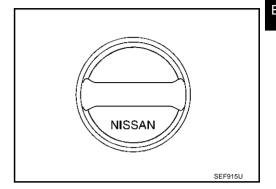
ABS002VQ

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> • Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.

• Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to EC-688, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

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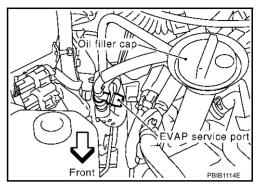
Revision; 2004 April **EC-563** 2003 M45

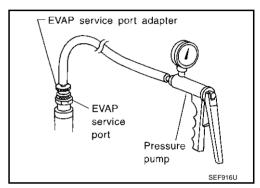
5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





Models with CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6.
Models without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

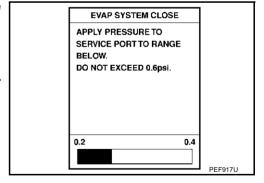
6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



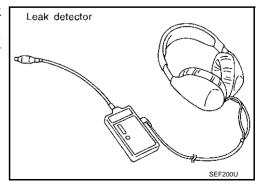
4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.

Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

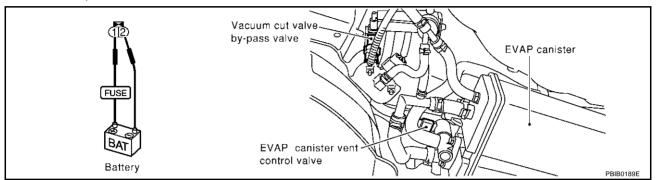
NG >> Repair or replace.



7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- 3. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12V until the end of test.)



4. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

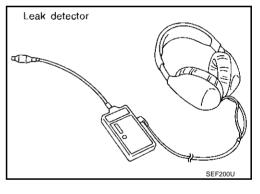
NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 5. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace.



8. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-568, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace water separator.

9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE, O-RING AND CIRCUIT

Refer to EC-553, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring or harness/connector.

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10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

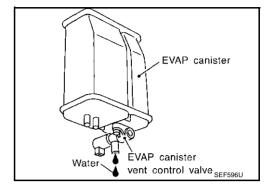
- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- 2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

>> GO TO 11. Yes

No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve attached.

The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.

>> GO TO 12.

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100.0%.
- 5. Check vac 2,000 rpm

OK or NG

OK >> G(NG >> G(

acuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to	ENG SI
n.	HO2S1 MN
	HO2S1 MM
O TO 16.	A/F ALP
O TO 15.	A/F ALP

ACTIVE TES	Т
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION (R) Without CONSULT-II Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. EC 2. Stop engine. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm. Vacuum should exist. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> GO TO 15. F 15. CHECK VACUUM HOSE Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to EC-24, "Vacuum Hose Drawing". OK or NG >> GO TO 16. OK NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 16. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Н Refer to EC-545, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. 17. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR Refer to EC-290, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit. 18. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR Refer to EC-367, "Component Inspection". OK or NG M OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. 19. check evap purge line Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 20. NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 20. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Revision; 2004 April **EC-567** 2003 M45

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 21.

$\overline{21}$. check refueling evap vapor line

Check refueling EVAP vapor line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to EC-691, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

22. CHECK SIGNAL LINE AND RECIRCULATION LINE

Check signal line and recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 23.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses, tubes or filler neck tube.

23. CHECK REFUELING CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24.

NG >> Replace refueling control valve with fuel tank.

24. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to DI-24, "CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 25.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

25. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

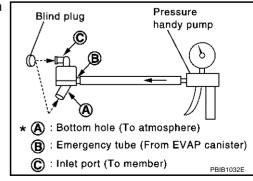
Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR

ABS002VR

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- Check that A and C are not clogged by blowing air into B with A, and then C plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

Do not disassemble water separator.



DTC P1464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

DTC P1464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

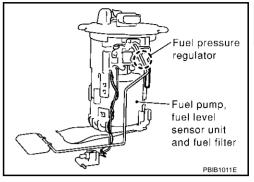
PFP:25060

Component Description

ABS002R1

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

ARSON2R2

ECM receives two signals from the fuel level sensor.

One is fuel level sensor power supply circuit, and the other is fuel level sensor ground circuit.

This diagnosis indicates the latter to detect open circuit malfunction.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1464 1464	Fuel level sensor circuit ground signal	A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002R3

NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch "ON". 1.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-571, "Diagnostic Procedure"

MONITOR NO DTC FUEL T/TMP SE XXX °C FUEL LEVEL SE XXX V

® WITH GST

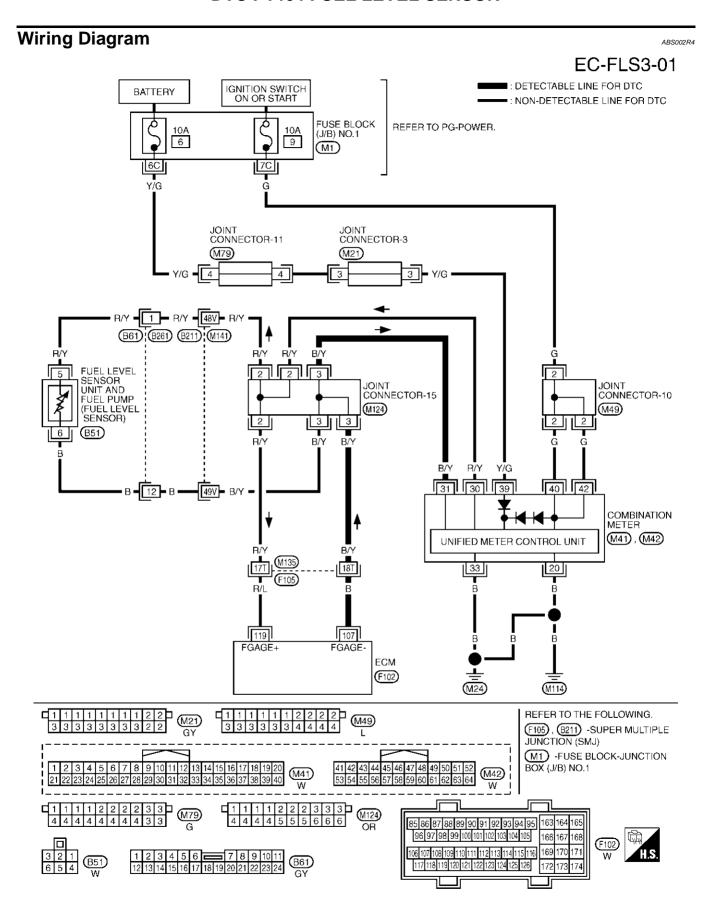
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

EC-569 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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DTC P1464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

	•		T	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
119	R/L	Fuel level sensor	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel level.
107	В	Fuel level sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002R5

1. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF". 1.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 107 and combination meter terminal 31. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F105, M135
- Joint connector-15
- Harness for open and short between ECM and combination meter.

>> Replace open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation **FUEL LEVEL SENSOR**

ABS002R6

Refer to FL-3, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

EC-571 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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DTC P1480 COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

PFP:21010

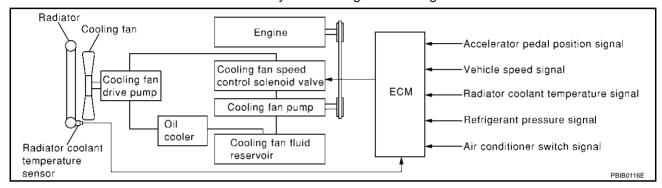
Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

ABS002R7

This system controls the cooling fan operating speed. The opening of the cooling fan speed control solenoid valve changes to control oil pressure provided to the cooling fan drive pump.

This system consists of the cooling fan pump, cooling fan drive pump, cooling fan speed control solenoid valve, oil cooler, cooling fan fluid reservoir, etc.

The cooling fan pump is operated by engine with the drive belts and provides oil pressure to the cooling fan drive pump which operates the cooling fan. The cooling fan speed control solenoid valve is installed between the cooling fan pump and cooling fan drive pump. The solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the solenoid valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions.



COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Radiator coolant temperature sensor	Radiator coolant temperature	Cooling fan speed control	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure		Soleriola valve
Wheel sensors (CAN communication)	Vehicle speed		
A/C auto amp. (CAN communication)	Air conditioner switch signal		

The ECM controls the cooling fan speed corresponding to the engine speed, the radiator coolant temperature, refrigerant pressure, vehicle speed, air conditioner switch signal, etc.

The ECM determines the target fan speed based on the basic fan speed considering the radiator coolant temperature and the engine speed. The ECM controls fan speed between 0 to 2,550 rpm.

When the cooling fan speed control solenoid valve is malfunctioning (does not operate), the cooling fan is operated at the maximum speed by engine through the drive belts.

Cooling Fan Basic Speed

unit: rpm

Air condi-		Vehicle speed		
tioner	Refrigerant pressure	Less than 20 km/h (12 MPH)	20 - 80 km/h (12 - 50 MPH)	More than 80 km/h (50 MPH)
OFF	-	300	300	300
ON	Less than 680 kPa (6.94 kg/cm ² , 98.6 psi)	700	400	300
	680 - 1,660 kPa (6.94 - 16.93 kg/cm ² , 98.6 - 240.7 psi)	900	700	300
	1,660 - 1,960 kPa (16.93 - 19.99 kg/cm ² , 240.7 - 284.2 psi)	1100	1100	1250
	More than 1,960 kPa (19.99 kg/cm ² , 284.2 psi)	1250	1200	1250

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Cooling Fan Speed Control Solenoid Valve

The cooling fan speed control solenoid valve uses a ON/OFF duty to control the pressure of the cooling fan fluid from the cooling fan pump. This solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulse from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse is sent to the solenoid valve, the lower speed the cooling fan operates.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002R8

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
TRGT FAN RPM	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	0 rpm
	Engine: Idle	300 - 2,550 rpm

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002R9

This self diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause	
P1480 1480	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve circuit	A)	An excessively low ampere of current flows through the cooling fan speed control solenoid valve to ECM, even though the radiator coolant temperature is low,	solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) • Cooling fan speed control	
		В)	An excessively high ampere of current flows through the cooling fan speed control solenoid valve to ECM, even though the radiator coolant temperature is high.		

DTC Confirmation Procedure

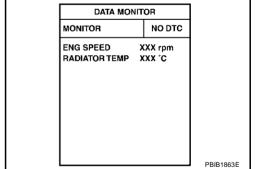
ABS002RE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

(With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Confirm "RADIATOR TEMP" indicates less than 80 °C (176 °F). If not, cool down the engine.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- If DTC is detected, go to EC-576, "Diagnostic Procedure".



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 122 (radiator coolant temperature sensor signal) and engine around.
- Check the voltage should be above 1.23V. 3. If not, cool down the engine.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- If DTC is detected, go to EC-576, "Diagnostic Procedure".

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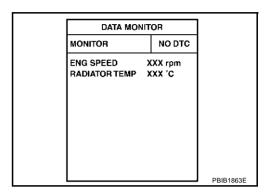
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PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

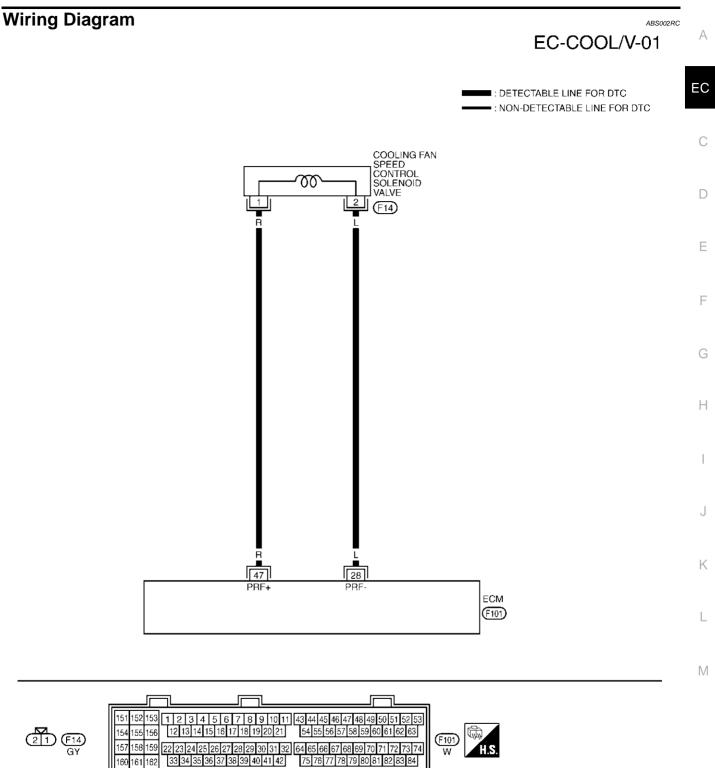
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect radiator coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 3. Connect 2.2 $k\Omega$ resistor to the radiator coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 6. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- 7. If DTC is detected, go to EC-576, "Diagnostic Procedure".



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II".



TBWM0048E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
28	L	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve ground	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0V
47	R	Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	6.5 - 8V★ >>> 10.0V/Div 2 ms/Div PBIB0049E

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002RD

Camshaft position

1. CHECK COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect cooling fan speed control solenoid valve harness connector.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 47 and cooling fan speed control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

Also check harness for short to ground and short to power in harness connectors.

Sensor (PHASE) Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve harness connector solenoid valve PBIB0023E

View with intake air duct removed

OK or NG

NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

2. CHECK COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 28 and cooling fan speed control solenoid valve terminal 2.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-577, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace cooling fan speed control solenoid valve.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-576** 2003 M45

DTC P1480 COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

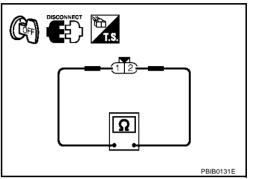
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Check resistance between cooling fan speed control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2.

Resistance: Approximately 8Ω [at 20° C (68° F)]



ABS002RF

Removal and Installation COOLING FAN SPEED CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Cooling fan speed control solenoid valve is built-into the cooling fan pump which is assembled to water pump. Refer to CO-21, "WATER PUMP" .

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DTC P1490 VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE

PFP:17372

Description COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

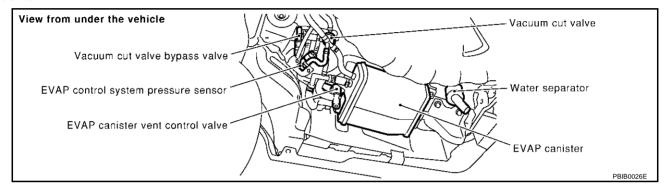
ABS002RG

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

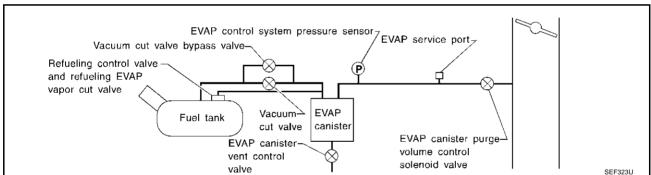
The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.



EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002RH

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VC/V BYPAS S/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002RI

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1490 1490	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve circuit	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through vacuum cut valve bypass valve.	Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is open or shorted.)Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002RK

NOTE:

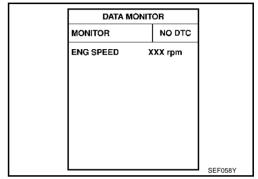
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-581, "Diagnostic Procedure"



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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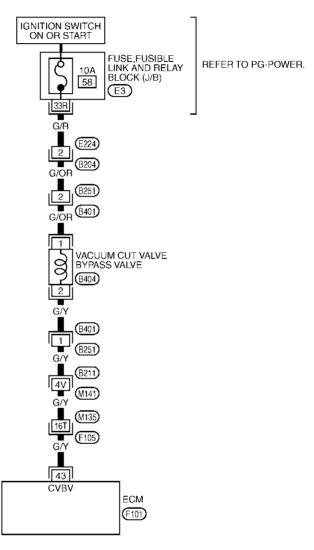
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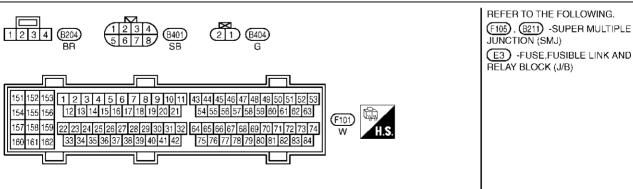
Wiring Diagram

ABS002RL

EC-BYPS/V-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





TBWA0310E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
43	G/Y	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE CIRCUIT

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and then "ON".
- Select "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ON/OFF" on CONSULT-II screen.
- 4. Make sure that clicking sound is heard from the vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.

ACTIVE TES	īΤ	
VC/V BYPASS/V	OFF	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN	
		PBIB0157E

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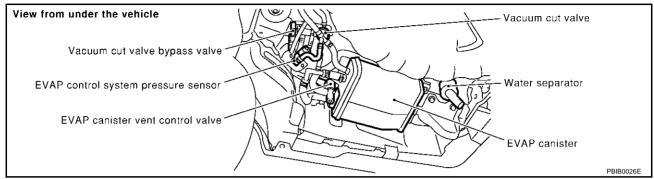
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3. CHECK VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect vacuum cut valve bypass valve harness connector.

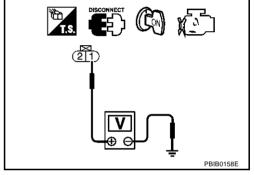


- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between vacuum cut valve bypass valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B401, B251
- Harness connectors B204, E224
- Fuse, fusible link and relay block (J/B) connector E3
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between vacuum cut valve bypass valve and fuse
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 43 and vacuum cut valve bypass valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B401, B251
- Harness connectors B211, M141
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Harness for open or short between vacuum cut valve bypass valve and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE

Refer to EC-583, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	Yes
OFF	No

Operation takes less than 1 second.

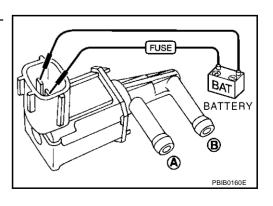
ACTIVE TEST VC/V BYPASS/V OFF MONITOR ENG SPEED XXX rpm A/F ALPHA-B1 XXX % A/F ALPHA-B2 XXX % HO2S1 MNTR (B1) LEAN HO2S1 MNTR (B2) LEAN PBIB0159E

With GST

Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No

Operation takes less than 1 second.



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DTC P1491 VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE

PFP:17372

Description COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

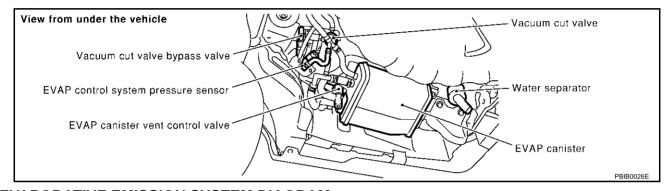
ABS002RO

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

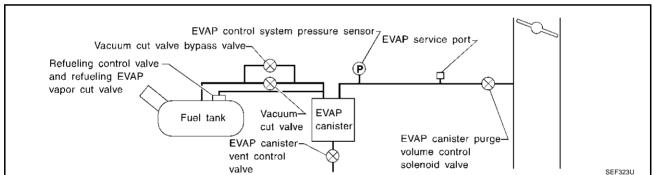
The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.



EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002RP

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VC/V BYPAS S/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002RQ

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
			Vacuum cut valve bypass valve
			Vacuum cut valve
			Bypass hoses for clogging
		Vacuum cut valve bypass valve dose not operate properly.	 EVAP control system pressure sensor and circuit
	Vacuum cut valve bypass		EVAP canister vent control valve
	valve		 Hose between fuel tank and vacuum cut valve clogged
			 Hose between vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister clogged
			EVAP canister
			EVAP purge port of fuel tank for clogging

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002RS

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform test at a temperature of 5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
- 5. Select "VC CUT/V BP/V P1491" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 6. Touch "START".

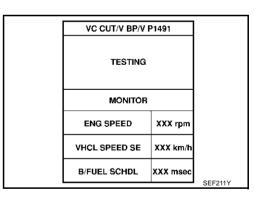
VC CUT/V BP/V I		
OUT OF COND!		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED XXX rpm		
VHCL SPEED SE		
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	SEF210Y

7. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

ENG SPEED	More than 1,000 rpm
Selector lever	Suitable position
Vehicle speed	More than 37 km/h (23 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.0 - 10.0 msec

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3.

8. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-588, "Diagnostic Procedure".



VC CUT/V BP/V P1491	
COMPLETED	
	SEF239Y

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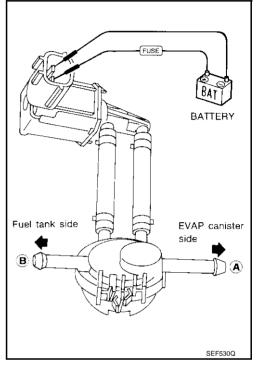
Overall Function Check

ABS002RT

Use this procedure to check the overall function of vacuum cut valve bypass valve. During this check, the 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Remove vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve as an assembly.
- Apply vacuum to port A and check that there is no suction from port B.
- 3. Apply vacuum to port ${\bf B}$ and check that there is suction from port ${\bf A}$.
- 4. Blow air in port **B** and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port **A**.
- 5. Supply battery voltage to the terminal.
- 6. Blow air in port A and check that air flows freely out of port B.
- 7. Blow air in port **B** and check that air flows freely out of port **A**.
- 8. If NG, go to "EC-588, "Diagnostic Procedure".



Wiring Diagram Α EC-BYPS/V-01 ■: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC -: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC C IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START FUSE,FUSIBLE LINK AND RELAY BLOCK (J/B) D REFER TO PG-POWER. 58 (E3) Е G/R B204) G/OR B251) G/OR (B401) G VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE Н (B404) (B401) G/Y 4V (B251) (B211) (M141) (M135) 16T K G/Y (F105) 43 CVBV EÇM (F101) M REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. (F105), (B211) -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) E3 -FUSE,FUSIBLE LINK AND RELAY BLOCK (J/B) 152 153 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63

TBWA0310E

(F101)

158 159

22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74

75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84

33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
43	G/Y	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002RV

1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

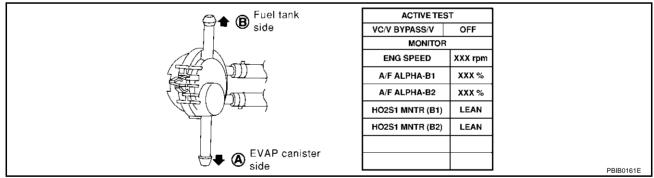
Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE OPERATION

(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Remove vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve as an assembly.
- 3. Apply vacuum to port A and check that there is no suction from port B.
- 4. Apply vacuum to port B and check that there is suction from port A.
- 5. Blow air in port B and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port A.
- 6. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 7. Select "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II and touch "ON".
- 8. Blow air in port A and check that air flows freely out of port B.
- 9. Blow air in port B and check that air flows freely out of port A.



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 5.

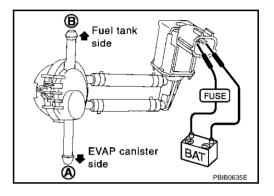
3. CHECK VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE OPERATION

W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Remove vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve as an assembly.
- 3. Apply vacuum to port A and check that there is no suction from port B.
- 4. Apply vacuum to port B and check that there is suction from port A.
- 5. Blow air in port B and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port A.
- 6. Disconnect vacuum cut valve bypass valve harness connector.
- 7. Supply battery voltage to the terminal.
- 8. Blow air in port A and check that air flows freely out of port B.
- 9. Blow air in port B and check that air flows freely out of port A.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 7.



4. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging or disconnection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair it.

5. CHECK EVAP PURGE PORT

Check EVAP purge port of fuel tank for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

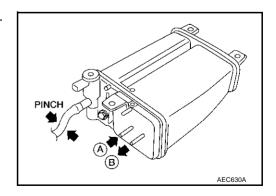
NG >> Clean EVAP purge port.

6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

- 1. Pinch the fresh air hose.
- 2. Blow air into port ${\bf A}$ and check that it flows freely out of port ${\bf B}$. ${\bf OK}$ or ${\bf NG}$

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister.



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7. CHECK BYPASS HOSE

Check bypass hoses for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses.

8. CHECK VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE

Refer to EC-591, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

9. CHECK VACUUM CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-591, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace vacuum cut valve.

10. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HOSE

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check disconnection or improper connection of hose connected to EVAP control system pressure sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Repair or replace.

11. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

- 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

12. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-367, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

13. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-559, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

15. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace fuel tank.

16. CHECK REFUELING CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Replace fuel tank.

17. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between A and B	
ON	Yes	
OFF	No	

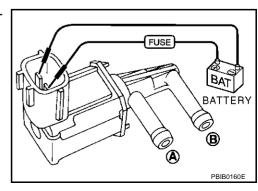
Operation takes less than 1 second.

ACTIVE TEST VC/V BYPASS/V OFF MONITOR ENG SPEED XXX rpm A/F ALPHA-B1 XXX % A/F ALPHA-B2 XXX % HO2S1 MNTR (B1) LEAN HO2S1 MNTR (B2) LEAN PBIB0159E

Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B	
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	
No supply	No	

Operation takes less than 1 second.



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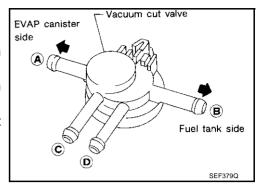
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VACUUM CUT VALVE

Check vacuum cut valve as follows:

- Plug port C and D with fingers.
- Apply vacuum to port A and check that there is no suction from port B.
- Apply vacuum to port B and check that there is suction from port A.
- Blow air in port B and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port A.
- Open port C and D.
- Blow air in port A check that air flows freely out of port C.
- Blow air in port B check that air flows freely out of port D.



DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

PFP:32006

Component Description

ABS002RX

When the gear position is "P" or "N", park/neutral position (PNP) switch is "ON". ECM detects the position because the continuity of the line (the "ON" signal) exists.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002RY

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
P/N POSI SW	Ignition switch: ON	Selector lever: P or N	ON
1/141 001 000		Selector lever: Except above	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002RZ

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1706 1706	Park/neutral position switch	The signal of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch is not changed in the process of engine starting and driving.	 Harness or connectors [The park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit is open or shorted.] Park/neutral position (PNP) switch

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002S0

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT-II. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

Position (Selector lever)	Known-good signal
"N" or "P" position	ON
Except above position	OFF

If NG, go to $\underline{\text{EC-596}}$, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

If OK, go to following step.

- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than 1,200 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	2.0 - 31 msec
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position

6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-596, "Diagnostic Procedure"

			1
	DATA MO	NITOR	
MON	IITOR	NO DTC	
P/N I	POSI SW	ON	
			SEF212Y

DATA MON	ITOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx .c
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
P/N POSI SW	OFF
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

Revision; 2004 April **EC-593** 2003 M45

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Overall Function Check

ABS002S1

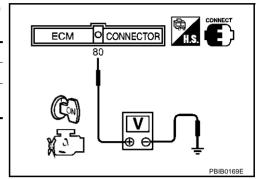
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

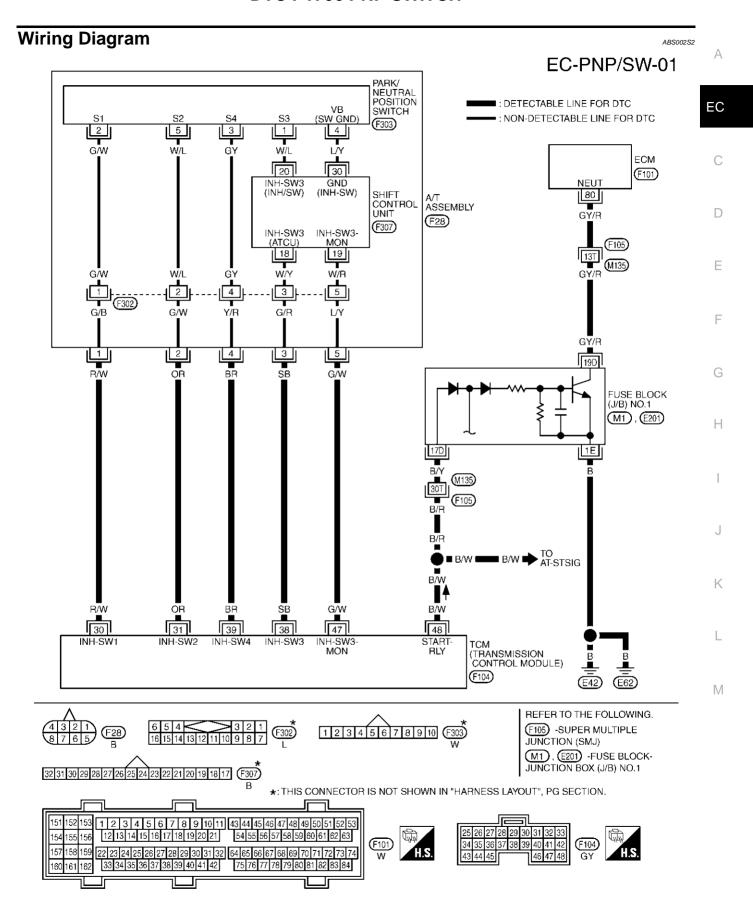
WITH GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 80 (PNP switch signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	Voltage V (Known good data)
"P" or "N" position	Approx. 0
Except above position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

3. If NG, go to EC-596, "Diagnostic Procedure".





TBWA0302E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
80	80 GY/R PNP switch	[Ignition switch "ON"] • Selector lever: P or N	Approximately 0V	
80		G1/K	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
		Except above position	Approximately 3V	

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002S3

1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK PNP SWITCH SIGNAL

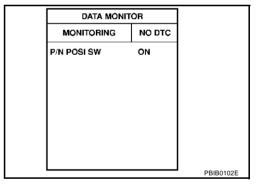
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "A/T", then "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Select "P/N POSI SW" signal and check its indication under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position) P/N POSI SW	
"P" or "N" position	ON
Other position	OFF

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



3. CHECK PNP SWITCH

(R) Without CONSULT-II

Confirm that the PNP switch signal is sent to TCM correctly.

Refer to AT-106, "DTC P0705 PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK PNP SWITCH CIRCUIT

Check the PNP switch circuit.

Refer to AT-106, "DTC P0705 PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH".

>> INSPECTION END

5. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

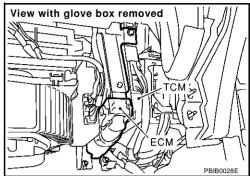
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
- Disconnect fuse block (J/B) No. 1 harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between TCM terminal 48 and fuse block (J/B) No.1 terminal 17D. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. >> GO TO 6. NG



6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F105, M135
- Harness for open or short between TCM and fuse block (J/B) No. 1
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

Check harness continuity between fuse block (J/B) No. 1 terminal 1E and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-III

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 80 and fuse block (J/B) No. 1 terminal 19D. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. >> GO TO 9. NG

9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F105, M135
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuse block (J/B) No. 1
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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10. CHECK FUSE BLOCK (J/B) NO. 1

Refer to PG-62, "FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B) NO.1".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace fuse block (J/B) No. 1.

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1720 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR (A/T OUTPUT)

DTC P1720 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR (A/T OUTPUT)

PFP:31036

Description

ABS002S4

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NOTE:

If DTC P1720 is displayed with DTC U1000, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000. Refer to EC-141, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".

ECM receives two vehicle speed sensor signals via CAN communication line. One is sent from VDC/TCS/ABS control unit, and the other is from TCM (Transmission control module). ECM uses these two signals for engine control.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002S5

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VEH SPEED SE	Turn drive wheels and compare the CONSULT-II value with speedometer indication.	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002S6

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1720 1720	Vehicle speed sensor (A/T output)		Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)
		ECM detects a difference between two vehicle speed sensor signals is out of the specified range.	 Harness or connectors (Revolution sensor circuit is open or shorted) Harness or connectors (Wheel sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
			• TCM
			VDC/TCS/ABS control unit
			Combination meter

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002S8

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine.
- 4. Drive vehicle at a speed of 20 km/h (12 MPH) or more for at least 5 seconds without brake pedal depressing.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-600, "Diagnostic Procedure".

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1720 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR (A/T OUTPUT)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM

ABS002S9

Check DTC with TCM. Refer to $\underline{\text{AT-42, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"}}$. OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.

2. CHECK DTC WITH VDC/TCS/ABS CONTROL UNIT

Check DTC with VDC/TCS/ABS control unit. Refer to $\underline{\mathsf{BRC-}13,\,"\mathsf{TROUBLE}\,\,\mathsf{DIAGNOSIS"}}$. OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.

3. CHECK COMBINATION METER

Check combination meter function. Refer to DI-6, "COMBINATION METERS".

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1780 SHIFT CHANGE SIGNAL

DTC P1780 SHIFT CHANGE SIGNAL

PFP:31036

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DescriptionABS002SA

NOTE:

If DTC P1780 is displayed with DTC U1000, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000. Refer to EC-141, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".

ECM receives current gear position signal, next gear position signal, shift change signal, shift pattern signal through CAN communication line from TCM (Transmission control module). ECM uses these four signals for engine control.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002SB

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name		DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P1780 1780	Shift change signal	A)	The next gear position signal and the current gear position signal are not in the normal pattern compared with the shift pattern signal,	Harness or connectors (CAN communication line circuit is open or shorted)	
	Office Grange Signal	B)	The next gear position signal and the current gear position signal are different even through the shift change signal is "OFF".	TCM A/T unit assembly	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002SD

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform DTC confirmation procedure for DTC P1754, refer to AT-176, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>AT-178, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002SE

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1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM

Check DTC with TCM. Refer to AT-42, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.

2. CHECK TCM FUNCTION

Refer to AT-42, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace TCM. Refer to AT-7, "PRECAUTIONS".

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Revision; 2004 April **EC-601** 2003 M45

DTC P1780 SHIFT CHANGE SIGNAL

3. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-173, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 5. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

PFP:25320

Description

ABS002SE

Brake switch signal is applied to the ECM through the stop lamp switch when the brake pedal is depressed. This signal is used mainly to decrease the engine speed when the vehicle is driving.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002SG

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
	• Igrittori switch. Olv	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002SH

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1805 1805	Brake switch	A brake switch signal is not sent to ECM for an extremely long time while the vehicle is driving.	 Harness or connectors (Stop lamp switch circuit is open or shorted.) Stop lamp switch

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

Engine operation condition in fail-fail safe mode

ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to a small range. Therefore, acceleration will be poor.

Vehicle condition	Driving condition	
When engine is idling	Normal	
When accelerating	Poor acceleration	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002SI

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Fully depress the brake pedal for at least 5 seconds.
- Erase the DTC with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-605, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm
BRAKE SW

ON

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-603** 2003 M45

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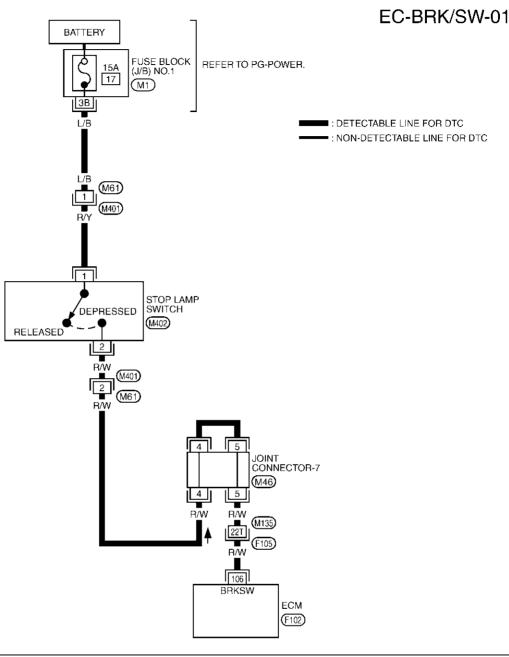
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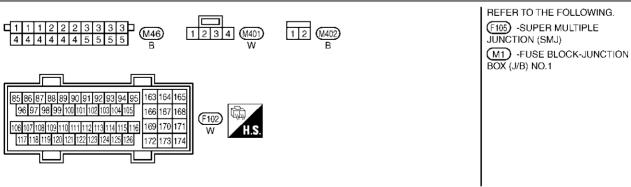
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Wiring Diagram

ABS002SJ





TBWA0303E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
106 R/W	D ///	Cton lamp quitab	[Ignition switch "ON"] • Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V
	R/VV	one and a	[Ignition switch "ON"] • Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check the stop lamp when depressing and releasing the brake pedal.

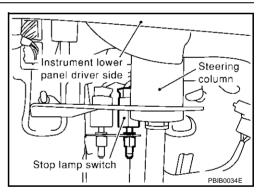
Brake pedal	Stop lamp	
Fully released	Not illuminated	
Depressed	Illuminated	

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

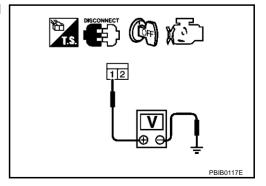


2. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



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$\overline{3}$. detect malfunctioning part

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M61, M401
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 1 connector M1
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open and short between stop lamp switch and battery
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 106 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M401, M61
- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Joint connector-7
- Harness for open or short between ECM and stop lamp switch
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-607, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

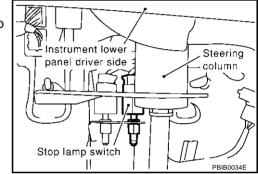
OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

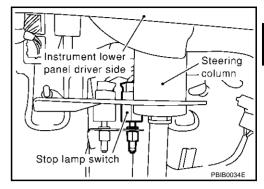
>> INSPECTION END



Component Inspection STOP LAMP SWITCH

ABS002SL

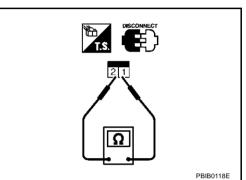
1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.



2. Check continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Conditions	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released	Should not exist.
Brake pedal: Depressed	Should exist.

3. If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 2 again.



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DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

PFP:18002

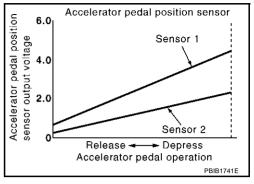
Component Description

ABS002SM

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, acceleration pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc.

Accelerator pedal position sensor is connected to the accelerator pedal through the throttle drum and accelerator wire, and detects the accelerator pedal position by the throttle drum rotation angle.

accelerator pedal position by the throttle drum rotation angle. Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.



Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002SN

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN1 ACCEL SEN2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
	(engine stopped)Selector lever: "D"	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
	(engine stopped)Selector lever: "D"	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

^{*:} Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002SO

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2122 2122	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The APP sensor 1 circuit is open or
P2123 2123	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	shorted.)Accelerator pedal position sensor (Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002SP

NOTE:

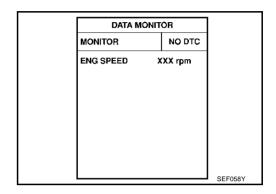
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-611, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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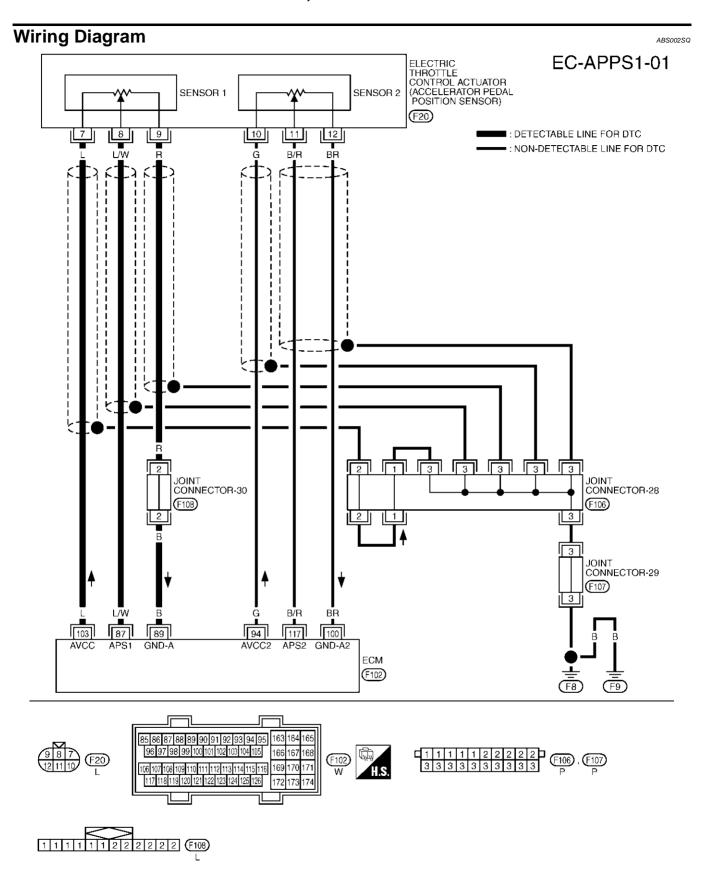
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DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

					_
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
87	L/W	Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully released 	More than 0.36V	C
o,	2,00	sensor 1	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	Less than 4.75V	Е
89	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	F
94	G	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 2.5V	G
100	BR	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 ground	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0V	Н
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V	
447	D/D	Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully released 	More than 0.18V	ı
117	B/R	sensor 2	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	Less than 2.37V	J K

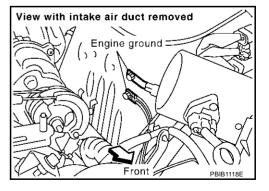
Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.

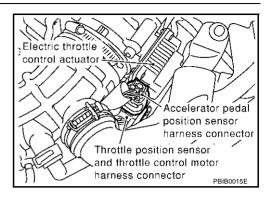


ABS002SR

DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

$\overline{2}$. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".



Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 7 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

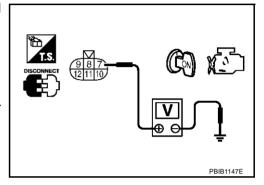
Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 9 and ECM terminal 89. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between ECM and electric throttle control actuator
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 87 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 8. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-612** 2003 M45

6. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-613, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

7. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

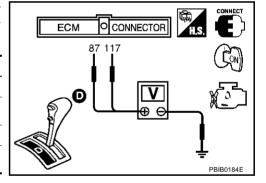
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 87 (APP sensor 1 signal), 117 (APP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
87	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
117	Fully released	More than 0.18V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	Less than 2.37V



- 4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly.
- 5. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 6. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 7. Perform <u>EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u>.

Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to ACC-2, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM".

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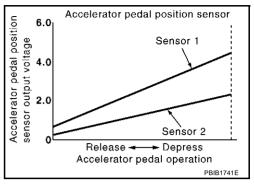
Component Description

ABS002SU

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, acceleration pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc. Accelerator pedal position sensor is connected to the accelerator

pedal through the throttle drum and accelerator wire, and detects the accelerator pedal position by the throttle drum rotation angle.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.



Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002SV

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
ACCEL SEN2*	(engine stopped)Selector lever: "D"	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
CLSD THL POS	(engine stopped)Selector lever: "D"	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

^{*:} Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002SW

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1227 1227	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The APP sensor 2 circuit is open or
P1228 1228	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	 shorted.) Accelerator pedal position sensor (Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002SX

NOTE:

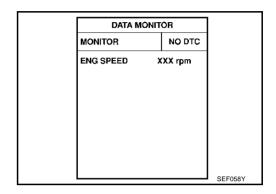
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-617, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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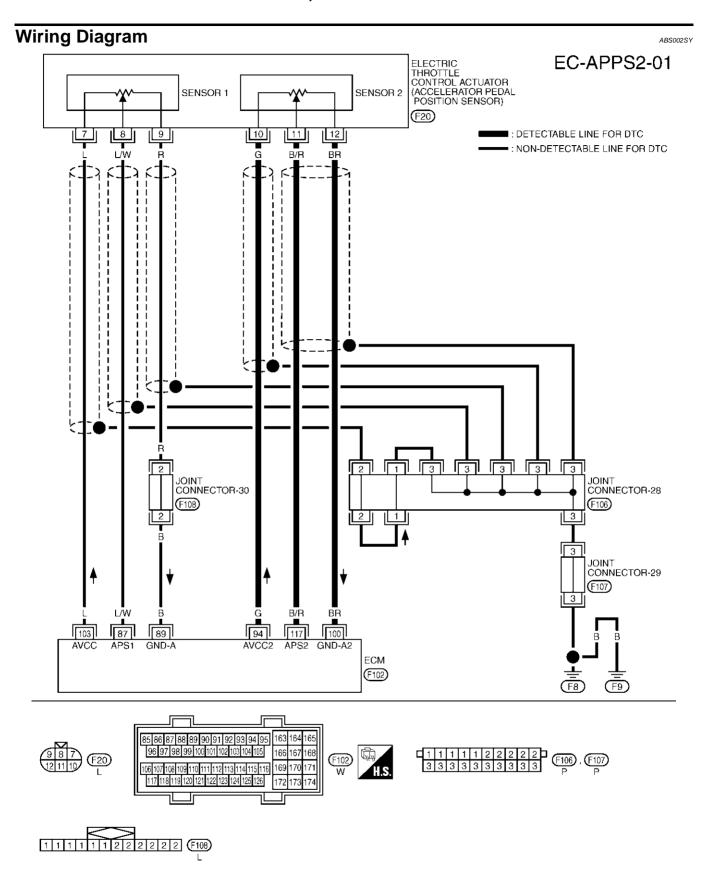
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TBWA0285E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

			·		_
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
87	L/W	Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully released 	More than 0.36V	C
o,		sensor 1	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	Less than 4.75V	Е
89	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V	F
94	G	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 2.5V	G
100	BR	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 ground	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0V	Н
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V	
447	D/D	Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully released 	More than 0.18V	ı
117	B/R	sensor 2	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	Less than 2.37V	J

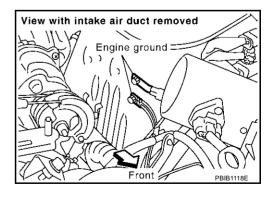
Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

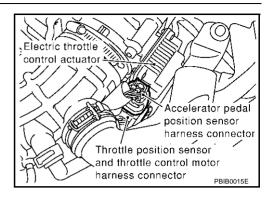
>> GO TO 2.



ABS002SZ

$\overline{2}$. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".



3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 10 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

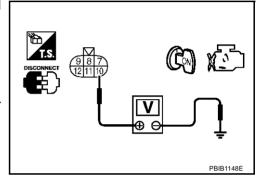
Voltage: Approximately 2.5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair of

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 12 and ECM terminal 100. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 117 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 11. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-619, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6.

6. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

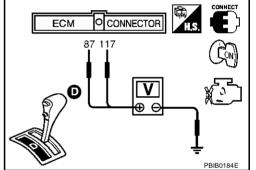
Refer to EC-132. "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 87 (APP sensor 1 signal), 117 (APP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
87	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
117	Fully released	More than 0.18V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	Less than 2.37V



- If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly.
- Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 7. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Removal and Installation **ACCELERATOR PEDAL**

Refer to ACC-2, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM".

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ABS002T1

DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

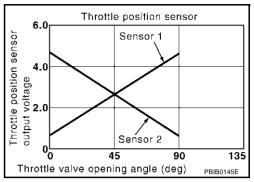
PFP:16119

Component Description

ABS002T2

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, accelerator pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002T3

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN1 THRTL SEN2*	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THINTE OLIVE	Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

^{*:} Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002T4

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2135 2135	Throttle position sensor circuit range/performance problem	Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from TP sensor 1 and TP sensor 2.	 Harness or connector (The TP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.) Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

35002T5

NOTE:

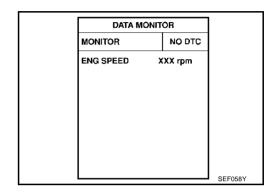
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

(II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-623, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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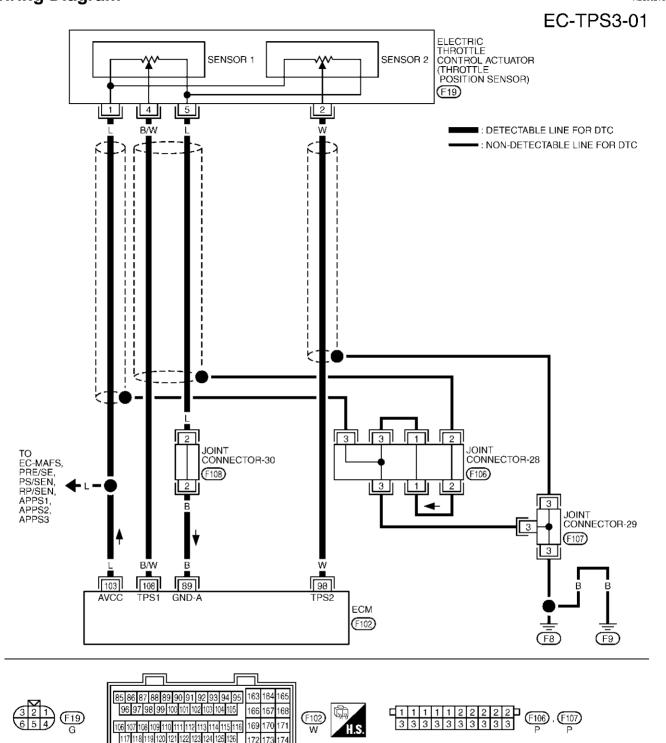
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Wiring Diagram

ABS002T6



TBWA0283E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

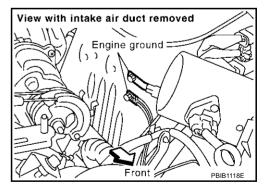
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)		
			[Engine is running]			
89	В	Sensor ground	Warm-up condition	Approximately 0V		
			Idle speed			
			[Ignition switch "ON"]			
			Engine stopped	1 than 4 75V		
			Selector lever: "D"	Less than 4.75V		
00		TI " "	Accelerator pedal is fully released			
98	W	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch "ON"]		_	
			Engine stopped			
			Selector lever: "D"	Selector lever: "D"	More than 0.36V	
			Accelerator pedal is fully depressed			
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V	_	
			[Ignition switch "ON"]		_	
			Engine stopped	More than 0.36V		
108 B/W		Selector lever: "D"	More than 0.56V			
		Accelerator pedal is fully released				
	Throttle position sensor 1	[Ignition switch "ON"]		_		
		Engine stopped	Loop their 4.75V			
		Selector lever: "D"	Less than 4.75V			
			Accelerator pedal is fully depressed			

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.

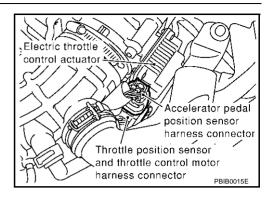


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ABS002T7

2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".



 Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

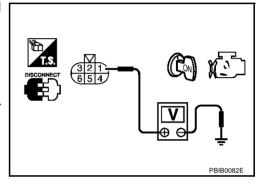
Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 5 and ECM terminal 89. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between electric throttle control actuator and ECM
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 4, ECM terminal 98 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-625, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> GO TO 7.

7. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Set selector lever to "D" position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 108 (TP sensor 1signal), 98 (TP sensor 2signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
108	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
98	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

- 7. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- Perform <u>EC-46</u>, "Accelerator <u>Pedal Released Position Learning</u>".
- 9. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".

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Revision; 2004 April **EC-625** 2003 M45

10. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Removal and Installation **ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR**

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

ABS002T9

DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

PFP:18002

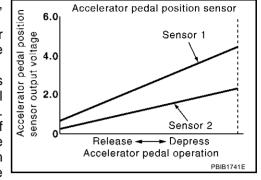
Component Description

ABS002TA

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, acceleration pedal position sensor, throttle position sensor, etc.

Accelerator pedal position sensor is connected to the accelerator pedal through the throttle drum and accelerator wire, and detects the accelerator pedal position by the throttle drum rotation angle.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.



Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS0031E

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
ACCEL SEN2*	(engine stopped) ● Selector lever: "D"	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
	(engine stopped) • Selector lever: "D"	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

^{*:} Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

ABS002TE

The self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2138 2138	Accelerator pedal position sensor circuit range/performance problem	Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from APP sensor 1 and APP sensor 2.	 Harness or connector (The APP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 and 2

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

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The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

ABS002TC

NOTE:

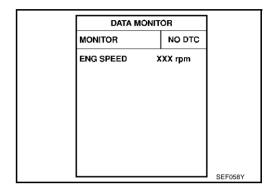
If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

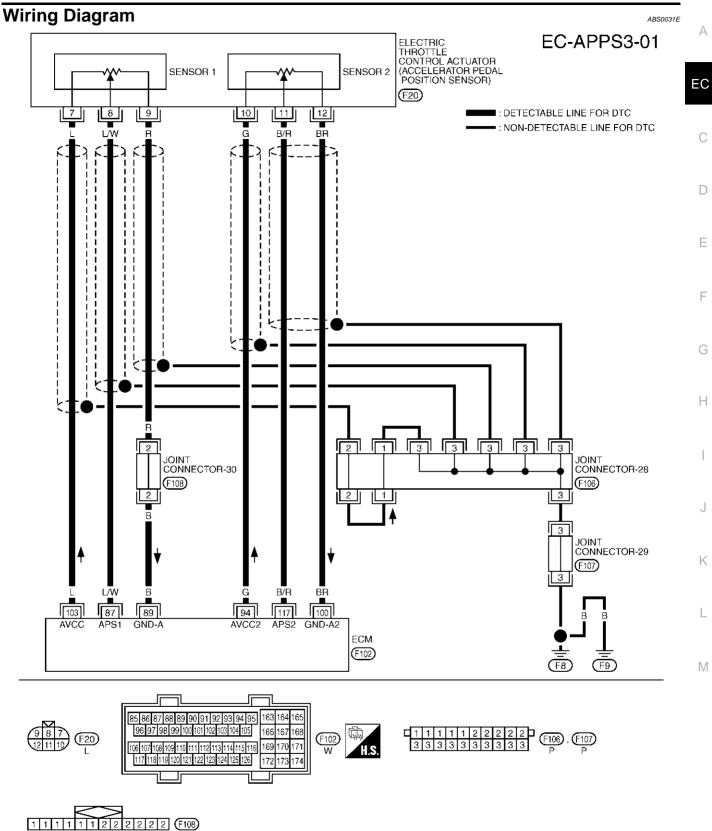
(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-630, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



® WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



TBWA0286E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
87	L/W	Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully released 	More than 0.36V
01	L/VV	sensor 1	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	Less than 4.75V
89	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
94	G	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 2.5V
100	BR	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 ground	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0V
103	L	Sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
44.7	D/D	Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully released 	More than 0.18V
117	B/R	sensor 2	 [Ignition switch "ON"] Engine stopped Selector lever: "D" Accelerator pedal is fully depressed 	Less than 2.37V

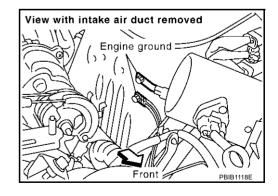
Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

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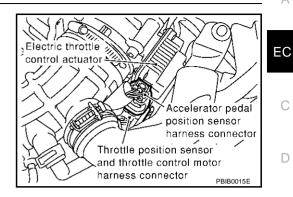
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



$\overline{2}$. CHECK APP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".



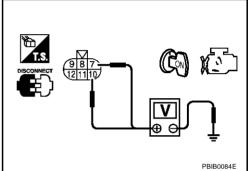
Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminals 7, 10 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	Voltage (V)
7	Approximately 5
10	Approximately 2.5

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK APP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminals 9 and ECM terminal 89, electric throttle control actuator terminal 12 and ECM terminal 100. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. >> GO TO 4. NG

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between ECM and electric throttle control actuator
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

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5. CHECK APP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 87 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 8, ECM terminal 117 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 11.
 Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-633, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

7. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

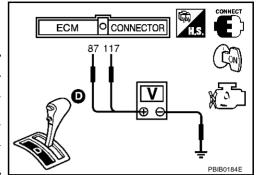
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

ABS0031F

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 87 (APP sensor 1 signal), 117 (APP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
87	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
117	Fully released	More than 0.18V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	Less than 2.37V



- 4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
- 5. Perform EC-46, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 6. Perform EC-46, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 7. Perform EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to ACC-2, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM" .

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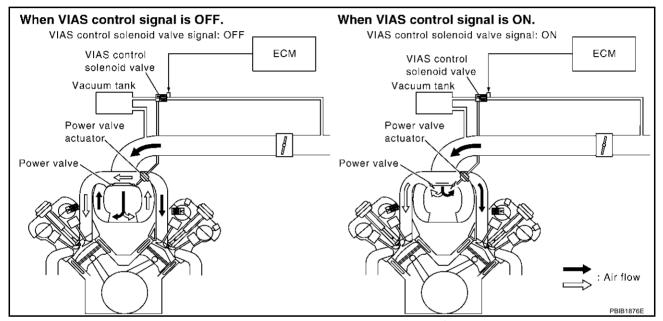
VARIABLE INDUCTION AIR CONTROL SYSTEM (VIAS)

PFP:14956

DescriptionSYSTEM DESCRIPTION

ABS002TF

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Ignition switch	Start signal	VIAS control	VIAS control solenoid valve
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		



When the engine is running at low or medium speed, the power valve is fully closed. Under this condition, the effective suction port length is equivalent to the total length of the intake manifold collector's suction port including the intake valve. This long suction port provides increased air intake which results in improved suction efficiency and higher torque generation.

The surge tank and one-way valve are provided. When engine is running at high speed, the ECM sends the signal to the VIAS control solenoid valve. This signal introduces the intake manifold vacuum into the power valve actuator and therefore opens the power valve to two suction passages together in the collector.

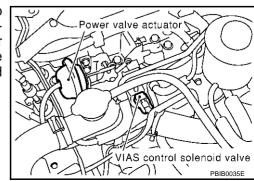
Under this condition, the effective port length is equivalent to the length of the suction port provided independently for each cylinder. This shortened port length results in enhanced engine output with reduced suction resistance under high speeds.

The power valve is always open regardless of the engine speed when gear position is in "N" or "P".

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

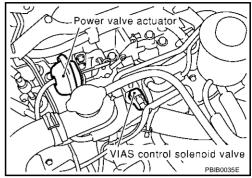
Power Valve

The power valve is installed in intake manifold collector and used to control the suction passage of the variable induction air control system. It is set in the fully closed or fully opened position by the power valve actuator operated by the vacuum stored in the surge tank. The vacuum in the surge tank is controlled by the VIAS control solenoid valve.



VIAS Control Solenoid Valve

The VIAS control solenoid valve cuts the intake manifold vacuum signal for power valve control. It responds to ON/OFF signals from the ECM. When the solenoid is off, the vacuum signal from the intake manifold is cut. When the ECM sends an ON signal the coil pulls the plunger downward and feeds the vacuum signal to the power valve actuator.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002TG

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
VIAS S/V	Engine speed: Idle	Selector lever: "P" or "N" Engine speed: More than 5,000 rpm	ON
		Except above	OFF

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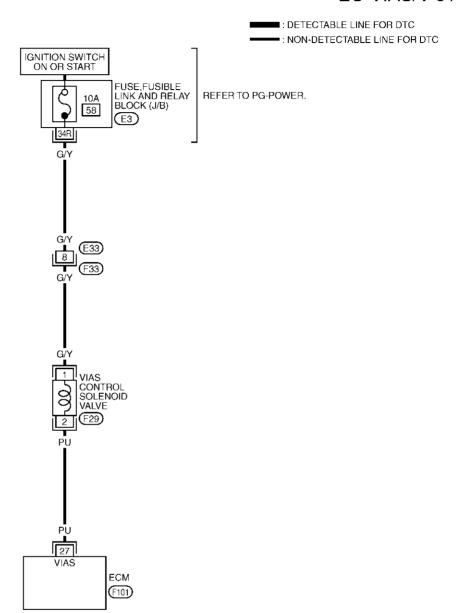
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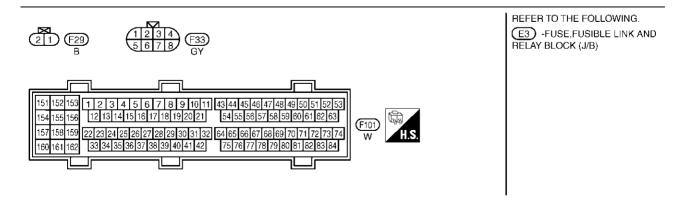
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Wiring Diagram

ABS002TH

EC-VIAS/V-01





TBWA0304E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
27 PU VIAS control soler valve		[Engine is running] ● Selector lever: "P" or "N"	0 - 1.0V	
	VIAS control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] • Selector lever: "D"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
		[Engine is running] • Engine speed is above 5,000 rpm	0 - 1.0V	

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

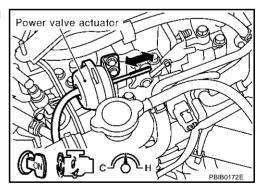
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF", and make sure that power valve actuator rod moves.

		- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
ACTIVE T	EST	Power valve actuator
VIAS SOL VALVE	OFF	
MONITO	DR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
	+	
		CJ CJ CFH

W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Lift up the vehicle.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Make sure that power valve actuator rod moves when changing the gear position to "N" and "D" alternately.



OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END
NG (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2.
NG (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3.

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2. CHECK VACUUM EXISTENCE

(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle.
- Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF", and check vacuum existence under the following conditions.

ACTIVE TES VIAS SOL VALVE MONITOR	OFF	Power valve actuator
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
		PBIB0174E

VIAS SOL VALVE	Vacuum
ON	Should exist.
OFF	Should not exist.

OK or NG

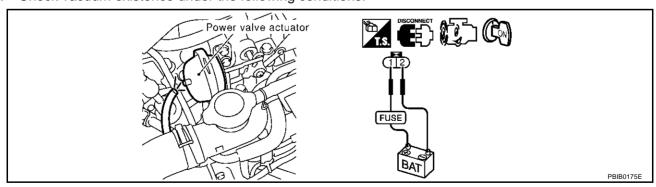
OK >> Repair or replace power valve actuator.

NG >> GO TO 4.

3. CHECK VACUUM EXISTENCE

(R) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator.
- Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle.
- 4. Apply 12V of direct current between VIAS control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2.
- 5. Check vacuum existence under the following conditions.



Condition	Vacuum
12V direct current supply	Should exist.
No supply	Should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Repair or replace power valve actuator.

NG >> GO TO 4.

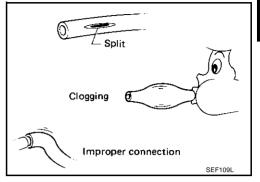
4. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Check hoses and tubes between intake manifold and power valve actuator for crack, clogging, improper connection or disconnection. Refer to EC-24, "Vacuum Hose Drawing".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair hoses or tubes.



5. CHECK VACUUM TANK

Refer to EC-640, "Component Inspection".

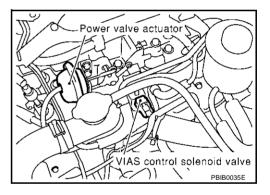
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace vacuum tank.

6. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

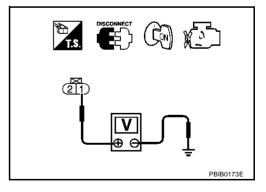


4. Check voltage between terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.



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7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E33, F33
- Fuse, fusible link and relay block (J/B) connector E3
- 10A fuse
- Harness continuity between fuse and VIAS control solenoid valve
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

8. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 27 and terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-640, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

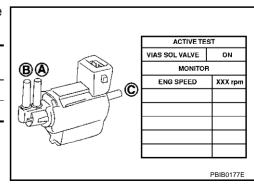
ABS002TJ

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition VIAS SOL VALVE	Air passage continuity between A and B	Air passage continuity between A and C
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

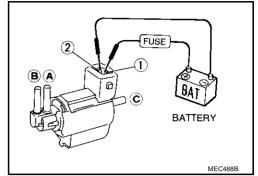


₩ith GST

Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

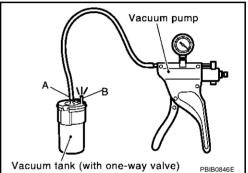
Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B	Air passage continuity between A and C
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.



VACUUM TANK

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to vacuum tank.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump to the port A of vacuum tank.
- 3. Apply vacuum and make sure that vacuum exists at the port B.



Removal and Installation VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

ABS002TK

Revision; 2004 April **EC-641** 2003 M45

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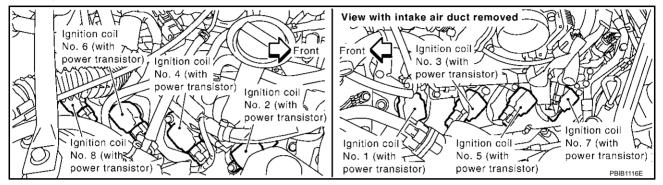
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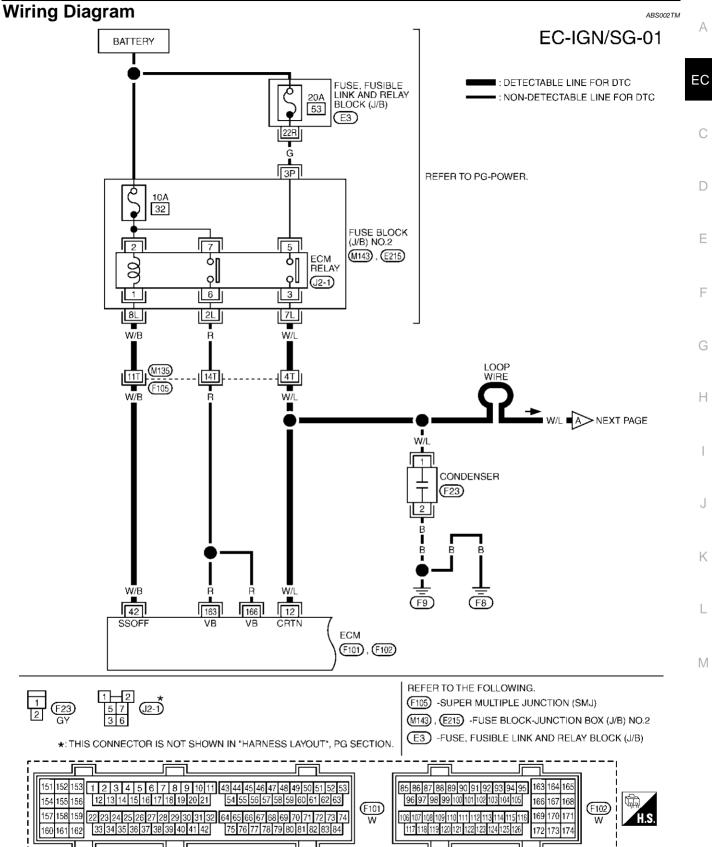
IGNITION SIGNAL PFP:22448

Component Description IGNITION COIL & POWER TRANSISTOR

ABS002TL

The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to and amplified by the power transistor. The power transistor turns ON and OFF the ignition coil primary circuit. This ON/OFF operation induces the proper high voltage in the coil secondary circuit.





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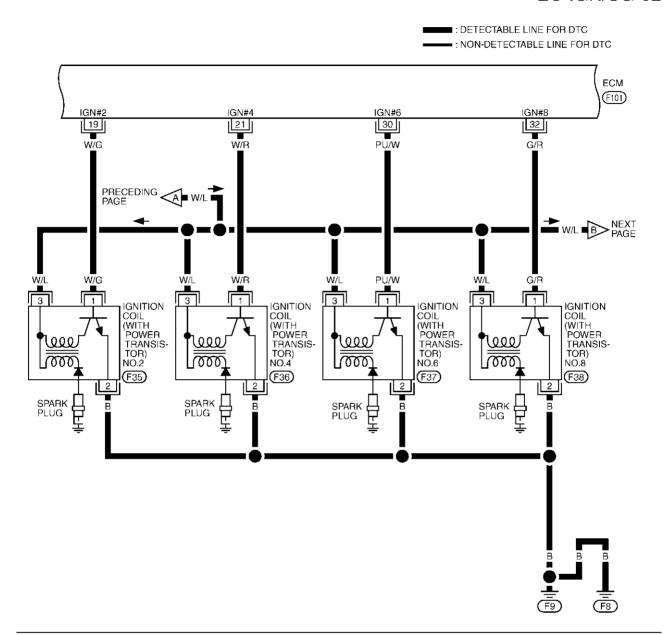
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

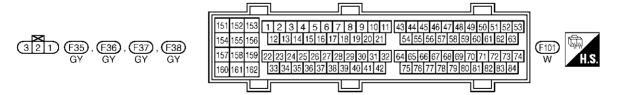
CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
12	W/L	Counter current return	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
42	42 W/B ECM relay	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch "OFF"] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1.0V	
		(Self shut-off)	[Ignition switch "OFF"] ■ More than a few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
163 166	R R	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

EC-IGN/SG-02





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

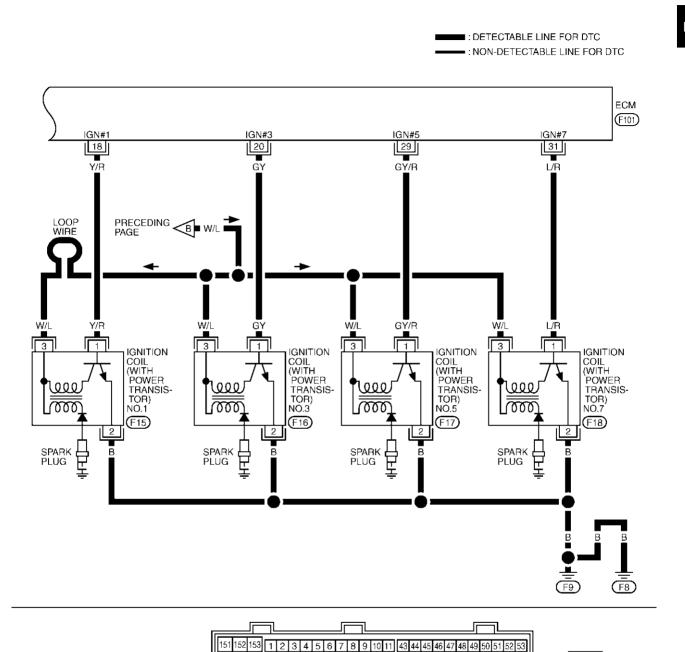
CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
19 21 30 32	W/G W/R PU/W G/R	Ignition signal No. 2 Ignition signal No. 4 Ignition signal No. 6 Ignition signal No. 8	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. [Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - 0.1V★

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

EC-IGN/SG-03



TBWA0309E

EC-647 2003 M45 Revision; 2004 April

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
18 20 29 31	Y/R GY GY/R L/R	Ignition signal No. 1 Ignition signal No. 3 Ignition signal No. 5 Ignition signal No. 7	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. [Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - 0.1V★
				PBIB0045E

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002TN

1. CHECK ENGINE START

Turn ignition switch "OFF", and restart engine.

Is engine running?

Yes or No

Yes (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2. Yes (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3. No >> GO TO 4.

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END NG >> GO TO 11.

ACTIVE TE		
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
		PBIB0133E

$\overline{3}$. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

Without CONSULT-II

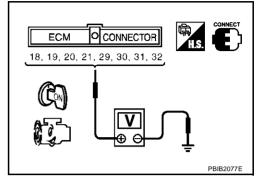
- Let engine idle.
- Read the voltage signal between ECM terminals 18, 19, 20, 21, 29, 30, 31, 32 and ground with an oscilloscope.
- 3. Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown below.

NOTE:

The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.



PBIB0044F



OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 11.

4. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

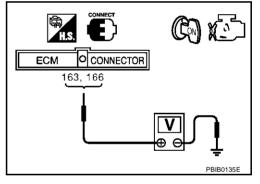
- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 163, 166 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

>> Go to EC-133, "POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR ECM" NG



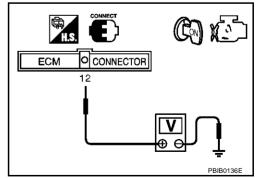
5. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

Check voltage between ECM terminal 12 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.



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6. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect ECM relay.
- 4. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 12 and ECM relay terminal 3.

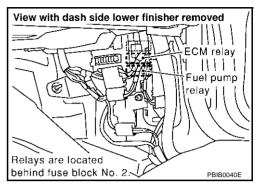
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.



7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 2 harness connector M143
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ECM relay

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

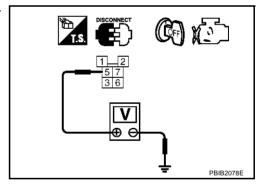
8. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-IV

Check voltage between ECM relay terminal 5 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.



9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 20A fuse
- Fuse, fusible link and relay block (J/B) harness connector E3
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 2 harness connector E215
- Harness for open and short between ECM relay and fuse
 - >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

10. CHECK ECM RELAY

Refer to EC-140, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Replace ECM relay.

11. CHECK CONDENSER CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 12 and condenser terminal 1, condenser terminal 2 and engine ground.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

12. CHECK CONDENSER

Refer to EC-652, "Component Inspection"

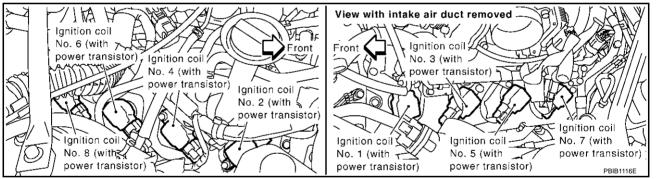
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Replace condenser.

13. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-V

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.

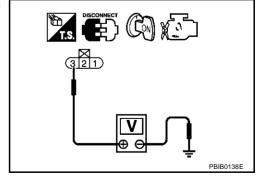


- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ignition coil terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

>> GO TO 15. OK NG >> GO TO 14.



14. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the harness for open or short between ignition coil and ECM relay.

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

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15. CHECK IGNITION COIL GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ignition coil terminal 2 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

16. CHECK IGNITION COIL OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 18, 19, 20, 21, 29, 30, 31, 32 and ignition coil terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

17. CHECK IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Refer to EC-652, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Replace ignition coil with power transistor.

18. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

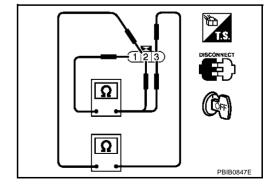
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

ABS002TO

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
- 3. Check resistance between ignition coil terminals as follows.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 and 2	Except 0 or ∞
1 and 3	Except 0
2 and 3	Ελοθρί Ο

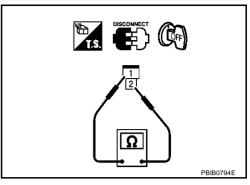


CONDENSER

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect condenser harness connector.

3. Check resistance between condenser terminals 1 and 2.

Resistance	Above 1 MΩ at 25°C (77°F)



Removal and Installation IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Refer to EM-28, "IGNITION COIL".

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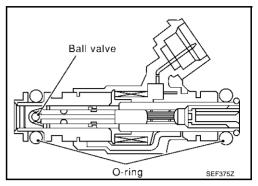
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INJECTOR CIRCUIT PFP:16600

Component Description

ABS002TQ

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the injector circuit, the coil in the injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the needle valve back and allows fuel to flow through the injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.

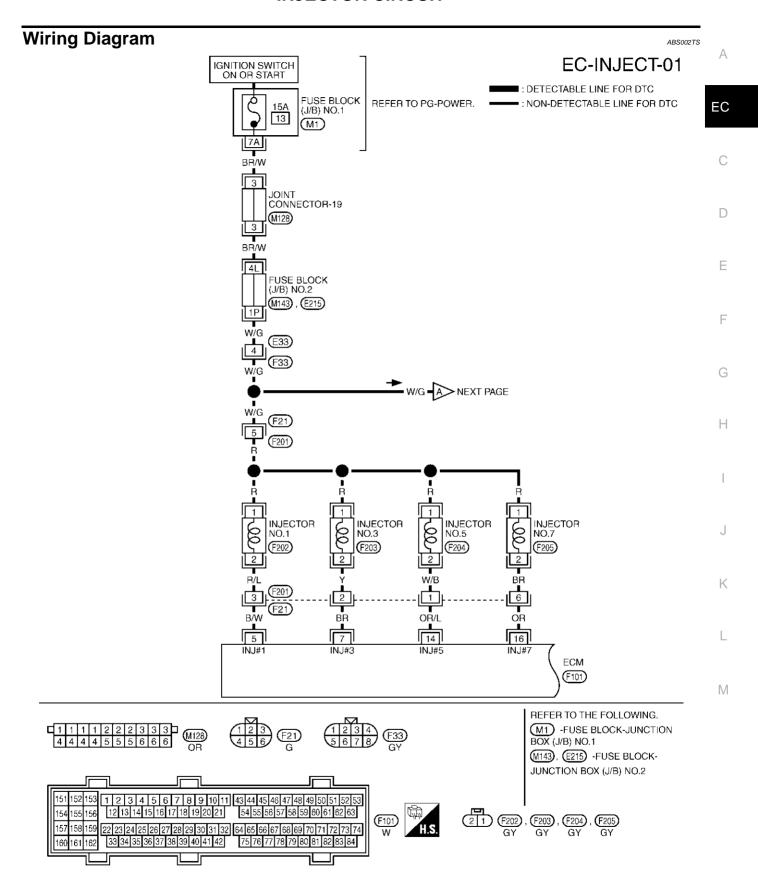


CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ARS002TR

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	C	ONDITION	SPECIFICATION
IN 1 BUIL OF B4	Engine: After warming up Selector lever: P or N	Idle	2.0 - 3.0 msec
INJ PULSE-B1 INJ PULSE-B2	Air conditioner switch: OFF No load	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.3 - 2.9 msec
B/FUEL SCHDL	Selector lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,000 rpm	2.3 - 2.9 msec



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

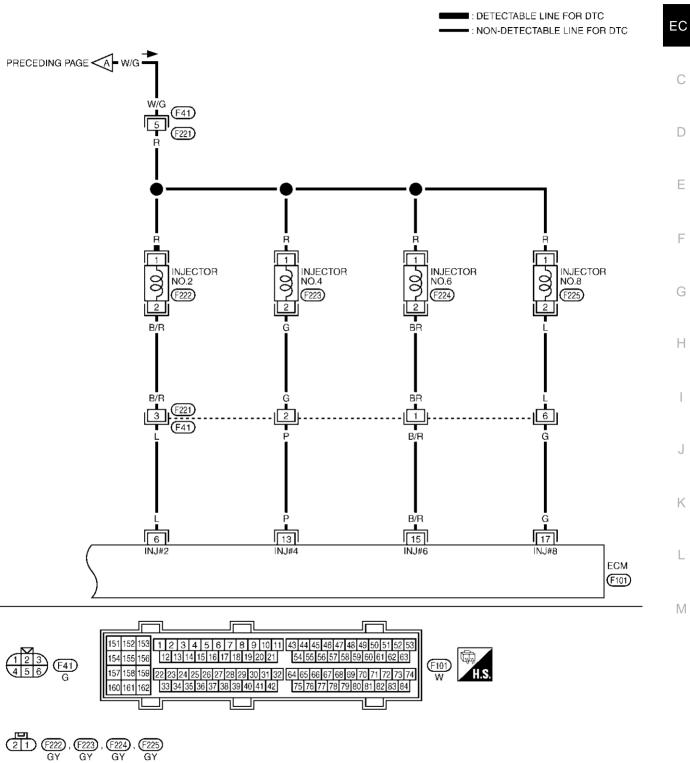
CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
5 7	B/W BR	Injector No. 1 Injector No. 3	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
14 16	OR/L OR	Injector No. 5 Injector No. 7	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★ 10.0V:Div 50 ms/Div PBIB0043E

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

EC-INJECT-02



TBWA0312E

F222), F223) GY GY

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and body ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
6 13	L P	Injector No. 2 Injector No. 4	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle. 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★ → 10.0V/Div 50 ms:Div PBIB0042E
15 17	B/R G	Injector No. 6 Injector No. 8	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed is 2,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★ Description Description

^{★:} Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

ABS002TT

1. INSPECTION START

Turn ignition switch to "START".

Is any cylinder ignited?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

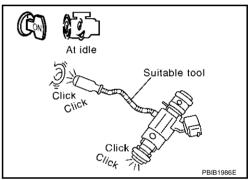
(II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

		1
ACTIVE TES	ST	l
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
		1
		1
		1
		1
	+	
		PBIB0133E

W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to each injector operating sound. Clicking noise should be heard.



OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 3.

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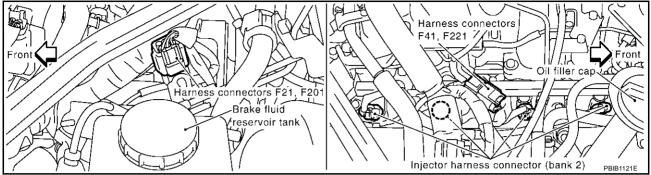
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$\overline{3}$. CHECK INJECTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect harness connectors F21, F201 (bank 1) and harness connectors F41, F221 (bank 2).

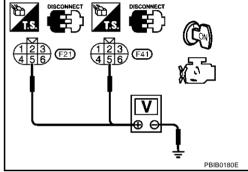


- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between harness connector F21 terminal 5 and ground, harness connector F41 terminal 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E33, F33
- Harness connectors F21, F201
- Harness connectors F41, F221
- Joint connector-19
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 1 connector M1
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 2 connectors M143, E215
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between harness connector F21 and fuse
- Harness for open or short between harness connector F41 and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK INJECTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Harness connector	Terminal	ECM terminal
	3	5
F21	2	7
FZI	1	14
	6	16
	3	6
F41	2	13
г41	1	15
	6	17

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or shot to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK SUB-HARNESS CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect injector harness connectors.
- 2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Harness connector	Terminal	Injector terminal
F21	5	1
FZI	1, 2, 3, 6	2
E44	5	1
F41	1, 2, 3, 6	2

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK INJECTOR

Refer to EC-662, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace injector.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

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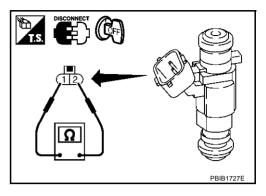
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Component Inspection INJECTOR

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- 1. Disconnect injector harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals as shown in the figure.

Resistance: 13.5 - 17.5 Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]



ABS002TV

Removal and Installation INJECTOR

Refer to EM-31, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE" .

START SIGNAL

START SIGNAL PFP:48750

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002TW

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
START SIGNAL	ullet Ignition switch: ON $ o$ START $ o$ ON	$OFF \to ON \to OFF$

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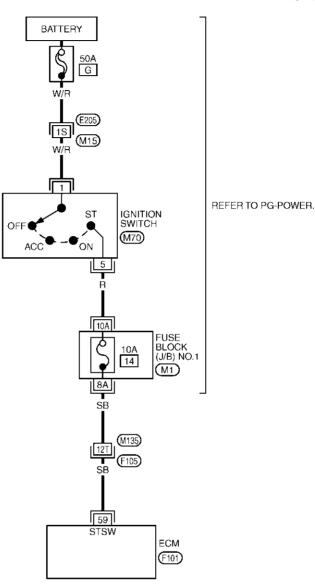
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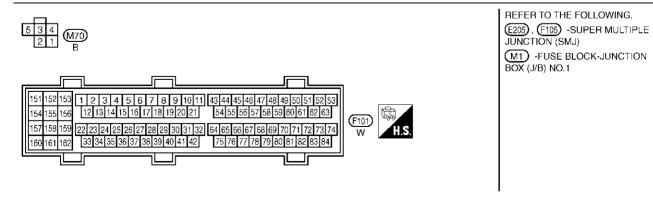
Wiring Diagram

ABS002TX

EC-S/SIG-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





TBWA0313E

START SIGNAL

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

MII	ER- NAL IO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
	59	SB	Start signal	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0V
,	Ja	SD	Start Signal	[Ignition switch "START"]	9 - 12V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check "START SIGNAL" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT-II under the following conditions.

Condition	START SIGNAL
Ignition switch "ON"	OFF
Ignition switch "START"	ON

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 4.

MONITOR NO DTC START SIGNAL OFF CLSD THL POS ON AIR COND SIG OFF P/N POSI SW ON	DATA MOI	NITOR
CLSD THL POS ON AIR COND SIG OFF	MONITOR	NO DTC
AIR COND SIG OFF	START SIGNAL	OFF
	CLSD THL POS	ON
P/N POSI SW ON	AIR COND SIG	OFF
	P/N POSI SW	ON

3. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

(R) Without CONSULT-II

Check voltage between ECM terminal 59 and ground under the following conditions.

Condition	Voltage
Ignition switch "START"	Battery voltage
Other positions	Approximately 0V

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 4.

ECM OCONNECTOR 59 V PBIB0677E

4. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch "OFF", then turn it to "START".

Does starter motor operate?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5.

No >> Refer to SC-9, "STARTING SYSTEM".

Revision; 2004 April **EC-665** 2003 M45

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START SIGNAL

5. CHECK FUSE

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect 10A fuse.
- 3. Check if 10A fuse is OK.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace 10A fuse.

6. CHECK START SIGNAL INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Reconnect 10A fuse.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect ignition switch harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 59 and ignition switch terminal 5.
 Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M135, F105
- Fuse block (J/B) No.1 connector M1
- Harness for open or short between ignition switch and fuse block (J/B) No.1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuse block (J/B) No.1
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

PFP:17042

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

ABS002TZ

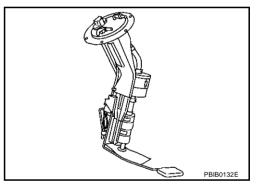
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed	Fuel pump control	Fuel pump relay
Ignition switch	Start signal		

The ECM activates the fuel pump for several seconds after the ignition switch is turned on to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a engine speed signal from the crankshaft position sensor (POS), it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to operate. If the engine speed signal is not received when the ignition switch is ON, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 5 seconds.
Engine running and cranking	Operates.
When engine is stopped	Stops in 1.5 seconds.
Except as shown above	Stops.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel pump with a fuel damper is an in-tank type (the pump and damper are located in the fuel tank).



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS002U0

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
	For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch ON	ON
FUEL PUMP RLY	Engine running or cranking	
	Except above conditions	OFF

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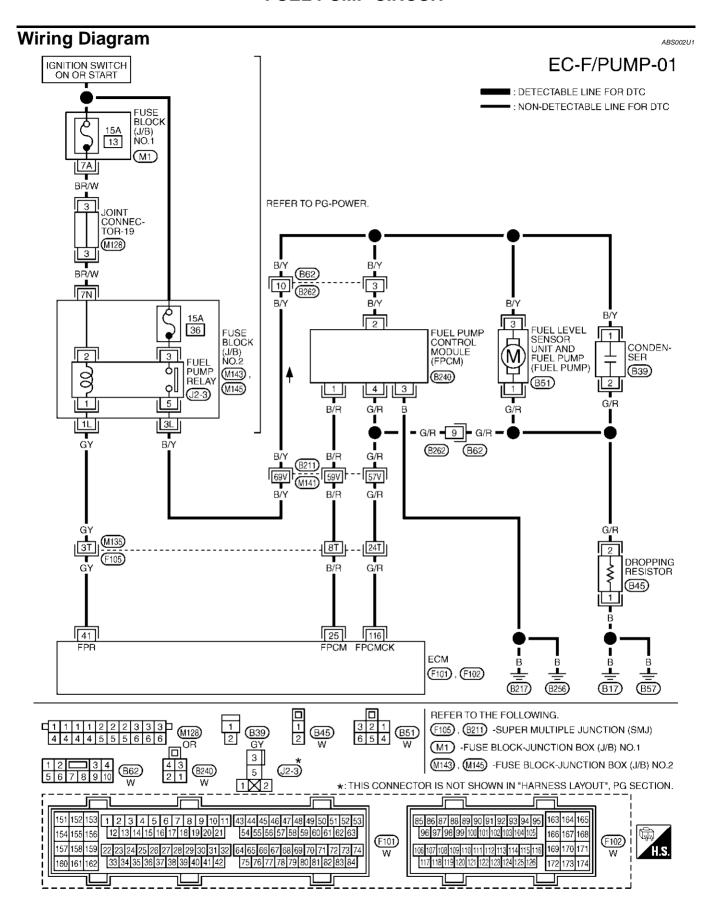
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FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
41	GY	Fuel pump relay	[Ignition switch "ON"]● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"[Engine is running]	0 - 1.0V
			 [Ignition switch "ON"] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch "ON". 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

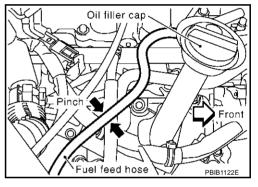
Turn ignition switch "ON".

2. Pinch fuel feed hose with two fingers. Fuel pressure pulsation should be felt on the fuel feed hose for 5 second after ignition switch is turned "ON".

OK or NG

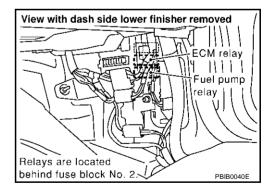
OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK FUEL PUMP RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect fuel pump relay.
- Turn ignition switch "ON". 3.

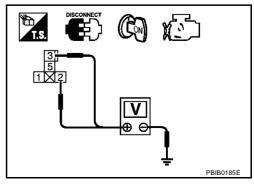


4. Check voltage between terminals 2, 3 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> GO TO 3.



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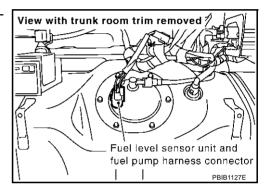
$\overline{3}$. detect malfunctioning part

Check the following.

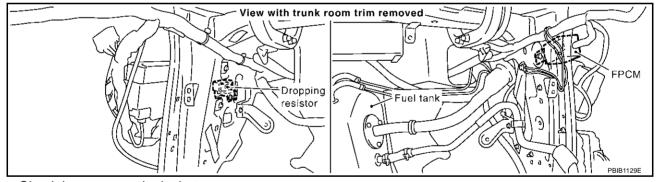
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 1 connector M1
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 2 connectors M143, M145
- Joint connector-19
- 15A fuses
- Harness for open or short between fuse and fuel pump relay
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.



3. Disconnect dropping resistor harness connector.



 Check harness continuity between fuel pump relay terminal 5 and fuel pump terminal 3, fuel pump terminal 1 and dropping resistor terminal 2, dropping resistor terminal 1 and body ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

Check the following.	
Harness connectors B211, M141	
Harness connectors B62, B262 Harness connectors B62, B262	
Fuse block (J/B) No. 2 connectors M143, M145 I large so for an an arghert between fuel numbers and fuel numbers.	
 Harness for open or short between fuel pump relay and fuel pump Harness for open or short between fuel pump and dropping resistor 	
Harness for open or short between dropping resistor and body ground	
3	
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
6. CHECK FUEL PUMP RELAY OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	
Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 41 and fuel pump relay terminal 1.	
Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
Continuity should exist.	
3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 8.	
NG >> GO TO 7.	
7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	
Harness connectors M135, F105	
Harness for open or short between ECM and fuel pump relay	
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
8. CHECK DROPPING RESISTOR	
Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 9.	
NG >> Replace dropping resistor.	
9. CHECK FUEL PUMP RELAY	
Refer to EC-672, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	
$OV \longrightarrow CO TO 10$	
OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> Replace fuel pump relay	
NG >> Replace fuel pump relay.	
NG >> Replace fuel pump relay. 10. CHECK FUEL PUMP	
NG >> Replace fuel pump relay. 10. CHECK FUEL PUMP Refer to EC-672, "Component Inspection".	
NG >> Replace fuel pump relay. 10. CHECK FUEL PUMP	

FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

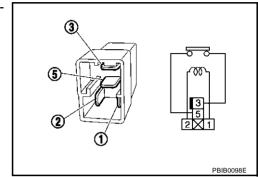
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection FUEL PUMP RELAY

ABS002U3

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5 under the following conditions.

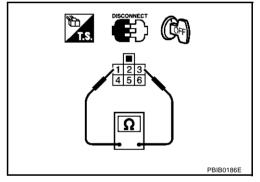
Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No current supply	No



FUEL PUMP

- 1. Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminals 1 and 3.

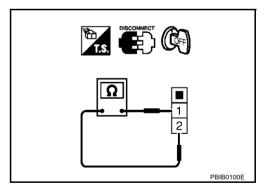
Resistance: $0.2 - 5.0\Omega$ [at 25° C (77°F)]



DROPPING RESISTOR

Check resistance between dropping resistor terminals 1 and 2.

Resistance: Approximately 0.9 Ω at 20°C (68°F)



Removal and Installation FUEL PUMP

ABS002U4

Refer to FL-3, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY".

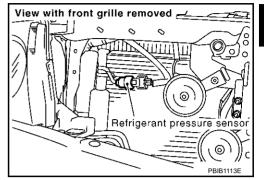
REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

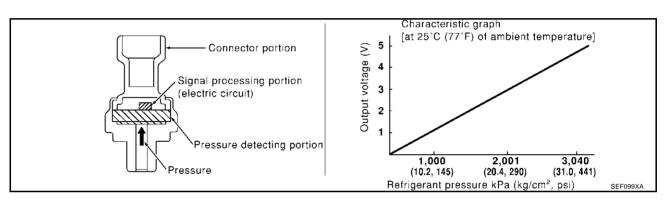
PFP:92136

Component Description

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The refrigerant pressure sensor is installed at the liquid tank of the air conditioner system. The sensor uses an electrostatic volume pressure transducer to convert refrigerant pressure to voltage. The voltage signal is sent to ECM, and ECM controls cooling fan system.





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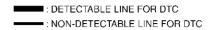
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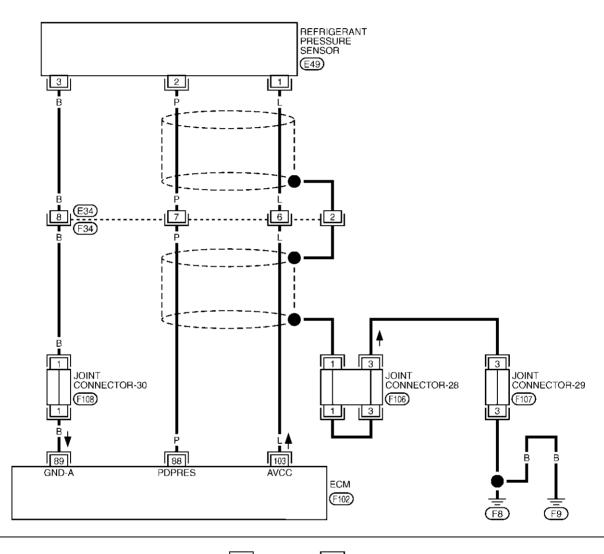
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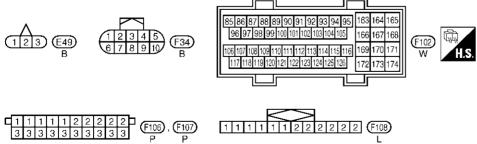
Wiring Diagram

ABS002U6

EC-RP/SEN-01







TBWA0315E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
88	Р	Refrigerant pressure sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON". (Compressor operates.) 	1.0 - 4.0V
89	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
103	L	Sensors' power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR OVERALL FUNCTION

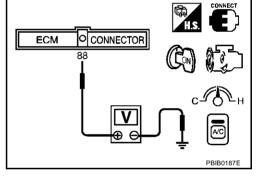
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn A/C switch and blower switch "ON".
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 88 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

Voltage: 1.0 - 4.0V

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 2.



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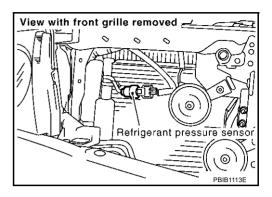
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2. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn A/C switch and blower switch "OFF".
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".

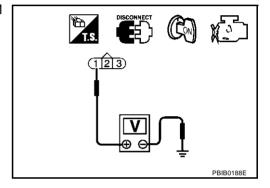


Check voltage between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E34, F34
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor
 - >> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Check harness continuity between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 89. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E34, F34
- Joint connector-30
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 88 and refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 2. EC Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7. D 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Harness connectors E34, F34 Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". OK or NG OK >> Replace refrigerant pressure sensor. NG >> Repair or replace. Removal and Installation ABS002U8 REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR Refer to ATC-139, "Refrigerant Pressure Sensor".

EC-677 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL

PFP:25350

Description

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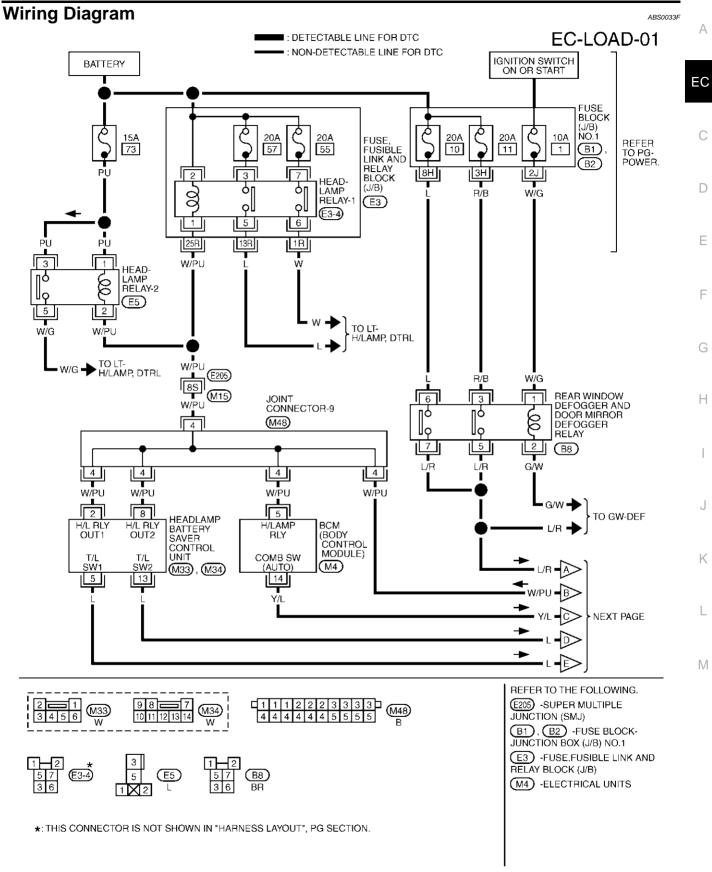
The electrical load signal (Headlamp switch signal, rear window defogger switch signal, etc.) is transferred through the CAN communication line from combination meter to ECM.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

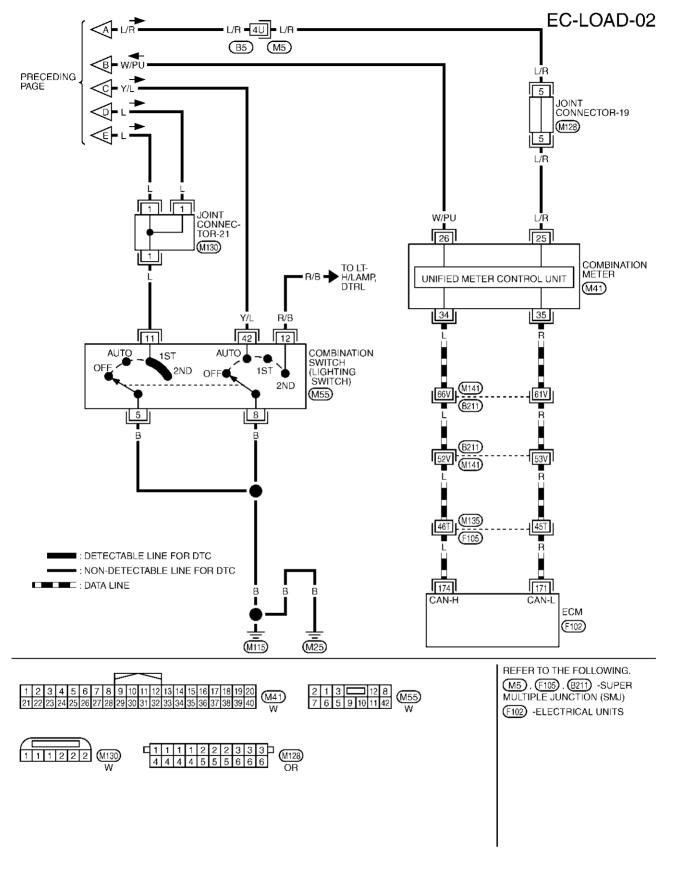
ABS0033E

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
LOAD SIGNAL	Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd.	ON
LOAD SIGNAL	• ignition switch. Oiv	Rear window defogger switch is OFF and lighting switch is OFF.	OFF



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TBWA0319E

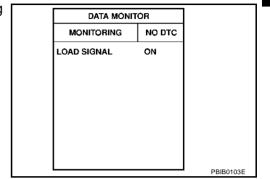
Diagnostic Procedure

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CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-I

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Connect CONSULT-II or GST and select "DATA MONITOR" mode. 2.
- Select "LOAD SIGNAL" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Rear window defogger switch "ON"	ON
Rear window defogger switch "OFF"	OFF



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-II

Check "LOAD SIGNAL" indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Lighting switch "ON" at 2nd position	ON
Lighting switch "OFF"	OFF

DATA MONITOR MONITORING NO DTC LOAD SIGNAL ON PBIB0103E

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 7.

3. CHECK REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER FUNCTION

- 1. Start engine.
- Turn "ON" the rear window defogger switch.
- Check the rear windshield. Is the rear windshield heated up?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 4.

Nο >> Check rear window defogger circuit. Refer to GW-60, "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER".

4. CHECK REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

- 1. Stop engine.
- Disconnect rear window defogger and door mirror defogger relay.
- Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between rear window defogger and door mirror defogger relay terminals 5, 7 and combination meter terminal 25. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> GO TO 5.

EC-681 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B5, M5
- Joint connector-19
- Harness for open or short between rear window defogger and door mirror defogger relay and combination meter
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK COMBINATION METER

Refer to DI-6, "COMBINATION METERS".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace combination meter.

7. CHECK HEADLAMP FUNCTION

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Turn "ON" the lighting switch at 2nd position.
- 3. Check that headlamp high beams are illuminated.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Check headlamp circuit. Refer to<u>LT-6, "HEADLAMP (FOR USA)"</u> or <u>LT-44, "HEADLAMP (FOR CANADA) - DAYTIME LIGHT SYSTEM -"</u>.

8. CHECK HEADLAMP INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Disconnect headlamp battery saver control unit harness connector.
- Disconnect BCM harness connector.
- 4. Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between headlamp battery saver control unit terminals 2, 8 and combination meter terminal 26, BCM terminal 5 and combination meter terminal 26.
 Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

6. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> GO TO 9.

9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Joint connector-9.
- Harness for open or short between headlamp battery saver control unit and combination meter.
- Harness for open or short between BCM and combination meter.
 - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK COMBINATION METER Refer to DI-6, "COMBINATION METERS". OK or NG EC OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> Replace combination meter. 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-132, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . >> INSPECTION END

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EC-683 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

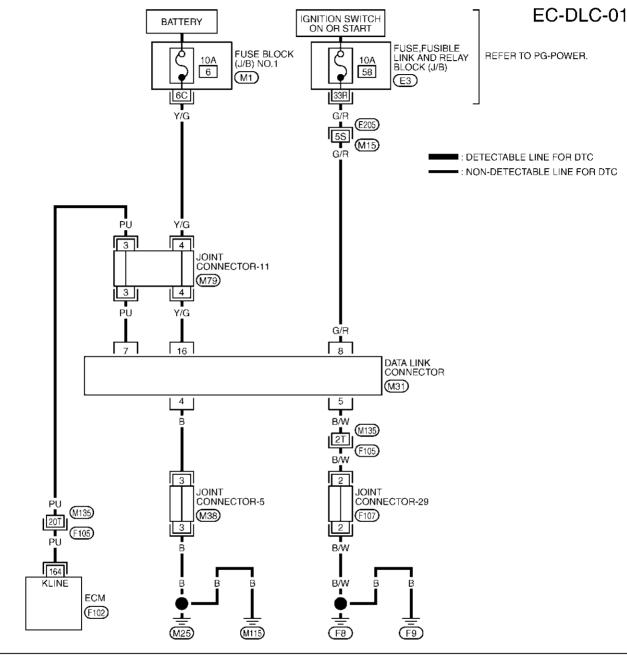
DATA LINK CONNECTOR

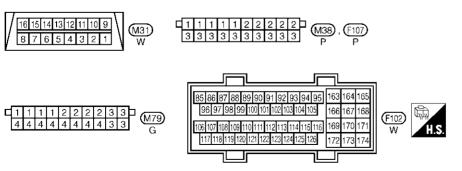
DATA LINK CONNECTOR

PFP:24814

ABS002UB







REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

(E205), (F105) -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

M1 -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B) NO.1

E3 -FUSE, FUSIBLE LINK AND RELAY BLOCK (J/B)

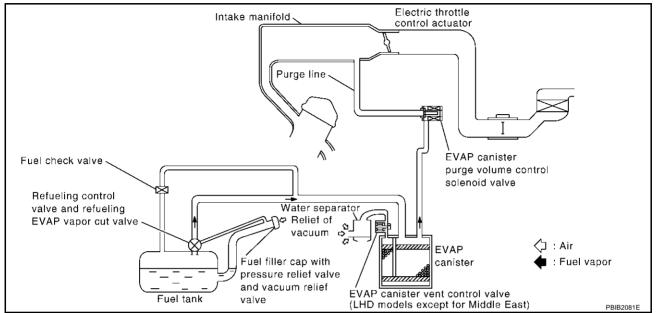
TBWA0316E

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

PFP:14950

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

ABS002LIC



The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is controlled by ECM. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.

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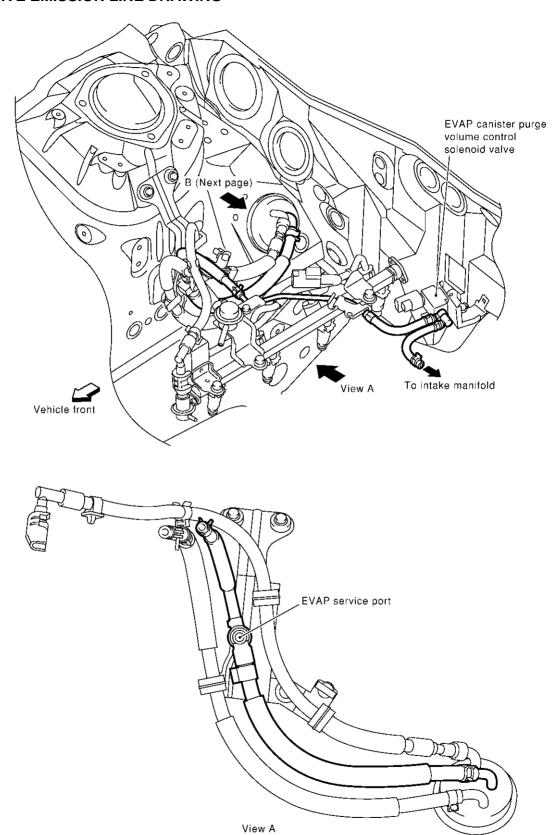
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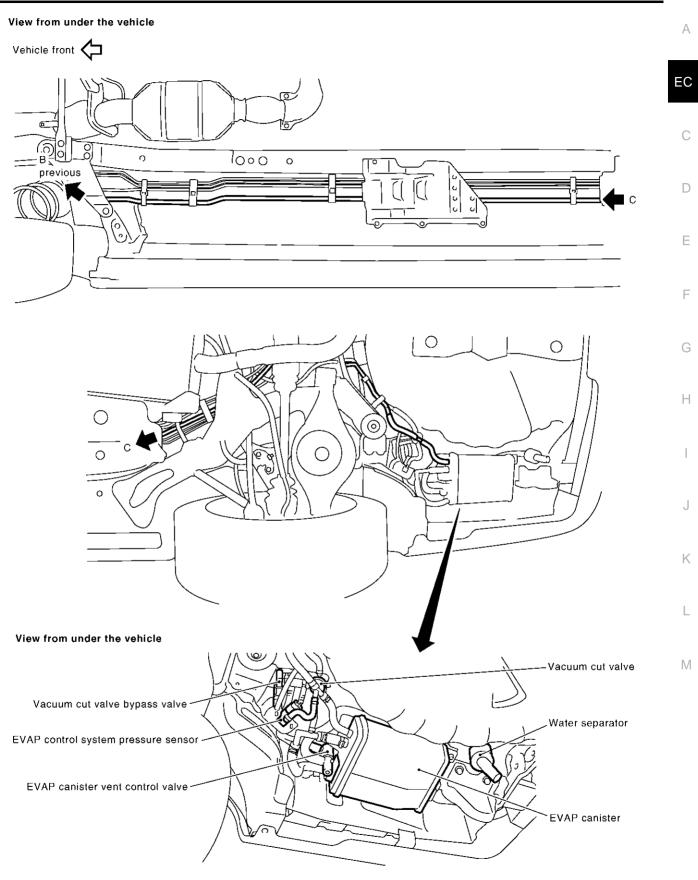
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING



NOTE:

Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

PBIB0008E



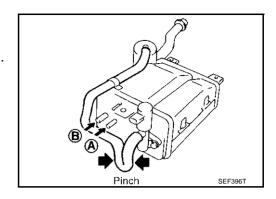
EC-687 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

PBIB1123E

Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER

Check EVAP canister as follows:

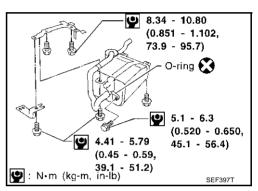
- 1. Pinch the fresh air hose.
- 2. Blow air into port A and check that it flows freely out of port B.



Tightening Torque

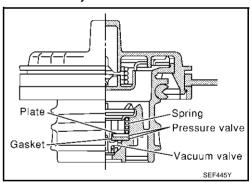
Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly between EVAP canister and EVAP canister vent control valve.



FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)

1. Wipe clean valve housing.



2. Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

Pressure: 15.3 - 20.0 kPa (0.156 - 0.204 kg/cm², 2.22 -

2.90 psi)

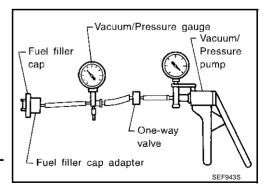
Vacuum: -6.0 to -3.3 kPa (-0.061 to -0.034 kg/cm², -

0.87 to -0.48 psi)

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly.

CAUTION:

Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.



VACUUM CUT VALVE AND VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE

Refer to EC-578.

EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-339.

FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

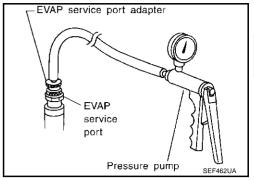
Refer to EC-282.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-688** 2003 M45

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EVAP SERVICE PORT

Positive pressure is delivered to the EVAP system through the EVAP service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the EVAP system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.



How to Detect Fuel Vapor Leakage

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CAUTION:

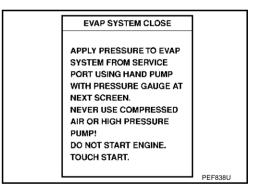
- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

NOTE:

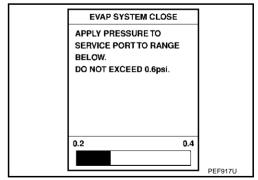
- Do not start engine.
- Improper installation of EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause a leak.

(A) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
- Also attach the pressure pump and hose to the EVAP service port adapter. 2.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.



- 6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
- 7. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.



2003 M45

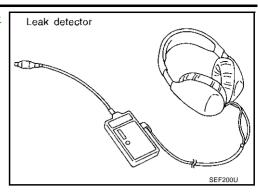
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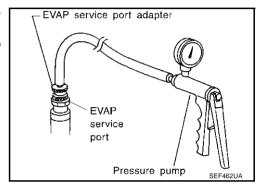
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 Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to <u>EC-686</u>, "EVAP-ORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

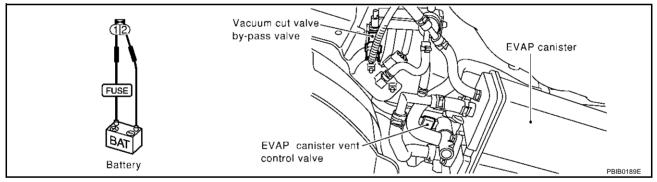


WITHOUT CONSULT-II

- 1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP service port adapter.



3. Apply battery voltage to between the terminals of both EVAP canister vent control valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve to make a closed EVAP system.



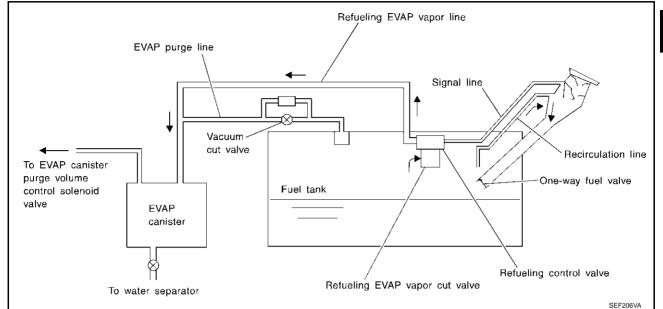
- 4. To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to 2.76 kPa (0.014 to 0.028 kg/cm², 0.2 to 0.4 psi).
- 5. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.
- Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to <u>EC-686, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.

ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

PFP:00032

System Description

ARS002LIE



From the beginning of refueling, the fuel tank pressure goes up. When the pressure reaches the setting value of the refueling control valve (RCV) opening pressure, the RCV is opened. After RCV opens, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve, RCV and refueling vapor line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.

When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.

The RCV is always closed during driving and the evaporative emission control system is operated the same as conventional system.

WARNING:

When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

- Put a "CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE" sign in workshop.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Be sure to furnish the workshop with a CO₂ fire extinguisher.

CAUTION:

- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
- Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
- Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to EC-49, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Do not kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Do not tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leaks at connection.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically.
 Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.

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Diagnostic Procedure

SYMPTOM: FUEL ODOR FROM EVAP CANISTER IS STRONG.

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- 2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached. The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

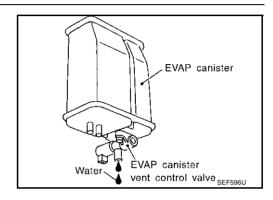
OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 3. No >> GO TO 6.



3. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

Replace EVAP canister with a new one.

>> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace water separator.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

6. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

7. CHECK REFUELING CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace refueling control valve with fuel tank.

Revision; 2004 April **EC-692** 2003 M45

ABS002UC

SYMPTOM: CANNOT REFUEL/FUEL ODOR FROM THE FUEL FILLER OPENING IS STRONG WHILE REFUELING.

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
- Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached. The weight should be less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb).

OK or NG

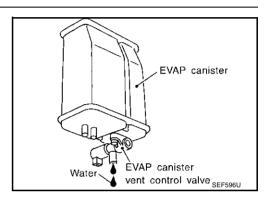
OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

2. Check if evap canister saturated with water

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 3. Nο >> GO TO 6.



3. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

Replace EVAP canister with a new one.

>> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace water separator.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

6. CHECK VENT HOSES AND VENT TUBES

Check hoses and tubes between EVAP canister and refueling control valve for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

7. CHECK FILLER NECK TUBE

Check signal line and recirculation line for clogging, dents and cracks.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace filler neck tube.

EC-693 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

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8. CHECK REFUELING CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace refueling control valve with fuel tank.

9. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-694, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

10. CHECK FUEL FILLER TUBE

Check filler neck tube and hose connected to the fuel tank for clogging, dents and cracks.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube.

11. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-I

Check one-way valve for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.

12. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-II

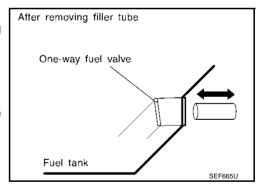
- 1. Make sure that fuel is drained from the tank.
- 2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose.
- Check one-way fuel valve for operation as follows.
 When a stick is inserted, the valve should open, when removing stick it should close.

Do not drop any material into the tank.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.



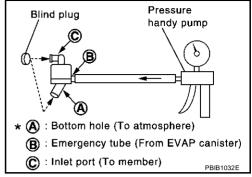
ABS002UH

Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.

- Check that A and C are not clogged by blowing air into B with A, and then C plugged.
- In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.

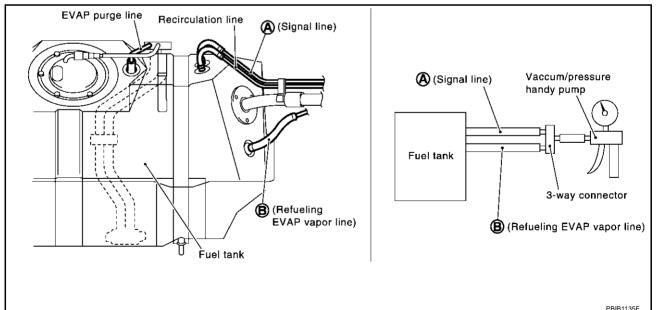
• Do not disassemble water separator.



REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

(With CONSULT-II

- Remove fuel tank. Refer to FL-9, "FUEL TANK" .
- Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
- Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge retainer.
- Connect a spare fuel hose, one side to fuel gauge retainer where the hose was removed and the other side to a fuel container.
- Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows. Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from hose end B), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
- Check EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
- Connect vacuum pump to hose ends A and B using a suitable 3-way connector.
- Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.
 - Always replace O-ring with new one.
- Put fuel tank upside down. C.
- Apply vacuum pressure to both hose ends A and B [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



With GST

- Remove fuel tank. Refer to FL-9, "FUEL TANK".
- 2. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
- Remove fuel gauge retainer.
- Drain fuel from the tank using a handy pump into a fuel container. b.
- Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows.

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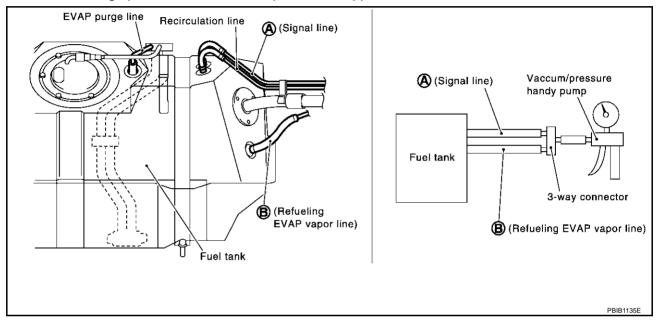
EC-695 Revision; 2004 April 2003 M45

Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from hose end B), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.

- 4. Check EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
- a. Connect vacuum pump to hose ends A and B using a suitable 3-way connector.
- b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.

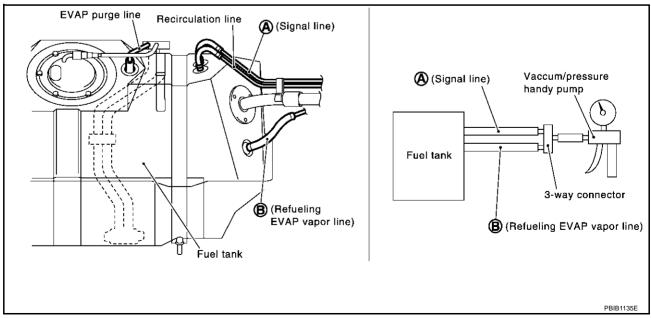
Always replace O-ring with new one.

- c. Put fuel tank upside down.
- d. Apply vacuum pressure to both hose ends A and B [–13.3 kPa (–100 mmHg, –3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



REFUELING CONTROL VALVE

- Remove fuel filler cap.
- Check air continuity between hose ends A and B. Blow air into the hose end B. Air should flow freely into the fuel tank.
- 3. Blow air into hose end A and check there is no leakage.
- Apply pressure to both hose ends A and B [20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg)] using a pressure pump and a suitable 3-way connector. Check that there is no leakage.



POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

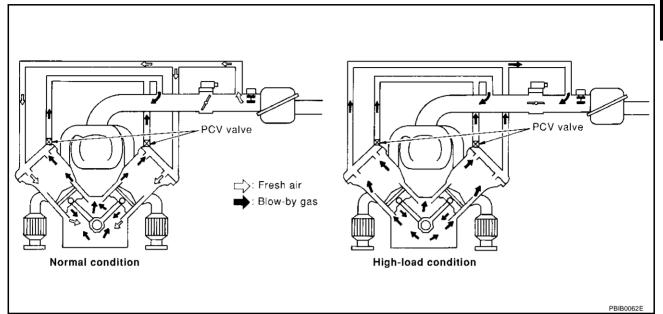
PFP:11810

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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This system returns blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

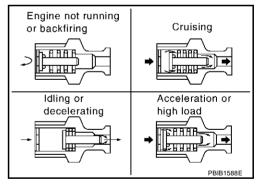
During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve.

Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air.

The ventilating air is then drawn from the air inlet tubes into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover.

Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the air inlet tubes under all conditions.

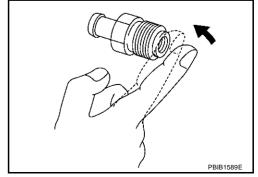


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Component Inspection PCV (POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION) VALVE

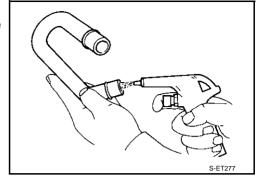
With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve ventilation hose from PCV valve; if the valve is working properly, a hissing noise will be heard as air passes through it and a strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over valve inlet.



POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

PCV VALVE VENTILATION HOSE

- 1. Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
- 2. Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND	SPECIFICATIONS (S	DS)	PFP:00030
Fuel Pressure Regulator			ABS002UK
Fuel pressure at idling	kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)	Approximately 350 (3.57, 51)	
dle Speed and Ignition	on Timing		ABS002UL
Target idle speed	No-load* (in "P" or N" po	sition) 650±50 rpm	
Air conditioner: ON	In "P" or N" position	700 rpm or more	
Ignition timing	In "P" or N" position	12°±5° BTDC	
*: Under the following conditions:			_
Air conditioner switch: OFF			
Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater	'		
Steering wheel: Kept in straight-a	•		
Calculated Load Value	е		ABS002UM
		Calculated load value% (Using CONSULT-II or G	iST)
At idle		14.0 - 33.0	
At 2,500 rpm		12.0 - 25.0	
Mass Air Flow Senso	r		ABS002UN
Supply voltage		Battery voltage (11 - 14V)	
Output voltage at idle		1.2 - 1.8*V	
Mass air flow (Using CONSULT-II o	or GST)	2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec at idle* 7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec at 2,500 rpm*	
*: Engine is warmed up to normal op	perating temperature and running u	nder no-load.	
Intake Air Temperatur	re Sensor		ABS002UO
Temperature	e °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ	
25 (77)		1.9 - 2.1	
Engine Coolant Temp	erature Sensor		ABS002UP
Temperature	e °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω	
20 (68)		2.1 - 2.9	
50 (122)		0.68 - 1.00	
90 (194)		0.236 - 0.260	
Heated Oxygen Senso	or 1		ABS002UQ
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]		3.3 - 4.0Ω	
Heated Oxygen senso	or 2		ABS002UR
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]		5.0 - 7.0Ω	
Fuel Temperature Ser	nsor		ABS002US
Temperature	e °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω	
20 (68)		2.3 - 2.7	
50 (122)		0.79 - 0.90	

Crankshaft Position Sensor (POS)

Refer to EC-314, "Component Inspection".

ABS002UT

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Camshaft Position Sensor (PHASE) ABS002UU Refer to EC-319, "Component Inspection". **Radiator Coolant Temperature Sensor** ABS002UV Radiator coolant temperature °C (°F) Resistance $k\Omega$ -10(14)9.017 - 9.723 20 (68) 2.437 - 2.595 90 (194) 0.2416 - 0.2575 110 (230) 0.1451 - 0.1522 150 (302) 0.05927 - 0.06267 **Throttle Control Motor** ABS002UW Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Approximately 1 - 15Ω Injector ABS002UX Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)] 13.5 - 17.5Ω **Fuel Pump** ABS002UY

0.2 - 5.0Ω

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]